

YEMEN TIMES



Sana'a: (01) 441099/8/7/6 Ader. (02) 245627/8 Taiz (04) 252455 Hodeida: (03) 208689; Mukalla: (05) 354844 Seiyoun: (05) 404288; Ibb: (04) 407418

Monday, 17 June 2002 - VOL. XII • Issue No. 25 • Price 30 Yemeni Riyals • Founded in 1991 by Prof. Abdulaziz Al-Saggaf

A letter breaks the silence as,

12 jailed appeal to parliament speaker



By Mohammed al-Qadhi Yemen Times Staff

Last week, 12 prisoners suspected of being linked to al-Qaeda appealed to the parliament speaker and other representatives trying to find a way out to their problem.

In a letter addressed to Shiekh Abdullah Bin Hussein al-Ahmar the parliament speaker, the 12 prisoners said they had been in jail since the September 11

knowing the grounds for such action.

The letter said, "We had been summoned for interrogation in September and we agreed to come, but upon arrival we were put in jail. Since then we have not been given any legal reason for this action."

they ask why they are imprisoned, they are told for security measures.

The 12 wrote that whenever

The 12 stated, "All of us have no link to the events that have happened or anything that harms security and stability.

The letter said the prisoners are being held in fear, poverty and immense psychological pressure. The group includes university students, doctors and other people who are the sole supporters of their families.

Last month, an anonymous group calling themselves "symwith al-Qaeda"

BY: YEMEN TIMES STAFF

A group of unknown people in

a speedy car threw a grenade at

the head office of the Ba'ath

party in Sana'a at 8.30 p.m. last

This incident comes a day

after the party held its third gen-

No casualties have been

There has been news of splits

inside the party caused by calls

for replacing the party's current

Abdulwahab Mahmoud with

Abdulhafedh Numan, who has

Saturday.

reported.

eral conference.

secretary-general,

As it concludes its third conference

A bomb rocks

the Ba'ath

Party's head office in Sana'a

from Syria.

conference.

ing the 1950's.

demanded the release of 137 members of al-Qaeda who are being detained.

The group claimed responsibility for a number of explosions and pledged to carry out "suicide bombings" targeting government officials if their demand is not

In addition to this, members of parliament demanded the Interior Minster to be questioned about the legality of keeping a number of people in jail without a

recently come back to Yemen

A source at the party said dif-

ferences between Mahmoud and

some of the party's leaders like

Mohammed Abdullah al-Kibsi

were likely to be behind the for-

mer's absence from the party's

"It seems there has been an

agreement between leaders of

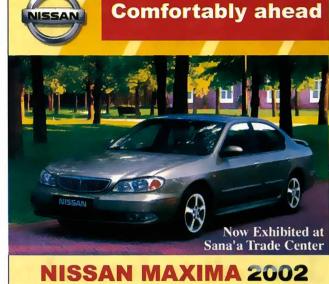
the party in Yemen and Syria to

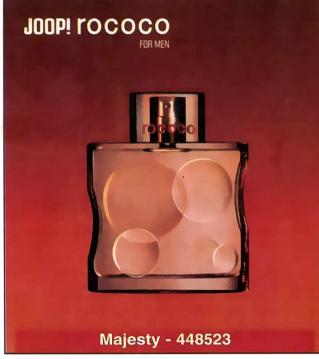
remove Mahmoud from his

The Ba'ath Party started its

political activities in Aden dur-

post," the same source added.





كونستيليشن: "نجمة" تطوق معاصم النجوم



OMEGA

Swiss Watches Union Agency Abdul Hakim Abdul Rahman Al-Mamari Sana'a - Tel:(01)272827, Sana'a STC- Tel:(01)448495 Taiz- Tel:(04)252323, Aden- Tel:(02)256688

The Tehama Trading Company **Head Office** Showroom Sana'a - Aljazair St. Hodeldah Tel.: 400 269 , Fax: 208 926 Tel.: 200 150 / 49 , Fax: 200 146











They also said intelligence attacks on the USA without imprisoned some of their visitors WFRT's office

Two people have recently stormed the office of the Women Forum for Research and Training, (WFRT).

The two were caught and handed over to the Political Security Office and then subsequently released without interrogation.

In response, a number of employees at the civil society and human rights organizations strongly condemned the release of the two in question and demanded an immediate investigation.

In a statement to the Yemen Times. Suad al-Oadasi the manager of the WFRT said that she had received threats by telephone and experienced many break-ins at WFRT. "I've received threats by some people who belong to the Political Security Office,"

Suad added further that these threats were unacceptable, unciv-

Explosions

rock

Sana'a &

Aden



Suad al-Qadasi, WFRT Manager,

ilized behavior and that the WFRT was an authorized nongovernmental organization. It is worth-mentioning that Suad

al-Qadasi is one of Yemen's leading female activists in woman's rights.

residence of the director of the Aden Political Security Office on June 15. The house is located in the Tawahi district of

No casualties have been

Another explosion took place training school in Aden. The coasts.

in the Nugum area, Sana'a. No

No group has taken credit for the two explosions. The authorities are conducting a massive

On the other, hand it has been agreed to open Coast Guard

US, German and French govone was injured by the blast. ernments have offered support

for training personnel in this The Yemen Times has investigation into the bombings.

learned that the Yemeni government has received 40 fullyequipped boats to patrol its

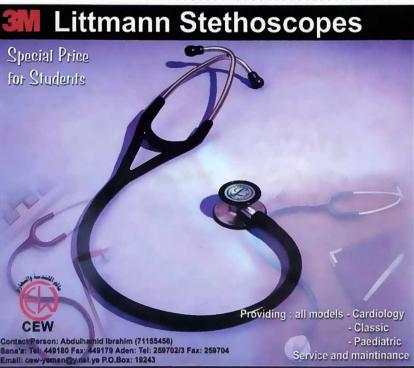
received many threats by phone and witnessed many break-ins at

A huge explosion rocked the

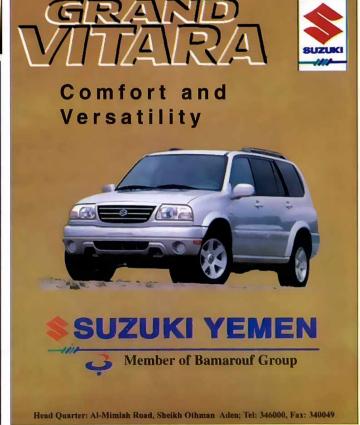
reported.











Reconciliation agreement reached

Former Heath Minister Dr. Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher, Mr. Gerret Wada the Dutch expert at the Drug Fund and Saif

al-Hadhiri, editor in chief of al-Shumooa paper have reached an agree-

Al-Hadhiri shall admit that whatever was published in his paper issues 80-120 in regards to Dr. Nasher and Gerret Weda is untrue. In addition he will publish an apology in the al-Thawra, the Yemen Times and al-Ayyam newspapers.

In response Dr. Nasher and Gerret Weda shall drop the lawsuits they filed against al-Shumooa paper represented by its editor in chief Saif al-Hadhiri.

Text of Agreement

On this day, Wednesday the 24th of April 2002, Dr. Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher (Ex-Minister of Health), Gerret Weda, Dutch expert at the Drug Fund, and Saif Al-Hadhiri, the editor in chief of al-Shumooa agree to the following:

1-Mr. Saif al-Hadhiri, the editor in chief of al-Shumooa' paper, hereby admits that everything published in

al-Shumooa' paper issues 80-120 regarding Dr. Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher and Mr. Gerret Weda is baseless and untrue. He commits to falsify these articles on the last page of al-Thawra and al-Ayyam dailies, and the Yemen Times weekly because al-Shumooa' is currently suspended. This is because the articles that were published in al-Shumooa' regarding this issue were offending to the said persons.

2-Mr.. Saif al-Hadhiri hereby apologizes to the two gentlemen for these articles, which were published on basis of untrue information. He also apologizes to the public for the same issue.

3-Against this falsification and apology mentioned above, both Dr.

Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher and Mr. Gerret Weda shall withdraw the law suits filed by them at the West Sana'a civil court and the penal judge against

al-Shumooa paper represented by its editor in chief Saif

al-Hadhiri. 4-Both parties agreed that the text of apology and falsification as follows:

Falsification and Apology
"Al-Shumooa' paper whose editor in chief is Mr. Saif AL-Hadhiri publishes a series of articles on Dr. Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher, the former minister of public health and Mr. Gerret Weda the Dutch expert of the Drug Fund which included offense to them and accusation of corruption, etc. After investigation, the information on which these articles were based turned to be untrue and baseless.

Accordingly, al-Shumooa' paper and its editor in chief Saif al-Hadhiri apol-

ogize to both gentlemen and the read-

5-This agreement was concluded in the presence of Lawyers Abdul Aziz Al-Baghdadi and Hafedh Fadhil.

Sioned

Saif Mohammed AL-Hadhiri Dr. Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher Gerret Weda

Lawyer Hafedh Fadhil Lawyer Abdul Aziz Al-Baghdadi (This was published in Al-Ayyam paper on May 20, 2002).



International advocates to defend Yemeni prisoners

A lawyer from the International Advocacy Group (IAG), who is engaged in the defense of the Arab prisoners in Guantanamo visited Yemen last week.

Advocate Jamil al-Murshed was here to make contacts with the relatives of Yemeni prisoners in Guantanamo. The objective is to enable families of the prisoners to visit their loved ones at the American base in Cuba.

Al-Murshed told Yemen Times that he made contact with 30 of the prisoner's relatives and had already received authorization from other families residing in Saudi Arabia for IAG members to defend the prisoners before a US court.

Al-Murshed criticized the position of the Yemeni government for giving concession to the USA at the expanse of its people. He demanded the government to deal with the question of Yemeni prisoners in a transparent way instead of in secrecy.

He said the IAG wrote a letter to the US president regarding the 356 prisoners who are mostly from Yemen and Saudi

Arabia. However, the case moved from one US official to another without any result. Therefore, the IAG decided to file a case before the American Judiciary to examine the charges and to deal with them under the international humanitarian law which forbids putting people in jail for a long time without any trial or legal warrant.

The IAG is headed by former Qatari justice minister, Najeeb al-Naemi and it includes advocates from Qatar, UAE, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Denmark, Kuwait, France, and USA.

Journalists demand release for Mohsen Yemeni journalists staged a sit-in before

Yemeni journalists staged a sit-in before the Ministry of Human Rights Ministry last Monday in a protest against the arrest of Abduraheem Mohsen, a journalist with the al-Thowri newspaper.

Mohsen was accused of writing articles that harm the unity of the country.

Journalists demanded in a statement for

Mohsen's immediate release.
"Up until now we don't know Mohsen's

fate," the statement said.

They described Mohsen's arrest as a "fla-

grant misuse of law" and they expressed their resentment towards his kidnapping. They also demanded compensation for material and mental costs inflicted upon

They also demanded compensation for material and mental costs inflicted upon him. Mohsen is the sole supporter of his daughter, Raheel.



Journalists holding pictures of Mohsen and his only daughter Raheel in front of the Ministry of Human Right last Monday

Dialogue among civilizations

A symposium on religions and dialogue among civilizations was concluded in Sanaa on Sunday.

Among the important subjects tackled were; Islam and the West, possibility of dialogue among religions, Islam, question of affiliation, oriental studies, Islamic movement and authority and Islamic brotherhoods and their development.

Dr. Abdulkarim al-Iriyani the political advisor to the president, spoke during the symposium pointing out that the change caused by the Sept. 11 attacks has not yet ended.

"We have to monitor the situation and deal with it wisely. We can do that through the development of the Arab society's political awareness," Dr. alIriyani said.

Dr. al-Iriyani highlighted the importance of developing Yemen's relations with the world as well as strengthening its democratic experience by taking part in spreading peace.

He called for avoiding extremism and to unite forces against the foes of democracy and civil society.





Everyday the skin is subjected to insidious UV rays and external aggressions which cause premature skin ageing, often accompanied by small imperfections and unevenness.

The New issima Perfect White EX range integrates the latest scientific knowledge on regulating skin pigmentation and skin protection phenomena.

MAM

Al Qaser St. Tel: 275145

MAJESTY

Sana'a Trade Center, 2nd floor Tel: 448523

Study At NCC





Internet

Photoshop

Power point

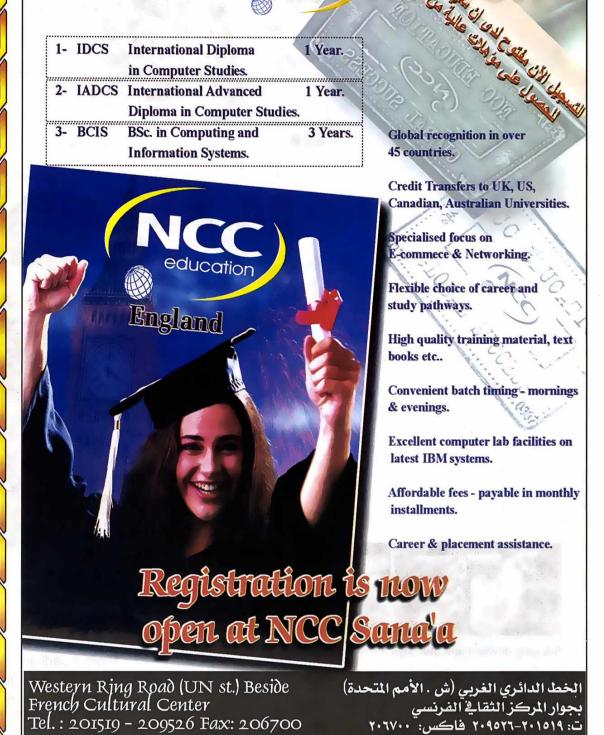
جمهورية اليمنية - صنعاء - الحي السياسي - جوار مدارس عام اليمن

Internet

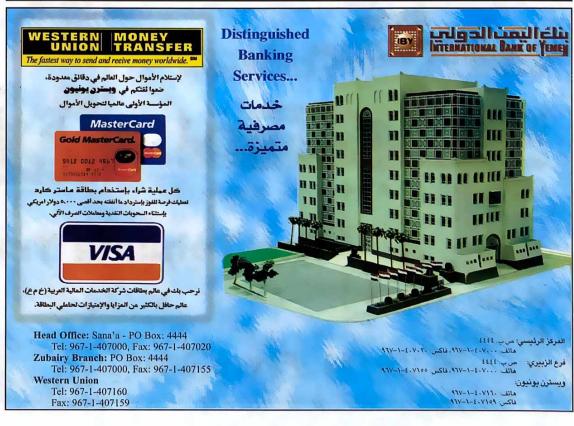
Internet











e-mail:umis@yemen.net.ye



Rhosmaksas Piplomatic Asca Aden Republic of Yemen

Stalliones

Stallion Security

& Safety Services Ltd

ستاليون

لخدمات





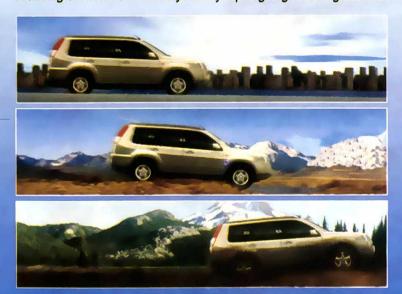








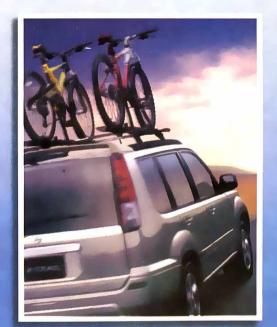
A driving environment that says every trip is going to be a great one



AUTO mode automatically optimizes your driving control

From headlight to tail light the X-TRAIL is all purpose. You can catch it in the simple stylish lines that create a spacious cabin, and the poise and sure-footed stability of the long wheelbase.





The Tehama Trading Company

Head Office

Hodeidah

Tel.: 200 150 / 49, Fax: 200 146

Showroom

Sana'a - Aljazair St.

Tel.: 400 269, Fax: 208 926



SANAA INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

Box 2002, Sanaa, Yemen

Phone: 370-191, Fax: 370-193

Email: jimgilson@qsi.org

Web site: www.qsi.org Educating the community's children for 30 years!

A HIGH QUALITY EDUCATION IS WAITING FOR

YOUR CHILD AT SANAA INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

Beautiful purpose-built facilities on a spacious 34 acre site on the edge of town with out-door play area and equipment. Sports facilities include soccer, basketball,

and softball fields, a double tennis court, and an indoor multi-purpose area for volleyball and basketball. Bus service available.

Main Campus

 Graduates attend American, Canadian, European, and Middle Eastern universities Accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools (MSA) City Campus

SIS SUCCESS FOR ALL

❖ Special offerings (AP Course/Exams, PSAT test, music, art, drama & sports)

Attractive premises near the French Embassy including a garden and play area

Specific age appropriate experiences for 2, 3 and 4 year olds

Certified experienced British teacher assisted by paraprofessionals

❖ Personalized education/small class sizes

❖ Attendance option: 2, 3, or 5 days per week

School hours are from 7:55 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. (noon)

Computer instruction for all ages

Swedish Ambassador for Human Rights visits Yemen

The Parliamentarian Committee for Human Rights and Freedom organized a lunch party last Monday at the Al-Khaima restaurant in honor of the Swedish Ambassador for Human Rights and Swedish non-resident Ambassador to Yemen.

The Swedish Ambassador for Human Rights arrived in Yemen on Friday June 7 at the invitation of the State Minister of Human Rights.

She met with officials concerned with Human Rights and human rights activists.

Sheikh Mohammed Ben Naji al-Shaif, Chairman of the Parliamentarian Committee for Human Rights and Freedoms described their meeting as fruitful. The two sides exchanged information on the state of Human

Rights in their respective countries. She was also briefed on the responsibilities the committee shoulders as well as the regulations and legislation that help maintain the general awareness about human rights and freedoms in

During the meeting she expressed the readiness of her country to support human rights in Yemen and to educate human rights activists in our country. Al-Shaif said Human Rights are developing, despite the shortcomings that occur from time to time, from a lack of awareness about human rights and freedoms.

Besides a lack of understanding of the nature of the committee's activities, he said there were certain people who tend to marginalize the committee and



Sheikh Al-shaif receives the Swedish ambassador for human rights

refuse to cooperate with it. However, he asserted that the committee would continue its noble mission to achieve its noble goals in protecting human rights and freedoms.

The party was attended by Dr. Abubakr al-Qirbi the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Wahiba Far'e the State Minister for Human Rights, Mr. Ahmad Sufan the Minister of Planning and Development, Mr. Abdullah Ahmad Sufan the Secretary General of the Parliament, Chairmen of the Partisan Blocs at the Parliament and many others.

The Yemen British Friendship Association meets

Yemeni-British Friendship Association met on Saturday, 9th June at the International Bank of Yemen in Sana'a, chaired by Dr. Abdullah Abdul Wali Nasher, the chairman of the association and chairman of IBY. The deputy Head of Mission, HM Consul-General and head of the Commercial of Section at the British Embassy in Sana'a, Jacqueline Lawson-Smith, accompanied by the Director of the British council, Adrian Chadwick, and the Embassy's new commercial Officer, Khalid AL-Sayyaghi, attended along with a selected team of Yemeni businessmen and members

The meeting discussed ways in which the bilateral commercial and investment cooperation could be developed and enhanced, laying the foundation for stronger UK-Y Yemeni relations in all fields, headed by greater business and investment activities. The meeting considered a number of ideas including an exchange of visits between businessmen and hosting exhibitions, the preparation of a list of businessmen from both countries who already do business with the UK and Yemen, as well as encouraging others, who look for business and investment opportunities to join in.

Representatives of three banks attending the meeting confirmed their willingness to assist in supporting the expansion of trade between Yemen and UK. They also asserted their commitment to assure investors and exporters from Britain that there would be no default of payments from the Yemeni Importers.

The meeting welcomed and valued a number of positive events that took place over the last few days in the UK and Yemen.

-The 7 June revision of the British Government Travel Advice for Yemen. -The opening of the Queen of Sheba

exhibition at the British Museum in

London.

-The return of Queen Victoria statue to its original place, Attewahi Garden

These are very important and positive steps between the two friendly

The British Embassy and the Yemeni

friendship ing commercial relations between the two countries.

They agreed to hold regular meet-



-The return of ECGD cover

countries.

ings, at least once every two months.

Ramada Haddah Joins Best Western Association expressed their respective commitment to working actively together towards the common goal of building on exist-Ramada Haddah Hotel joined last He said there would be a joint proj-

Thursday the international Best Western range of hotels.

An agreement to this effect was singed between Mr. Tawfeeq al-Khamiri, chairman of board of directors of the Yemeni Company for Hotels and Investment, owners of the hotel, and Mr. Anands Gupta, Executive Chairman of the Best Western group of Hotel.

"We have chosen Best Western, which has a long experience in hotel management to cope with the new changes in Yemen," said al-Khamiri.

ect with Best Western in the near future. The Best Western company will

rehabilitate the Haddah Hotel according to its standards of international Al-Khamiri asserted that the Best

Western company's existence in the Yemeni market will add to the tourism industry in the country. He added that the company will also build new hotels.

With this the name of the Haddah Hotel has been changed into Best Western Haddah Hotel Yemen.



Organized by the British Council, Sana'a Exhibition on Yemen held in Sana'a

Professional photographer, Monica Fritz has displayed a photo exhibition titled "Yemen Outside In" which opened Wednesday June 5, sponsored by the British Council. She has worked as a photographer in Florence Italy for since 1986. Her photos have appeared in a variety of magazines, both in Europe and the US. She has visited Yemen four times on assignment. During her visits, she has taken photos of Yemen's architecture, people and landscapes. Mujahed Al Mussa'abi, from The Yemen Times had the pleasure of meeting Mrs. Fritz and record the following interview.

How did you start and why pho-

At the age of 18 I went to art school and discovered that I had a talent and love for photography. I started professional photography in Italy. After 11 years of artistic photography, I began commercial and fashion shoots. I have also worked in Turkey doing advertisement photography.

What attracts you to Yemen?

I like the people, most of my photos capture the people. I don't like to photograph landscapes. I believe natural scenes are better kept in the memory than on a photo. I love the architecture, atmosphere and the simple life of the people. There is so much beauty here. I have traveled all over Yemen, because

Have you held previous exhibitions?

Yes, I have held many exhibitions all over Europe. I have displayed photos of Yemen at many of these shows.

Tell us about your present exhibi-

It coincides with another exhibition held at the British Museum in London titled, "Queen Of Sheba, and Treasures of Ancient Yemen." The photos in my exhibition show landscapes, cityscape and portraits from Yemen. As well, I have included photos of Yemenis who live in Britain. This shows us about Yemeni People living here and how they keep their culture.

What is the most important trait of a photographer?

It depends on the type of photography. I think the most important trait is that you have to understand light. You have to study the light and know when to use flash and daylight to advantage. Secondly, feeling out the people you are going to photograph. They ought to be relaxed, when they relax the photo will be better.

Any further comments?

Thanks to the British Council for their support and cooperation.

I wish the people of Yemen to be true to themselves and change for the better.

Yemen and Italy grow closer

By: Fahmia al-Fotih **Yemen Times Staff**

The Sana'a and Vicenza Chambers of Commerce and the Italian Embassy organized an exhibition from the second to the fifth of June. The exhibition of jewelry and industrial products was complimented by cultural, gastronomic and musical events hosted by the Sheraton Hotel.

A large gathering made it to the event consisting of the Minister of Industry. the Minister of Development and Planning as well as many Yemeni businessmen

"Vicenza, and its Region Veneto, are presently one of the driving forces of the Italian and European economy. It gives me much pleasure to welcome to Sana'a all the Italian businessmen from Vicenza and the managers of the Vicenza Chamber of Commerce, who have agreed to take part in this event and joined their forces to make it as successful as ever," the Italian Ambassador said.

"Our wish is that the Italian week in Sana'a will help strengthen the robust ties already in existence between our two countries. Though geographically distant, share the same long standing ideal of a fair, stable and compassionate democratic system" he added.



Display of beautiful Italian Jewelry

The managers of Vicenza had been overwhelmed by the number of people interested in the Italian products.

"On behalf of the Vicenza Chamber of Commerce, we thank al-Yemenia, Sheraton Hotel, Sana'a Chamber of Commerce and the Yemen Times. There are 21 companies that have come and participated in this event," Vladimiro Riva, general manager said. "We have found that Yemen is a very important country and we have achieved great results regarding to the fields we work in, hoping to make future relationships. We as jewelers are happy to be in Yemen," Fabrizio Vezzaro, chairman and CEO said.

Various Italian companies producing jewelry, pottery, marble, furniture and food goods had participated with the exhibition.

"In future we would like to try to find missions that are not yet developed in order to bring more technology and opportunities that will bring employment to the Yemeni people. We hope that in a few months Italian jewelry will be here in Yemen," Gian Carrlo

Yemenia honors its employees

Yemenia Airlines hosted a reception party on June 14, to honor its best employees at the Taj Shiba Hotel.

This corresponds with the first anniversary of the release of the Yemenia Magazine. Capt. Abdulkhalik al-Qadhi, chairman of the board of Yemenia delivered a speech in which he said that the honoring of these people reflects the company's success in holding a leading position in the airline industry.

2 drowned

Two 16 year old boys drowned last Thursday in al-Mekhlaf district, Taiz governorate. Anwar Abduh Moqbil and Mohammed Hamoud Moqbil tried to wash in an open well when they fell

People were unable to save them. People attempted to save them, but to no avail. The two victims remained in the water for one hour before being lifted out. They were both students at the eighth grade level.

2nd part of Lohum's book released

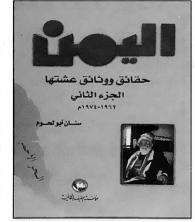
The second part of 'Yemen, Facts & Documents I Went Through' has been recently published in Arabic. It contains useful information about the writer's life contrasted with the history of Yemen.

The book 'Yemen, Facts & Documents I Went Through' was written by Sheikh Senan Abu Lohum. The book relied mainly on diaries, documents and biographies from the author's life.

The book was published by al-Afeef Cultural Foundation. The first part is held from 1942 until the outbreak of the September revolution in 1962.

The second part of 'Yemen, Facts & Documents I Went Through' deals with the author's life from 1962 till 1974

The book deals with events that took place in Yemen's contemporary histo-



ry. Such events as Yemen at the first Arab Summit, the summit in Alexandria, the Jeddah Treaty, the siege of Sana'a and other happenings that touched the author of this book.

Ubadi wins a court ruling

Last week the West Sana'a Primary Court issued a verdict on the closure of the Ubadi Publishing & Printing Center. The publisher was shut down by the Ministry of Culture after publishing a controversial novel called Qawarib Jabaliya.

The verdict invalidated the decision made by the Ministry of Culture regarding the closure of the Ubadi Center. The court ordered the reopening of the Ubadi Center under its supervision. The court added that the closure of

the center by the Ministry of Culture is an interference and infringement of justice.

Defense lawyers and the Ubadi Center praised the court ruling saying that the court's ruling is a victory for the principles of justice.

Sheikh Yahya al-Ukeimi says to Yemen Times,

'No terrorists are safe here'

heikh Yahya al-Ukeimi from the al-Jawf region, told the Yemen Times in a recent interview that tribes of the region are seeking to capture 'Qaed Snyian al-Harethi' and 'Abu Assim al Ahdal', two of the most wanted al-Qaeda leaders in Yemen. He also revealed that tribes of the region are fully cooperating with the authorities to track down any possible terrorists in this remote part of Yemen.

Hassan Azzaidi of Yemen Times met Sheikh al-Ukeimi and filed the following interview.

YT: Can you tell us the source of today's tribal conflicts?

Today's tribal conflicts date back to the beginning of the post-revolution period. There were two sides: one supporting the Egyptian forces in Yemen and the revolution, the other side supported the Royalists. There was conflict for more than eight years during which tribes were subjected to brutality. After these wars came to an end under an international agreement, the second wing eventually came victorious and imposed its influence which dragged tribes into internal wars. If we examined tribal conflicts in Yemen we would notice that they only exist within the Bakeel tribes.

Tribal wars are fueled from the Capital, Sana'a itself. The government is in part responsible, top officials within the government exercise their influence arbitrarily in this issue.

YT: Do you agree that tribal areas are breeding grounds for terrorism?

I don't agree with this assumption because people of this region are not in line with Osama bin Laden's followers in terms of doctrine, creed or politics. Tribes are ready to fight these elements. We support the government in



Sheikh Al-Ukeimi (left) speaks with Azzaidi concerns and worries

its anti-terror campaign and we would like to be forerunners in this effort.

YT: What is the reason behind the present tribal clash in al-Jawf?

It is a fight between two tribes in al-Jawf region, although they are being carried out under the name of combat-

YT: What weapons are being used and where do they come from?

In most cases they use 23 anti-air missiles, Rockets Projectile Grenades (RPG), field artillery and all ground weaponry with the exception of tanks. Tribes get these weapons from arms dealers and officials from Sana'a who sell from the army warehouses to keep tribesmen fighting each other.

YT: How can these wars be brought to an end?

This can be achieved by the existence of a credible government that is willing to put an end to tribal revenge. If you look at the present war in al-Jawf you will find that top military officials stand behind it. The battlefields of this war are located between military barracks in the region, this is to say the army is not willing to intervene to put an end to the bloodshed.

YT: Do you think this war has something to do with your brother, Sheikh and MP Amin al-Ukeimi, to broker a deal between the Islamist elements and the government to stop the bombing campaign in Sanaa'?

I have no idea about the bombing campaign in Sana'a. Indeed, we have been told by top officials that the United States and Britain are responsible for those incidents with a view to aggravate the situation inside Yemen, while the Yemeni public thing that al-Qaeda sympathizers are responsible

YT: What's your opinion about the recommendations made in regards to revenge by the Shura Council last session?

There is no base for these recommendations since the Council's credibility is absent. When credibility exists the problem will be easily solved. It sounds that the ultimate objective of this Council is to pocket international assistance to Yemen. Particularly since they recognized that many donor agencies are willing to help by allocating money to eradicate this phenomenon.

YT: Lately, we have been hearing that the United States and other Western countries have allocated huge funds for developing tribal areas in Yemen, especially Mareb and al-Jawf to eradicate terrorism. Do you have any information about this assistance and how it will be dis-

Actually, once a journalist said that Yemen is a graveyard for invaders and it will also be a graveyard for donated funds. Our region has not received any help and up until now we are still living the way our ancestors did centuries ago. There are no projects, all that we have is foundation stones laid without implemented projects.

