



Thursday, 30 October 2003 - VOL. 13 • Issue No. 681 • Price 30 ni Rivals • Founded in 1991 by Prof. Abdulaziz Al-Sagaaf

# Six killed and another injured in brutal tribal conflicts in Mareb: amadan's deadly start

By Hassan al-Azaedi Yemen Times Staff

Sana'a, Oct. 29 - Six people were killed and another was injured in a shootout that took place on Saturday between Aal Saidah and al-Marazeek, one of the minor tribes affiliated to Bani Nawf in the al-Jawf governorate. Tribal sources said that the main Tribal sources said that the main

Tribal sources said that the main cause behind fire exchange was attrib-uted to the longstanding tribal disputes. "Tribal conflict between the two was erupted one year ago over a simple financial amount of money when they assembled in Marib, they quarreled and then pointed their guns at each other," a tribal source said. It is worthwhile mentioning that the eastern governorates such as, Marib, Shabowa, and al-Jawf have been involved in severe tribal clashes from

involved in severe tribal clashes from

time to time Those tribal clashes constitute a big headache for the government. They have been given carte blanche and this has negatively affected their normal life

Despite of rendering developmental and social projects in order to over-come the hard life there, which over-whelmed those tribes, the tribal clashes have been still predominant. Several US-funded projects have

been recently implemented during a short visit Marib by the US Ambassador to Yemen and those major projects are equipping the President Hospital in Marib at the cost of USD 5.3 million as well as other develop-mental projects.



Shown here is a child belonging to a tribe in Mareb. Even children are trained to use light arms in various parts of the country. The problem of the illegal carrying and trade of arms is among the main contributors to tribal violence which claims hundreds of lives per year in Yemen. YT photo

### Amid outrage of other opposition parties and surprise of the public: Islah stops boycotting American goods

Sanaa, Oct 29 - Members of Islah party in the students committee to boycott the Zionist and American goods refused during a festival held in Sana'a University to call for the boycott of

American goods. Sources said that the Islah members in the committee have -unexpectedly-refused to include names of American



goods on the festival signs and also refused to demonstrate and protest dur-

refused to demonstrate and protest dur-ing the festival against American and British occupation of Iraq. Consequently, Nasserite and Baath members got furious and expressed anger at this stance while other politi-

anger at this stance while other politi-cal organizations and independents expressed surprise at Islah's unfamiliar attitude this time. On his part, Parliament Speaker Sheik Abduallah bin Hussein al-Ahmar asked in the festival to boycott Israeli goode, and commodities made in goods and commodities made in goods and commodities made in Israeli-support countries. However, he did not mention American goods specifically in his speech, unlike what he used to do in the past. "It is not permissible to buy Israeli goods as it will support enemies of Islam and those who kill our brothers

in Palestine. Everyone has to remem-ber that when a Muslim buys an Israeli commodity, that means that he/she is helping direct a bullet against a Palestinian child, woman or militant." he said.

# One killed, 2 injured in mosque dispute

One person was killed and two others were seriously injured Monday evening in a confrontation between two religious sects over controlling a mosque in the governorate of Dhamar.

120 km south of Sana a. A local source has told the Yemen Times that there was a disagreement between the Shiite and Salafia groups over controlling al-Saeed mosque, a new mosque in Dhamar.

erupted.

any possible doctrinal disagreement as the reason behind the accident.

One official pointed out that the

clash took place between the people responsible for the mosque and some people who wanted to use amplifiers by force, which the Ministry of Endowment and Religious Guidance has prohibited, except for during prayers practice.

Authorities in Dhamar arrested some of the people believed to have started the dispute, and they are now under interrogation and investigation. On its part, Islah party denounced the clash and demanded the authorities

the clash and demanded the authorities to carry out a comprehensive investi-gation into it, presenting its perpetra-tors to justice. The government has been trying its best to control mosques, and to stop preachers from inciting fanatic and extramite continents.

extremist sentiments.