YT: Do you think that there are links to al-Qaeda or other extremist elements harbored by your tribe?

We do not accept such elements in our tribe. And if anybody believes that we shelter such elements we are ready to let inspectors, even Americans to come and see for themselves.

YT: Whom do you think can reach this area to hide?

I'm just setting an example.

YT: It has been said that Senyian al-Harethi and al-Ahdal, who are accused of being al-Qaeda leaders are in Mareb or al-Jawf. What's your response to that?

These two are hiding in the eastern region of Yemen. Our tribesmen are chasing them to bring them to justice. We are in complete disagreement with these elements, either in political or religious doctrine.

We regard these elements as the main reason for our deteriorating relations with the president. Formerly, we stood with the president in fighting communism originating from the south and again against the Islamic extremism that existed in Sana'a. We did not want the president to show any leniency in these issues.

These problems are based in Sana'a and not in our poor tribal area where people's main concern is to feed themselves, not harboring terrorists. Still, our tribal areas live in chaos, a situation that might be used by the these

YT: Do you think unemployment and poverty are the reasons for kidnapping?

There are political entities that strive to keep tribes in their current status by preventing development here. This is because they think tribes would then become a threat to them. These issues have bred disappointment amongst tribesmen who then resort to kidnapping out of desperation. Therefore, I hold the government responsible for what is happening here.

YT: We always see you in Sana'a armed with your gun. Why do you

To protect myself. Even in Sana'a there are many dangers that threaten our lives. There are many who aim to keep us in this position. They have created the situation of insecurity and instability in our region and they want to keep it this way.

YT: What prevents tribal stabili-

Blood feuds, conflicts and sedition created by the regime. I request the Arab and international community to help Yemeni tribes solve problems of revenge that they might live quietly like other tribes of the Arab peninsula.

YT: You said earlier that the current tribal clashes are waged under the banner of fighting terror. How is that?

I demand an immediate cease fire for all these wars. I'd like also to ask all agencies to send delegations to the region to see how miserably the tribesmen live. Then they could decide if this area is hosting terrorists. If this situation persists all people will turn into terrorists because of extreme poverty, hunger, deprivation of rights and violence. And as you know violence breeds violence. Yet, all Yemenis are against terror.

YT: If you find Senyian and al-Ahdal in your area what are you going to do?

We will arrest them and hand them over to the government or kill them. Our stance is clear and we have voiced it repeatedly. All officials know that, including the president.

YT: Have you ever met these fugi-

I have only met Qaed Senyian al-Harethi in the desert. I attempted to broker a deal between him and the government on the basis that he should surrender himself to the government, but he just procrastinated.

Government responds to USA's Human Rights report (part III)

he report has also mentioned that "Members of security forces killed a number of persons during the year. Members of the security forces tortured and otherwise abused persons, and continued to arrest and detain citizens arbitrarily, especially oppositionists in the south and other persons regarded as 'secessionists."'

- Generally, this is an incorrect allegation for there are no practices by security members regarding killing persons nor phenomena of arbitrary

arrests of persons whether oppositionists or others. Concerning allegations on cases of torture and abuses, Yemen confirms they are very limited and rare cases. They do not form a phenomenon or organized operation or widespread to be mentioned in such a report. Those members from the security apparatus responsible for such rare cases of torture and violation of human rights have been brought to court and verdicts have been issued against those proved to have committed them. Trial measures are still going on concerning others accused of

such acts. It is groundless regarding what has been mentioned about targeting certain areas or governorates. All citizens are equal before the law. The report should have pointed out such cases so that the concerned authorities be able to investigate into such allegations and whether they are correct and consequently to take legal measures against them.

The report mentions that "Prison conditions were poor, and some detainees were held in private prisons not authorized by the government."

- We would like to clarify that the government exerts all efforts possible to uplift services and utilities in them. A good long distance has been traversed in this respect, the report in question has admitted that. Shortage in capabilities and insufficient support by concerned bodies constitute the major cause behind disability to improve prison conditions to the level aspired for. The authorities concerned at the government, in cooperation with a number of international bodies and organizations, are now studying the issue of improving prison conditions, including solving the problems of women who have served their sentences and still not released. Many measures have been taken in this regard, among which are separating iuvenile delinquents from adult inmates and put them at special care houses where they can continue their education and practice various social and sport activities. Further practical measures pertaining to this question are to be taken soon.

One of the measures the government has taken is a decree by the president on setting up a special committee handling supervision on prison conditions in general and helping needy inmates sentenced to payable special and civil indebtedness by paying for them the sums they are indebted in order to be released from prison. This process is done periodically every year. It is worthy here to praise

the role this committee plays and the effective role the Supreme National Committee on Human Rights (SNCHR) undertakes. SNCHR has formed several committees entrusted with field inspection of prisons throughout governorates of the republic and offering suggestions for improving prison conditions, and these committees actually need huge sums of money to carry out their tasks. The government, represented by the SNCHR, and in cooperation with some international and local organizations, has organized a number of training courses for prison officials in several governorates aimed at providing and improving performance inside prisons. Many committees have been set up for investigation and search regarding the presence of private prisons unauthorized by the government. Those prisons have been already closed down and prevented for good.

The report mentions in another part of it that "Political security officers have broad discretion over perceived national issues. Despite constitutional constraints, security officers routinely monitor citizen's activities, search their homes, detain citizens for questioning, and mistreat detainees."

-A presidential decree on creation of PSO No. 121, 1992 has defined its authorities in chapter 4, article 7. Members of the apparatus are granted authorities similar of those men in charge of judiciary monitoring and could carry out investigations about those being strongly suspected or there is authenticated information against them impinging the state security and safety. Consequently the PSO performs legally granted authorities pursuant to law No. 13 for the year 1994 regarding penal measures under supervision and direction of public prosecution. It refers all detected sabotage crimes and activities to the public prosecution to complete investigation measures and to deal with them according to the law. Responding to what the report has mentioned about PSO officers routinely monitoring citizens' activities and search their homes, we confirm that this is groundless allegation and lacking of evi-

The report mentions that "The law limited freedom of speech and of the press, and the government continued to harass, intimidate, and detain journalists. Journalists practiced self-censorship."

To clarify this point we confirm this is a presentation of allegations characterized by generalization and fall short of evidence. In fact the constitution speech or other public liberties. This freedom is regulated in accordance with article of Press and Publications Law No. 20 for the year 1990, as it is known that any unregulated work changes to anarchy.

The report says

-This point as is the case for the previous one characterized by generalization and ambiguity and lacks pinpointing certain cases to be cited. As a matter of fact the freedoms of assembly, religion and movement are rights guaranteed by texts in the constitution and the law. These liberties could not be limited but through the law whenever it is necessary, such as restricting movement of some suspects or accused until proving either their innocence or guilt. Religious tenet freedom is safeguarded in all circumstances taking into account that, as a general principle, that there are no religious minorities in Yemen except for some Jewish or Christian individuals or groups, however these sects are free in practicing their own religious rituals without any restrictions imposed on them and this is applied to certain Islamic religious sects such as al-Bohra. Care and protection are rendered to sanctities and worshipping places of sects. It is very seldom to happen that any event or attack of religious character takes place against them. In case of any such incident,

legal measures on protection of religious faith are taken immediately.

The report also mentions that "Violence and discrimination against women were problems. mutilation Female genital (FGM)was practiced on a limited scale, primarily along the coastal areas of the Red Sea. The government publicly discouraged FGM."

- For clarification purposes the

Yemeni woman have been occupying

leading posts. She is now working with the government, in parliament, local councils, judiciary career, in political parties, civil society organizations and police force. The American report, nowever, underestimates the woman role in development and progress in all fields. In this context we point out the government's interest in the woman role in the development process that has become very clear through reconsidering many issues related to woman. The council of ministers has approved some amendments of some legal texts pertaining woman's rights in a move considered as advanced at the level of legislations connected to enhancement of public rights and freedoms, including those approved recently concerning laws on nationality, civic status, civilian register, prison organization and personal status. Regarding female genital mutilation, these habits are considered as extinct and very limited and mostly characterized as individual behavior. The government however has issued a decision prohibiting hospitals and health centers from performing genital mutilation operations, after it has carried out an awareness campaign on risks of such activities on females health through health programs devoted to tackling maternity and childhood care, with concentration on reproductive health. These efforts have produced results curbing this practice resulting from ignorance and illiteracy common in those remote coastal areas influenced by African

part 1V to follow in the next-issue

URGENTLY REQUIRED

Leading Travel Company urgently requires young, enthusiastic personnel, fluent in english, with some knowledge of the travel industry.

Selected candidates will be put through an intensive training course in airline ticketing/ counter sales, while being given on the job training

Candidates who have travel industry experience may also apply. Salary and benefits will be commensurate with qualification and experience.

Apply within 10 days of this advertisement as hereunder:

> The Advertiser P.O. Box 2579 C/O Yemen Times Sana'a-Yemen



Car bomb attack, foiled

JERUSALEM (Reuters) - Israeli troops have foiled a planned car bomb attack in the Gaza Strip and have raided the West Bank city of Jenin as U.S. President George W. Bush worked on a proposal for Middle East peace.

Israel's army said it destroyed a car in northern Gaza which was loaded with mortar bombs and launchers and more than 150 kg (330 pounds) of explosives stuffed into a hot water tank.

Palestinian militants had planned to lure soldiers into an ambush by firing the mortars from the car and then detonating the explosives inside the vehicle when soldiers arrived to search the area, an army commander at the scene told Reuters on Saturday.

In the West Bank, a small contingent of Israeli troops staged a brief raid into Jenin before dawn on Saturday following intelligence information that Palestinian militants were planning to launch an attack from the city, the army said.

Israeli radio stations quoted security officials as saying the troops had searched unsuccessfully for a suicide bomber planning to carry out an attack in Israel next week.

Israel has launched almost daily raids on Palestinian-ruled territory, keeping up pressure on militants after a West Bank offensive unleashed in March after a spate of suicide bombings



A Palestinian woman carries her son over a barricade at the checkpoint at the entrance to the Palestinian West Bank village of El Hader, south of Jerusalem, on Friday. REUTERS/Nir Elias

about 200 Palestinians, many of them

checkpoint near Hebron.

The U.S. administration held more consultations with Middle East leaders on Friday as Bush prepared to unveil his vision for peace, based on a two-state solution, probably next week.

Checkpoint Trouble

In the West Bank, troops fired in the military blockade Israel has imposed air and threw three teargas canisters near since a Palestinian uprising against occu-

women and children, trying to cross a A tank and several armoured personnel carriers and jeeps left Jenin after a five-Several people fainted in the incident, hour raid early on Saturday. But troops which underscored the hardships faced maintained a chokehold around the by ordinary Palestinians due to the tight northern West Bank city.

pation began in September 2000.

Arab ministers discuss \$1bln Mideast gas pipeline

AMMAN, June 15 (Reuters) - Arab energy ministers from Egypt Jordan, Syria, and Lebanon began talks on Saturday to speed construction of a long envisioned \$1 billion Middle East natural gas pipeline from Egypt.

Officials said the two-day ministerial level talks will review progress on the project, whose first phase began last March with the start of construction of an offshore pipeline from Arish in Sinai to Jordan's red Sea port of Aqaba.

Egypt's Oil Minister Sameh Fahmy told Reuters almost 20 percent of the first stage pipeline worth \$230 million to Aqaba was already complete, with financing coming mostly from Arab develpment funds such as Kuwaitbased AFESD.

Egypt's first exports of gas of around 1.1 billion cubic metres (bcm) per year to Jordan were expected by mid-next year, Fahmy said.

Last year Egypt — with abundant proven natural gas reserves estimated at 55 trillion cubic feet (1.557 trillion cu metres) - reached an agreement with Jordan, Syria and Lebanon on building a pipeline to supply them with

Jordan's Energy and Mineral Resources Minister Mohammad Batayneh said ministers would focus on pushing ahead with the pipeline to Lebanon, Syria until the Syrian-

The ministers would also discuss setting up an Arab Natural Gas Company as a regulatory body to oversee the pipeline project that has a strong private sector involvement.

Batayneh said Jordan will choose a private developer next July from three consortiums recently shortlisted in the bidding race to finance and construct the 274 km pipeline in its territory under attractive build-operate-transfer (BOT) terms.

Egypt eyes eastern europe

Egypt said its country was eager to market its gas eventually beyond the Middle East to Eastern European countries such as Romania and Bulgaria, Fahmy said.

"Cyrpus, Turkey and areas in Europe such as are in need of gas...and we hope to get other countries with us...hopefully after Turkey Romania and Bulgaria," said Fahmy.

The project would also boost inter-Arab economic integration by reducing reliance on heavy fuel oil now firing power grids and switching to more economic gas.

"Without linkages between Arab countries no common market could come into being... without fuller industrialisation there will be no future for the Arab world," Fahmy said.

The British International School



Your First Choice

Tel:614-510 Tel/fax:614533 www.tbischool.com Trust the experts to educate your children! British & American Teachers & Teachers' Aid After **School Clubs! American Sports Coach**





Year 11 (IGCSE) Ministry Exams for Year 12 Preparation for TOFEL in Year 11 & 12 Six From College for A'levels (2 Year Study)





Open from 8am - 1pm & 4.30 - 6pm

FREE REGISTRATION FOR THE 1 ST 25 PEOPLE!

I.T. Job Opportunity

A successful I. T. & O . A trading company is seeking to employ for the following posts:

- Executive Secretary.
- Sales Representatives/ Receptionists
- Human Resources Manager / Administration Manager.
- Electronic and Computer Engineers.

Qualification and Requirements:

Yemeni National.

successful candidates

- Relevant University degree.
- At least five years work Experience in the filed he/ she is apply-
- Less than 35 years old except for the H.R./ Administration Manager Post
- Excellent commend of English language and computer skills Excellent international communication and team building skills.

Attractive salaries and other external benefits will be offered for

Qualified and interested persons are encouraged to submit their detailed curriculum vita with their address and day time telephone numbers to:

> Sana'a P.O. Box 2205 Fax No. 01 283596 E-mail: tsc@.net.ye



Israel could put nuclear warheads on subs-report

WASHINGTON, (Reuters) -Former U.S. military and State Department officials say Israel was arming three diesel submarines with newly designed cruise missiles that could carry nuclear warheads, The Washington Post reported on

The development would give Israel a sea-based alternative to land- or airbased nuclear weapons. The nation has refused to say if it has nuclear weapons but U.S. analysts say it has a small atomic arsenal.

Israeli testing of the new cruise missile two years ago in the Indian Ocean near Sri Lanka was monitored by the U.S. Navy, according to former Pentagon officials.

Although U.S. analysts studied the nuclear capability of the missile, it was "above top secret whether the sub-launched missiles are nucleararmed," one former senior American official was quoted as saying.

A sea-based option would allow Israel to offset efforts by Iraq and Iran to develop missiles capable of knocking out Israel's weapons, the newspaper said.

The newspaper report followed publication of a book this week by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace that said Israel attempted to arm its diesel submarines with nuclear cruise missiles. The book said Israel tested its sealaunched cruise missiles, with a range of 900 miles, in May 2000.

"Probably the most important nuclear-related development in Israel is the formation of its sea-based wrote Joseph nuclear arm." Cirincione, co-author of the book and an endowment official.

The book also identified Iran, Iraq and North Korea as nations seeking nuclear weapons.

Lebanon's president condemns attack on priest

BEIRUT, (Reuters) - Lebanon's president on Saturday denounced an assault on a Christian cleric who is renowned for his calls for tolerance and peaceful coexistence among the religious groups that fought Lebanon's 1975-1990 civil war.

Greek Catholic bishop Gregoire Haddad was assaulted on Friday night

by a Christian man who witnesses said berated Haddad for his liberal views and was then shown in television footage punching the 78-year-old priest and knocking him flat.

In a statement, President Emile Lahoud expressed "profound horror" at the attack, and said the assailant and some of his companions were being questioned in advance of possible charges and trial.

The attack occurred outside a television studio where Haddad appears on a religious programme. His comments on the show have drawn fire in the past, prompting television crews and security forces to gather in anticipation of

You are invited to attend

The Sixth European Film Festival Everyone is **WELCOME!**

This festival is being held in the Yemeni Cultural Centre in Sana'a. The programme below gives details of dates, times and film titles. Seats will be available on a first 📆 come first served basis, so please come early to avoid disappointment.



FILM FESTIVAL PROGRAMME

22 June 2002 7,30 p.m. Dutch Film The Black Meteor

23 June 2002 7,30 p.m. French Film

> Tout va bien, on s'en va (Everything is fine, let's go!)

24 June 2002 **Turkish Film 7,30 p.m.**

> Selvi Boylum Al Yazmalim (The red scarf)

25 June 2002 7.30 p.m. **British Film**

Captain Corelli's Mandolin

26 June 2002 7.30 p.m. German Film Mostly Martha (Drei Sterne)

This event has been organized by the:

Yemeni Ministry of Culture, The British Council, French Cultural Centre, German Embassy, Netherlands Embassy, and Turkish Embassy.



Bazara Travel & Tourism

Tel.: 285865 - 279235 - 286364 Fax: 289568, E-mail: bazara@y.net.ye Special Promotion for Domestic Tourism & Beach Holidays

Destination	Yemeni	Foreigner	Hotel No.	Nights
Mukalla	YR 22.500	YR 29.000	Holiday Inn	3days/2 nights
Mukalla	YR 33.000	YR 39.500	Holiday Inn	5days/4 nights
Mukalla	YR 44.000	YR 52.000	Holiday Inn	7days/6 nights
Aden	YR 23.000	YR 30.500	Aden Hotel	3days/2 nights
Aden	YR 24.800	YR 38.000	Sheraton Aden	3days/2 nights
Aden	YR 31.200	YR 45.000	Sheraton Aden	4days/3 nights
Seiyun	YR 15.500	YR 31.900	Samah Hotel	3days/2 nights

Sana'a round trip air fair is included. Prices are per person on twin sharing based on persons Accommodation half board (breakfast + dinner)

Note: group of 4 persons (adult) & more we offer the discount of YR4,000.

South Africa's Mbeki ends talks in Libya with Gaddafi

JOHANNESBURG, June 14 (Reuters) - South African President Thabo Mbeki ended a three-day visit to Libya on Friday, concluding talks with Libya's Muammar Gaddafi, one of the architects of the African Union to be launched in July.

"During the visit, Brother Leader Muammar Gaddafi and President Mbeki held discussions and exchanged views on bilateral, regional and international issues of mutual concern," said a joint communique issued in Johannesburg on Friday. The statement did not say if Mbeki and Gaddafi reached any agreement on a strategy for an ambitious recovery plan for Africa, the New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD), spearheaded by South Africa, Nigeria, Algeria and Regional analysts say Gaddafi is angry at being sidelined from the conception and promotion of NEPAD. He was also angered by some African ministers saying the reason was that Libya was still largely isolated internationally.

NEPAD is to become the economic policy of the African Union (AU), which will be launched in South Africa in July to replace the moribund Organisation of African Unity (OAU).

But the statement said Gaddafi had "commended Mbeki for the NEPAD initiative aimed at achieving sustainable development, peace and prosperity for the African continent within the framework of the AU".

Fifteen African heads of state discussed the NEPAD plan in Rome on Tuesday. The plan will be reviewed at the Group of Eight summit in Canada on June 26-27. The G8 groups Canada, Britain, the United States, Japan, France, Italy, Germany and Russia. NEAPD, modelled on the U.S. Marshall Plan that rebuilt Europe after World War Two, targets billions of dollars of investment to revive Africa's ailing economies and alleviate poverty.

In return, African nations would commit themselves to bolstering democracy and human rights while also enforcing global standards on economic and corporate governance. The two sides also called on Israel to withdraw from all occupied Palestinian territo-

"The delegations reiterated their support for the Palestinian peoples right to self-determination and the establishment of a Palestinian state within secure borders," the statement said.

Saudi minister meets with **Bush at the White House**

WASHINGTON, (Reuters) - U.S. President George W. Bush vowed on Thursday to lay out a vision which would lead to Israelis and Palestinians living side by side and the White House acknowledged that the setting up of an interim Palestinian state was a real

A provisional Palestinian state was "one of the many things that the president is looking at," said White House spokesman Ari Fleischer, a day after U.S. officials sought to dampen expectations about such a state when it was floated by Secretary of State Colin Powell.

Bush, speaking after the latest in a series of meetings with key regional leaders, would not be drawn into discussing his views on a provisional, or interim, Palestinian state, saying that at some point he would lay out "a vision that will help lead toward two states living side by side."

Bush and Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud al-Faisal had what the White House described as a "warm meeting" of about 20 minutes in the Oval Office, Bush's third meeting in the past week with a regional leader as he seeks to draw up a road map to a Middle

"They exchanged a variety of ideas about how to move forward and the president enjoyed the visit," Fleischer

The Saudi minister told reporters, "I was very pleased with what I heard from the president" and said he would answer more questions on Friday.

Bush is preparing to unveil, probably next week, a framework for a process aimed at improving security to end Palestinian attacks against Israeli targets, rebuilding Palestinian institutions to establish a Palestinian state and reviving political talks between Israel and the Palestinians.

There have been indications that Bush would offer principles within which the most difficult issues could be negotiated, without proposing solu-There has been no indication he

would offer a timetable for creating a Palestinian state, after telling Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak last Saturday at Camp David that he was not ready to do so.

The idea is to take Bush's principles to a Middle East ministerial conference later this summer in the hope of getting the parties to reach agreement on the path ahead.

Powell this week raised the possibility that an interim Palestinian state might be necessary before a permanent state



Saudi Arabia foreign minister visits United States

called Palestine could be established.

Saudi Arabia in April presented Bush with new proposals for ending the violence in the Middle East that U.S. officials at the time called a basis for dis-

The Saudi plan included an Israeli withdrawal from Palestinian areas, deployment of an international peacekeeping force, reconstruction of damaged Palestinian areas, renunciation of violence, talks on a political settlement and an end to Israeli settlements in Palestinian areas.

In exchange, Arab countries would recognize Israel and agree to normalize relations with the Jewish state.

Fleischer said on Thursday that the United States and Saudi

Arabia were "approaching the problem of bringing peace to the Middle East in rather similar ways."

"The president believes that Saudi Arabia is committed to a meaningful and lasting peace process in the Middle East and that includes providing for security for Israel as well as a hopeful and helpful future for the Palestinian people," he said.

The Bush administration for weeks has been deliberating a shift in policy that would offer a timetable for negotiating a peace settlement and creating a Palestinian state.

Fleischer said Bush had not yet finished his consultations.

He will talk further with members of his staff, and they may reach out to regional governments for input.

Bush has called for the creation of a Palestinian state, but the United States is pressing President Yasser Arafat's Palestinian Authority to implement reforms first.

Ugandan govt. committed liberation war, the National Resistance KAMPALA, (Xinhua) — Ugandan been undergoing a four-month Tank

President Yoweri Museveni has reiterated his government's commitment to modernize the army to defend the country with the available means, a press release issued by the State House said on Saturday.

President Museveni made the remarks on Friday afternoon when he passed out army officers who have

Company Commanders' Course at Karama Armored Training School in Mubende district, some 150 kilometers west of Kampala.

He congratulated the officers upon the successful completion of their course and described training that they have undergone as dynamic.

He told the officers that during the

Army, now the Uganda People's Defense Forces, defeated the dictatorship in Uganda using minimal means.

Earlier, President Museveni watched a military exercise by the newly passed out tank company commanders. Acting Army Commander James Kazini and Mubende district officials

Zimbabwe trial of journalist live on the world wide web

HARARE, (Reuters) - The trial of an American journalist shifted to a Harare Internet cafe on Friday as prosecutors sought to show he had broken Zimbabwe's strict media laws by publishing an untrue story in a British newspaper.

The trial of Andrew Meldrum, correspondent for London's Guardian, began on Wednesday and is the first major test case of new rules introduced by President Robert Mugabe's govern-

It became bogged down on Friday over arguments on the use of a Web site document by the state to support its prosecution.

Though the Guardian is not distributed in Zimbabwe, state prosecutor Thabani Mpofu said the posting of a story on the paper's Web site constituted publication under Zimbabwe law.

Defence lawyer Beatrice Mtetwa said the state had to establish a "clear link" between Meldrum and the document.

Meldrum — who has pleaded not guilty - has been charged with breaking a law that prohibits publication of false information. He faces a heavy fine or up to two years in jail.

Observing the trial, senior British laywer Geoffrey Robertson, a veteran defence counsel in civil liberties cases, said the Zimbabwean authorities' view of the Internet publication of the story could have global implications.

"The consequences are that Zimbabwe's press laws, which are repugnant to Britain, the European Union and the United States, can be applied against citizens who write articles in those countries when they come to Zimbabwe on holiday or are in a country like South Africa which has an

extradition treaty with Zimbabwe," Robertson told Reuters.

"This will be regarded as very serious by other countries because it is an attempt to export and impose Zimbabwe's press laws so that they incriminate writers and publishers on Web sites outside Zimbabwe," he

The magistrates court moved its proceedings to the Internet cafe of a city hotel on Friday afternoon where a police officer demonstrated how he had retrieved a story from the Guardian Web site, in which Meldrum reported that supporters of Mugabe had beheaded a woman in northwestern Zimbabwe.

The beheading story was not on the site on Friday, and the police officer said it had been removed from the

Job Opportunities

1. AUTO ELECTRICIAN

The candidate should have at least 10-15 years experience on European/American cars & vehicles and ability to speak English is an advantage.

The candidate should have at least 5-10 years experience and should be able to speak, read and write English and Arabic and has working knowledge on computers.

the candidate should have at lesat 5 years experince and ability to speak English is an advantage.

4. SECRETARY

The candidate should have at least 5 years experience and should possess excellent command over spoken and written English and Arabic and has working knowledge on computers (MS Words and

Position 2, 3 & 4 should be YEMENI NATIONALS

Interested candidates please send your CV and supporting documents to the following fax No. (01) 200989 attn. Personnel

l'ender Extension

The Radio & Television **Public** Corporation announces that tender No. (2) for 2002 for supplying, installing and commissioning of radio sound equipment has been extended.

Accordingly, opening of bids' envelops has been scheduled for 11:00 (June 29, 2002)

Bids received after 10:00 o'clock, June 29, 2002, will not be considered.



VACANCIES

One of the leading shipping companies (Adhban Group) based their Head Office in Aden looking for the following professionals:

- 1. Female Secretary (who should have at least 2-3 years experience in Shipping field and good knowledge of English) Yemeni Nationals.
- 2. Cargo supervisor (Male) (who should have at least 5-10 years experience in handling Break Bulk and Container Vessel and good knowledge of English) Yemeni National.
- 2. Boarding Clerk (Male) (who should have at least 5-8 years experience in shipping field and good knowledge of English) Yemeni National.

Suitable candidates can submit their CV by fax or visit our following office address:

> YECO Building, 3rd Floor, Maalla Street, P. O. Box 800004 Aden, Republic of Yemen Fax: 02-247708

Karzai wrangles with Afghan assembly over cabinet

KABUL, (Reuters) - Afghanistan's grand assembly and Hamid Karzai, the man they elected president, wrangled on Saturday over the make-up of a government whose mission is to heal ethnic wounds and rebuild a war-shattered nation.

Delegates to the Loya Jirga assembly insist they have the right to approve members of a broadbased government, but supporters of the 44year-old, Western-educated Karzai say he must make the final decision.

Karzai, elected in a secret ballot with 85 percent of the delegates' votes on Thursday, has been engaged in intense behind-the-scene bargaining with leaders of various ethnic groups to forge a multi-ethnic cabinet acceptable to allparties.

The new government will run the country for 18 months before general elections are held.

Officials and delegates say a deal among ethnic leaders over the cabinet will be finalised shortly. But it is still unclear whether or not it needs to be approved by the assembly.

They will definitely need to be approved by the Loya Jirga, every single portfolio, especially the key posts," said Mir-Hossein Mahdawi, a delegate from Kabul.

But Karzai's ministers dispute that. "Mr Karzai has been elected with an overwhelming majority. It is up to him to choose members of his cabinet,' Interim Foreign Minister Abdullah Abdullah told reporters.

Confusion also prevails over the mandates of the emergency Loya Jirga, created under the U.N. accord, particularly and whether or not the assembly's rulings should have supremacy over the provisions of the Bonn accord.

Karzai insists the Bonn accord must be observed to the letter, while some delegates want to exceed its mandate.

The assembly is also divided on what to call the new government. Islamist Mujahideen who fought the Soviet occupation and the extremist Taliban want the government's title to include the word Islam.

But more secular delegates and officials, disgusted by abuses in the past in the name of Islam, are opposed.

Abdullah said a name had already been chosen for the new government - the transitional government of



Afghanistan's newly elected leader Hamid Karzai.

Afghanistan --- under the Bonn accord.

"A permanent name will be decided after the constitution is written. Then it will be put to debate," he said.

The assembly, a colourful gathering of Afghans from all walks of life throughout the war-ravaged land, is due to end on Sunday.

At a news conference on Friday, Karzai said the U.S.-led war on terrorism remains the top priority of his administration, along with national reconciliation and reconstruction.

Some 13,000 coalition forces are in Afghanistan, scouring the mountainous southeastern regions for forces

Taliban leader Mullah Mohammad Omar and his al Oaeda cohort Osama bin Laden — the accused mastermind of the September 11 attacks.

A Russian newspaper published on Wednesday an interview with Mullah Omar in which the Taliban leader said bin Laden was alive in Afghanistan planning new attacks on Americans.

A key task of the assembly is forming a government that pleases the Pashtun supporters of former King Mohammad Zahir Shah as well as the Uzbeks and Tajiks of the Northern Alliance who swept the Taliban from power with the help of U.S. air strikes and were the core of the interim gov-

"I tell you that the government will be representative," Karzai told the news conference.

FBI joins Pakistan probe into U.S. consulate blast

joined Pakistani police on Saturday hunting for possible al Qaeda links to a car bomb outside the U.S. consulate in Karachi that killed 11 people after a previously unknown group claimed responsibility for the blast.

Witnesses said FBI officials visited the site on Saturday.

"They also took photographs and made a video of surrounding areas and the spot of the bomb attack," one witness said.

A suicide bomber rammed a white Suzuki van, packed with explosives, into a concrete barrier in front of the U.S. consulate on Friday, setting off a huge blast that also left dozens injured.

The attack, the fourth against foreigners in Pakistan since January, prompted the United States to temporarily close its missions in Pakistan. Staff at most diplomatic missions in Pakistan had already been scaled back due to military tensions with neighbouring India.

President George W. Bush said "radical killers" were behind the bombing and vowed they would not intimidate the United States.

A previously unknown group calling itself "Al-Qanoon" (The Law) said it carried out the blast in a message to media organisations in Pakistan. It said the bomb was the start of a "jihad"

KARACHI, (Reuters) - The FBI against America and Pakistan's rulers.

Pakistani investigators said they were looking into the claim, but were also looking into other leads.

Police said the suicide bombing appeared similar to a May 8 attack on a hotel in Karachi that killed 11 French engineers and two Pakistanis.

Police said the bomber was apparently driving slowly past the consulate when he rammed into the barrier, setting off the explosives.

"Prepare for more attacks"

The blast left a crater several feet deep and several metres wide. destroyed a guard post and shattered windows at the consulate and major hotels in the area.

Police have closed all roads leading to the consulate, with hundreds of police and paramilitary rangers standing guard.

'We accept the responsibility for the bomb blast near the American consulate today," said Al Qanoon's handwritten Urdu-language statement sent to media offices in Karachi.

"America, its allies and its puppet Pakistani rulers should be prepared for more attacks. The bomb blast is the beginning of Al-Qanoon's jihadi (militant) activities in Pakistan."

Pakistani police sources said investigators were "hunting members of



American investigators search for evidence outside the U.S. consulate in Karachi on June 15, 2002.

Islamic groups to gather further clues" as well as questioning militants already in police custody.

Police had not ruled out a possible link to al Qaeda, the group blamed for the September 11 attacks on the United States.

"At this point in time when the investigation is at its very preliminary stage, we cannot pinpoint who is behind the terrorist attack," a senior police official said, when asked if an al Qaeda link was under investigation.

Pakistani President Musharraf abandoned his former Taliban allies in Afghanistan - protectors of Osama bin Laden and his al Qaeda fighters — and became a key U.S. ally after the September 11 attacks, a move that sparked violent reaction from Islamic radicals at

U.S. forces are helping Pakistani soldiers hunt for bands of al Qaeda and Taliban fighters in Pakistan's lawless tribal regions along the Afghan border.

More casualties as Indian, **Pakistani** troops exchange fire

JAMMU, India/MUZAFFARABAD, Pakistan, At least six people were wounded and several houses damaged in overnight exchange of fire between Indian and Pakistani troops in disputed Kashmir, an Indian defence official said on Saturday.

"There was heavy exchange of fire in the Poonch sector and moderate to heavy firing elsewhere. Two women were injured. One of them is critical," the official told Reuters.

He said the firing damaged a television transmission tower in the Himalayan region, which is at the heart

of a crisis which had stoked fears of

Officials in Pakistan-controlled Kashmir said some houses in Rawalakot district were damaged by Indian mortar shelling overnight.

There was only sporadic exchange of machine-gun fire in Sialkot district of Pakistan's Punjab province, bordering the Indian city of Jammu, officials said.

However, there was no report of firing from any of the five districts that border with Indian-ruled Kashmir since Saturday morning.

Indian and Pakistani soldiers have

been trading heavy fire in Kashmir over the past month, killing scores of civilians on both sides and forcing thousands to flee their villages.

The latest tensions first flared in mid-December after an attack on the Indian parliament that New Delhi blamed on Pakistan-based Muslim militants fighting Indian rule in Kashmir.

Fears of war spiralled after a militant raid on an Indian army camp in Kashmir in May. However, the threat of war eased slightly last week following U.S.-led diplomatic efforts to pull the rivals back from the brink.

المذكورة جائزة مالية بقيمة مليون ريال يمني ، كما تقدم مع الجائزة النقدية شهادة ودرع الجائزة للفائزين في حفل يرعاه رئيس مجلس الأمناء ونائبه ويتم الإعلان عنه في وسائل الإعلام المختلفة ، كما تستضيف المؤسسة الفائزين عند حضورهم حفل توزيع الجوائز وتتحمل تكاليف السفر والإقامة

المراسلات : ترسل الترشيحات على العنوان الأتي مؤسسة السعيد للعلوم والثقافة مجلس أمناء جائزة المرحوم الحاج / هائل سعيد أنعم للعلوم والآداب عناية ؛ مدير عام المؤسسة ، أمين عام الجائزة تعز - الجمهورية اليمنية ص . ب: ٥٩٦٢ - تليفاكس : ٢٤٢١٦٦ - ٤٠

عليها إسم المرشح٠ ٨- أن يكون البحث المقدم مطبوعاً على الحاسوب مع إرفاق دسك٠ ٩ - لا يعاد الإنتاج المقدم إلى مرسله سواء فاز المرشح أو لم يفز٠

١٠ - لا تقيل الاعتراضات على قرارارت المؤسسة بشأن منح الجائزة • ١١ - تقبل الترشيحات لغاية ٢٣ نوفمبر ۲۰۰۳ کحد أقصى٠

التحكيم ،

يتم عرض الإنتاج المقدم للجائزة على لجان تحكيم من ذوي الاختصاص من الباحثين برتبة أستاذ أو من المشهود لهم بالكفاءة والخبرة الطويلة في مسجسالهم الملمي والأدبي وموضوعيتهم في التقييم والتحكيم وذلك بواقع ثلاثة أعضاء لكل مجال من مجالات منح الجاثزة ، وتعتبر قرارات اللجان نهائية بعد اعتمادها من مجلس الأمناء •

الجوائز، تخصص المؤسسة في كل مجال من المجالات

والدكتوراه ٤ - تقبل المؤسسة طلبات المتقدمين وترشيحات الجامعات والهيئات العلمية والإبداعية القائمة

بالبحوث والدراسات العلمية والإبداعية ٥ - لا يجوز للفائزين بإحدى جوائز المرحوم الحاج/ هائل سعيد أنعم للعلوم والأداب في السابق التقدم للمسابقة مرة أخرى ، أما الذين لم يحالفهم الحظ فيسمح لهم بدخول المسابقة بشرط أن يقدموا إنتاجا جديدا غير الإنتاج السابق ، إضافة إلى توافر الشروط الأخرى •

٦ - تتضمن مصوغات الترشيح : آ - السجل العلمي أو الإيداعي للمرشح· ب- نبذة مختصرة عن حياته وإنتاجه ومبررات ترشيحه لنيل الجائزة٠

ج - أربع نسخ من كافة الوثائق والمعلومات الأخرى المذكورة في النموذج المتوفر لدي الأمانة العامة للجائزة ، والذي من الضروري التقيد بتعليمات ملئه لتسهيل عمل الحكمين٠ ٧ - أربع نسخ من البحث أو الإنتاج المقدم لنيل الجائزة على أن تكون ثلاث نسخ منهاغير مدون

جائزة العلوم الإقتصادية ،

- التكامل الإقتصادي بين دول الخليج واليمن إستشراف آفاق المستقبل جائزة العلوم الإنسانية والإجتماعية ،

- ضعف مستوى التعليم وآثاره على بطالة الخريجين

جائزة العلوم الإسلامية ، - حقوق الإنسان في الإسلام· جائزة الإبداع الأدبي،

- الرواية • ضمن الشروط الأتية ، ١ - المسابقة مفتوحة لكافة الأساتذة

والباحثين والمتخصصين والأدباء الذين قاموا بعمل بحثي علمي متميز أو ذو قيمة اجتماعية ، وإبداع أدبي خلاق ٢ - أن يكون الباحث أو الأديب يمني الجنسية

أو عربيا مقيماً في اليمن٠ ٣ - أن لا يكون المتقدم قد نال جائزة عن الإنتاج المقدم من أي جهة أخرى وتندرج ضمن هذا رسائل الدبلوم السالي والماجستير قرر مجلس أمناء جائزة المرحوم الحاج/ هاثل سعيد أنعم للعلوم والأداب فتح باب الترشيح للجائزة للعام ٢٠٠٢م -الدورة السابعة لكافة الأساتذة والخبراء والباحثين والأدباء والمتخصصين في مجالات العلوم الطبيعية والأساسية والتطبيقية والتكنولوجية والتنموية والإبداعية الأدبية ، وذلك تجسيدا لنهجه وامانيه في رفعة مجتمعه وتطويره وتخليدا لمآثره في كافة مناحي الحياة، وقد قررت مؤسسة السعيد للعلوم والثقافة ومجلس أمناء الجائزة أن تكون موضوعات الجائزة لعام ٢٠٠٢م في المجالات والمحاور الستة التالية :

جائزة العلوم الطبية ، - الداء السكري : خصائصه وانتشاره في

- جائزة العلوم البيئية والزراعية ،

- الزراعة البديلة للقات٠ تحسين وإكثار زراعة النخيل وإنتاج التمور٠

موضوعات التنافس على الجائزة ... (الدورة السادسة–لعام٢٠٠٢م)

 ١- جائزة العلوم الطبية: - البيئة وتأثيرها في إنتشار السرطان وأنواعه في المجتمع اليمني. ١- **جائزة العلوم البيئية والزراعية** : - كفاءة إقامة السدود في تغذية المياه الجوفيه في الجمهورية اليمنية في «حوض صنعاء وحوض تعز»·

 ٤- جائزة العلوم الإنسائية والإجتماعية: - أسباب التدني بمستوى التعليم العام والعالي في اليمن وطرق معالجتها • ٥- جائزة العلوم الإسلامية: - حماية الفرد والمجتمع من الآثار السلبية للعولمة: أخلاقياً وإجتماعياً وإقتصادياً وسياسياً من منظور إسلامي٠

٣- جائزة العلوم الإقتصادية ، - ظاهرة إتساع دائرة الفقر في اليمن : المشكلة والحل .

 - جائزة الإبداع الأدبي: - الأبعاد الإجتماعية في التجرية الشعرية اليمنية. ملحوظة : ١- تنطبق كافة الشروط العامة للجائزة والمعتمده في كل الدورات على هذه الدورة· ٢- يعتبر تاريخ ٢٣ نوفبمر ٢٠٠٢م الموعد الأقصى لقبول الترشيحات٠



Bush asks graduates to serve war-time nation

COLUMBUS, Ohio, (Reuters) - Tapping into a wave of patriotism generated by the Sept. 11 attacks, U.S. President George W. Bush challenged college graduates on Friday to reject a "culture of selfishness" and serve the nation as volunteers fighting "tyranny and terror" and fostering good deeds.

"You will determine whether our new ethic of responsibility is the break of a wave, or the rise of a tide. You will determine whether we become a culture of selfishness and look inward or whether we will embrace a culture of service and look outward," Bush said.

"Service in America is not a matter of coercion; it is a matter of conscience. So today I'm making an appeal to your conscience, for the sake of our country."

Stepping up the effort, Bush announced creation of a new Web site clearinghouse that will match would-be volunteers across the country with more than 20,000 local nonprofit organizations. The White House said it would be the largest network of its kind.

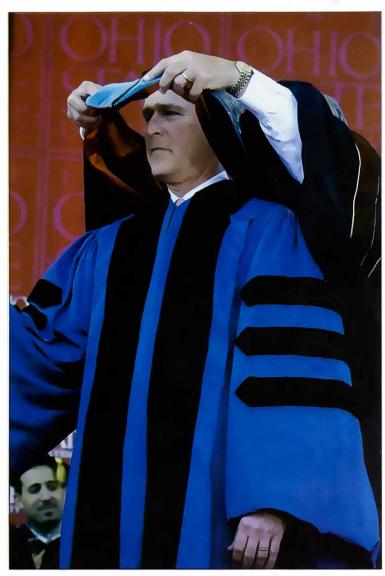
Bush spoke to more than 6,000 graduates at Ohio State University one day after AOL Time Warner, Home Depot and other major U.S. corporations promised to mobilize their workers in an unprecedented expansion of volunteer programs, including the new Citizen Corps to help fight terrorism at the local level.

A senior administration official told reporters that Bush derived his speech in part from the teachings of a wide range of philosophers, from Aristotle and Cicero to Adam Smith, Alexis de Tocqueville and Pope John Paul II.

'Peace to war'

Asked if Bush had ever read any of their works, the official said: "We've fully discussed all these ... issues."

After the graduation speech, Bush



U.S. President George W. Bush has a sash placed on him before receiving an honorary degree while at the commencement ceremonies at Ohio State University in Columbus, Ohio, June 14, 2002.

flew to Houston where he visited a summer reading camp for Hispanic children. "Children can realize the great American dream — start right here, learn to read, go to college and succeed in America," he told about 40

youngsters. Bush listened while 6 and 7-year-olds read from "America: A Patriotic Primer," an alphabet book written by Lynne Cheney, the vice president's wife.

"Mrs Cheney is married to who?"

Bush asked. After a long pause, a child replied: "You." Bush was momentarily taken aback and then burst out laughing. "Vice President (Dick) Cheney," he said. "I'll be sure to tell her your answer though."

Later, Bush headlined a fund-raiser that brought in \$1.2 million for Texas Gov. Rick Perry's campaign and \$500,000 for other Texas Republicans.

The Sept. 11 attacks and the U.S.-led war on terrorism that followed have given Bush a new platform for a theme he first sounded as governor of Texas and then turned into a campaign vow to "usher in an era of responsibility."

He has called on Americans to give two years — or 4,000 hours — of their lives to community service. He said today's graduates would determine whether America's "feel-good" culture will be replaced by an ethic of self-sacrifice in honor of the more than 3,000 people killed in the hijacked airliner.

"America went from a feeling of security to one of vulnerability, from peace to war, from a time of calm to a great and noble cause. We are called to defend liberty against tyranny and terror. We will bring security to our people, and justice to our enemies."

Sacrifice, compassion and service

"No one can tell you how to live or what cause to serve," Bush told the graduates and an estimated 60,000 family and friends in the university's football stadium.

"But everyone needs some cause larger than his or her own profit. Apathy has no adventures. Cynicism leaves no monuments. And a person who is not responsible for others is a person who is truly alone."

Recounting the bravery of the firefighters who rushed into the burning World Trade Center towers and U.S. soldiers who died in Afghanistan, Bush said the nation "relearned something large and important: The achievements

that last and count in life come through sacrifice, and compassion and serv-

"Some believe this lesson in service is fading as distance grows from the shock of September 11, that the goodness we have witnessed is shallow and temporary," Bush said. "Your generation will respond to these skeptics—

one way or another." Bush has asked Congress to authorize more than \$290 million in fiscal 2003, which begins on Oct. 1, for 25,000 new AmeriCorps participants, 100,000 new Senior Corps members and 200,000 to 300,000 college students who will be deployed in community service through a federal work-study program.

U.S. orders Iraqi U.N. diplomat out of country

UNITED NATIONS, (Reuters) -The United States ordered the expulsion of an Iraqi diplomat on Friday for "activities incompatible with his diplomatic status," a U.S. official said.

Such language is usually a code for spying, which diplomatic sources said was the case in this instance.

The Iraqi in question was identified by the sources as Abdul Rahman I.K. Saad, listed as a first secretary at Iraq's mission to the United Nations. There was no immediate comment from Iraq's U.N. ambassador, Mohammed Aldouri.

A note was delivered to Iraq's U.N. mission on the upper East side of New York, asking for the expulsion of the envoy by the end of the month, the U.S. official said.

"We expect him to be out by the end of June," said Richard Grenell,

spokesman for John Negroponte, the U.S. ambassador to the United Nations.

The usual procedure is to give the diplomat in question 24 hours to reply. He would also have the right to challenge the action, although envoys said few have done that successfully.

The State Department has not expelled an Iraqi envoy since November 1988, a time the United States still had diplomatic relations with Baghdad.

Diplomatic ties were broken off after Iraqi troops invaded Kuwait in August 1990.

In 1988 an Iraqi diplomat in Washington was expelled in retaliation for the ouster of an American diplomat in Baghdad, who had made an unauthorized trip to the Kurdish north.

Blair agrees crisis N.Irish talks, Trimble pressured

BELFAST, Reuters) - Britain called crisis talks on the shaky peace process in Northern Ireland, whose leader David Trimble sought on Saturday to defuse a move in his party that could undermine his power-sharing government.

Prime Minister Tony Blair threw Trimble a lifeline on Friday by agreeing to talks involving the Irish government, which co-signed the landmark 1998 Good Friday peace deal, and also pro-agreement parties in the north.

No date was set, but it was expected the meeting would be held in the next few days.

Trimble made an urgent appeal to Blair and Irish Prime Minister Bertie Ahern for support after weeks of the worst violence in years between pro-British Protestants, and minority Roman Catholics who want closer ties to the Irish republic. Trimble, the province's first minister, flew to the Channel Island of Jersey to lobby Blair and Ahern on the margins of a meeting of the British-Irish Council.

The Nobel peace prize laureate returned home to face a rebellion within his own Ulster Unionist Party (UUP) by leading hardliners opposed to the peace deal.

David Burnside and Jeffrey Donaldson want Trimble to move to expel ministers of Sinn Fein, the political wing of the Irish Republican Army (IRA), from the north's executive because of recent revelations about alleged IRA activity in Reports have said that IRA agents, in addition to providing weapons training to leftist Colombian guerrillas, used Colombia as a testing ground for new weapons - despite the guerrilla group's recent moves to scrap some of its existing arsenal. "We want David (Trimble) to say that Sinn Fein must be expelled from the Executive under the working of the institutions of the Belfast Agreement

(the peace deal)," Donaldson said on BBC radio. Even among Trimble supporters in the 110-strong UUP leadership there was scepticism about the latest talks offer. "We as a party must make a determined effort to see that appropriate sanctions are brought against the Republican movement," UUP assembly member Danny Kennedy said.

UUP sceptics have become increasingly uneasy about trade-offs contained in the 1998 peace pact, specifically the release of paramilitary prisoners, and policing reforms. At the same time, ceasefires by the IRA and other guerrilla groups have ended most of the sectarian violence which claimed more than 3,600 lives in Northern Ireland in the past 30 years.



This second model in the OMEGA Museum Collection is a new edition of the 1951 OMEGA Cosmic watch with multiple calendar functions, brought up to date using the latest in watchmaking technology. Case, bezel, crown and buckle are in 18 ct. red gold; domed, scratch-resistant sapphire crystal with anti-reflective treatment on the inside; domed dial with applied OMEGA logo and facetted hour markers. Two small windows above the centre of the dial display the day and month, whilst diamond-polished Alpha hands indicate the hour, minute and date on a scale around the edge of the dial, with a small second counter at 6 o'clock, the upper part of which contains the moon phase display.

The OMEGA cosmic uses the OMEGA calibre 2601 self-winding Piguet movement. It is a double-barrel movement that offers an impressive power reserve of 72 hours and has an exclusive finish with circular gaining, rhodium-plated surfaces, Geneva wave decoration and gold plated engraving. Production is limited to 1951 numbered watches.



Swiss Watches Union Agency Abdul Hakim Abdul Rahman Al-Mamari Sana'a - Tel:(01)272827, Sana'a STC- Tel:(01)448495 Taiz- Tel:(04)252323, Aden- Tel:(02)256688



ALSAEED CO. FOR MANUFACTURING CONCRETE & CONTRACTING A LUMINOUS SIGN IN CONSTRUCTION DEVELEPMENT



In support to the construction progress that our country is witnessing, Al Saeed company for concrete manufacturing and contracting is active in several activities that participate effectively in developing this vital activity. It follows the recent scientific techniques and utilizing state-of-the-art-technology.

WITH THE GRACE OF ALLAH

- We are a leading company in manufacturing concrete piles in all sizes and according to the international specifications and with underground depth of more than 30m.
- We have a pile hammering machine to perform the works of concrete piles and a highly qualified & trained personnel with British experience to implement the works with the highest quality.
- We perform technical tests on all the concrete piles that we manufacture according to the international technical specifications.
- We performed and manufactured the concrete piles for the Yemeni Co. for Flour Mills and Silos in Aden.
- We performed & manufactured the concrete piles for Hyundai Co.

WE ARE PREPARED

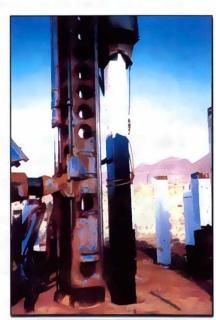
To fulfill the requests of contractors and companies to implement all the works related to manufacturing the concrete piles according to the international specifications with the highest quality

FOR INFORMATION & CONTRACTING

PLEASE CONTACT THE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT: Head office – Taiz

Tel: 212098 - 212096 225066 - 225090

Fax: 212097
E-mail: conthsa@y.net.ye





Business

Views clash over P&G closure

By MAHYOOB AL-KAMALI YEMEN TIMES SAFF

lashing information over the closure of Procter & Gamble in Yemen has become the focus of the public.

Sources at the company said the closure is attributed to poor economic conditions.

In contrast to this statement the products of P&G were in high demand by the people of Yemen due to their high quality.

P&G along with Thabet Bros. Group has agreed to close the Taizbased plant. Thabet Bros. Group owns 30 percent of the plant. The plant produces detergents, soap and other prod-

The investment volume of P&G has been estimated at USD 90 million. The company has operated the plant since its establishment.

Well-informed sources said that the closure of the plant will start in August. More than 245 office employees and more than 1000 factory workers will lose their jobs.

The company will compensate plant employees in accordance to international criterion.

After closure, the company management intends to continue trade activities directly through its Yemeni partner.

Some sources say that the closure

cautionary measure to a terrorist threat. Proof of this might be that the company will transfer the plant equipment and machines to other countries.

Retailers point out that consumers greatly affected the sales of US-Israeli products in Yemen by boycotting campaigns.

The Country Manager of P&G said previously that the closure of the plant

of the plant could be regarded as a pre- had been discussed earlier and that it had no relation with the call to boycott the Israeli-US products.

> More than 60 American or western products have been boycotted in a protest against US policies concerning Palestine. P&G products were include in this boycott.

Local consumers have been negatively influenced by the boycott of Israeli-US products.

Procter & Gamble: P & G not leaving, only shifting

dard"

roctor & Gamble Country Manager, Mr. Egons Plavenieks told the Yemen Times that contrary to what has been published recently in the press, the company will not leave Yemen.

"It should be clear that P&G will continue its work in the country and all that it will do, is shift regional sourcing," he said.

"We will cease production at our plant in Taiz but we will continue to provide all our brands to the Yemeni market through our plants in the region. This will allow us to better serve Yemeni consumers by leveraging the vast resources of our organization in the Arabian Peninsula," he added.

Abu Ghanim, Human Resources manager said, "This restructure will unfortunately result in the layoff of employees, many of which have been working for us since we opened the subsidiary in 1993. We have taken all the steps necessary to ensure they receive the best possible benefits and placement support, going beyond the local industry stan-

Under the new structure, the Yemen market will receive more support from P&G's head office in Saudi Arabia. P&G was one of the first multinational companies to invest in the Arabian Peninsula in 1956. Its Tide plant in Jeddah was established in 1961 and was the first supplier of consumer goods in the region.

Currently Proctor & Gamble manufactures more than 14 brands at its world class plants in Dammam and Jeddah, where more than 800 employees work. Another 1000 employees work with the distribution of these products in Saudi Arabia, the Gulf countries and Yemen.

Small enterprises conference wraps up

aiz Commerce & Industry organized the first conference on developing small enterprises held on June 9-10. It was hosted by the al-Saeed Foundation for Science & Culture in cooperation with Yemeni-German Small Enterprises Promotion.

Participants stressed the importance of establishing industrial complexes for small enterprises, support in marketing and organizing exhibitions nationally and internationally. The role of the private sector and local councils in rendering care to developing small enterprises was also highlighted.

The conference also recommended strengthening commercial courts to settle disputes and focus on developing technical education and vocational

Papers were presented by many businessmen, industrialists and economists to assist in the development process. The role of women in this sector was brought up by many participants.

A need for a higher committee to promote small enterprises and to be responsible for providing technical assistance and finding new funding was acknowledge at the conference.

The conference benefited from the successful experiences of other Arab countries in the establishment of a small enterprises promotion fund. Capital of the proposed fund can be obtained by assistance and grants contributed by international donors to Yemen.

In the concluding meeting, Dr. Ahmed Hayel Saeed, chairman of Taiz Chamber of Commerce & Industry, delivered a speech in which he stressed that Yemen is one of the developing countries in dire need to support small enterprises.

"This is because we have a high population growth and a high number of graduates combined with high unemployment rates," said Dr. Saeed.

He added that this situation relies on the government and donors to cooperate to support small enterprises.

The Taiz chairman of Commerce & Industry called on all relevant government and international agencies and donors to give a hand to support the establishment of a small enterprise complex in Taiz. This would be a significant step forward to boost small enterprises business in Yemen. The idea of the Taiz small enterprise complex was conceived in 1986, but unfortunately nothing has been done since.

Exchange Rate for the Yemeni Rial as of June 13

USD 175.36 175.59 **GBP** 258.60 258.94 **EUR** 166.47 166.69 SAR 46.76 46.82 **KWD** 576.67 577.43 AED 47.74 47.81 **EGP** 38.12 38.17 BHD 465.16 465.77 QAR 48.17 48.23 JOD 248.74 249.06 **OMR** 455.50 456.10 112.68 112.83 CHF SEK 18.15 18.18 JPY 1.397179 1.399012

Source:

Central Bank of Yemen

The Road Ahead

In Introduction, this column ncludes economic, business-related and general interest articles which we think would be useful for the reader in nis/her field aiming to the overall ong-term betterment of the business es of our country.

If you have any contributions lease do not hesitate and send to Mr Mohammed Khader, YemenTimes.

Competing with Giants

BY: Raidan A. Al-Saqqay

n Yemen, as in many other third world countries, multinational I organizations tend to find and explore new markets for expansion after facing a tough competition in heir home markets. But while enterng the new market there would be already a number of similar smaller in scale local organizations in existence. Now these local folks have to face a tough competition with this multina tional new comer who has superior technology and new strategies along with his new products in order to attract customers, but the question

Success is not just a matter of sellng products or making profits, i rather includes the power to survive tough competition. This can be achieved through finding the weak points which the competitor has and using them to strengthen our market standing and keep the market share, but this only comes after proper analyzing and research of the market and the competitor.

stands: do they succeed?

In India, for example, When Honda first entered the Indian motorcycle and scooter market, bajaj automobile was an existing motorcycle manufacturer which lacked the superior technological advancements Honda had However, Honda hardly pulled 7% of bajaj's market share, they did not understand that all what the Indian consumer wanted was a motorcycle that is cheap, easy and economic to repair and maintain, and that was exactly what bajaj produced.

Another story here in Yemen was about a soap and detergent manufacturer, when a giant multinational entered our market, they kept their market share in spite of that, here is what they did: they analyzed the Yemeni consumer market, they found out that more than 70% of the population was in rural areas, and they wanted a relatively cheap products, so the local manufacturer focused on strengthening it's well-established distribution network in rural areas because it was the weak point of the new comer, and their key to surviving.

End note: There are weak points for every giant, use them for your own good then you can survive.



In Brief funds for rural development projects in

Port of Aden more active Yemen has exported YR 446,000,000 of industrial, agricultural and fish products by May 2002

through the port of Aden. Yemen exports fish to Jordon

Yemen has opened the door for Jordanian investors to import fish products. The first shipment of 80 tons has been exported to the Port of Aqaba on the Red Sea. Another shipment of 120 tons is expected to be shipped

Minister of Agriculture meets IFAD team

Yemen has taken part in the World Food Summit, recently held in Rome, Italy. On the sidelines, Ahmed Salim al-Jabali, Minister of Agriculture met some officials at the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD). They discussed the possibility of Dhamar through IFAD. New law on construction

For the first time, Yemen has passed

a law on regulations for construction in

cities. The law works towards putting

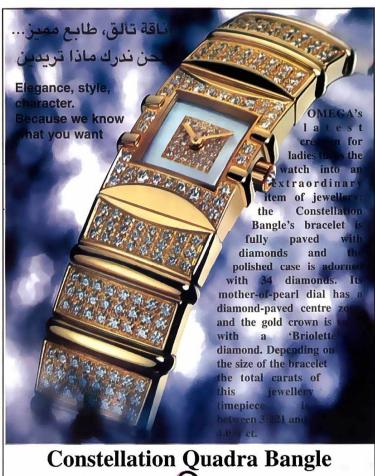
an end to disputes among law-enforce-

ment agencies and proprietors. The law covers provisions for the construction of highways and streets as well as regulations concerning the

Trade zone between Yemen & Iraq A law to create a free trade zone

demolition of buildings.

between Yemen and Iraq has been endorsed. The proposed zone will increase trade between the two countries. It will also take away tax constrains. This agreement is a first step in creation an Arab trade zone.



OMEGA

Swiss Watches Union Agency Abdul Hakim Abdul Rahman Al-Mamari Sana'a - Tel:(01)272827, Sana'a STC- Tel:(01)448495 Taiz- Tel:(04)252323, Aden- Tel:(02)256688

Words of Wisdom



One of the key differences between a dicta-torship and a democratic system is the role of the media in general, and that of the official media, in particular If those individuals in charge of the media feel they are more responsible towards the public than towards the politicians and perform their indo on that the politicians, and perform their job on that basis, then that is a sign of a democratic

Prof. Abdulaziz Al-Saqqaf, (1951-1999) Founder of Yemen Time.



OUR OPINION

Yemen today and Europe yesterday

last trip to Europe left me quite concerned for my country's future. I was given the chance to visit famous museums in Germany and I realized a very important fact. It seems that Yemen today is far worse than Europe a few centuries Whether you agree with me or not, I cannot but share with you my impressions from what I saw in those museums. One of the photos that struck me the most, was a view of Berlin in the 19th century. I could see how organized the roads were with elegant street lamps on either side and the well ordered flow of vehicles moving steadily. The people were clean and the public parks were well structured. This was a general picture of one of the cities of Europe, and I am sure that most European cities looked similar by then.

Centuries before that, I can imagine that those cities did not ook much different. In other words, the clean and organized riew of the city would have still been present for centuries

Now coming to Yemen, I don't want to compare the streets of those ancient days to streets of Sana'a today because that would be unjust towards Sana'a. I just want to compare the European streets with our most prestigious democratic institution, the parliament. I can recall seeing members of parliament, who are mostly illiterate, walking around in the hall with very little order. Many would come in laughing with untidy clothes and with little knowledge of how to speak respectfully together, you feel as if they were in a traditional market. Everyone talks at once, some are already hunting for qat to spend the rest of their day chewing. At the end of the night, all that is left are the remains of this plant on the floor.