It has even contracted about 36 moderate preachers from Arab mosques in an attempt to stop the use of mosques for preaching extremism and terrorism. Islah feels it is the target of this campaign as most of those preachers are members of the Islah party.



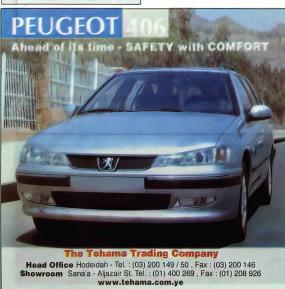


أكثر من اوز تلاثه ملايين ريال

تاتي هذ المسابقه بعد مشاركه عشرات الالاف في مسابقات يمن تايمز للسنوات الماضية والتي اكدت على مصداقيه ونزاهة الصحيفة والتي اعتبرها القراء ثاني اكثر صحيفة مرغوبة على مستوي الوطن من بيز مفة والتي حف الم

وهي الآن تجدد الدعوة للمشاركة في اكبرسابقه من نوعها في الجمهورية: مسابقة الملايين الكبرى ٢٠٠٤» بدأ المسابقة في عدد الخميس القادم فاحجز نسختك من ألآن ولا تدع الفرصه تفوتك فقد تغيرهذه المسابقة مجرى حياتك!





# In Dhamar, 120 km south of Sana'a

By Mohammed al-Qadhi & YEMEN TIMES STAFF

120 km south of Sana'a.

Some people from the Salafia group went recently to practice al-Taraweeh prayers but were denied. When they went again on Monday, a confrontation

Some evewitnesses say that the gov-

one eyewinesses say that the gov-ernor's guards fired at the people. Dead is Dr. Sultan Sary, 32. Two others are injured. However, government officials deny

#### **2** 30 October, 2003

#### **Local News**



**Readers**'

Voice

Yemen Times is reintroducing a popular feature "Readers' Voice" - formerly known as YT

This is your opportunity to

have a say on world and local

THIS EDITION'S QUESTION:

Do you think that the latest attacks in Baghdad against civilian targets are

**Opinion Poll.** 

justifiable?

affairs

# Yemen to get more micro-grants

Yemen has won the membership in the micro-grants program funded by Global Environment Facility (GEF) and implemented by United Nations Development Program (UNDP) in Yemen

This is considered one of the successful programs in the environment

US Ambassador Edmund J. Hull

visited the governorate of Marib on Oct. 22, with Minister of Health and

Population, Dr. Mohammad Al-Nomi.

They attended U.S. funded projects there. Both officials were met by the

Governor of Marib Brigadier Abdullah

Ali Al-Nasi on their arrival to the

the governor participated in the dedica-tion of the Medical Health Center,

funded by the US Embassy in Sana'a at

a total cost of about \$260,000, includ-

ing the equipment and training for

20,000 people in the region, was

implemented by the Social Fund for

ited the High Institute for Teachers Training in Marib, to attend the closing ceremony of the "Agriculture Rural

The project ,which will serve

Afterwards, the three officials vis-

The ambassador, the minister and

province.

health workers.

Development (SFD).

Accepting Yemen within the countries that benefit from the micro-grants program has come after one year of continuation that is done competitively between the regional coun-

tries. This step is also considered a success to support the activities of the environment private associations in

**US Ambassador opens** 

**US-funded projects in Marib** 

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Yemen to enhance their roles, besides being a step to benefit projects of the program

Yemen is considered the fourth country selected on the regional level after Jordan, Egypt, and Tunisia, as there is annual competition to select a country that meets the program conditions

# **Businessmen looking** to invest in Yemen

By Yemen Times Staff Sana'a, Oct. 28- Interest in investment projects in Yemen has been rekindled by a delegation of expatri-ates with Yemeni roots, who visited Yemen recently in order to make use of facilities and franchises conferred by Expats and Investment Law.