I asked myself, does this mean that we are like Europe in the 10th century or so? Does this mean that we will have to

I have realized that time is not the issue here. It is not time that we should take as a measure, otherwise the cannibals still living in caves in Africa or South America will be unjustified for staying in the same way until today.

Where is the problem then? I concluded that it is a matter of culture. Even though we are in the 21st century, we are still iving with a mentality centuries old. With an illiteracy rate xceeding 60%, we are already out of any development race. The country has been isolated for a very long time, and even when it opened up to the world there was no structured mechanism to learn from others and try to build a society that can develop in full pace.

I would like to take the example of the United Arab Emirates. In a few years they have jumped from an extremely poor country consisting of tribes to one of the major commer ial hubs in the world. Was time a factor here? I don't think so.

It is a matter of political will and not time. We should never ry to convince ourselves that within a thousand years Yemer could be in better shape. That could surprisingly be the opposite if we continue living the way we are living today. We may go centuries backward.

One friend of mine once drew a cartoon explaining this in a erfect way. The cartoon illustrated three Yemenis riding doneys in the early 19th century, each trying to be the first and chaotically trying to bypass the others to reach to the qat mar-ket. They would fight with jambiyas to be the first. Juxtaposed with that was another drawing of those same Yemenis in the 21st century driving fancy "land cruisers" each violating the raffic laws to arrive first at the qat market. Then another cartoon showed the same men with same filthy clothes and with the same mentality in the 23rd century piloting flying saucers each trying to be first to the cyber qat market.

This may be an exaggeration, but believe me, one thou sand or even a million years will not change us if we don't want to accomplish change from inside. Unless people in this country develop their education, awareness, social values, etc. and move forward like the rest of the world, no matter what we do and how much time passes we will still be living with the mentality of the Stone Age.

Unless we change our mentalities and culture we will see our grandchildren fighting each other to reach the qat market first, even if they are flying technologically advanced flying The Editor



Independent Cultural, Economic & Political Weekly First English Newspaper in Yemen, founded in 1991 by Dr. Abdulaziz Al-Saqqaf

Publisher & Editor-in-Chief: Walid Abdulaziz Al-Saqqaf

Head office: Telephone: +967 (1) 268-661 Fax: +967 (1) 268-276 P.O. Box 2579, Sana'a

Email:

yementimes@y.net.ye yementimes@yementimes.com Website: http://www.yementimes.com

Branches:

Aden Bureau Chief: Ridhwan Alawi Ahmed Tel: +967 (2) 347-057, 346596; Fax: +967 (2) 347-056 Email: ytaden@y.net.ye

Taiz Bureau Chief: Imad Ahmed Abdullah Telefax: +967 (4) 252-616 P.O.Box: 5086, Taiz Email: yttaiz@y.net.ye

Policies:

- All opinion articles that have not been written by Yemen Times staff on the Opinion and Op-Ed pages do not necessarily represent the newspaper's opinion and hence YT could not be held accountable for
- Letters to the Editor must include your name and signature, address and telephone number. Letters should not exceed 2,000 characters in length. We reserve the right to edit letters and articles for clarity, style, length and legal contents. Any article or letter submitted canno
- To advertise in the paper, contact the advertising department in any of the offices of the newspaper.

A reply to 'I am still welcome':

You will be too welcome!



By Tewfick A. AL-RUAYNE tomyunion@yahoo.com

Dear Abu Hamaz,

I have read your article in the Yemen Times, issue May 27, titled; "am I still

I was highly moved in your sense of morality. I respect the way you constraint yourself within the world, where the sprit of the ultimate Reality and human dreams are highly separated.

So please come, where people respect and fear Allah, and do things on his behalf only. Please come to the society where you belong. You deserve to be here.

There you will see everything is for nothing, except your goodwill and acts. The breath taking buildings and technology of the US-cities could collapse at anytime with in a matter of seconds ,as if they were not there, minutes a go. You know what I am talking about. God can do this before or on the judgment day. By this time, no one will deny that conspiracy.

We are not arrogant. We believe in respect. We believe also in peace, stability and we believe in the prosperity of the nations. We don't want anyone to be hurt. We do not want to terrorize any society. We believe all people have the right to live freely and peacefully in their way of life and religion.

I think, the difference never came from our side. We are not religious extremists, but we love God and we respect him to the extreme, because he is our maker. Can we call the Western World political extremists, or economical extremist? No!! Because they have a full right to plan their lives in the way they choose, it will be good for their ultimate end. Their destiny is at their own hand.

We have also the right to do things in our own beliefs, that we think it is good for our ultimate end. We enjoy life and also we need to do things in God's interest. That is our destiny.

Why shouldn't they respect us in the way we respect them? This is the turning point of our differences. Muslims don't believe in killing innocent people on the street and expect God's respect in return. If it is about Retaliation for self-protection, well, the United Nations declared this, as self-defense is a right.

Even if the UN did not announce this, everybody knows it is his natural right to defend himself from any harmful attacks. It was not the UN, who taught the ancient people to fight against wild animals in the forest.

They can launch their missiles from any point of the ocean, and can kill innocent people while they are walking in the cities. Then later, the news reports, "they were on duty to defend the Western World in one of the Middle East

So, do you think that, such a right is "all rights reserved" to them alone, like a cheap commodity?

During WW II, they killed over hundred thousand innocent people in Nagasakiya and Hiroshima, in retaliation to the Pearl Harbor attack. This ruthless and merciless attack is still regarded as self-defense and therefore it was the right thing. If this is to be taken as one of their values, we strictly object to it. A Muslim has no any right to accept the superiority of any party, except the greatness of the supreme God. This is the key language for all

Frankly speaking, a Muslim does not hate western civilization and life styles. Our question is, "What is civilization, without respecting and loving the creator, Allah?" Allah is the priceless one, who you can not exchange or forgone for any opportunity costs. You can walk and search all over the universe but you will not find anything like "Him".

Because the Muslim understands everything in the universe, including that their humble civilization belongs directly to God. God can take that civilization at

Our civilization is submitted to the One, who built the boundless universe. We feel humility before the one who built the sky without any basements. We give our great surprise to the one who creates the human being. Our breath is taken away, by the One who creates the day and the night. We admire only God, who created the great oceans, the sun, the moon and the stars. We feel humiliation before the power who sustains the universe in an ordinary manner. No one can ever create a drop of water or the single soul of the fly, by his own knowl-

Allah is the greatest being and the loftiest goal of all. We worship him and we believe in him both here and in the here-

Come here. This is where you belong. Come and pray with us. The doomsday comes closer. Pray and respect Allah and give your appreciation only to his will, before it is too late.

Go outside and please lookup. I hope you can see the beautiful and the clear blue sky! Who did it? Neither NATO nor NASA.

May peace be with you, dear brother.

Letters to the Editor

Letters to the Editor

USA and Yemen in Education

To all Yemeni people in Yemen, in the US, and all over the world I would like to tell all the facts and fiction about Yemen to remove any illusions or misunderstandings.

Yemen is one of the most beautiful countries in the world and at the same time one of the poorest countries in the world, particularly in human resources and edu-

The last time I was in Yemen was around seven years ago. Ever since then, I have been living in the USA.

As a Yemeni, I can tell the huge difference between Yemen and the USA concerning education and awareness. There is certainly a huge difference in schools, teachers, police, government and almost everything else.

The main reason behind Yemen's low quality of education is because of human resources, this includes teachers.

Due to their economic conditions, most teachers in Yemen could have students pass exams for money or for a few bundles of "Qat". Many of the students consequently pass without being qualified. Not to mention other ways of passing students such as the influence of those students' fathers who may work as officials, or be prominent sheikhs, etc.

The infrastructure of Yemen's school system is not that good. But what is more devastating are the teachers who are suppose to raise the new generation to build a modern Yemen.

In the USA teachers judge students based on their hard work and dedication and not on how much money they give or how prominent their fathers are. This is why the USA is much advanced than Yemen.

I am a 17-year old boy living in New York City. I go to school and work at the same time. I like working on computers a lot, I use my PC for 3 to 4 hours a day. Sometimes during the weekends, I use my PC for at least 6 hours to work and obtain knowledge from the Internet. This serves me well for when I need to learn about something, including the news from Yemen care of the Yemen Times.

I hope one day to become a doctor, a lawyer or some other decent profession so I can make my people in Yemen proud.

I want to say good luck to all Yemeni students all over the world and want to remind them of the importance of keep-

ing up the good work in school and not to let anyone take their dream away from

> Helal M. OWAS New York City, USA helalalhamidi@aol.com

Why is basic education neglected?

Unfortunately, basic education in Hodeidah is neglected. It is dying, day by day. I am sorry to say this, but it is the truth.

I still hope that education, especially in basic and secondary classes will be supported and improved. I have taught for a period of seven years during which I have noticed that each year education is worse than the year before.

I am very sad because I feel helpless and that I cannot do anything alone. One hand can never clap. Members of our society always throw responsibility on teachers. They never try to help us by tutoring their children in their homes about morals.

The Ministry of Education has established the teacher law only to increase the salary, and nothing else. Ever since the increase in salaries, conditions continue to deteriorate. I do not want to go into the details.

I believe that the deterioration in the level of basic education is not something to hide, and is clearly known to everyone living in Hodeidah and Yemen in general. Families must watch out for their children after graduating from secondary

Unfortunately, the young graduates nowadays resemble the worst examples of knowledge and education. They fail to secure jobs and even tend to go to entertainment clubs, etc., as their families neglect them. Those clubs usually spoil those young men and put their futures in

We have arrived to an extremely dangerous level, in which some students cannot even write a useful word on an

I personally have two things to ask for. Firstly, I demand the Ministry of Education to start a major reform through a long-term plan that would first stop the deterioration, then start improving this vital sector.

Secondly, I demand Yemeni families to start in-house education by instructing their kids in ethics and morals and convince them of the importance of education and hard work. They also need to monitor their children's actions during days and nights in this environment, which is full of poisons and attractions that could distract students from education and participate in destroying their

Abdulwahhab Abdulqawi Al-Sofi Hodeidah

aasofi@hotmail.com

Why do this to us?

Most of us who were born in East Africa face a lot of difficulties when trying to acquire the Yemeni national identifica-

tion card (Bitaqa Shakhsiya). It took me almost two months to get mine. Going between the village where my Yemeni father was born and Sana'a, I brought all they required (based on necessary and

unnecessary requests). After all this effort, I got my ID and my passport from Sana'a Yemen in 1985.

Recently, when I went to the Yemeni Embassy in Riyadh to get a new passport, they asked me about the passport I used to enter Yemen from the first place, a non-Yemeni passport almost over 27 vears old.

The Embassy insisted on this requirement of the Central Passport Department in Sana'a. Several questions were raised. Why was I the only one who was born elsewhere? Wasn't the passport I have now issued in Sana'a after providing all the required papers? Why do I need to be questioned about the legitimacy of my nationality every time I do any paper work? Why do I have to prove it every now and then?

I have been traveled to Yemen almost every year and I have been issued two more passports since that.

What is the crime we've done to go through all this hell every single time? Why do we need to go to our embassy to be questioned about our nationality?

Why in the earth do I need to prove that I'm Yemeni after years have passed since I acquired all the necessary papers to prove my nationality and get the pass-

I just hope that our miseries would end with your help, by interviewing the officials responsible in the Ministry of Interior or Ministry of Foreign Affairs to address this sensitive issue.

Abu Hamoud Saleh Riyadh, Saudi Arabia Bahzer@hotmail.com



COMMON SENSE Hassan Al-Haifi

The Politics of Perpetual Fear

ince September 11, 2001, the world has been subjected to an ominous policy of creating perpetual fear among the world population. This has been through unusual, sometimes unpredictable and even incomprehensible developments. This includes the linking of all these seemingly bizarre phenomena to an illusive figure, in the character of an Osama Bin Laden and an Al-Qaeda Network, whose origins surely could never have come from the desert wastes of Najd alone, but had to include a sophisticated well-entrenched organized international backing with more in mind than the "defense of Islam", to which these bizarre organizations claim fealty. This is especially so, when considering that the result of these types of activities tend to belie the truth about Islam and about the real intentions of these extremists, who are further from Islam than the open declared enemies of Islam!

Osama Bin Laden and the Taliban seem to be the product of long-standing fanatical religious cult, which originated between Baghdad and Najd. There are substantive references that link the roots of such fanaticism to British Intelligence and possibly early Zionist orientations, in an effort to divide the Moslem World and distort the true image of Islam. The unusual elements of this cult is that it incorporated the use of all the modern elements of persuasion and sensationalism to project a horrible image of Islam, which are incomprehensible to most enlightened Moslems. Let alone non-Moslems. In addition, the followers of this cult, since their inception, have been sources of instability and violence in many parts of the Moslem World, especially over the last century. This kind of fanaticism is fueled by the substantive funding provided by petrodollars, that attract sizable numbers of the poor in many of the Islamic states of the world. Such dangerous cults are probably more of a threat to Islam than to the non-Moslem World, notwithstanding the tragic events of September 11,

Time and again, we are being subjected to the unusual association of such mysterious figures as Abdullah Al-Muhajir, who is obviously a mysterious figure, in his own right with a tainted criminal record, to an Islamic struggle, etc. Frankly speaking, Abdullah Muhajir and his likes do not convince us in anyway that they are true advocates of Islam. Nor are we convinced that the United States has made a great breakthrough in the capture of such a bizarre character. In fact, much of what we are seeing in the public media seems to be orchestrated to meet more practical down to earth goals. Such goals are fueled by the evil intentions of the military industrial complex that dominates the world and is working diligently to destroy all the environmental and ecological balance, with which the Al-Mighty has endowed this planet, which are necessary for the maintenance of life. And all for no other reason than to serve the interests of the corporate kings and magnates that are living in their luxurious exclusive worlds, while more than half of the populations of the world are facing life below the poverty line. It is far-fetched to believe that Islam can ever believe in the random destruction of life and property for the dissemination of the faith or even for the defense of the interests of Islam. Anyone who thinks otherwise is obviously poorly informed about Islam or associates such alienable acts to Islam, with a clear intention of distorting the beauty and magnificence of Islam in all its true manifestations.

Thus, it is imperative for enlightened Moslems to speak out loudly against such horrific renditions of Islam being projected these fly - by - night fanatics, who are creating havoc in the world. Moreover, much research is needed in order to show the true roots and connections of such bizarre renditions of jihad as suicide bombings, etc. Most of these activities are not governed by clear and practical objectives, and merely out to kill, maim and destroy for the sake of serving to associate such horrific acts as part and parcel to Islam.

A bright light in all this mayhem, is the rendition of Islam that Iran has been able to project over the last three decades or so. Closer at home, we might look towards Hizbullah, as a successful illustration of what Jihad is really all about. The rest of the media projections of Islam seem like child play.

SANA'A BRITISH SCHOOL

SECONDARY IGCSE (Year 10-11) Key Stage 3 (Year 7-9)

<u>PRIMARY</u> Key Stage 2 (Year 3-6) Key Stage 1 (Year 1-2)

FOUNDATION Reception (4 year olds) Preschool (3 year olds)

- Nursery (2 year olds) British National Curriculum
- (all subjects) and UK resources IGCSE and Key Stage Exams
- UK trained and registered teachers
- Small class sizes
- Music tuition available (violin, piano, guitar)
- Arabic/Islamia, French to all levels
- Specialist Secondary teachers in All subjects
- Specialist ICT teaching IGCSE EFL classes and "After-Schoo Activities"

SANA'A BRITISH SCHOOL

Committed to excellence

Family atmosphere

Open door policy

Community spirit Established 1995

Member of 'British Schools of the Middle East' assn.

· DfES (UK) registered

governed

Sana'a British School "The best of British Education since 1995"

> Head Teacher: R. G. Bright
>
> Call us at: Phone: 1-203950 Fax: 1-206134 Email: sbschool@y.net.ye P.O. Box 15546, Sana'a, ROY View us at: www.sbritishschool.com

> > PATRON:

H.E. THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR

Not bias, mediocrity

BY AHMED BOUZID FOR JORDAN TIMES

word I no longer use when I complain to reporters, editors, and editorial boards, about their coverage of the Palestinian-Israeli conflict is "bias". Accusations of media "bias" against Palestinians or against Israelis have become so widespread and have been bandied out for so long that they have become virtually meaningless. Instead, now I use the word "mediocrity".

I accuse the media not of intentionally slanting the news to favour the Israeli narrative, or of consciously highlighting Israeli suffering at the expense of Palestinian suffering, but of practising "shabby journalism".

And what do I mean by "shabby journalism"? It is a mark of shabby journalism, for instance, to use the word "retaliation" without quotes, time and again, sometimes in headlines, to characterise Israeli actions, as if a reporter could ever divine the intentions of those who order strikes against Palestinians.

'Retaliation' and 'Provocation'

How would a reporter know that an action is "retaliation" and not an act of "provocation" or an act of "collective

word "retaliation" never used to characterise the actions of Palestinians, even when the perpetrators openly declare that the actions were in "retaliation" to specific Israeli actions? If indeed the conflict is caught in a "cycle of violence", as we are told time and again, then why are Israelis always portrayed as reacting and Palestinians always as initiating?

Another mark of shabby journalism is the adoption, often without surrounding quotes, of euphemisms put forward by spokesmen of the Israeli army, such as "targeted killing", "crossfire", "errant shells and bullets", to name just the most notorious.

How targeted is a killing that kills its "target" (and what is "target", anyway?), but also half a dozen civilians along the way (often women and children)? Why is it that only Palestinians are killed in a "crossfire", never an Israeli? And why are Israelis always making a "regrettable mistake", even when the "mistake" is a perfectly predictable consequence of a callous spraying of bullets or indiscriminate firing of shells in a thickly populated civilian area?

Biased terror

More notorious still is the usage of the word "terror" to exclusively describe Palestinian acts of violence punishment"? Moreover, why is the but never to describe Israeli acts of

violence, even when the acts are those of Jewish settlers run amuck, killing Palestinian civilians (and sometimes children) precisely to terrorise Palestinian populations. Instead, the word "vigilante" is used, conveying the impression that the perpetrator of the terrorist action is merely taking the law into his own hands, perhaps out of frustration with "the policy of restraint" - yet another euphemism - practised by the Israeli army.

The notorius 95 per cent

More serious than subtle, and not so subtle, euphemisms, is reporting that outright misleads the reader. A striking example of this is the repeated use of the figure 95 per cent to characterise the "offers" (yet another euphemism - one "offers" presents, not land that one does not own) allegedly made by Ehud Barak at Camp David. To begin with, the figure of 95 per cent itself has been sharply disputed (the latest revelations put the figure at around 70 per cent). But worse than the figure is the total absence of any maps depicting the "offers".

The Palestinians did not object to the 95 per cent figure (or any figure) as such, but to the nature of the land "offered" them: three disconnected patches of land, with settlements within Palestinian territory, with all borders tightly controlled by Israel, with little

water rights, with virtually no sovereign control over the token patchworks of Jerusalem proposed, to name just the most important objections. How can readers grasp the nature of Palestinian objections without maps? And what other conclusion will they come to when they hear that the Palestinians rejected a deal that offered them 95 per cent of what they wanted, other than the conclusion that Israel wishes one to draw: that the

Palestinians are not serious about set-

Shabby journalism

tling peacefully?

An equally egregious mark of shabby journalism is a self-imposed selfcensorship that dismisses any story that seriously challenges the prevailing narrative openly adopted by all the major media outlets (if their editorials are any indication of that narrative). According to that narrative, Israel is fighting to ensure its security; at times, it unfortunately uses excessive force; at times, it pursues unwise policies (e.g., settlements); but over all, Israel is a democracy, it respects the rule of law, and it is mindful of human rights concerns. Hence, when a story is published about Israeli soldiers routinely inciting, taunting and baiting Palestinian children to throw stones at them, only to shoot (and kill) them "for sport", as veteran New York Times reporter Chris Hedges wrote in a piece he published in the October 2001 issue of Harper's Magazine (and repeated in his Oct. 31 appearance on NPR's Fresh Air), the scandalous revelation is treated as an anomaly, an exception to be shelved, rather than picked up and front-paged and headlined, as the killing of Israeli children

So, is the media "biased" against Palestinians? The question itself is a bad question, because it lets the media off the hook much too easily. Indeed, that is precisely why reporters and editors love to be accused of, "bias", since they have a ready-made answer: "If we are being criticised from both sides," they cheerfully answer, "then we must be doing our job."

But the fact is that the media are not doing their job. Coverage of the Palestinian-Israeli conflict is marred by clear marks of sloppy journalism: loaded euphemisms and unreflective language, double standards, incomplete and outright misleading reporting, and unhealthy self-censorship. The media may very well not be "biased", but are certainly mediocre when it comes to covering the Palestinian-Israeli conflict.



A watchdog to counter anti-Islam campaign

By Dr. Abdul Qader Tash

he campaign against Islam in the West is on the increase. Western newspapers have run recently headlines such "American male and female announcers attack Islam saying people in the Muslim world teach their children to kill the kafirs." Right wing extreme parties in Europe who are hostile to Muslim immigrants call their feelings Islamophobia. A Russian TV describeda the Arabs as fascist savages killing innocent people in the name of Allah expecting Paradise. The Worldnet Daily suggested the wiping out of Makkah from the face of earth and melting the black stone to stop the Muslim terrorists.

Well-known writers have exploited

their fame to spread hatred against Muslims and Islam. Italian writer Oriana Fallaci recently published a book which spews venom against Muslims. The book was sold in mil-

All like Osama Bin Ladin

She says in the book, "All Arabs and Muslims are extremists. They are all, without exception like Osama Bin Ladin. A war should be declared against them. They all should, without Westerners not to respect the Muslim exception, be treated alike as they are culture. all extremists, murderers, backward, illiterate..." She criticized the Holy Qur'an saying that "experts on Islam admire the Qur'an and claim that Islam is a religion of peace, love and justice. Even poor George Bush repeated these three words to win the support of 2.4 million voters of Arab and Muslim ori-

gin. But I ask you in the name of logic if Qur'an promotes justice, love and peace then how can we explain the principle of an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth in Qur'an? Or the polygamy and women being treated no better than chattels, not allowed to go to school or to go out?"

The writer also calls the Westerners to wake up and fight the Muslims who, she says, are waging a religious war to kill the Westerners. She also wants

Root of terrorism

The American writer Thomas Freidman, who has admirers even in the Arab world, advances the theory that the roots of terrorism is not in the Muslim individuals but in their religion and culture. The incitement for attacks

such as the Sept.11 are found in the speeches delivered at mosques and taught at religious schools throughout the Muslim world. There lies the main threat to the security of the US and the world as a whole, says Freidman. The danger is not in the rogue states such as Saddam's as feared by the US.

It is a very serious charge to allege that the harm is done by Islam and its culture. The solution for the issue, according to these writers is to destroy the Islamic culture by tarnishing its image and frightening the people away from it.

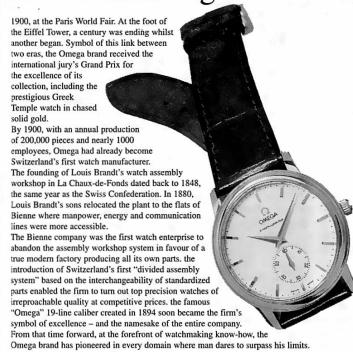
Such blatant campaign against Islam calls for immediate action. We should face the challenge. Silence and inaction on our part will only double the attempts of the enemies.

Hatred against Muslims

The Western intellectuals themselves are aware of the wave of hatred against Muslims. Being aware of the dangers involved in the phenomenon anti-Islamism Islamophobia, fair-minded European intellectuals have founded an organization called the European Watch House for Observing Racism and Hostility to Foreigners. According to a report of the organization, the attacks against the Muslims have increased in European Portugal, except Luxembourg and Finland notably after the Sept.11. Every symbol of Islam has become an object of ridicule in the West, the report observed.

The present situation demands the founding of a media organization to observe and document all reports coming in the media the world over against Islam. This organization should also study and analyze the contents and motivations for articles against Islam. The organization should counter such campaigns in an effective manner.

150 Years at The Forefront of Watchmaking



عاما في طليعة صناعة الساعات

في عام ١٩٠٠ عندما اقيم معرض باريس العالمي تحت برج إيفل، كان قد ولَّي قرن من الزَّمن واخذت معالم قرن أخر بالظهور حيث برزَّت اوميغاً كُرُمْز جاء بَمثابة حلقة الوصل بين عهد مضى وعهد جديد، إذ نالت أوميغا، بإجماع هيئة من المحلفين حائزة غران بري الدولية لما تجلت به مجموعتها من الامتياز و الاتقان بما فيها ساعة عريك تأميل الرفيعة المستوى والمصممة على ذهب صلد مزين بالنقوش.

وما أن أطل عام ١٩٠٠ حتى كانت أوميغا قد تصدرت صناعة الساعات في سويسر حيث بلغ انتاجها السنوي ٢٠٠،٠٠٠ قطعة بايدي ما يناهز ١،٠٠٠ موظفٌ فني. يعد تاسيس مشغل لويس برانت لتجميع الساعات في الا شو دوفو إلى عام ١٨٤٨ تَرَامنا بِذَلِكَ مع نشُوءَ ٱلإِتَّحَادُ الكونفُدرآليِّ السويسريِّ. وفي عام ١٨٨٠ قام أبناء لويس برانت بنقل المشغل إلى سهول بيين حيثٌ كان توفر الّقوة البشرية والطاقة وخطوط

كأن تأسيس شركة بيين عبارة عن أول مشروع للساعات تخلى عن نظام التجميع في المشغل ليحل محلة مصنع حديث ينتج قطع التركيب والغيار الخاصة به. وإن إدخال أول نظام تجميع متشعب في سويسرا يعتمد على قابلية تبادل قطع التركيب الموحدة القياس قد مكن الشركة من انتاج ساعات بالغة الدقة، تمتاز بجودة نوعية خالية من العيوب وباسعار منافسة. والموديل الشهير "أوميغا" الذي ابتدعته الشركة عام ١٨٩٤ بعيار قُطري داخلي ١٩ مليمترا سرعان ما أصبح رمزا للإمتياز واسما أطلق على

ومنذ ذلك الوقت تصدرت الماركة اوميغا صناعة الساعات في مجال البراعة الفنية وفي كل ميدان يتجرأ الإنسان على تخطى حدوده.



Swiss Watches Union Agency Abdul Hakim Abdul Rahman Al-Mamari Sana'a - Tel:(01)272827, Sana'a STC- Tel:(01)448495 Taiz- Tel:(04)252323, Aden-Tel:(02)256688

Yemenia with Bazara Travel & Tourism

Experience the quality and luxury Holiday in the Far East

Jakarta & Kuala Lumpur at the affordable package!

Jakarta

Kuala Lumpur

08Days/07 Nights \$ 795 Hotel Marriott 5star 15Days/14Night \$995 Hotel Marriott 5star

08 Days/07 Nights \$ 745 Hotel Istana 5star

15Days/14Night \$975 Hotel Istana 5star

Jakarta & Kuala Lumpur \$ 1045 for 15Days

with DXB 4 days

995 US\$

Includes:

Economy class airfare Sanaa Kuala Lumpur Sana'a or Jakarta Sanaa. Price per person on twin sharing accommodation on bed & breakfast. Based on min group of 2 person

Note: We also offer 3star hotel in jakarta & kuala Lumpur at the same price above with accommodation based on half board (breakfast+dinner)

Travel in F/class available 700 \$ supp

Contact:Bazara Travel & Tourism Sana'a Tel:279235 or 285865 or 286364 Fax: 289568

Yemeni heritage cries for help

fficials say they need more help to showcase Yemen's heritage, especially since there's a desire for Sana'a to be celebrated officially as the region's cultural capital in 2004,

Integral to preserving that heritage is Yemen's General Organization for the Preservation of Historic Cities (GOPH-CY), established by the government in

The GOPHCY is entrusted with preserving the cultural heritage and reviving Yemen's traditional handicrafts.

It was created to preserve Yemen's old cities before they fall into a state of decay and replaced by construction of new housing which distorts the historical image of Yemeni architecture.

Dr. Abdullah Zaid Ayssa, the Chairman of the GOPHCY sums up the main objectives of the GOPHCY as follows:

a) Preserving the cultural and historical monuments.

b) Raising awareness among people to the importance of the cultural heritage, particularly people who live in the historical cities.

c) Enacting laws concerning preserving the cultural heritage and training people to preserve the traditional hand-

The main projects entrusted to the GOPHCY include preserving old cities such as Sana'a Old City, Shebam, Hadhramoot, Zabeed, Aden, and Jibla plus preserving traditional handicrafts.

GPHCY has faced many problems including its management aspect. Engineers have to leave their jobs and lose income when they choose to serve through the voluntary organization.

"We tried to do our best to regain the internal management of the GOPHCY. We hope that others will cooperate with us. There is serious initiatives taken by the culture ministry to promote the GOPHCY's activities for the better," Zaid Ayssa said.

There are a lot of projects that have been entrusted to the GOPHCY and what is needed is the financial support. This will of course require a lot of time and money, he added.

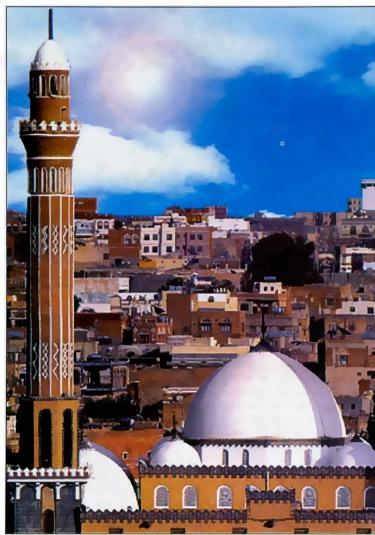
Zaid Ayssa said another issue is that Yemen's heritage has not been integrated with the urban planning process. The total planning process at both national and local levels has not been practiced in an effective planning framework.

He said it's important to understand historical events and related development over all the country, understand climatic zones architecture typologies, history and cultural significance.

But there is a lack of inventory of cities, areas, sites and monuments, and there's an absence of knowledge about decay and inappropriate tools for conservation buildings and monuments.

So many problems lay in the fact that there is an interference of the Cultural Heritage Office, he also said.

"In fact, the GOPHCY's main activity is to conduct projects of the cultural heritage activities. As a result of the GOPHCY's deficit, other organ-



A view of Sana'a in front of the Al-Shuhada'a mosque

markets, however, the old city of

Sana'a is still very much distinguished

for its special features reflecting the

tered in many shops of the old city.

Thus, what is needed is to reactivate

What is required is that special atten-

tion and support should be given to

these handicrafts. "It is also required to

maintain these places and make them

places fit to be visited by tourists.

Exhibitions should also be organized so

as to make our handicrafts known to all

the people. The concerned bodies

should also provide all these handi-

craftsmen with all the facilities and

assistance to encourage them," said

looked after, the old city of Sana'a and

other historical cities will be able to

retain their old features that are gradu-

ally disappearing across the globe.

If such places and workers are well

the role of these markets.

Zaid Ayssa.

The handicrafts products are scat-

Cultural Heritage Office which is financed by the Dutch government and Social Development Fund.

These sectors could achieve dramatic shifts with regard to preserving the old historical cities such as, the Sana'a Old City," Zaid Ayssa said.

Dr. Abdullah Zaid has highly appreciated the leading role of these sectors in preserving the historical cities. But, the main thing is that these projects are entrusted to the GOPHCY.

"Recently, procedures have been discussed with a view of coordinating with the concerned bodies such as, the Cultural Heritage Office and the Social Development Fund to finance these projects and that the GOPHCY has to conduct studies and supervise these

Concerning the priorities given to the main cities such as, Old Sana'a and Zabeed, the GOPHCY has conducted studies in these cities to be presented to the government for allocating the budg-

"We will be also pay more attention to the Old City of Sana'a because it is going to be the culture capital in 2004. The culture ministry will support us in this respect along with the Social Development Fund," the chairman of the GOPHCY said.

Old Sana'a has sustained a number of handicrafts and public markets that help Yemenis earn living. These markets as well as handicrafts have become part and parcel of their lives.

These public markets have been related to the Yemenis throughout the past decades. Here they used to meet to sell and buy commodities to sustain

In general, Yemen is known for its

izations have to interfere such as the Lyricist on his way!

SALEH ABDULBAKI YEMEN TIMES STAFF

ince the golden songs of Yemen, a number of distinguished lyricists have followed. They conveyed their poetic creativity in a faithful manner. Their

songs still echo in our memories. Abyan is place where a number of distinguished lyricists have participated in the development of our music. Two of the many are Mohammed Mohsen Mohammed Abdullah Nusair.

Mohammed Abdullah Nusair was born in the 1930's. He grew up in a poor family in Zonjobar city, al Mahal. He has three sons and one daughter. He is now retired, yet still many folklore poets are greatly influenced by him.

Nusair has been affected by the suffering of others, as revealed by his poems. He keeps his songs and poetry close to heart.

For Nusair, it is not necessary for a poet to express or reveal himself to others. The main goal of a poem or song is to relate to the feelings that already exist in people.

Damt: a Yemeni oasis!

By Sa'AD TAHER FOR YEMEN TIMES

bout a four hour drive south of Sana'a lies Damt, a town in the Dhalea governorate. It is well known for its natural hot springs which are visited by 80 thousand people every year.

Damt got its name from Damt son of Gina, son of Mirdam Al-Hamyari the first man to settle there.

"Here," an old man said, " were the Thamouds, prophet Saleh's nation whom God mentions in the Quran as those who killed the sacred camel and were punished by earthquakes. Fifty years ago, the town was comprised of only a few farmers. Damt was regularly visited by foreigners accompanied by Jews on donkeys. They used to come on bare feet. We never knew why!"

Now Yemenis come to the hot springs for their therapeutic treatment. Damt lies on the Sana'a -Aden highway, which makes it a convenient stop for travelers. With time people began to settle in Damt and build up a service industry for all the visitors.

Now, Damt has modern baths, tourist hotels and restaurants. Damt grew quite quickly and developed into a fully serviced municipality. In the beginning Damt was officially under the Ibb governorate but later it was annexed by Dhalea.

"There are seven baths now," the old man continued. "They consist of al-Asadi, al-Awadi, al-Dardoosh, al-Duleimi, al-Diwan, the Atif and a bath for rheumatism and scabies. There was also al-Imam bath which was the Imam's private bath".

Al-Haradha the volcano.

To the south of the town stands al-Haradha, a 90 meter high mountain. Ascending al-Haradha are 117 iron steps installed to make the climb easier. As you enter al-Haradha you will find a deep pit surrounded by a three meter wide path enclosed by a natural two meter high wall. One who stands on top of this wall may feel as if he were a bird as he looks down on the town and its doll like inhabitants. It isn't a place for the faint hearted. The pit is fenced in with an iron fence, installed after a few incidents of people slipping. On the pathway to the right is a deserted kiosk, previously used to serve refreshments. Al-Haradha has hot mineral water which contains Calcium Bicarbonate, Magnesium Solvate, Sulpher and dissolved carbon dioxide.

Beside al-Haradha there are another eight similar formations only much smaller in comparison. They are named: Rubaia, Shooli, Duleimi, Ajma and Red plant haradha. some pour hot water into Wadi Bana.

The legends of al-Haradha

Al-Haradha has been the birth place of many legends.

Once, an unnamed king from an unknown time, had a very beautiful daughter. She was so beautiful he wished to marry her. So he asked a priest,

"If one plants a tree, to whom does the fruit belong?

"Definitely, to him," answered the

"Then, I have the right to marry my daughter," retorted the King.

"Yes, of course," answered the priest

On the night of the wedding the hot springs erupted and destroyed the kingdom, and his daughter turned into a statue. Her statue was later destroyed by a following generation because it was the symbol of a sinful people.

Another legend says, that on the summit of al-Haradha was the palace of a prostitute queen who committed adultery daily. God got angry with her and the volcano burst destroying her and her palace.

Presently in full contrast, the Palestine Tourist Hotel has an open pool of 4x3 meters where boys enjoy swimming in natural hot water. Statues of dinosaurs and elephants have been erected to make the noisy splash scene lovelier, and families can relax in the comfort of their own flats.

أوميغا... ماركة لها تاريخ

ولدت ماركة أوميغا في نفس السنة التي ولد فيها الاتحاد الكونفدرالي السويسري عام ١٨٤٨. واليوم، مازال يعتبر كل منهما رمزا يمثل قوة الإبداع والتجديد، بل والسعي وراء الاتقان والكمال. بعد أن أسس لويس برانت الشركة بوقت قصير، سرعان ما حازت ساعات أوميغا للجيب، البالغة الدقة في ضبط الوقت، استحسان وثناء خبراء الساعات في العالم أجمع. إن المجهود الطلبعي الدائب، طوال ما يزيد عن مائة عام لابتداع أبعاد دائمة التجدد في عامل الوقت، قد جعل من أوميغا ماركة سباقة رفيعة الشأن مدى

Omega, a Brand with a History

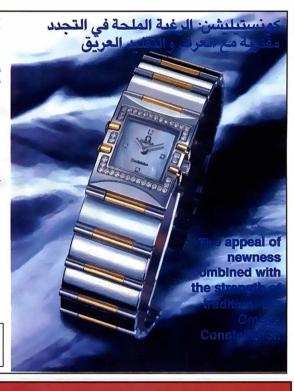
The Omega brand came into being the same year as the Swiss Confederation, in 1848. Still today, both stand as symbols of innovative strength and a quest for perfection.

Shortly after the company's founding by Louis Brandt, its reliably precise pocket watches earned the recognition of watch connoisseurs the world over.

Its pioneering efforts, over more than a century, to create ever new dimensions in Time have made Omega a prestigious tend-setting brand for a lifetime.



Swiss Watches Union Agency Abdul Hakim Abdul Rahman Al-Mamari Sana'a - Tel:(01)272827, Sana'a STC-Tel:(01)448495 Taiz-Tel:(04)252323, Aden-Tel:(02)256688





Health and productive health care



he estimates of the Ministry of public Health indicate that health care services cover only 50% of the population. Besides, there exist several health institutions that are not functioning due to lack of human or financial resources, or both. Reproductive Health services are only available at 25% of existing health facilities.

The role and effectiveness of health

level, despite the widespread targeting of communicable and endemic diseases, particularly malaria and child diseases. The statistics of the expanded Immunization Program reveals achievement of 50%-60% immunization coverage of the six diseases in the recent past. On this basis, the international and regional commitment to reach at least 80% coverage of the targeted group by the year 2000 has not been met. Nevertheless, the positive aspect of this situation can be seen in the launching of campaigns for polio immunization and the addition of a new vaccination against hepatitis.

Based on the results of the DMCHS

children under five years old; sever respiratory diseases affects 23% of children; 46% of children suffer from malnutrition; 52% suffer from stunting and 13% are wasted.

These are among the highest percentage in the world, let alone the region. In contrast with these percentage, only 34% of the diarrhea cases are treated by Oral Dehydration Solution, 32% of sever respiratory diseases are treated in health facilities and only about 17% of newly born infants are naturally breastfed during the first months of life, while 19% of infants are born under weight.

Maternal health is considered to be the central part of Reproductive Health Care. Previous surveys suggest a continuos improvement in maternal health care, but at very slow pace. However, not all aspects of safe motherhood are included in reproductive health services at its different levels. A system has not yet been developed to ensure access to all emergencies and specialized maternity services for all women of productive age, or beyond that age. Maternal Mortality is estimated to be in the range of 800-1000 deaths per hundred thousand live births, while the DMCHS shows, indirectly, a much lower estimate (351). This is a discrepancy, which requires further investigation. Clearly, an improvement in maternal mortality and morbidity indicators is directly linked to improved health care, including safe maternity services. Surveys results show slight and gradual improvement in the use of services that lead to reduction in mater-

pre-natal care (at least one visit during the period of pregnancy) has increased from 26%in 1992 to 34% in 1997, meaning that 66% did not have access to this service. This may be due to unavailability of the service entirely or to its remoteness. There is also a significant portion of these women who do not see a real necessity for such services. This reflected in the fact that most of the visits for prenatal care were carried out to women symptom of ailments and not routinely on the basis of preventative care. With regard to health care at delivery, or delivery under skilled qualified health care, during the period 1992-1997 the increase was only 5 percentage points (from 16% to 21%), most of which is attributed to real demand rather than as a preventative requirement. The 1997 DMCHS also shows that about 25% of women in the age 15-49 age group suffer from malnutrition and 47% of all deliveries are accompanied by side effects due to poor reproductive health practices. It was also found that 37% of births occurred at intervals of less than 24 months between pregnancies and 18% at intervals of less than 18 months, and that 16% of mothers give birth prior age 20 years.

In light of the above conditions, it is clear that the resources required for the provision of appropriate health services will be very large. For example, assuming that there will be an improvement in the ratio of people per doctor from 3,333 in the year 2000 to 1,000 per doctor in year 2025 and in the ratio of people per nurse from 1667 to 333, in both years respectively the number of required doctors and nurses in 2025 will exceed 35,000 doctors and 106,000 nurses (Yemen National Strategies vision for the year 2025).

Sources: National Population Council, document.

Eco-tourism in Yemen needs protection

YEMEN TIMES STAFF

reserving environment means preserving our life. Yemen in this respect has made changes with regard to establishing the Environment Protection Authority. This significant body is entrusted with disseminating awareness among the public to be aware of destruction their environment. Yemen today has witnessing radical human changes as well as activities in agriculture, industry and trade resulting in positive and negative impacts on environment.

Man is the reaper of his own actions and he is the one either to enjoy or suffer. A matter of fact, this issue has attracted a great deal of concern by many bodies all over Yemen.

This is directly reflected in different conferences and summits held in many countries in which the protection of environment was the heart of their discussions.

It is true that tourism and environment are two sides of the same coin. They are of prime importance to countries' development and advancement, specially in this era of globalization.

Many countries are widely aware of the potentiality of this industry therefore they spend fortunes to make use of this in developing their economy. It is as valuable than oil.

To enhance mechanism of joint regional cooperation in the field of environmental tourism, promoting Arab tourism awareness there should be some strategies drawn out to conduct tourist campaigns The development of a eco-tourism should be launched in a diversified media means including the public relations-bodies, tourism propaganda, ads, posters, pictures, drawings. Tourism exhibitions should also be held to imbue these ideas in the minds of people.

Tourism in Yemen is entirely depends on the natural resource, the cultural heritage, historical sites, architecture, and beaches.

Socotra in this respect represents a real living museum. It is a nature with all its beauty, wonders, mystery and attraction calling tourists, specialists, scientists and nature seekers to come to the island of wonders, Socotra one of the most amazing and adventurous resorts in the world. It is a living natural museum for all those who evince an abiding in nature.

Thus, there should be a plan to conduct tourist marketing which will include realizing the desires of the foreign tourists and reasons behind their preference to visit foreign countries.

We conclude that preserving environment can play an active role in the promotion of eco-tourism in our country and our Arab land. They can enhance the awareness of the society through providing the people with new techniques, imbuing the desire to change and aspire their hopes for a bright future to make handsome revenues benefiting the regional national





All the world is in motion. In rhythm with the seasons, Man's dialogue with Time gives material expression to his dreams.

Omega De Ville vibrates in harmony with the gentle flow of Time, mingling classic elegance contemporary with design. IMpeccable form and function assure longlasting appeal, beyond mere fashion dictates

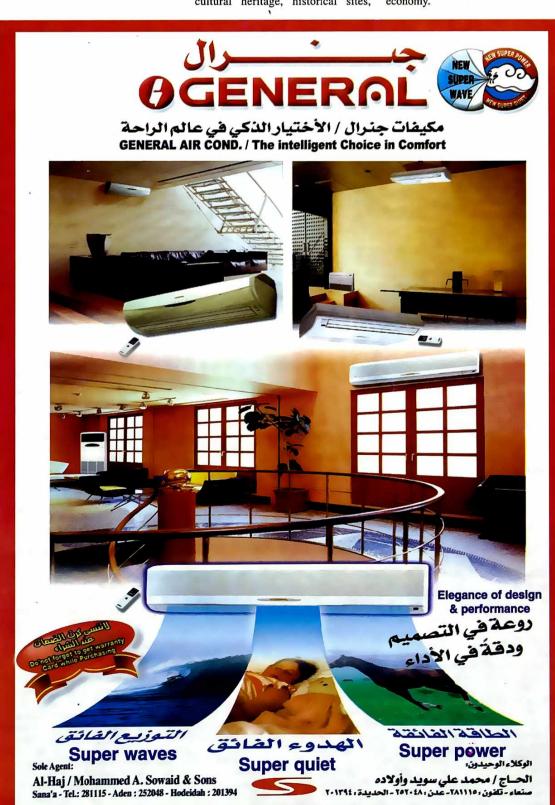
The caseback of the Omega De Ville depicts the famous Chicago skyline, symbolizing the open, cosmopolitan spirit of this collection. A mark of elegance and distinction, for the watch and for its

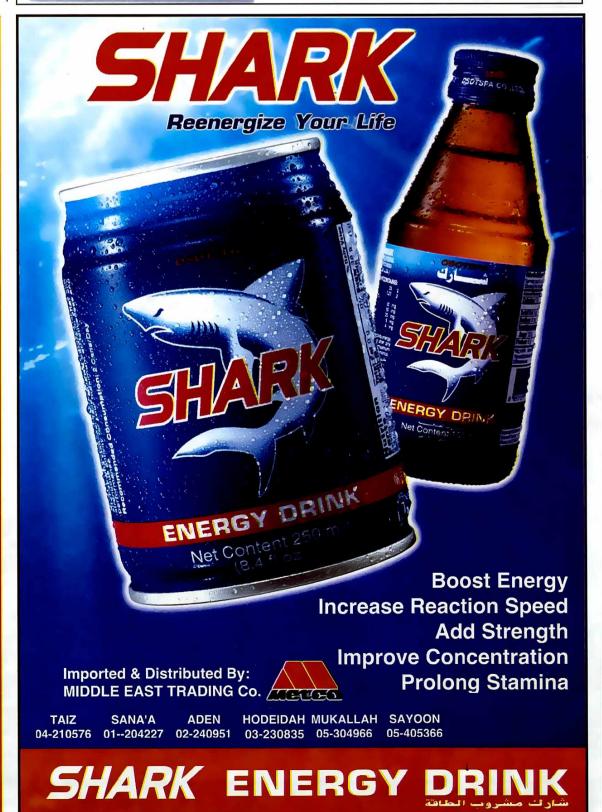
العالم بأجمعه دائم الحركة والانطلاق. وانسجاما مع تعاقب الفصول، يجد الإنسان، في حواره مع 'الوقت' تعبيرا ملموساً لتحقيق

أوميغا دوفيل تنبض بإيقاع يتناغم مع سلاسة انسياب الوقت، متمدرة بالجمع بين التصميم المعاصر وتألق الفن. جاذبية الشكل ودقة الأداء لا خطئ تؤكد أن اعجابا بلازم مرور الزمن، متخطبا إغراء الزي السائد الحديث. ظهر السَّاعَة أوميُّعًا دوفيل يصور أفق شيكاغو الشهير بمثابة رمز يعبر عن الطابع العالمي المنفتح المتمثل في هذه المجموعةً... علامة الأناقة والتَّفوق والمكانة الرفيعة لكل من الساعة ومن يزين معصمه بها.



Swiss Watches Union Agency Abdul Hakim Abdul Rahman Al-Mamari Sana'a - Tel:(01)272827, Sana'a STC- Tel:(01)448495 Taiz- Tel:(04)252323, Aden- Tel:(02)256688





A Report on the Symposium on Classroom-Centered Research in English (29-30 May 2002)

Call for Greater Self-Awareness and Commitment of Teachers to Enrich the Classroom Ecology

two-day symposium was organized by the Department of English, Faculty of Languages, Sana'a University (SU), Sana'a in the Ali Abdul-Moghni hall on the Old University campus. The theme of the symposium was 'Classroom-Centred Research in English'. Its primary objective was to have an in-depth discussion and exchange of practical ideas on classroom teaching strategies. innovative techniques, etc. most suited particularly to Yemen. It was meant for all teachers working in the departments of English in different faculties of Sana'a University. About 60 university teachers of English, besides students and others, participated in the deliberations of the proceedings. Two guest speakers each from the Universities of Taiz and Hodeidah also attended the symposium.

The symposium was held in four sessions, excluding the inaugural and the valedictory ones. The inaugural session began on 29 May 2002 at 9.30 a.m. with recitation of a verse from the Holy Qura'an. Prof. Tariq Al-Janabi, Dean, Faculty of Languages, SU presided over the session. Dr. Mahmoud Ali Shamsheer, Vice-Dean, Faculty of Languages, welcomed the guests and the participants at the outset. Prof. A. Sharma, Head, Department of English, Faculty of Languages, SU briefly explained the background and objectives of the symposium. Briefing the participants on the objectives of the symposium, he said that it was intended (i) to improve on and enhance the quality of teaching English by initiating and encouraging a systematic study of practical activities associated with teaching in a real classroom setting, (ii) to aim at theory building based on the experiences and insights gained out of the classroom activities, (iii) to enable practising teachers to select research designs and procedures appropriate to the issues under investigation and familiarize them with resources suitable for the study of language learning and teaching in classroom situations and, (iv) to equip teachers with new



Dr. A. K Sharma addresses the audience

techniques and skills as well as acumen and insight to combine research with teaching and introduce them to innovative teaching and learning approaches and thus create in them a greater sense of self-awareness and confidence as

In his inaugural speech Prof. Al-Janabi expressed his happiness in inaugurating the symposium. He believed that it was intended to bring about qualitative change in the teaching of English in SU. He emphasized the importance of English in the global perspective in general and in the Yemeni perspective in particular. He felt sure that the symposium would deal with important issues regarding the teaching materials, methodology and the evaluation system. He lauded the efforts of Prof. Sharma in organizing the symposium. He hoped that other departments in the Faculty of Languages would follow the example of the Department of English in organizing such academically useful programmes to enable experts and young language teachers from different parts of the country to interact with each other. Prof. Yassin Al-Shaibani, Assistant Vice-Rector of the University was also present on the occasion.

The first session began at 10.30 a.m. It was presided over by Prof. D. Thakur, Chairman, Department of English, Faculty of Arts, SU. In his address he highlighted the relevance of the symposium for English Language Teaching (ELT) in SU in particular and in Yemen in general. He welcomed the idea of the symposium in that it focused on the responsibility of the classroom teacher. He stressed the role of the teacher in the classroom (i) as a motivator, and (ii) as a purveyor of the learning situation. He hoped that the symposium would make significant contributions to ELT in Yemen.

In his theme paper, Prof. A. K. Sharma presented an overview of the theoreti-cal and pedagogical issues relating to

the theme of the symposium, namely, classroom-centred research in English. He pointed out that classroom-centred research is a type of research that treats the language classroom not just as a setting for investigation but as an object of investigation. Unlike library research or linguistic analysis or literary criticism where theories replace data, classroom-centred research entails analysis of primary data collected from the classroom. Prof. Sharma then gave the theoretical underpinnings of this type of research orientation and hoped that the practising teachers of English in Yemen would benefit from the experience of the scholars in the field here and abroad.

Prof. K. M. Tiwary, Head, Department of English, Faculty of Education, Taiz University next presented his paper on teaching English pronunciation to Yemeni students. His paper was based on his classroom experience in Yemen. He felt that Yemeni learners do not perceive the phonetic contrasts of some English sounds, e.g. /p/ and /b/ because of their mother tongue habits. He emphasized the importance of the teachers' help in making the students learn the necessary phonetic/phonemic contrasts in the English language with the help of appropriate exercises. He also demonstrated how this could be done in the classroom.

Prof. Abdel Rahman Abdrabou, Department of English, Faculty of Arts, SU followed next with his presentation on the problems of teaching translation. He was of the opinion that the process of translation is not just establishing linguistic equivalences between two languages, but one which requires the knowledge of the affinities and differences of culture and discourse between the two languages.

'Problems and prospects of testing visà-vis the teaching of literature' was next presented by Dr. R. V. Ram, Associate Professor of English, Faculty of Education, SU. He narrated his experience of evolving a system of evaluation closely linked to the teaching of literature in his own Department. Instead of the traditional essay-type questions which require reproduction of testing that reflects students' sensitivity to and comprehension of English literary texts.

The last presentation in this session was by Dr. Mahmoud Ali Shamsheer on how the textual resources in a poem in English can be exploited to sensitize the students to the significance of the style and discourse of a text. The session came to a close with the participation of the audience by asking ques-tions to the presenters and their responses to the participants' questions.

The second session of the day started at 2.30 p.m. after the lunch-break. It was presided over by Prof. Abdel Rahman Abdrabou. Prof. D. D. Sharma, Head of the English Department, Language Centre, Taiz University presented a paper on "Some dimensions of the teaching of ESP". He spoke on the importance of ESP in the global situation in view of developments in the field of science and technology. ESP courses should be developed in response to the developments in contemporary science and technology and the teaching of the courses should draw on the resources of contemporary linguistics and psycholinguistics.

Dr. P. A. Abraham, Head, Department of English, Faculty of Education, Amran, SU next spoke on 'Teaching poetry: some interactive approaches He demonstrated his approach with the help of a poem of Frost, viz. 'Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening'. He pointed out how his interactive method could lead to creative activities among



Dr. K. S. Al-Shehari from the Faculty of Education, Hajja, SU presented his ideas on using translation in an ELT classroom. He was of the opinion that judicious use of translation from the second language to the first language could (i) ensure comprehension and (ii) help the teacher establish rapport with the learners. He related these ideas to insights from the fields of 'contrastive' and 'inter-language' studies.

Dr. R. K. Jayaraman, Associate Professor from the Faculty of Education, Sana'a presented a paper on 'Classroom research and conditions of learning English as a second/foreign language". He was of the opinion that classroom conditions in the present situation inhibit the teaching of English in Yemen, but these very inhibiting conditions could be creatively exploited for motivating the learners. He pointed out that there are certain aspects of the 'condition of learning' where there is scope for 'classroom research' to play a meaningful role in helping the learners learn the necessary language skills.

Dr. Bakil Al-Walss, Department of English, Faculty of Languages, Sana'a presented his ideas on teaching reading comprehension. He demonstrated a general scheme for this purpose which he had evolved in his own teaching English for various purposes.

Mr. Mohammed Othman Naif from the Faculty of Languages, Sana'a was the last speaker of the day. He spoke on how teaching journal writing by students can be used in the classroom as an effective technique to develop (i) positive attitudes to writing (ii) to promote fluency in writing, and (iii) to promote writing as a naturalistic activity. The second session came to an end with a question hour in which the audience participated enthusiastically.

The third session of the symposium started at 9.00 a.m. on 30 May with Professor K. M. Tiwary in the chair. Prof. A. K. Sinha, Department of English, Faculty of Education, University of Hodeidah, drawing on his experience of teaching literature demonstrated how literary texts like poems, dramas and novels could be highlighting the textual resources. He showed, for example, how the pictures in the textbook, its cover design, and title etc. could be used to provoke proactive discussion about the contents of the text.

Dr. Ahmed Al-Qiyadhi from the Faculty of Education, Sana'a gave an overview of the needs of Yemeni learners for English in general and more importantly in specific disciplines at higher education institutions in Yemen.

Dr. Murari Prasad, Head, Department of English, Faculty of Education, Sada'a, SU made a presentation on using action research as an alternative teaching method in teaching English literature. He demonstrated his ideas with reference to three poems.

Dr. Ayedh Shreyan from the Faculty of Education, Sana'a spoke on how good English literary texts can be used to provide instances of good language use and how these instances could promote good English use in the learners.

Faculty of Education, Hajja, SU next presented his paper on how L1 and L2 competencies, specially the productive ones, could be exploited and manipulated to promote competence inL2 and vice-versa. The session ended with questions from the audience to the speakers of the session.

'Speech Act Theory and Dramatic Discourse". In his presentation he first gave an outline of the Speech Act theory and showed how the framework of the theory could be used to explain literary discourse like drama. He demonstrated his ideas with the help of excerpts from Waiting for Godot, Hamlet and King Lear.

The next presenter, Dr. Abdulwahab Al-Maqaleh from the Faculty of Languages, Sana'a, focused on the problems of teaching English tenses to Arabic learners in view of the inherent differences in the tense systems of the two languages. His presentation was intended to raise pedagogical issues in teaching English vis-à-vis Arabic.

Prof. H. S. Ahluwalia, Head of the English Department, Faculty of Education, Mahweet was the next speaker. He spoke on the teaching of English in difficult circumstances. He outlined several psychological and linguistic devices and techniques to help the learners 'get English into their bones' as he put it.

Dr. Saleh Ahmed Saif from the Faculty of Languages, Sana'a was the last speaker of the session. He presented his ideas about teaching English grammar to Yemeni students. His experience seemed to underline the general feeling on the part of the college teachers of English in Yemen about the educational, pedagogical and classroom conditions not being conducive to successful teaching/learning of English. This session also ended with members asking questions to the presenters and the presenters answering them to their satis-

The last session of the symposium was the 'valedictory session' which was presided over by Dr. Mahmoud A. Shamsheer, Vice-Dean, Faculty of Languages. Prof. B. Department of English, Faculty of Languages, Sana'a presented an overview of the proceedings of the symposium. He highlighted the unity of the theme and of the ideas in the different presentations made at the symposium. The report emphasized the need for such renewals of contact munity in the various universities in the country.

Prof. D. Thakur. He appreciated the efforts of the Department of English, Faculty of Languages in organizing the symposium. He pointed out that the positive results of such efforts should become visible in our classroom teaching. He made a fervent appeal to the teachers to put in a greater amount of commitment in their profession as

The symposium came to an end with a vote of thanks by Prof. A. K. Sharma. The symposium was actively supported by the University and Faculty authorities by funding the expenses and by providing it with the necessary physical facilities.

The symposium by any standard was a grand success. It generated a plethora of ideas and insights based on the experiences of teachers teaching in varying classroom situations and emphasized the need for combining research with teaching to overcome the problems posed by situational and local variables and make the teaching of English in Yemen in general and in Sana'a University in particular more produc-tive and cost effective. The participants also emphasized the need of organizing such get-togethers at frequent intervals to familiarize teachers with new developments in the field of English teaching and to provide them with opportunities to exchange their views and thus gain new insights to bring about qualitative improvement in their teaching.

(DR) NASSER AL-AWAAQI RECTOR SA



Address by Prof. Tariq Al-Janabi, Dean (center)



A Section of the distinguished members of the audience

Improve Your English (138)

Dr. Ramakanta Sahu, Associate Professor, College of Education, Mahweet. ramakantasahu@yahoo.com

I. How to say it correctly Correct errors, if any, in the following

- A clerk cannot make his both ends meet. The news of his father's death came as a
- bolt from the sky.

 3. After the death of their father, the two brothers are having their hand at the daggers. He added insult to his wounds.
- 5. He has achieved success in life from dint of hard work.

Solutions to last week's questions:

- 1. The accused affected (pretended) madness in the court at the time of trial. Murtaja is an adept (expert) in the art of
- singing classical songs.
 3. He is living in abject (wretched, miserable) poverty.
- The children were playing beside (at the side of) the road. 5. The thief was caught red handed (in the act of committing a crime).
- II. How to express it in one word
- Dead skin in small scales among the hair. Man who pays too much care of his
- clothes and personal appearance. Person or object too much loved.
- First light of day. Complete failure to reach an agreement.

Solutions to last week's questions

- Violent windstorm: Cyclone (n) 2. Person who sees little or no good in
- 2. Person who sees have of the garanything: Cynic (n)
 3. Metrical foot of one long syllable followed by two short syllables: Dactyl (n)
 4. Building where milk is kept and milk products are made: Dairy (n)
 5. Wall built to keep back water and raise its
- level: Dam (n)

- III. Grammar and Composition
- a) Composition Given below are a few structures. Say what communicative function they intend to
- 1. Yemen is an open museum.; 2. I'm going to tell the truth.; 3. I wish I had studied hard.; 4. It is likely to rain.; 5. You can use my car

c) Words commonly confounded Bring out the differences in the following 1. abject, object; 2. attention, retention 3. attire, retire; 4. attorney, advocate

a) Grammar and composition

- 1. ibid (from 'ibidem') means: in the same place or by the same author
- 2. Op. cit. (from 'opere citato') means in the work cited
- 3. Loc. cit (from 'loco citato') means in the place cited
- idem means the same
- 5. cf. means specific page

b) Idioms and phrases

- 1. answerable to (responsible to): We, the teaching community, are answerable to the society for deterioration in education.
- annoyed with (angry with): The teacher was annoyed with the student for the latter's inattentiveness.
- 3. in anticipation (in advance): Thank you in anticipation for your help.
- antagonistic to (opposed to): He has all along been antagonistic to my interests.
- antipathetic (strong dislike towards): As a teacher you should not be antipathetic to the needs of students.

- c) Words commonly confounded astonish (v.t) (surprise greatly): Everybody was astonished at the news. surprise (v.t) give a sudden, unexpected feeling): I am surprised to learn about his
- astrology (n) (art of predicting human affairs from the position of stars): He is a student of astrology. astronomy (n) (science of the sun, moon,
- stars, and planets): The University has recently opened the department of Astronomy.
 3. attach (v.t) (join one thing to another):
- Please attach the documents to the original letter. attaché (n) (person who is attached to the staff of an ambassador): Please meet the Cultural Attaché at the embassy for a visa.
- attain (v.t) (succeed in dong or getting): Hard work will help you attain your retain (v.t) (continue to have or hold): This
- 5. attire (n) (dress): I saw him in his holiday retire (v.t) (withdraw): I have recently retired from the government service.

IV. Pearls from the Holy Quran



V. Words of Wisdom "Men are born to succeed, not to fail" -Henry David Thoreau

Due to constraints of space, this week's lesson appears in a curtailed form. Our sincere apologies to our readers

The valedictory address was given by

Dr. Abdullah Al-Hamzi from the

The fourth session was presided over by Prof. D. D. Sharma and began with a presentation by Prof. R. N. Bakshi, Department of English, Faculty of Education, University of Hodeidah on

Local Press

Prepared by Mohammed Khidhr



June , 2002,

- General people congress party continues its attacks
- Security forces occupied with affairs other than security,
- Security men enkindle hostile feelings in Sana'a university.
- Group of political parties leadership stage sit-in in front of Human rights ministry.

Columnist Zaid AL-Shami says in his article this week that use of force against the defenseless citizens by the authority has become a system. Security men and employees are instigated against the citizens. There are many images of violence used against peddlers, workers, farmers and tax-payers. Students have got the biggest share of violence practiced on them, especially recently. Coercive ways have been used against them to intimidate them, confiscate their will and prevent them from exercising their activities. Such practices were extended to ban holding their elections at universities halls and even to use gunfire. Danger does not lie in feeling of those responsible for the attacks as being immune of accountability. This violence also gives a pretest to an allegation that Yemen is an unstable country and the sate is unable to carry out its tasks.



Annas weekly, 10 June 2002

Main Headlines:

- Merchants asks the government to invest their properties in return for 3% profits.
- Parliament does not put issue of al-Qaeda detainees on its agenda.
- Guantanamo detainees get international defense
- Serwah charitable society inaugurated

Dr. Abdulghani Qassem, head of education department at Sana'a university confirms that despite partially of American policy to Israel's interests, especially after 11 September events, the Palestinian leadership and some Arab regimes rush towards submission to U.S. dictates. This surrender mechanism implementation entrusted with major U.S. delegates. The first adopts achievement of Israeli security. The second is concerned with political solution, the features of which are defined by Israel. The third, head of the U.S. CIA, plays the role of securing the Arab cover for both security and political solutions that give Israel all that it wants and postpone all the issues connected to the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. The American delegations, during their meetings Arafat. have been keen to impose one demand he has to meet, i.e. protection of the Israeli colonialists entity. They dictate items of security reform of the structures of the Palestinian authority, leading to stopping all martyrdom operations. At the same time the war criminal Sharon continues his crimes against the Palestinian people. Security is for Israel. The Palestinians do not have any right to homeland nor to security.



Al-Thawri weekly, organ of Yemeni Socialist Party 13 June 2002.

Main headlines:

- Call for abolishing the 16-men list "al-Qaeda sympathizers group"
- threaten of suicide operations in
- Orders on searching all Yemenis before entering the U.S.
- International bar organization, ready to defend Yemenis detained in Guantanamo

The newspaper editorial begins with a question on how could a strong homeland be built with shackled hands, broken will and confiscated rights?

The editorial maintains that freedom

and increase in number of its disciples is a painful premonition for the regime. It moves in it all values of hatred towards others and a desire for suppression to abort any initiative or a civil grouping announcing its alignment with peoples' right to live and work under a clean political climate and under the umbrella of a state showing respect to humanity of its citizens and their natural rights. Registers on human rights in Yemen proved the broadening of the scale of attacking public and civil freedoms. This is an outcome of the increasing number of those defending freedoms in the face of oppression.

Raising the ceiling of violations and expanding authorities of apparatuses and keeping them outside legal accountability would not achieve a permanent stability to the ruling regime. Authorities are called to stop enlarging of its ill-famed record of human rights and release freedoms and set themselves free from being enslaved to power and haughtiness.



Al-Wahda weekly, 12 June 2002

Main Headlines:

- Opposition renews the call for national dialogue with the authority
- Endowments undersecretary warns against rendering mosques into arenas for parties squabbles
- Republic divided to more than 5,100 electoral constituencies.
- Yemeni Journalists Syndicate refus-
- es imprisonment of its members Media men Fund to be inaugurated
- Yemeni expatriates bank soon

Columnist Mohammed al-Zubaidi discusses in an article the feasibility of the Arabs and Muslims with the limited states of America. He reiterates what he believes that Arabs and Muslims alliance with the U.S. is useless and that the U.S. has dispensed with holding alliance with others by its alliance with Israel. The U.S. president George W. Bush, in his stance towards Arab and

Muslims, sees no difference between moderate and extremist, conservative or radical. According to the U.S. and Israeli concept, the Palestinian authority should merely be a body depending Israel's security and that is what they think of the proposed reform of the Palestinian authority system and structure. It is to be noted that in the wake of Beirut Arab Summit, the U.S. has tried to form axes among the Arab countries. One of the most prominent results of this attempt is to tempt the Arab countries bordering Israel to work for neutralizing the AL-Aqsa intifadha and ignoring rightfulness of self-defense, resistance of the Zionist entity and martyrdom operations.

A question may be raised on whether the Arabs and Muslims should follow other ways and probe the stand of Europe, and whether it could adopt effective and independent attitudes, even if they were through the United Nations?



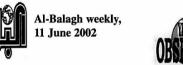
Al-Wahdawi weekly, organ of the Nasserite Unionist People's Organization 11 June

Main Headlines:

- Nine people killed in Sana'a, Taiz, tension continues in al-Haima
- Al-Munqith company helps aggravate media campaign between General People Congress party and
- Al-Mikhlafi calls on Elections Higher Committee to commit to impartiality
- National condemnation of at terrorism, continued kidnap of Muhsin, return to oppression
- Two young girls kidnapped in downtown Sana'a

Columnist Ali AL-Saqqaf comments this week on the war of words between the ruling party's organ and Israel. He says AL-Mithag weekly newspaper has recently intensified its assailing campaign on opposition parties and newspapers, which involved a number of journalists. Al-Saqqaf adds that the latest issue of the ruling party organ devoted most of its campaign agairst al-Islah party, using the term of "terroiism", which reminds us of Bush's media in the wake of September events in the U.S. The newspaper has in its editorial threatened that al-Islah would face the same destiny of forces it described as apostate and secessionist.

The columnist confirmed that he was not in the process of defending Islah, but criticized al-Mithag weekly describing it as "playing with fire" and warned that the fire could extent to all. He asked whether the ruling party's newspaper would priorities the homelands' interest.



Main Headlines:

- American calls for threat to blast al-Oaeda
- American accuses Yemen as being "logistic" place for al-Qaeda
- Tribes from Mareb block transporting oil products to Sa'ada
- Media was between U.S. intelligence organizations, scoring accounts
- Kuwait citizens accuse as 11 September events' mastermind.

The newspaper's editorial this week has been devoted to Yemeni-Saudi developing relations, citing that the recent periodical meeting of the Yemeni-Saudi coordination council ushers a confirmation of development of these relations. The coordination council meeting is headed by Yemeni prime minister Abdulqader ba Jammal and the Saudi second deputy premier Prince Sultan bin Abdulaziz. Yemeni-Saudi relations have inaugurated a new era with the signing of the border agreement between the two countries.

The editorial maintains that the two brethren peoples expect much from these meetings particularly concerning the level of practical coordination in the agreed upon fields, mainly in economic area and volume of mutual investments, as well as coordination in tariff and standardization areas. Attention should also be given to the issue of coordination in the education area, especially after the two countries have been accused by the United States on the existence of a fertile land in these countries for the growth of terror through education. This issue should be given much attention by the two countries and to found coordination between them. By this accusation the intention is to interfere in school curricula especially religious subjects, Arabic language and history. We stress the necessity of coordination between the two countries in all fields.



Yemen Observer English-language weekly 15 June 2002.

Main headlines:

- Yemeni-Saudi coordination council convenes in Jeddah
- Slashing jobs on massive scale
- Eritrea seizes 15 Yemeni boats

The newspaper's editorial says that the government, in its endeavor to make administrative and financial reforms a reality, must've taken into account the significance of providing a fair and competent judicial system and eliminate all types of crookedness that kept standing in the way of implementing the law. The system must undergo radical reforms so as to solve everybody's

peaceful and stable life. Unfortunately, this system is still suffering from bureaucracy in which cases can take years to be settled- something that often results in deepening the misery of people and intensifying their conflicts, especially when revenge is involved.

disputes and help them live in more

However, perhaps reforms directed at the judicial system will help make things less complicated through loosening the grip of centralism in this vital

World Press

Major news items in leading international newspapers Provided by Xinhua

Egypt

Al Ahram

The Santo Domingo University Council has decided to present the honorary professor degree to Mrs Suzanne Mubarak in appreciation of her role on the national, regional and international role in developing society and social work.

Al Akhbar

Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and his Yemeni counterpart Ali Abdullah Saleh held a phone conversation on Friday, discussing the latest developments in Palestine in light of the efforts exerted by regional and international sides to reach a just and durable solution.

Al Gomhuria

The Egyptian cabinet will hold a meeting next Wednesday to discuss President Hosni Mubarak's efforts to defuse tension between Palestinians and Israelis to revive peace in the

Egyptian Mail

Lebanon

Palestinian state.

Security forces watch "Christian fundamentalists" assault a bishop whose theological opinions they reject, then arrest them after the attack is taped and shown on television.

DAILY STAR

Taxi drivers back away from threats to block streets over a new government ban on cheap diesel that spews pollu-

AL-ANWAR

U.S. President George W. Bush pre-

Middle East.

Egyptian Tourism Minister Mamdouh El-Beltagui on Friday highlighted the importance of Sharm El Sheikh as a city of peace, saying that the UNESCO decision chosing the Egyptian Red Sea resort as the 2001/2002 city of peace evolved from the fact that the city stands tall as a symbol of national liberation struggle and the will to restore all Egyptian lands that were once occupied.

AS-SAFIR

AN-NAHAR Bush: A car bomb attack on the U.S. consulate in Karachi will not scare the United States.

pares to float a plan to establish a

AL-MUSTAQBAL

The prime minister: A decision to grant visas at all land, air and sea borders is step toward a Lebanon that is a centre for regional tourism.

Indai

India Friday firmly ruled out any foreign forces on Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir, saying it was ready for dialogue with Pakistan if Islamabad created an atmosphere conducive for it and hinted at further confidence building measures to ease ten-

The Hindustan Times

India Friday strongly condemned the car bomb attack on the U. S. Consulate in Pakistan and said this was yet another terrorist act by suicide bombers in Karachi.

The Times of India

Exchange of fire and shelling between Indian and Pakistani troops along the Line of Control and International Border in Jammu and Kashmir has reduced since Thursday evening, military officials said Friday.

The India Express

Pakistan Observer

U.S. Defense Secretary Donald

Dawn

The U.S. government has temporarily closed its embassy and consulates in Pakistan following Friday's terrorist attack outside the U.S. consulate in Karachi.

Japan

Asahi, Mainichi, Yomiuri, Nihon

Keizai Japan reach World Cup 2nd round

Nihon Keizai The Japanese government's tax panel calls for cutting income tax deductions.

with 2-0 win over Tunisia.

Yomiuri Japan's Toppan Printing Co. is to

Pakistan

The Frontier Post General Musharraf, terming Friday Karachi suicide bomb blast attack as a naked act of terrorism, gave on the spot instruction to Governor of Sindh Mian Mohammad Soomro and thelocal administration to take all necessary steps to nab the culprits and bring them to justice.

The News

A car bomb outside the U.S. Consulate in Karachi killed at least 11 Pakistanis on Friday, less than a day after U.S. Defense Secretary Donald Rumsfeld left the country, police said.

Rumsfeld said on Thursday that he believes the danger of a nuclear confrontation between India and Pakistan has passed.

Mainichi

Japan's ex-Forestry Agency official says lawmaker Muneo Suzuki asked for favors for logging company supporting him.

build color-filter plant in China.

Philippines

Manila Bulletin

Philippine Executive Secretary Alberto Romulo said Friday that President Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo does not have any immediate plans to effect a major reshuffle of her cabinet despite her recent move filling up vacancies in key government posi-

The Philippine Star:

Police said Friday that the only daughter of the owner of one of the

panies was abducted Thursday night by armed men as she was leaving her office in Valenzuela, Metro Manila.

Philippines' top processed meat com-

Philippine Daily Inquirer

The standoff in the Senate appears to have been breached with three administration senators now publicly declaring their recognition of the opposition as the "new majority" in the chamber.

Kenya

Kenya Times

Kenyan President Daniel arap Moi on Friday said that members of the East African Legislative Assembly (EALA) have an enormous task of establishing structures and policies if the dream of achieving regional integration is to be achieved.

Daily Nation

Donor funding could resume next

The World Bank has announced that Nigeria and 22 other developing coun-"Education for All Fast Track", which is designed to enable them to meet the millennium development goal of providing every child with quality pri-

Nigeria's Senate Public Accounts Committee Friday declared that some 11.7 billion naira (about 100.9 million

the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund and the government slated for July, said Kenyan Finance Minister Chris Obure.

month following a meeting between

East African Standard:

Two people died and several others were injured in an early morning accident along the Nairobi-Naivasha Highway.

Nigeria

The Guardian

tries are to benefit from the bank's mary education by 2015.

This Day:

U.S. dollars) of the total 40.7 billion naira (350.9 million dollars) recovered from the family of late Head of State Sani Abacha is missing.

Vanguard:

The Central Bank of Nigeria has said the government is injecting 35 billion naira (about 301.7 million U.S.dollars) into the nation's economy over a five-year period under a special equity investment scheme for small and medium-scale industrialists.



Aden: 244267, Hodeida: 201496, Taiz: 258203, Email: SABABANK @y.net.ye



Technology Experts ISO 9001 Certified Tel:503866 Wah site:



Stationeries

Al-Zahra Stationery For School & Office Supplies

ALL YOUR NEEDS UNDER ONE ROOF.

Hadda Str. Sana'a Infront of Yemenia Airline, Tel: 240207 Fax: 268041

STATIONERY



كل ما تحتاجونه. تحد

شارع حدة، امام الخطوط الجوية الي ت: ۲۶۵۰۴۱ - فاکس: ۲۹۵۰۴۱

دبي تكنولوجي

للتقنية والكمبيوتر Dubai Technology for Technich & Computer

IAL-FALAK

Exclusive Importer & Distributors ot Computers / Spare, Accessories Ribbons, Laser Toner & Ink cartridges

E-mail: falak@v.net.ye Home Page: y.net.ye/falak

- Mouse PS/2 Scrool

Case ATX SPADER

Fax Modem 56KB

- Printer Epson Styles

- Scanner LG 620 bit LG

- CD ROM 52x

240W

Sana'a

Telefax: 216721 Tel: 219470-219610, P.O.box: 19398 - Cr: 7914193, Pager: 5800728

CPU 1000 MHz Intel Cleroon

- MB Intel Original 815 PIII

- RAM 128 MB SD RAM

Computer & Info.

PC 133

Techique

Tel. 409693 - 71712515 \$1875 OWIN

Cargo

■ Al-Nasim Cargo Forwarders for packing, customs clearance, domestic & international forwarding air & sea. Contact: Al-Nasim cargo forwarder. Al-Zubairi St Sanaa. Tel: 275903 / 216048 / 407905

■ ITS Global Logistics, Tel: 967-1-218142 (5 lines) Fax: 967-1209940 Email:itsgroup@y.net.ye itsglobalogistic@y.net.ye P. O. Box 25159, Sana'a., R.O.Y. Business Development, 73217750 Customer Service: 73212272 Operations: 73217752 Exemptions 73214700 Global Logistic Solutions International Fright Forwarding (Land/ Sea/ Air). Weather Proof Packing, Removals & Warehousing International Door-to-door services

Exemption ■ Red Sea Packing, General Trading Agency.(Circle International). Packing, Travels, Forwarding, Custom Clearance, Copiers, Faxes, Stencil Duplicators, Copy printers. Tel: 264089 /090/124 Fax: 00967-1-264104/417387. email: redsea@y.net.ye. Hadda Complex

(Worldwide). Customs clearance,

B. 6. P.O. Box: 19227, Sana'a, ROY. ■ YEMEN PACKING & FORWARDING CO. (YEMPAC CARGO)

Tel: 967-1-208898 Fax: 967-1-208897 E-mail: yempac@y.net.ye. Operations: 408518/7904603 Sales & Mkt: 408517/ 73208898, Clearance: 408518. Global Logistic Solutions International Fright Forwarders

(Land/Sea/Air). Weather Proof

Situations

Vacant

is required to work

Fax:01/448234

Hadda st.

■ We are seeking

employees to work

■ The British

for qualified teachers for

440719

English

Insurance

WORNT

■ Trust Yemen Insurance & Reinsurance Co. Sanaa-Hadda Str. Villa No. 143 - Tel 264263Fax:263234

fastest way to send AL-HAMD FOR EXCHANGE. Abdulmughnee St. Sana'a. Tel:286562, 273069 Fax: 272660 286563. E-mail: ALHAMD@ye.net

TRAVELS

■ Al-Nasim Travel & Tourism. For domestic & interna-tional air ickets with price ousters- all airlines. Tel: 219890/270750 Alkumaim trading center Hadda st

272661. Taiz: 26 Sept. Str. Tel: 221204, Aden: Al-Maidan Str. Tel: 258200

■ OMEGA Swiss Watches Union Agency. Sana'a trade center Tel Teiz: Tel. 252323, Aden

212361, Al-Qaser St. Tel. 272827, Fax: 272479, Tel. 256688

Money Transfer

■ Western Union the

Watches

■ SEIKO Agency

Poultry

FARMS General Manager: Damar Radaa St.

AL-FALAH

POULTRY

المدير العام: ناصر احمد مهراس ذمار خطارداع، جوار إشارة الموور، ت ١٩٤٠، ٥٠٦١٥٧، و١٥٠٠، سيار: ٢٩٤٧، فاكس ٥٠٢٤٢٩ Tel. 501400, Mobile رع صنعاء ش. الزبيري، جوار عمارة عذبان تلفاكس ٢٠٧٨٢٤ 7907401, Fax: 502429

Travels

ADHBAN

ADHBAN

TRAVEL & TOURISM

طيران

0

89 4

4

دواجن

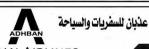
مسزارع الفلاح

للدواجن



الضطوط التونسية صنعات تلفون: ۲۷۲۸۰۳, ۲۷۲۹۷۳. تلفاکس: ۲۷۲۸۰۹، ص پ ۱۱۰۰۵، برید الکثرونی:travel@y.net.ye

Y.net



SAUDI ARABIAN AIRLINES الخطوط الجوية العربية السعودية بع والعبسرة Umra / Haj





مصم للطيران EGYPTAIR

يسر الخطوط الجوية المصرية أن تعلن لعملانها الكرام عن استئناف رحلاتها من صنعاء وعدن الى القاهرة وجميع انحاء العالم ابتداء من 1 ابريل2002 من صنعاء يومي الاثنين والجمعة ومن عدن يوم الخميس.

للاتصال: ت: ۲۷۰۰٦۱ ۲۷۳٤٥۲ فاکس: ۲۷۰۰٦۲

Al-.Jahmi for Travel & Tourism

مفريات والسياحة شارع مدينة حدة السكنية، تلفاكس: ٤٢٠١٤٥، ص.ب: ١٦٩٧٢صنعاء 420145, P.O.Box: 16972, Sana'a

5 CONTINENTS TOURS & TRAVEL القارات الخبس

خدمات حج وعمرة 412109, Fax: 412108, WWW.56 Email: 5ctt@y.net.ye

للسياهة والعفريات

Dear readers,

When sending your Free classified Ads to this page, use clear hand writing so we meet all your needs and requests.

& Short term leases. Call

Home/Office

Equipment

Tarek: 7372-5150

Standard. Available Long 73885765

Job Seekers

puter. Tel. 440418 / 440

as saleswomen in
Mr. Christopher: Ten our cloth shops. years Exp. in secretary Mobile: 73201304 F a h m i field worked in Mohammed, Singapore, Maldives and 73810416, Tel. 203827 Institute for lan- (2pm-4pm).

for British, American, (Electrical + Electronics)
For rent: 94 Mercedes-Secretary, Teacher or in ■ Yemen International industries. Tel. 71759242 School (YIS) is looking

Real Estate

the year 2002/2003 in the ■ Needed: an apartment following subjects: sci- in Hadda zone, two rooms ences, mathematics, with the phone. Barab. English, sports, computer, Tel. 204037

fine arts and crafts (in For sale: land in Dar language) Sa'ad, Aden behind the

information please call: Mohammed al-Jawfi, at

Vehicles

mobile: 73200552 India, Needs job. Mobile:

For sale: 2002 hundai Accent in excellent condition, 4000 km, Saeed guages is looking Mrs. Mabel: B.E. 71110809

Russian teachers. Tel. degree holder, needs job, Benz E-320, Luxurious, for a week phonebook
For sale: computer Rajamony has

وائل، محمد، منذر، امين قاسم، جلنار، سجى احمد حي، هادي جميل.. وجميع زملائهم في روضة ومدرسة عالم الطفل يهنؤون

الف مبروك

سیریسن، ری بمناسبة النجاح والتفوق

الهـ مبروك نهنى ونبارك للاخ / محمد احمد الــ

وعقبي للفرحة الكبري المعنوون: ---ويوس جميع موظفي مؤسسة الكهرباء، ونادي القادسي لرياضي/الثقافي، واخواك/ سليم، قيس، احد مطهر، ياسر، ومحمد البدوي

مناسبة الخطوبة وقرب الزفاف، والف ميرول

Computer ■ For sale: Monitor

very clean & comfortable, with all the accessories, Well exp. pets

6 CD changer, American only \$269, Mado. Tel. trainer is avail-

(new-modern) + keyboard microsoft + mousepad ■ For sale: NOKIA cell (new), only 145\$, Amr M. phone (8310) used only Tel. 322559

500 name + call recorder, Pentium II, Compatible lost her two origi-

خالد يحي ابو ست

lost item ■ Jaya Jasmin

آهلين «إلياس» الەـ مېرويك أجمل التهاني والتبريكات مكللة بأريح بسعادة غامرة استقبل الزميلان:

الطل والياسمين نزهها للأخ/ مجيب الرهمن همود الروشة سهير المقطري بمناسية ابتناقه المعلودة الحديية وإشراق المقطري (رحمة) .. فألف ميروك مولودهما الجديد (إلياس) للرميلين أجمل النهاني.. ولـ «إلياس» المحنثون: والدتك، خالد حمود البعبعي، الصحة الدائمة والعمر العديد

R. of Y.- Sana'a, Hadda Str. Tel/Fax: 240419 P.O.Box: 19613

ج ي - صنعاء - شارع حدة - تليفاكس: ٤١٩ - ٢٤٠ - ص. ب: ١٩٦١٢

TEHAMA FOR STATIONERY

Computer, Stationery & School, educational tools We do not make the impossible. However, we are the best

Sana'a, Hadda Str.Tel: 263602, Telfax: 263637, Pager. 5830590, Mobile: 7903445, PO.Box: 8130, Hodeidah Branch: Tel. 201171/2 Email: cnp@y.net.ye

Khaled Bin Al-Waleed Stationery Books World Yemen's

For printing & stablishing ترقبوا افتتاح فرعنا الجديد في مركز شميلة هاري



ال (۱۹۸۰-۱۹۰۰) بیجرز (۱۹۲۰-۱۹۰۹) تفاکس (۱۹۲۲-۱۹۰۹) بیجرز (۱۹۲۰۵-۱۹۰۹) بیجرز (۱۹۲۰-۱۹۰۹) بیجرز (۱۹۲۰-۱۹۰۹) برخیاً نزینکو دس بدا ۱۹۴۰) سیارز (۱۹۹۰-۱۹۰۹) برخیاً نزینکو دس بدا ۱۹۲۰) فرع الحدیدة: تا ۱۹۲۲-۱۹۰۹ فاکس (۱۹۱۲-۱۹۰۹) بربد انتدونی enp@y.net.ye

Shaharan Hotel

Amoudi Plaza Hotel

ComputerMan language

& computer Education

United Insurance

Aman Insurance

Sana'a 272713/874 Taiz 250029

260827, Taiz; 260744,

Marib Insurance

Hodeidah: 219545/8

Mukalla: 304292,

Aden: 255668

Trust Yemen

Arab Insurance Company

Sana'a 440648/9 - 243296.

Yemen Insurance company

272962/43, Aden: 247617

Al-Hussein National Schools

Al-Majd Yemen School

The English School

Sana'a Turkish School

Ashtal Travel & Tourism

Tulip School

Sanaa International School

Taiz: 215012/825

German Language Institute

Hodeidah: 206485-219969,

Al-Watania Insurance (Y.S.C.)

Mukalla: 309744, Abyan: 604030

The British Institute for Languages

Elephant BayBeach Resort

ADEN:

باعة والنشر والتوزيع

ج ي - صنعاء - جوارهوأمام وزارةً العدل، تليفاكس: ٢٢٤٦٩٤، تليفون: ٢٧٦٣٤٧، ص.ب: ٢٢٧٠، الدائري ت: ٢١٥٢٤٢

MEDICALITY

Per line, Per year \$150 Only

Electricity problems Emergency Police 203131/3 Red Crescent Telephone enquires 7522202 Tel-Yemen Water Problem 7522227

AIRLINES.

278668/283082 Continental Airlin Egypt Air 273452/275061 440922 Lufthansa 213400/219252

Yemeni Banks: Central Bank Yemeni Islamic Bank Sana'a: 401552-205678 251816 Taiz:

Hodeidah: 213517 YBRD 271623/4 BRANCH OF FOREIGN BANKS: Yemen Gulf Bank Fax: 260824 Tel. 967-1-260823 Arab Bank Ltd: Credit Agricole Indosuez

274371/2/3 Head Office: Al-Zubiry St. 272802/1/20 Al-Qasr St. Al-Qasr St. 272802/1/20 Aden : Al-Ma'alla St: 02/247402/3/4 Hodeidah 26th Sept. St.: 03/2195067
Taiz Al-Mugama'a St.: 04/210568/9/50
Mukalla:Hay Addis-main St.: 05/352917-306560

Airport Station Hertz Rent a Car Sana'a: 01-440309

Yemen Limozeen Rent A Car 417346-7927920

COMPUTER EDUCATION

CAR RENTAL

TRAINING CENTER III Quality Computer E

APTECH Computer Education (Internet Focussed Curriculum, E-commerce, ISO 9001 Certified) Aden: 02-237199 Taiz: 04-250343 Mukalla: 05-307492

Tel. 291313, Pager: 1-

5878485, code

pets

able, also we sup-

ply quality pup-

pies, Contact.

Christopher at

71759242

المهنؤون: جميع الأصدقاء والأهل

(888)

445518/7-442073 Sana'a: 01 -440677

Hadda Hotel: Hadda Town:

To participate in this section contact Mr. Victor. at. 268661/2/3 Ext: 213/114 Mobile: 73810416

Modern British Institute (University Branch) 203689

INSURANCE COMPANIES

Aden: 244295, Taiz: 251454, Hodeidah: 201110

278426/9/8

418320/1

(02) 247000/1-5

(02) 202055

440673

Sana'a 214232

Mukalla: 305051

Sana'a 202105/6

Aden: 240971-24801

Aden: 243490-242476

Hodeidalı 219941/4/6

Aden: 257875-

Taiz:240927/34

264263

Hodaida: 279672/3,

Sana'a: 206129/8/13

Sana'a: 272806.

Hodeidah: 252392

Taiz: 250345

412826/

206159

370191

419308

412249

412128

263369-266412

كتب دينية/ثقافية/ قانونية/ عامة. لوازم مكتبية ومدرس

نحن لا نوجد المستحيل.. لكننا الأفضل.

269171/448-266152

Hodeidah:234982, Ibb:411988

Mukalla 302641,Seuyn: 402469

COMPUTER SALES Numbers

Yempac

Tourism

ARAMEX Sana'a: 441024/5, Aden:243124 Hodeidah: 219643, Ibb: 406882 Taiz: 213489, Mukalla 309190 Sana'a: 440170, Aden: 247603 FedEx.

COURIERS

DENTAL CLINIC 400443/218824 Shehab Dental Center

FREIGHT FORWARDERS Al-Nasim Cargo Forwarders 278674/7909110 Al-Rawahil Olympia ma'a: 441024/5 Griffin Logistics Ltd. Sana'a: 440166 Gulf Air Cargo 440891/344467

ITS Global Logistics 218142 Marib Travel & Tourism (Cargo Division) 441109/126 Fax: 440733

Sana'a 208898-408518

254032

415900

GOVERNMENT OFFICES 202544/7 Foreign Affairs Immigration 250761/3 er-City Bus Co. Ministry of Comr 325110/1/2/3

332001/2 GSM CUSTOMER SERVICE

Saba fon 71111211 Siemens, Tihama

(+ HOSPITALS

The First Clinic For Neurologic And Psychiatric Patients 204252 Azal Specialized Hospital 79077330/200000 Al-Jelani Hospital 615402-615400 Al-Jumhury Hospital Al-Raboie Hospital Yemen Emirates Hospital 200830/200730 Al-Thawra Hospital 246366 Yemen Specialized Hospital

HOTELS

00SANA'A: Dream Land Hotel; 255511/6 415212/5

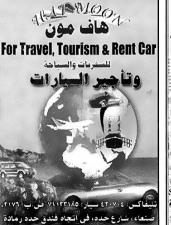
Al-Hussn Traveling Fax: 502241 Tel. 264850 Al-Nasim Travel 270750 Al-Sunidar Travels Fax: 265202 Tel. 500808 Arabian Peninsula T & T Fax: 414798 Tel. 414755 Bon Voyage Travels Tel. 444000 **Business Travel Center** Murian Travel Fax: 216028 Tel: 400722 Sky Travels Fax: 266258 Tel: 260932-46 Universal Business Travel Center Tel: 441158

Yemen International School, Tel.412023 Fax:422500

TRAVEL

University of Applied Science and Social Sana'a: 400587/254492 Aden: 234533/234960 Sana'a University

with accessories except nal certificates here in Registration for nurse. 2- please contact us. You printer in a good condi- Sana'a. The title of the Certificate of registration will be rewarded mobile: tion, price - negotiable, certificates are as follows: for Midwife. If anyone 73810416 Certificate of find these certificates



حمداً لله على السلامة

اجمل التهاني مكللة بأريج الفل والورد والرياحين نزفها للاخ/

محمد الدروبي

مناسبة عودته من القاهرة بسلامة الله.

المهنئون: مرزوق على حسن الوادعي، مدير ادارة

مكتب العميد - كلية التجارة/خمر

وكافة موظفي الكلية

تعلن وكالة المنار للسفريات والسياحة وخدمات الحج والعمرة



صفعات عمارة الغراسي شارع حدة ت: ۲۰۱۸ / ۲۱۹۳۷ ، فاعلس: ۲۰۰۸ ۲۰ مدنا حریش: شارع الزعفوان ت: ۲۰۵۰ ۲۸ ۲۰ ۲۰ فاعش: ۲۰۸۲۲۸ (۲۰۸۲۳۰)

اجمل التهاني مكللة بأريج الفل والورد والرياحين نزفها للخال العزيز/ عبد الرحمن عبد الفنى الحقاف

ة الضيف الجديد الذي حل على منزله والذي أسما محمد) نسال الله أن يجعله قرة عين والديه وأن بشته نباتاً حسناً والفالف مبروك المهنئون: بسام جميل السقاف، زهير عبد الواحد السقاف وجميع الأهل والزملاء...

- HD 20GB IDE Maxtor - Monitor 15" LG Keyboard PS/2M.M. Ginuse Telefax: 210314, P.O.Box: 522, E-mail: MCIT@y.net.ye ء ش. مقديشم ت: ٥-٨٨-٢-٢٠٤١، عالم الكثرون والكم

THE BEST IN PACKING

& FORWARDING

Tel.: 967-1-208898 - 408518

Fax: 208897,

Email: yempac@y.net.ye

P.O.Box: 3366.

SANA'A REPUBLIC OF YEMEN.

WEB: http/www.yempac.com

Griffin Logistics, Ltd.

P.O. Box 15079, Sana'a, Yemen

Tel.: +967-1-440166
Fax: +967-1-440232
E.Mail: info@griffinlogistics.com
W: http://www.griffinlogistics.com

Serving you whole - heartedly

Freight Forwarding Air/Sea

Tel.1-441109/126, Fax:1-44073

E-mail: maribcargo@v.net.ve

P.O.Box: 161,

Rep. of Yeme

Warehousing International Door

Customs clearance Exemptions

Islamic, Quran, Arabic, Aden Blaza for furniture

Social Studies (in Arabic suits on Aden-Taiz high-

language), Also Teachers way totaling 25 and 75

to-door services (Worldwide).

■ A female dentist specialized in teaching square km. It is 50 years

IGCSE subjects, All

language and at least two

Needed: years experience in teach-

teachers, secretary can speak

in a private dental teachers must have a

clinic in Sana'a, B.Sc. or B.A. in their spe-

please call or fax: cialized field and com-

Tel. 01/448235, plete command of English

American ing. Sent CVs to

is looking for for- Needed: Female /male

73835748-249294, English and type on com-

190

Academic Institute fax422506

women

Customs Brokers

Packers, Movers

Warehousing

Transportation

Packing, removals &

Door-to-Door Delivery

&TOUBISM

مارب

شحن

بابل للطباعة والنشر

وإجهزة الكمبيوتر التطورة...

طباعة على أحدث آلات الأوفست

الطباعة بروح العصر ونبض الأصاله ووهج الابداع

صنعاء - شارع حدد جوار جامع حجرت ١٤٠٠٧٠ - فاكس ٢٦٠٢١٧

QOMPAQ Sales - Maintenance

- Networks -

Programming

DELL INTELL

LG

Hp

Acer

Office xp

(مجاناً)..

هلا «محمد»

أجمل التهانى والتبريكات مكللة بأريج الطل والياسمين

نزفها للأخ العزيز الأستاذ/

صائح يحى وهبان

مناسبةارتزاقه هولوده الجديد الذع أسماه (محمد)، جعله الله قرة

عين والديه وانيته نياتاً حسناً..

الممنئون:

الحاج/ احمد الكعلاني، وعادل

وعرفات، و عبد الله، والبراق،

وحسن، وياسر، ومعمد الكحلاني، ومحمد عادل، وهاشم

واسعد عبد القادر، وجميع أل

Petroleum Testing Equipment - Scientific - Educational Laboratorie

- - Equipment & Supplies -Industrial Fine Chemical

P.O.Box: 13041, Sana'a-Yemen, Al-Qaser Str., Tel. 01-276202, Fax: 278872 E-mail: alshamil@y.net.ye

للأدوية والمستلزمات الطبية والتجارة العامة

Derhem Al-Absi Stores

for midicens, medical appliances & General Trading

Telephone: 00 967 1 421 289, Fax:

421 290, E-mail:

RAWDHA.CO@NET.YE

Universal Companies Agents

Physical addr: Hadda district, st (24), Sana'a -

Yemen Republic, current letter box# 17066

EBLA for Pharmaceutical Industries S.A.R

مركز شهيات لطت وتقويم الأسنان

ملحق بالمركز: معمل حديث لصناعة الأسنان الخزف وتركيب الأطقم الكاملة

والجزئية وأجهزة التقويم. شارع الزبيري، صنعاء. Tel. 218824

Shehab Dental Center

provides you a comprehensive dental treatment الآن فحص الاسنان بالكمبيوتر

Alliance

LIMMER

المعهد الحديث للغات والكمبيوتر وبالتعاون مع شارب للأنظمة مفاجأة الموسم وبأسمار رمزية لا تضاهى

سجل دورة لغة انجليزية تحصل على دورة كمبيوتر مجاناً. سجل دبلوم كمبيوتر تحصل على دورة لغة انجليزية مجاناً. سجل دبلوم لغة انجليزية تحصل على دبلوم كمبيوتر مجاناً. سجل دبلوم لغة انجليزية دبلوم كمبيوتر تحصل على جهاز كمبيوتر جديد مجاتاً

شارع الدائري امام الجامعة القديمة، ت: ٢١٦٨٠٨، سيار: ٧٢٨٠٥٥٢٣ Yemen - Sana'a - Hadda City 0 Zero St. - Tel. 414316, Fax:414315

BROTHER Ba Magramah Technics

شارع الدائري امام الجامعة القديمة، ت: ٢١٦٨٠٨، سيار: ٢٨٠٥٥٢٢/

– دورات تسويق

صنعاء – حدة المدينة – تقاطع ش. صفر – ت: ١٤٩١٠، سيار: ٧١١٠٩٥٢٢

هيزات المعهد: جوائر ثمينة لأوائل الدبلومات - أجهزة حديثة ومتطورة،



مشوات تحميلة/عصية، معالجة عص ركيبات ثابتة/متحركة، جسور خزفية. ملحق في خاص بالنساء، معمل خاص بصناعة الاسنان.

د. خالد العلطان

مبعات - صيانة - شبكات - برمجة

كمبيوتـر - لفــات - خياطـ

تقوية في المناهج الاعداداية والثانوية

كوادر يمنية واجنبية اكفاء - وسائل تعليمية سمعية وبصرية

والطالبات من الساعة ١ ظهراً حتى ٢ ومن الساعة ٦ مساءً حتى ١١ ليلاً

سجل دبلوم سكرتارية.. تحصل على دورة انترنت

اجهزة كمبيوتر ومستلزماتها - اجهزة ستالايت



Sana'a - Ali Abdulmogni St. Tel.: 279593, 278817, 279295,

279038, 272452, 271820, Fax: 279594, P. O.

Box: 1482-Sana'a

Advancing Elect

FREE

للأخوة؛ ياسر وعادل يحي ه

الدولي للف

بمناسبة قدوم العطلة الصنفنة

علن عن بدء التسجيل في المجالات التالية

دورات كمبيوتر - دورات لغة انجلبزية /فرنسد

- دورات لغة عربية لغير الناطقين

شارع حدة عمارة الغراسي تلفون ٢٠٦٩١٧، فاكس ٢٠٩٥٤٤

والعود والعطورات العربية

الفائز بقرعة كوبونات هذا الأسبوع هو:

رفيق جازم أحمد

وجد لدينا مزيد الوزن الطبيعي

صنعاء ، ش حدة، جولة مجاهد، مقابل مركز

الكميم التجاري، ت: ٧٩٢١٧٧٨-٧٢٧

تقارير، ملخصات، دراسات، ميزانيات، عقود، كتلوجات الخ)

كة خفيفة وينتهى كل شيء اتوماتيكيا، وذلك عبر السلسلة الكاملة لمنتجاتنا من الأغلفة الشفافة والجلدية الفاخرة، المتميزة ذات

الرونق الخاص والتي تسمح لك بتقديم وثانقك بالصورة المهنية

Opticals

Hotels

The international trade marks agents where more than 28 companies included

KHALIJ OMAN TOURIST HOTEI

صنعاء - شارع على عبدالمغنى هانف: ٢٧٨٨١٧،

TPOPYT, AT. PYT, OPPPYT, TOSTYT, . TAINT, فاكس: ٢٧٩٥٩٤، ص. ب: ١٤٨٢- صنعاء

نقوم بفحص وتركب العرسات اللاصقة الطيبة والتحميلية

Hadda Str.Tel: 243448, Aden Branch: Crater - Al-Zafaran Tel. 260262 فرع عدن: سافيلو سنتر: كريتر - الزعفران ت: ٢٦٢ E-mail:TTADILAK@Y.NET.YE

Trading فنادق

Orient Trading

SANYO

ARABIA, EGYPT, U.A.E. and OMAN, Now in YEMEN

 النظر على أيد أطباء متخصصون بأحدث الأجهزة الطبية ء أحدث موديلات النظارات الطبية والشم وأجود أنواع العدسات اللاصقة الطبية والتجميلية

ضماد الصيانة لجميد أنواع الأجهزة

مافيلو سنتر للنظارات

وكلاء أرقى الماركات العالمية التي تضم تحت اسمها اكثر من 28 شركة عالمية

صناه: بدایة شارع الحریة المتفرع من شارع القیادة هالف ۲۵۵۱۲، فاکس: ۲۲۰۰۲۳ ص.ب ۴۵۵۲ نعز : هالف ۲۰۱۳۵۲، فاکس: ۲۰۱۳۵۳ عدن: هالف ۲۰۲۲۱۹ برید إلکتروني: orient @y.net.ye

نظارات

Eve Examination By Specialized Doctors With Most Advanced Wide Variety of Fashionable ophthalmic & Sunglasses Frames

Best Quality of Medical & Colored Contact Lenses

OPTICIAN Primary Eye Care Street, 13, Al Awdi Buliding, Behind Arab Bai

متعاد - ش. الزبيري - ت: ٢٠٢٠٥ صنعاد - مركز صنعاد النجاري - ش. الجزائر ت: ٢٠٢٤٧ - Sana'a - Zubairy St. Tel. 203053 Sana'a - STC - Al-Gazair St. Tel. 212437 P 3 SE ON CLE

MADIM OPTICIANS أخصائيو عيون شارع على عبدالمغنى، صنعاء، ت: ٢٧٨٣٧٠.

Specialists in eye & Contact lenes.

مركز الحاتمي للبصريات

نغف النظر اخصائبون بتركيب هميع انواع النظارات عديات لاصقة

Hatimi Optical Center Qualified Opticians and Contact Lens

■ نجيب هزاع على: ثانوية عامة جبد التحدث

رمزي علي حسن فضائل: يطب وظيفة

ناصل على كلية متوسطة قسم رياضيات،

رجة امتياز، له خبرة في الحسابات ومجال

التوزيع وحاصل على شهادات خبرة وتقديرات.

■ فضل اسماعيل النهاري: بكالوريوس ادارة

اعمال دورات في الكمبيوتر، يرغب في العمل في

اي شركة في مجال الادارة والتسويق. تعز ت:

■ للبيع: بيت في حي دارس ثلاثة ادوار + بدروم،

٦ لبن، بمبلغ ١٧ مليون ريال قابل للتفارض. احمد

■ للايجار: بيت مكون من ثلاثة ادوار مع حوش

واسع، صالح لان تكون مدرسة أو مستوصف..

■ للبيع: سيارة لاند روفر ديفندر ١١٠، موديل

٩٥م، لون اخضر غامق، السعر ١٧,٠٠٠ دولار،

ارات

بالانجليزية، يريد العمل في اي شركة.

off Saif Bin thi Yazen behind presidential off. Telfax 279358, Mobile 71113418, P.O.Box 5838

عطور شرقية - زيوت طبيعية

٦٠٢١٦٥ : ت: ٦٠٢١٦٥

السعر يتفق عليه.

AAA\OA3AVAO

■ للبيع: سيارة مرسيدس موديل ٩٢، بدون 🔳 للبيع: اثاث منزل جمارك، بحالة ممتازة بسعر ٨ الف دولار، متكامل غرفة نوم، غرفة نوم اطفال دينماركية،

كنب، ديوان قطن، ديوان ضغط، حوض سمك، ■ للبيع: سيارة نيسان سوفر سفاري موديل ٩٩ للاستفسار: جون: ٧٢٢٠٣٦١١ في حالة ممتازة عداد (۲۸٬۰۰۰) كم، لون ذهبي، ■ للبيع: تلفون سيار GSM نوكد

وسيارة اخرى هونداي. موديل ٩٧، لون ابيض ٢٦١٠. (بيبي نوكيا) تم استخدامه لم بحالة ممتازة، عداد (٩٢,٠٠٠)كم. للاستفسار: اسبوع فقط، يكتب عربي، تسجي مكالمات مع كامل الاكسسوارات بس ■ للبيع: سيارة نيسان ٩٠، جيب بابين. ٤ ٢٧٠ دولار، مادوت: ٥٢٧٥٨٥٧٠

بستون. لون رمادي اسود، عدد ٢٠٠,٠٠٠کم. 🔳 للبيع: مولد کهرباني، مارکة کومينز ١٢٢ حصان/٩١ كيلو واطه ١٠٨ ك ف. أ

■ للبيع: سيارة حبة وربع موديل ٨٠. وسيارة ١٥٠٠ دورة/دقيقة، خزان ٢٠٠٠ لتر، مع كاتم للصوت، صنع ١٩٨٩. عبل لمدة ٦٣٤٠ ساعة، تقدم العروض في مظاريف مغلقة الى سفارة المملكة الهولندية خلال اسبوعين من تاريخه، المولَّد خاضع للرسوم الجمركية.

أثاث، أدوات كهريانية، تليفونات، وأشياء أخرى..

■ للبيع: موكيت شبه جديدة ٤×٥م، فراش جلوس عدد ٥ ++ متاكي عدد خمسة، د ٩٠٠٠ ريال،

بسعر ۷۰۰ الفريال ت ۷۱۱۰۱۱۹۷

شاص موديل ٨٢، الشيخ صالح الذيفاني، ت:

ابوباب ٩٠٠٠ ريال، بيجر سامسونج بـ ٧٠٠٠ 🔳 للبيع: كمبيوتر بانتيوم ٢، متكامل، السعر ٢٩٥ ريال، وفيديو ايوا (مستعمل قليل جداً) تـ ٩٠٠٠ دولار. ت ١٩٥٨. ■ للإيجار: شفة في الدور الثاني تتكون من ثلاث ريال. أبو نوار، ت: ٢٤١٢٨٢ أو ٧٣٨٨٧٨٨ اللهجار: شفة في الدور الثاني تتكون من ثلاث ريال. أبو نوار، ت: ٢٤١٢٨٢ أو ٧٣٨٨٧٨٨

غرف مفروشة كاملة، مطبخ متكامل، حمام، صالة 🔳 متوفر اعداد من خطوط تلفونات سيارة نظام 🔻 بوصة 🕂 لوحة مفاتيج مايكروسوفت + ماوس كروت للبيع باسعار مناسبة. ٧٣٨١٠٤٤٢

عربي/افرنجي، غرفة صغيرة (مخزن)، خطين بيجر: ٨٥٧١٢٥ ■ جهاز كمبيوتر انتل بانتيوم ٤، ماركة

مايكروسوفت، جديد مع ملحقاته عدا الطابعة،

جينيوس باد. السعر ١٤٥\$. عمرو مبارك ت:



AL-SHAMI معادن. ت: ۱/۲۱۵۱۶۳ او ۲۲،۵۸۲۲.

ACE - JMC

BIOMED

OR GENERAL TRADING Saleh S. Al-Shaml & Bros. Trade Agency, Oilfield Serveces, Industry Materiales, Building Materiales, Electric Materiales.

ana'a, Taiz St. Tel:264739/248648 Fax: 266285, P.O. Box: 2023, Aden: 341205/6 Green Land Co.

Ltd. For Trade للتجارة المحدودة

Material & Copper wire for rewinding & workshops equipment اسلاك نحاسية وموإد لف ومعدات الورش Sana'a- Y.R. Tel: 286829 Telefax:282932, P.O Box: 565

فعلى من يجد في نفسه الرغبة والكفاءة الحضور

الى مقر المعهد الكائن في حي شميلة أو الاتصال

عيادة اسنان خاصة بصنعاء، 🔳 تعلن مؤسسة الإثارة لنظم الحاسوب عن حاجتها الى مسوقين ويفضل ان تكون لديهم لغة

■ مطاوب: سكرتيرة للعمل فترة مسائية، لديها عن حاجته الى سكرتيرة. ت: لغة انجليزية وتجيد الطباعة الانجليزية على الكمبيوتر. ت: ٤٤٠٤١٨ -١٩٦-٤٤

■ مطلوب: موظفة لمحل ملابس ■ مطلوب: سكرتيرة للعمل في استوديو تصوير مفروشة. وخط تلفون. ت: ٢٧١٦٥٦ نسائية (معرض نعومتي)، فهمى على ان يتوفر فيها الصدق والامانة والاخلاق.

اللايجار: ٤ غرف، صالة كبيرة، مطبخ، حمامين البيخ بيجر متورولا نظيف ابريكر احمد عباد.

> الى طباع عربي/انجليزي، على أن تكون لديه خبرة لا تقل عن خمس سنوات نمي للاستفسار احمد مثني العولقي، ت: ٥٠٠٠٤٤ يكون لديه خبرة طويلة في هذا مجال الدواجن (الاحم/بياض). عيسى ت: YTT. ETTT - . T/000TTT

> > عيادة الوليد، يفضل من لديها خبرة. لمدرسين للغة العربية لغير الناطقين، بشرط

للتجارة العامة

صالح صالح الشامي وإخوانه وكالات تجارية وخدمات نفطية واد صناعية /مواد بناء /أدرات كهربائية

صنعاء – شارع ثعز بجانب فندق روما اللفوان: #TYAY7 / TYAYAA فاكس: #TYAYA4 ، ص.ب: #TYYY فرع فنان: السفيررة – كالتكس: 1/ 1740 هـ

شركة اللواء الأخضر

■ مطلوب: طبيبة اسنان للعمل في على هاتف: ١١٦٨٥٣/٧١١١٢٤٩٦

■ تعلن مكتبة المتفوق عن حاجتها 🕒 مطلوب: دكتور بيطري (يمن/اجنبي)، على ان 🔞 اتف، على شارع حدة، الخط الرئيسي.

العجان العداد ال

كما نطلب سواقين يمنيين للعمل ني اجادة اللغة الانجليزية، ت: ١٩٥٨، ٤٤٠ دولة الامارات العربية المتحدة، على سيارات اجرة وحسب الشروط التالية: (رخصة قيادة قبل عامين ■ ياسر محمد احمد الحفيظي: خريج كلية النفط قابل للتفاوض. أحمد عبيد ت: ٢٣٧١٧٠٣٦ وسارية المفعول، العمر من ٢٥-٤٠ سنة، معرفة في كهرباء ميكانيك

السيارات، حسن السيرة والسلوك والمظهر وخال من الامراض، وحاصلاً على شهادة دراسية). لمزيد من المعلومات يمكنكم

الاتصال او الحضور إلى العنوان التالي: عيادة الوليد للاسنان، د. خالد الحجاجي، جرار المستشفى الاهلي، ت: ٢٤٢٧٢٦

■ يعلن معهد جيت واي الأمريكي للغات والكمبيوترعن حاجته الى مدرسي انجليزي وكمبيوتر، ومدرسي فيزياء ورياضيات وكيمياء،



For further details, please contact Mr. Victor Ebenezer at: 268661/2/3

Email: Azal2000@y.net.ye www.yemen-online.com/azal2000

We strive to gather for a better future make sure you are with us.

لمزيد من الفائدة فقط

عليكم بزيارتنا..

Winner of this week is:

Rafeeg Jazem Ahmad

We are an educational Institute in Yemen-Sana'a

Following the American educational system in teaching. We are in need of teachers in the following subjects:

1- Maths. 2- Science.

3- English. 4- Other subjects.

The candidates should meet the following qualifications: 1- At least Bsc. in the field of his/her subject.

2-2-3 years of experience in teaching.

3- American, Canadian, English and Australian nationalities are preferable.

Interested candidates can contact us at Fax: 412441/422755, Tel. 73826957



Mother and C

M - Listen to what I'm saying, Mus'ida. Fear God and just watch what you're doing. It's not right for you to prevent a child from seeing his mother, or to stop a mother from seeing her child. Has God wrenched all sense of compassion from your heart and made you forget the meaning of motherhood?

Ma - Where's this motherhood, and which mother have I prevented from seeing her child and which child from seeing his mother?

M - I'm telling you, just fear God. Your son's divorced wife came over to see her child and you locked him in a room and kept him hidden away. Then you sent the mother away from the door. This is totally inhumane, Mus'ida!

Ma - Since when has she been his mother, and since when would anyone acknowledge her as a mother? She'd barely given birth to him when she wrapped him up in a ragged blanket and left him on my doorstep, still bloody from the birth. No mother gives birth and gets rid of her child before she's even seen his face, apart from my son's divorced wife! And you're telling me that I should fear

M - It wasn't her, and it wasn't her decision. She gave birth to the baby and fell into a coma. When she came

Empty

Fasten Fear

Filed

Gold

Grain

Habit

Grease

Healthy

Medical

Mint

Motion

Mouth

Normal Nutrition

Parent

ANSWER NEXT WEEK

Instruments

Abuse

Align Angle Attention

Bacteria

Basin

Blanch

Braces

Brand

Bristle

Brush

Cheek

Chew

Cost Dentist

Diagram Diet

Digest Drink

WONDERWORD.

The words are in all directions — vertically, horizontally, diagonally, backward. Circle each letter of a word found and strike it off the list. The

letters are often used more than once, so do not cross them out. It is best to find the big words first. When you find all the words listed in the clues, you'll have a number of letters left over that spell the Wonderword.

CLUES

Phase

Piece Plaque

Prevent

Protect

Restore

Scientific

Sensitive

Rinse

Scrub Self

Silver

Smooth

Prescription

Professional

Recommend Redness

Soft

Sore Stains

Sugar

Table

Tartar

Teeth

Tongue

Treated

Tube

Wise

Last Week's Answer: Stadium

Tint

System

Strenathen

Substance

'Where's my child? Where's the child I gave birth to? I want to see him.' They told her there was no child and that she shouldn't consider herself a mother. Leave the son of a dog to the

Ma - So you're saying it wasn't her who got rid of the baby so that she could get remarried without the burden of a child. Who on earth took her baby away from her and left it on the doorstep, then?

M - This is what I'm telling you! The mother and father of your son's divorced wife agreed to get rid of the baby immediately after it was born, and they came and chucked it on the

Ma - And why should they do that? According to whose law would they expose a new-born baby to all this cruelty? Where is the milk of human kindness and compassion that should be in their hearts?

M - What's passed has passed, Mus'ida, and life has to carry on. The child is five years old now. It's enough that God has given you the compassion and kindness to take the child in and look after him. So don't now go and stop the child from seeing his mother, or the mother from seeing her

Ma - So, she couldn't remember that round there was no child. She said, she had a child until today when he's I've been saying!

DENTAL CARE

five years old! Why didn't she come running after him when her family threw him on the doorstep and he was a bundle of red flesh in rags?

M - I've told you, it was nothing to do with her, and it wasn't her fault. We all bear responsibility for what happened.

Ma - And just why do we all bear the responsibility? What have we done?

M - I'll tell you what we've done. We have done wrong to the mother and to the child. You and I decided that our son should marry the girl although he didn't want her and felt nothing for her. We forced her onto him with as much dignity as we force feed cattle stalks. So your son simply waited until she was six months pregnant, and divorced her without even telling us. Her parents, quite understandably, saw this sudden divorce as a slight. They're the ones who placed the baby in a blanket and chucked it on your doorstep. We parents are the ones who are to blame for what has happened to the mother and child, without it being any fault of their own. We've shown no respect for the status or rights of either the mother or the child, nor for the importance of motherhood and childhood. Come on, Mus'ida. You must be able to see that the mother and the child have suffered enough already. Don't make it worse for them by preventing them from seeing each other. Fear God and take to heart what

by DAVID OUELLET

L E L I M S C D T T L M B A C T E R I A

A H Y I R O E H E U Q A L P C H E W N D

NGLASTU1EBERCYHSSUSN

OKGTADETTERGCIOTTUTA

IUHEFPNNHEKADDDRODRR

SLREAINEVIMIALIEEOUB

STARATOLMRLDGTONMMMT

ERCRNLIAAMGAINTGOIES

[F|S|G|E|O|S|T|H|L|N|O|O|M||||||T|T|||N|T|

ONRPTSPHIINCSRIHDHTT

RAAILOINYKGTEOOECBST

|P|T|N|E|V|E|R|P|O|W|N|N|N|R|M|N|E|U|A|N|

F G G C L O C P F I I I I S A E B R O E

BHESEERSESNBDTADSOS

ARASLMRITEEEEARHINYI

STABOUPSESTLNTBPGNYS

NTLNETTLYFEWGREASEAO

EVITISNESEROTSERTEEC

Solution: 10 letters

Horoscope



Aries (Mar 21 - Apr 19)
It may seem as though you are being ignored regarding your biggest endeavors, but it's because you are ahead of your time. People recognize your abilities, but don't know how to yet But you won't have to wait. yet. But you won't have to wai stood, so keep plugging

Taurus (April 20 - May 20) It is critical that you make sure that what you say, what you promise, you can come through on. Others will be listening and waiting for your decisions and action plan. Empty words, or ones that you don't live up to, will tuck people off. Be real about what you say, and make sure you can do what you say



You have every opportunity to be a winner. You will see this unfold a winner. You will see this unfold gradually, over the next six months. But, now is the time to start defining your fortune and believing that it is going to be real, as long as you allow it. It's about being satisfied with nothing except what you are striving to accomplish. When you think you are getting close, keep asking for more. It's all yours.

Gemini (May 21 - June 20)



Cancer (Jun 21 - Jul 22) All paths to future are essentially open and equal. There is no wrong choice. However, one path clearly defines a happier future, while the other one indicates some struggle. Don't be afraid of a contemplating your life choices.



Leo (Jul 23 - Aug 22) It's about searching deeper inside yourself for more peace, more joy, and just to be able to experience your life more full. The mos important path to self-discovery is

to recognize that you must make choices. Making no choice, is also a choice, and most of the time includes being lazy, or not taking responsibility for inaction. You are still on an inner journey and



Virgo (Aug 23 - Sept 22) You need to pay attention to your yearnings. There needs to be some amount of control, or at least awareness, at the same time this part of you is craving to Recognize your potential, don't continually shape it.

Libra (Sep 23 - Oct 22) Why you stay in one place that you already decided is not satisfying you anymore? shove. Light a fire underneath your fanny and don't stop taking chances and risks. One of these exactly as you wish, but not if you



Scorplo (Oct 23 - Nov 21)
Know that there is a direct
connection between what you
believe and how you live. What
you believe will inevitably show
itself in how you act. So, the key
is, get your beliefs straight. If you don't like how
life feels or looks, change how you believe in
yourself and how you believe what is right for you.
When you align your beliefs properly, life will
change and you will feel more stable about your
choices and decisions.



Sagittarius (Nov 22 - Dec 21) You need to think

you need to think about expressing yourself as never before and then take a peak into your own future. You need to dedicate yourself to much expansion of who you are and what you want to project for yourself. If you don't like where you are, take that peak into next year and see for yourself where you can get to. It's all there waiting Are you roon or not? there, waiting. Are you going or not?



Capricorn (Dec 22 - Jan 19) You need to lighten up on yourse and find virtue in your sins. In the long run, everything you did was for the right reasons. Lessons are to be learned, sacrifices made, d guilt to be felt. Get over it already. It just may be that your ill-doings served as lessons fo others and you were a teacher to more that re are good things to get from bad



Aquarius (Jan 20 - Feb 18) You need to realize that the true joy and accomplishment of life is the journey of life, not the end dream that constantly keeps outdistancing us. Stop pacing the aisles and measuring the distance. Live life as you go along



Pisces (Feb 19 - Mar 20) Imagine a video game representing your life. You can make the game as fun, exciting, and interesting as you wish. I won't matter if everyone else

oves of your game or not. If they don't like it, can find another game. But you're sticking what you created, because it gives you the with what you created, because it gives you the most love, satisfaction and fulfillment. That's al that matters now. How good you feel about yo

The Universal Crossword

Edited by Timothy E. Parker February

style of 54 "You rang?" 56 Regarding 60 Keep from

Bush's sons 4 Says it's so keeping 64 Business, in 9 Like fall air 14 Put away a saying to 15 Axiom the nosy

16 Divulge 66 Puzzled 17 Puzzled response 68 Vigorous response 20 Seattle 69 Do some

ACROSS

1 One of

George

big-leaguer 21 Small ante-70 "The Bridge 22 Budget of San Luis " (Wilder) 71 Web meeting?

23 Ted's role on "Cheers" destinations 25 Barbie's 72 Hall's singing partner 73 Taiwan or 26 Rubber-

Peking stamps 28 Barbary addition DOWN beast 30 Kind of lift 1 Pressly of 34 Puzzled "Joe Dirt"

2 Hawke of response (with 45-"Training Day"
3 It could start Across) 39 "The Name of the Rose" with a five

penner 40 Surrealist o'clock shadow Max 4 "My senti-41 Green peg ments exact-

42 Countess ly!" 5 Beauty complequeen Williams

8 Big city prob-

"___ do!" (resigned

44 Spearheaded 6 Over and 45 See 34above 7 Manipulate Across 48 Sneak a fraudulently

50 Watchdog 9 Burn brightly feds 51 Ebenezer's 10 Not long past outburst 52 In the

Sana'a

ments

acceptance)

27 Etta of old

form 31 Arctic Ocean

grp. 33 Cheeky

36 Bring to ruin

37 Big feat for

38 Rowlands of

43 Filled with fright 46 Film villain 12 The "Motown Sound" 13 Where

47 Watch 49 Dojo's lesson 53 Wheels for dummies sit 18 Sun shields 19 No longer big wheels available 24 Move aside 55 Man with a

famous thumb 57 Crossed 29 Docking platone's heart 58 Emulates a

horse whisperer 59 Type of daisy 60 Sarcastic

sighting 32 Rights-defending remarks 61 Decorative toiletry case

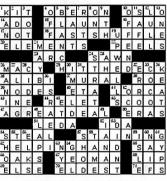
shade? 62 "Hey, over 34 Get someone's attenhere! tion two 63 Humble Oil

blocks over 35 Popular cookie

brand 65 Hit song "Bette Davis

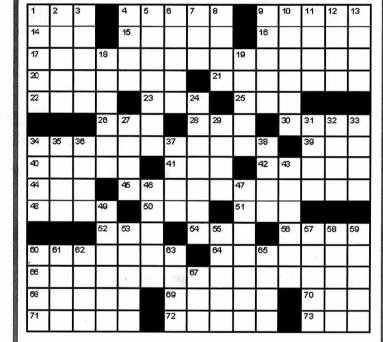
67 Genteel affair

PREVIOUS PUZZLE ANSWER



@ 2002 Universal Press Syndicate

"PUZZLED!" By James E. Buel



7-Day Weather Forecast

Day Man To Wat The Ed Oct O

Material Committee And	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Lo	44	100 TO 10	DE DECOMMENDAMENT				
Acceptance of the	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
		*	*	*		*	*
Α	den		(A) 20 10				
Day	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Hi .	41	41	41	40	39	39	39
Lo :	27	27	26	25	25	26	26













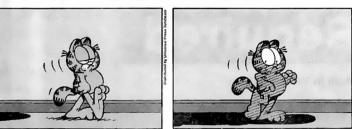


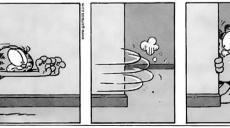














First-round **World Cup** matches draw 1.45 million stadium spectators

SEOUL, (Xinhua) - The firstround matches of the World Cup soccer finals drew some 1.45 million stadium spectators, FIFA data showed Saturday.

A total of 1,451,698 people watched the first 48 World Cup

games at 20 stadiums in co-hosts South Korea and Japan from May 31 to June 14. The figure means that each match saw stadiums filled an average of 81.6 percent, a 6 percentage point fall from the corresponding figure of the previous 1998 France World Cup when 1.98 million fans came to first-round matches.

Sixteen matches saw the stadiums filled by 90 percent or more in this year's tournament, compared with 22 matches in the previous event.

In addition, only 12 matches posted an attendance-to-capacity ratio of between 80-90 percent in Asia's first World Cup, while the corresponding figure was 22 in France.

Comparing co-hosts, matches in Japan drew 787,369 people, 120,000 more than the 664,329 spectators who attended games in South Korea.

Five matches in South Korea recorded a 90 percent or more attendance ratio, including the May 31 opener that posted an attendance ratio of 90 percent or more.

Matches that saw an attendance ratio of 70 percent or less numbered six in South Korea while no games in Japan drew such a low attendance.

World Cup goal scorers after saturday's matches

SEOUL, (Xinhua) - Following are the goal scorers at the 2002 World Cup finals after Saturday's matches: goals: Miroslav Klose (Germany) goals: Ronaldo (Brazil), Jon Dahl Tomasson (Denmark) 3 goals: Marc Wilmots (Belgium), Rivaldo (Brazil), Vieri (Italy), Pauleta Christian (Portugal), Pape Bouba Diop (Senegal), Raul (Spain) 2 - Ronald Gomez (Costa Rica), Junichi Inamoto (Japan), Robbie Keane (Ireland), Jared Borgetti (Mexico), Nelson Cuevas (Paraguay), Fernando Hierro (Spain), Fernando Morientes (Spain), Henrik Larsson (Sweden), Hasan Sas (Turkey) 1 goal: Gabriel Batistuta (Argentina), Hernan Crespo (Argentina), Peter Van der Heyden (Belgium), Wesley Sonck (Belgium,

Walem (Belgium), Ronaldinho Carlos(Brazil), Roberto (Brazil), Edmilson (Brazil), Junior (Brazil), Patrick Mboma (Cameroon), Samuel Eto'o (Cameroon), Paulo Wanchope (Costa Rica), Mauricio Wright (Costa

Rica), Winston Parks(Costa Rica), Ivica Olic (Croatia), Milan Rapaic (Croatia), Dennis Rommedahl (Denmark), Agustin Delgado (Ecuador), Edison Mendez (Ecuador), Sol Campbell (England), David Beckham (England), Michael Owen (England), Rio Ferdinand (England), Emile Heskey (England), Michael Ballack (Germany), Carsten Jancker (Germany), Thomas Linke (Germany), Oliver Bierhoff (Germany), Bernd Schneider (Germany), Marco Bode (

Germany), Oliver Neuville (Germany), Matt Holland (Ireland), Gary Breen (Ireland), Damien Duff (Ireland), Alessandro Del Piero (Italy), Takayuki Suzuki (Japan), Hiroaki Morishima (Japan), Hidetoshi Nakata (Japan), Cuauhtemoc Blanco (Mexico), Gerardo Torrado (Mexico), Julius Aghahowa (Nigeria), Roque Santa Cruz (Paraguay), Francisco Arce (Paraguay), Jorge Campos (Paraguay), Emmanuel Olisadebe (Poland), Pawel Kryszalowicz (Poland), Marcin Zewlakow (Poland), Beto Severo (Portugal), Rui Costa (Portugal), Yegor Titov (Russia), Valery Karpin (Russia), Vladimir Beschastnykh (Russia), Dmitry Sychev (Russia), Salif Diao (Senegal), Khalilou Fadiga (Senegal), Sebastjan Cimirotic (Slovenia), Milenko Acimovic (Slovenia), Quinton Fortune (South Africa), Tebeho Mokoena (South Africa), Siyabonga Nomvethe (South Africa), Benni McCarthy(South Africa), Lucas Radebe (South Africa), Hwang Sun-hong (South Korea), Yoo Sang-chul (South Korea), Ahn Jung-hwan(South Korea), Park Ji-sung (South Korea), Juan Carlos Valeron (Spain), Gaizka Mendieta (Spain), Niclas Alexandersson (Sweden), Anders Svensson (Sweden), Raouf Bouzaiane (Tunisia), Bulent Korkmaz (Turkey), Umit Davala (Turkey), Emre Belozoglu (Turkey), John O'Brien (U.S.), Brian McBride (U.S.), Clint Mathis (U.S.), Landon Donovan (U.S.), Dario Rodriguez (Uruguay), Richard Morales (Uruguay), Diego Forlan (Uruguay), Alvaro Recoba (Uruguay)

Blatter: most matches played in top level, all in good spirit

SEOUL, (Xinhua) - FIFA President Sepp Blatter on Saturday xpressed satisfaction at organizers' efforts in the 2002 World Cup in South Korea and Japan.

"I do not see any big problem in cohosting. It has not affected the quality of the games. The quality of football is excellent," he said at a daily briefing at the Main Press Center in Seoul.

Blatter also thanked the national football associations and local World Cup organizing committee of Korea and Japan for the "wonderful organization" and "absolute, perfect logistics" they accomplished under mutual coop-

Blatter pointed out the first-round

matches were often very tight in this World Cup and "there are no more

weak team.' "Most of the matches were played in top level, and all matches were played

in good spirit," Blatter said. The chief of world soccer's governing body said he was glad to see South Korea and Japan, the co-hosts, qualify for the second round on merit by showing a very high level of technique and tactics.

"They prepared months and months for the games, for Asia and for the world, it's so important that they won their groups and remain in competition." Blatter said.



دن: بصريات كلاسيك ت: ٢٥٦١٠٠ - نظارات الغزال: ٣٨٦٥٧٣ - بصريات النجوم: ٢٥٧٧٥٥، مركز البصريات ت: ٢٥٨٢٠٠ هَرَّ: نظارات الشرق: ٢١٣٧١٦ - نظارات يونس: ٢٥٢٣٥٤ عديدة: نظارات شهاب: ٢٠١٢٣٣ - مكلاً: نظارات مكلا الحيثة: ٢٠٥٥٢٩



عاملة من أندونيسيا

لكبرى مكاتب إستقدام وتسفير العمالة

استقدام عاملات، مربيات، ممرضات، طباخات، طباخين، سائقات، وكذلك مزارعين وزوجاتهم من اندونيسيا مسلمين.

ايضاً جميع القوى العاملة من كاتدي ساحرة سيرلانكا



لمزيد من المعلومات الإتصال بـ هاتف :٤١٤٣٨٢ ، هاتف خلوي: ٧١٢٧٦٩٥٥

ويشرفها الإفتتاح في اليمن

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL LINES (PTE) LTD

As part of our continuing efforts to upgrade our vessels and improve our services to meet the increasing demand of our customers and to maintain our competitive advantage, PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL LINES, in conjunction with its agent in Yemen, THE HODEIDAH SHIPPING & TRANSPORT CO. (S.Y.C) is pleased to announce that they are upgrading their **RED SEA SERVICE** with the introduction of larger vessels of 2000 TEU and speed of 21 Knots.

All arrivals from the Far East will be on a fixed day - Sunday- and sailing to the Far East on

The upgraded service will commence operating with the arrival of the KOTA PELANGI Voy YPLOO5 ETA Aden on 23rd June 2002 and will provide regular weekly sailing to ADEN. The following rotation with transit times from /to far Eastern ports:

WEST BOUND

From		
23 DAYS		
22 DAYS		
21 DAYS		
19 DAYS		
15 DAYS		
14 DAYS		
10 DAYS		
9 DAYS		
5 DAYS		

"HODEIDAH CONTAINERS WILL BE RELAYED ON HODEIDAH ON PIL'S OWN FEEDERS"

SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS

- Vessels upgraded from a carrying capacity of 1250 TEUS to 2000 TEUS
- Vessels are newly built "G" Class designs delivered from Japan
- Vessels' speed of 21 knots provides a faster transit
- New direct calls introduced for NINGBO and SHEKOU.

We feel confident that these improvements to the **RED SEA SERVICE** will better serve our customers and ensure that PIL PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL LINES (PTE) LTD will continue to the preferred carrier from the Far East to Yemen.

For Further Information and Bookings you may contact us at:

THE HODEIDAH SHIPPING & TRANSPORT CO. (S.Y.C)

P.O. Box 3337, Hodeidah, Rep of Yemen Tel: 03 219843, Fax: 03 211533 E-mail: pilhod@y.net.ye

Aden Office: P.O. Box 5106, Tel: 02 246000,(16 lines),Fax: 02 246013, E-mail: hodship_aden@y.net.ye

> Sana'a Office: P.O. Box 73, Tel: 01 217191, Fax: 01 209507, E-mail: hodsan@y.net.ye

كجزء من جهودنا المتواصلة لتطوير خدماتنا وبما يلبي الطلب المتزايد لزبائننا وللحفاظ على تميزنا المنافس، فأن خط باسفيك إنترناشيونال لاين (PIL) وبالتنسيق مع وكيلها في <u>اليمن شركة الحديدة للملاحة</u> والنقل يسرها أن تعلن عن تطوير خدماتها إلى البحر

ستصل كل الرحلات القادمة من الشرق الأقصى في يوم محدد - (الأحد) والإبحار إلى الشرق الأوسط يوم الثلاثاء.

الأحمر وذلك بتوفير بواخر ذات سعة أكبر تصل إلى ٢٠٠٠ حاوية ٢٠ قدم ويسرعة ٢١ عقدة.

ستبدأ هذه الخدمة المتطورة بالعمل عند وصول الباخرة كوتا بيلانجي رحلة رقم YP L005 والمتوقع وصولها إلى عدن هي ٢٣ يونيو

وفي ما يلي خط السير والفترة الزمنية للرحلة من/إلى الموانئ التالية :-

٢٠٠٢م. والتي ستقدم خدمة أسبوعية منتظمة إلى عدن.

الحاويات الخاصة بالحديدة ستنقل إلى ميناء الحديدة على بواخر أخرى تابعة لخط (PIL)

مميز ات الفدمة:

تم استبدال البواخر سعة ١٢٥٠ حاوية نمطية ببواخر جديدة حمولة ٢٠٠٠ حاوية

 البواخر جديدة الصنع تصميم فئة G ومسلمة من اليابان. سرعة البواخر ۲۱ عقدة مما يعطى سرعة أكبر ووصول أسرع.

رحلات مباشرة اضافية مستحدثة بمينائي ننجيه وشبكه.

نجو	۲۳ يوماً
كوانجيانج	٢٢يوماً
وسان	۲۱يوماً
شنجهاي	١٩ يوماً
شيكو	٥١ يوماً
بونج كونج	١٤ يوماً
سنغافورة	١٠ يوماً
ورت كلانج	۹ يومأ
كولومبو	ه يوماً
الی ع	:4

إننا واثقون من أن هذه التحسينات ستخدم زيائننا بشكل أفضل ونؤكد أن خط باسطيك انشر ناشيونال لاين (PIL) سيستمر في كونه الناقل المفضل من الشرق الأوسط إلى اليمن.

> للحصول على معلومات إضافية وللحجز بإمكانكم الإتصال به

مكتب صنعاء ، ص ب : ۲۳ ، هلف: ۲۱۷۱۹/۱۱ ، ، فاكس: ۸۱/۲۰۹۰ ، ۲۰۹۰ ، ۲۰۹۰ ، ۲۰۹۰ ،

البريد إلكتروني: hodsan@y.net.ye

مكتب عدن: ١٠٦ - ١٠١٠ - المعلا هاتف: ٧ - ٠٠٠ ٢٤٦٠٠٠ فاكس: ٣٠ ١٣٠ ٢٠٠

البريد الكتروني، hodship_aden@y.net.ye mkt@hodship.aden.com.ye

شركة الحديدة للملاحة والنقل (ش.م.ي)

ص.ب . ٣٣٣٧ كيلو (٧) - الحديدة هاتف: ۲۱۹۸٤۳ / ۳۰ ، فاکس: ۲۱۱۵۲۳ / ۳۰ البريد الكتروني، pilhod@y.net.ye

Endeavour crew packing to leave space station

By Broward Liston

CAPE CANAVERAL, (Reuters) - The astronauts of space shuttle Endeavour were packing for the trip home from the International Space Station on Friday, but rather than cramming clothing into suitcases they were working to maneuver a bus-sized cargo module into the orbiter for the ride

The Italian Leonardo module, a pressurized container that can be mounted on the station for easy access through a hatchway, is loaded with about 1.5 tons of trash, laundry and other detritus of space station life, some of it accumulating since the orbiting outpost opened for business in 2000. Shortly after noon EDT, shuttle commander Ken Cockrell will use the shuttle's robot arm to latch onto the module so it can be gently maneuvered into Endeavour's cargo bay for the ride home.

Endeavour departs the station on Saturday and lands on Monday at the

Kennedy Space Center in Florida.

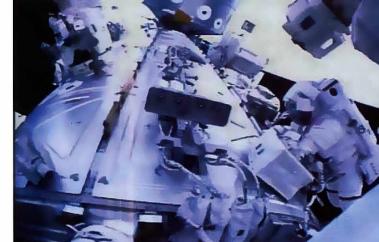
With three spacewalks and a successful exchange of long-duration space station crews behind them, the crew will return with NASA already singing their praises. "I think this mission is truly on the brink of being added to the list of NASA success stories," said Rick LaBrode, the lead flight director.

The largest hurdle came on Thursday, when French Astronaut Philippe Perrin and Costa Rican-American Franklin Chang-Diaz replaced a 500 lb. wrist joint on the station's 58-foot robotic arm in a sevenhour spacewalk.

The wrist-replacement surgery was only added to the mission March 20, so training was short for the crew.

The robot is vital to future space station construction, and the success of that spacewalk meant NASA could stay on track to finish the core elements of the station by 2004.

Endeavour will bring home three astronauts who have been living on the



Astronaut Franklin Chang-Diaz is seen in this video still during his third spacewalk outside the International Space Station June 13, 2002. Chang-Diaz along with astronaut Phillipe Perrin are scheduled to replace a portion of the Station's ailing robotic arm. Photo by Nasa/Reuters

station since December.

Russian Yury Onofrienko and Americans Carl Walz and Daniel Bursch have all said they are looking

technology developed by Eastman

forward to a pizza after six months of mostly dry or reconstituted food. The Americans set a new U.S. endurance record for space flight during their stay.

with about a 60 to 70 percent stake.

The plant will be sited in Japan rather than in Cambridge, and the venture aims to start volume production of OLED screen manufacturing equipment in

Small molecule, big prospects

"Unless more players join in to develop materials and make displays, we can't speed up the pace of development in polymer technology," the Epson spokesman said.

The technology has a lot of lost ground to cover before it can catch up to its small-molecule rival.

Sanyo and Kodak began making OLED screens with small-molecule technology at a plant in Japan earlier this year and have already begun sample shipments to customers.

Sanyo plans to use the screens in cellphones this autumn.

(LCD). With its decades-long history in the factory and the market place, the LCD will be hard to beat in cost and reliability. Unlike LCDs, however, OLEDs backlight, allowing a lighter-weight dis-

ty will make them a hit for TVs and computer screens, once problems with longevity, reliability and manufacturing processes have been ironed out.

A U.S. telescope has snapped a high-resolution panoramic view of the "Pillars

of Creation," the subject of one of the orbitting Hubble Space Telescope's most

famous images. Located at the heart of the Eagle Nebula, a favorite feature for

amateur astronomers, the Pillars are gaseous nurseries for newborn stars -

giant nurseries. The largest of the three Pillars in the 1995 Hubble image is

about four light-years from base to tip. But the Pillars are only a tiny feature

(shown at center) of this new image produced by the National Science

Foundation's 0.9-meter telescope at Kitt Peak National Observatory in Arizona.

To get the image, which covers at least 100 times the area of the Hubble picture,

astronomer Travis Rector used the Mosaic camera of the National Optical

Sony, which currently plans to use small-molecule technology, hopes to have TV-sized OLEDs in mass production by the end of next year, although many executives in Japan doubt they will be widely available until 2004 or 2005. And most expect that OLEDs and LCDs will co-exist for a long time to come, especially with the overall market for flat-panel displays set for explosive growth. As technology improves, prices fall and consumers become increasingly keen on sleeker, less space-hungry screens, analysts and executives expect the markets for all major flat-panel technologies, including LCDs, OLEDs and plasma displays, will see double- and triple-digit growth rates for years to

Japan's Epson, UK start-up to form display venture

BY EDMUND KLAMANN

TOKYO (Reuters) - Printer and display maker Seiko Epson Corp said on Friday it is planning a joint venture with British start-up Cambridge Display Technology to develop equipment for making next-generation ultra-thin dis-

Unlisted Seiko Epson, the world's largest maker of cellphone screens, said the deal aimed to bolster a technology that could cut costs and allow bigger sizes for organic light-emitting diode (OLED) displays, prized for their thinness and bright colors. The deal also helps set the stage for a looming battle between two competing technologies for making the screens. Several manufacturing giants, including Sanyo Electric Co, Samsung Electronics Co and a unit of Pioneer Corp, are working on OLED screens using so-called "small molecule"

Kodak Co Unlisted Cambridge Display has an alternative polymer technology that, while still less developed than Kodak's, could overcome cost and size hurdles posed by vacuum deposition used in the small-molecule process. "Our view is that, although small molecule has the lead, polymer is a superior

technology," an Epson spokesman said. "There are a lot of problems to be solved in the development of materials, but if we can clear those, polymer can become the industry standard, or at least have an advantageous position.'

Key among the challenges are color adjustments and the longevity of lightemitting materials. The spokesman said the joint venture would be set up this autumn with capital of several hundred million yen, although a capital investment figure had not yet been set. His company will likely hold a majority,

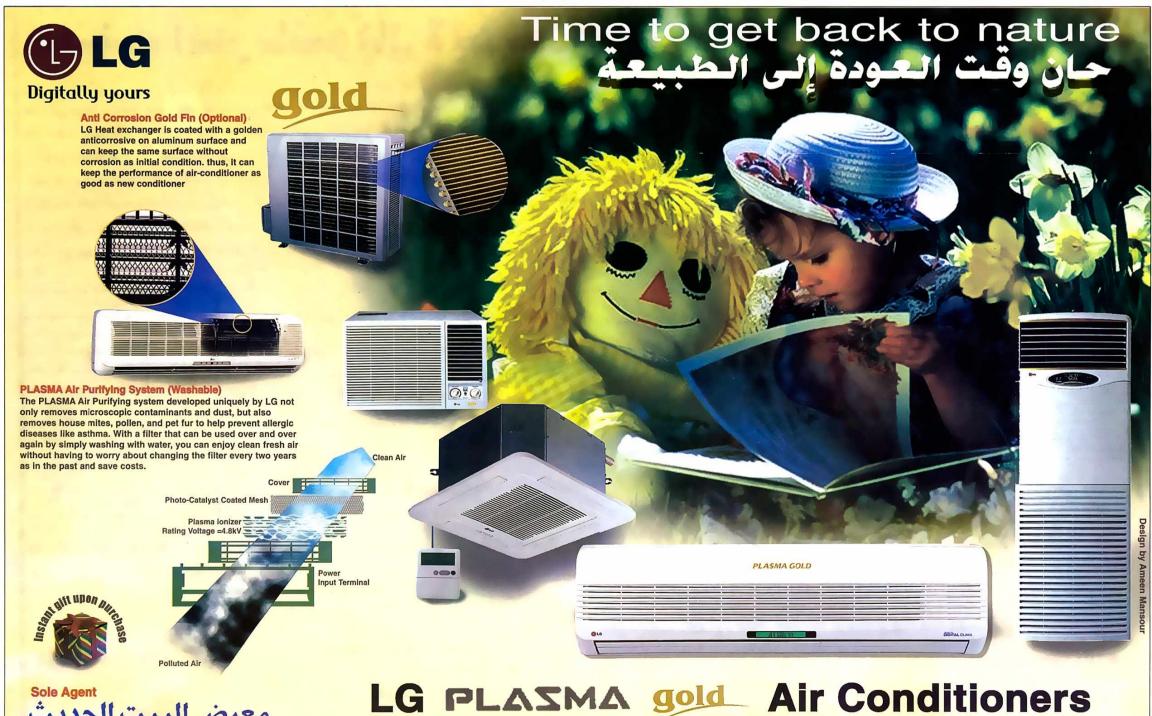
But regardless of which technology prevails, OLEDs are barely in their infancy compared with the unquestioned ruler among flat screens -- the increasingly ubiquitous liquid crystal display emit light directly and do not require a play that is barely thicker than a credit

Astronomy Observatory. REUTERS

Its brighter colors and faster response time also make it a promising choice for televisions and any other product that displays moving pictures.

Initially, OLED screens will likely be limited to cellphones and other mobile devices in which space is at a premium.

In the longer term, Sony Corp and Samsung SDI Co Ltd are among those betting that OLEDs' better picture quali-







Presents Mobile Banking

Know:

- Your account balances
- Major currencies rates

Request for:

- Cheque Book
- Printing your account statement ... and other features

- رصيد حسابك أسعار صرف العملات

بإمكانك طلب:

- دفتر شیکات طباعة کثیف حسابك. بالاضافة إلى مزايا أخرى

Enjoy the Banking services with YGB and save your time and efforts

> تمتع بخدماتنا المصرفية ووفر وقتك وجهدك

Al-Shawkani St. P.O.Box: 100, Sana'a Tel. 967-1-260823, Fax: 260824 E-mail: ygbank@y.net.ye Website: www.yg-bank.com



لايسمح الآن بالتدخين على جميع رحلات اليمنية Now... all Yemenia flights are

NON-SMOKING





Head Office: Al-Rowaishan Building, Al-Zubairy St- P.O.Box:19845 or 160 Sana'a E-Mail address: ycbho@y.net.ye,Web Šite:w ww.ycbank.com, Fax:(967-1) 284656, Secretary Telfax:(967-1) 277238, Exchange:(967-1) 284272/6, Tel: 277324, 277378, 277354, 277381,Telex: 3427 YCBHOS YE.

A collection of rare plants have been compiled in a guidebook titled,

Wild plants from Yemen

botanical biodiversity scattered in every part of Yemen.

Botanical researches have shown that there are 2810 different kinds of rare indigenous plants in Yemen.

More than 415 of rare plants can not be found in any other part of the world except Yemen. Among these more than 236 are found in Socatra island, botanical researches indicated.

The botanical biodiversity in the island plays a significant role in the daily life of Yemenis in general and peo-



Paint derivatives

- Brake fluid (BP)

Refinish Paints and

car care products

Exclusive distributor for Sika Gulf B.S.C.

- Detergeants - Putties & adhesives

Ultimate solutions for building industry (Concrete, Mortars, plasticisers, Floor,



ple in Socatra in particular. Some of these rare plant are used in medical properties.

In this respect, Environment Protection Authority has issued a guidebook where different rare plants are recorded in the island.

The book contains 200 different kinds of plants along with a short description of places where they are naturally

- It deals with botanical regions in Yemen in different areas including,
- Coastal plains where different shrubs and plants such as, acacia ehrenbergiana, halopyrum, and

Road Marking Paints

Industrial and Specialist Paints

Chemico

(ICI

ماکسیمام تیلیکوم

عدن - المعلا ، تلفون : ٢٤٣ ٣٢١ ، المكلا - الديس ، تلفون : ٢٠٢ ٤١٢

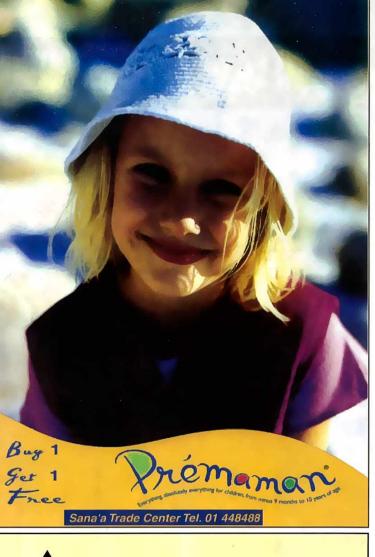
صنعاء - شارع الزبيري ، تلفون : ٢٠١ ٢٧٥ ، مركز صنعاء التجاري تلفون : ١٠٨ ٥٠٤



other are indigenously grown in the island.

- The Tihama highlands and the Western mountain chains adjacent to the Red Sea where different plant are grown naturally here such as, acanthus arboreus, osteospermum, polygala and ficus.
- The plants of eastern mountains and
- The plants of Socatra island.







CONSOLIDATED CONTRACTORS INTERNATIONAL COMPANY - SAL

CONSTRUCTION OF MECHANICAL AND HEAVY CIVIL PROJECTS

- Petrochemical plants, refineries.
- Heavy, light industrial plants.
- Power and desalination plants. Fuel and water storage tanks.
- Oil fields ancillary installation
- Air purification for industry Marine docks, harbours, deep sea berths & refinery terminals.
- Offshore structures and underwater works. Pipelines construction and maintenance.
- Prefabricated accommodation & office facilities.
- Sewage treatment plants & collection networks. Airports, roads, highways, bridges & fly-overs.
- High quality buildings & sports complexes.
- Water treatment plants, reservoirs & distribution

Tel: (967-1) 441638

Fax: (967-1) 441630 E-Mail: cccyemen@y.net.ye Tel: (967-2) 377328 Fax: (967-2) 377716 E-Mail: cccaden@y.net.ye





Tulip School Brings you the MOST Beneficial & Entertaining

Summer Program for your kids starting from 22nd June 2002 - 22nd August 2002. The program includes a variety of activities to develop the knowledge and the different skills of the children to bring out their talents and creativity.

For any Enquires Don't hesitate to

contact: Tulip School administration Sana'a Tel: <u>412249</u>.

Register your kids NOW! Transportation is available





Exceptional performance
Fastest-ever PowerPC G4 with Velocity Engine,

- up to 867 MHz; or dual 800-MHz PowerPC G4
- 128MB or 256MB of SDRAM, with support for up to 1.5GB

 NVIDIA GeForce2 MX graphics card with up to
- 64MB of SDRAM graphics memory
- Optional GeForce3 graphics card
- Built-in Gigabit Etherne
- SuperDrive (DVD-R/CD-RW) with Apple's iDVD software for easy creation of high-quality DVDs

PM G4 733-MHz With CD-RW



شركة سمارتك للتجارة المحدودة SmarTech Trading Co. Ltd.

Sana'a tel. : 269 171 / 440 125 Fax: 967 1 440 126

Aden Branch tel.: 232 636 / 236 330 Fax: 967 2 236 331



Prices of Yemen Times in Gulf Countries - KSA: 2 rials, UAE: 2 dirhams, Oman: 500 baisas, Qatar: 2 rials, Bahrain: 200 fils

Connecting People

عتد يتم السحب ف مركز صنعاء التجاري