The delegation met the Investment Promotion General Manager at the Ministry of the Expats Affairs. They were informed of diverse investment opportunities and the ministry's interest to implement the Expatriates Care

Sana'a, Oct. 25- Organized by the Conjection with the Radda Barnen,

a Swedish organization interested in

A number of working papers were presented by researchers and child's specialists. The workshop focused on the role of

the workstop focused on the role of the media in disseminating and estab-lishing a solid pyramid for child's rights, and noted that in order to help children, particularly in remote areas, mobile libraries should be provided for them. These libraries motion metally

them. Those libraries contain miscella-

neous writings, TV, video and other means useful for children's capabili-

#### Law, as well as following up their project by ensuring there are not unn sary bureaucratic hindrances.

The delegation included expatriates from Indonesia who have visited the country for the first time, including Abood Bawazeer, Zain Abdullah Al-Zuberie, Saleh Abdullah Al-Zuberie,

Ewadh Makki, and Yahya Bin Saleh. The delegation also toured Hadhramout, the city of their forefathers. Some of the delegation con-firmed to establish a clothes plant in the city

# Workshop on children

By Yemen Times Staff

child's rights.

Several topics were also discussed during the workshop, such as using stories of Yemen authors relating to children's literature.

The Barnen organization's speech was delivered by Mrs. Marie Merglund, dealing with childhood and motherhood projects run by the group since its founding in 1963.

They are not justifiable at all, and those who did it must be found and punished They are not justifiable though American forces are to blame.

They are justifiable because they are a form of resistance.

LAST EDITION'S QUESTION:

Do you think that Iraqi resistance will calm down during the Holy month of Ramadan? No, they will intensify. 66%

- No, they will stay in the same level 19%
- Let us wait and see. 8% Yes, I do believe things will calm 7%

Go to our website at: mentimes.com/#poll and have your voice heard!

Empowering People

#### The Embassy of United States of America announces for an immediate jobs opening within its organization.

# "English Language Instructor"

The position is located in the Yemen America Language Institute YALI, American Embassy. Employee will teach English as a Second Language courses at the Yemen-America Language Institute (YALI) under the direct supervision of the Director of Courses. Prepares lessons, assigns and corrects homework, scores classroom exams, evaluates student progress and assigns end of term grades to each students fairly and objectively. Attends all pre- and in-service workshops. Prepares reports as required by YALI operating practice. Works individually with students as needed and collaborates frequently and routinely with other teachers to ensure state-of-the-art teaching methodology and creative activities are used. Performs other administrative task as assigned.

#### **Desired Oualifications**

Education: A B.A/B.S is normally required (but may be substituted for in cases where significant relevant teaching experience is in evidence)

Prior Work Experience: Minimum of one year of previous experience teaching EFL/ESL is required (except in the case of native speakers or of YALI non-teaching employees who demonstrate teaching capability during a demonstration lesson given at YALI and observed by the YALL DOC

Language Proficiency: Level IV English (fluent ability) is required.

Knowledge: A high level of knowledge of language teaching methodology, a strong understanding of the English language and its syntactical features and familiarity with American cultural are required.

Abilities: Strong interpersonal and leadership skills, the ability to exercise fairness, adaptability, flexibility, patience and creativity, and an ability to motivate students and to work cooperatively with colleagues.

Grade/Salary: \*EFM/MOH//Non Ordinarily Resident: FP-07 (to be confirmed by Washington) Ordinarily Resident: FSN-7

How to apply: Interested applicants should complete OF-612 or submit a current C.V. (with awards, recommendation letters, copies of degrees earned) that addresses the qualification requirements of the position as listed above and contact the Embassy Personnel Office, American Embassy, Dhahr Himyar Street, Sana'a. Tel: 303-155, no later than November 10, 2003.

Note: All ordinarily resident applicants must be residing in country and have the required work and residency permits to be eligible for consideration.



director, Ezz Addin al-Asbahi Human Rights Information and Training Center, HRITC, a sympoand remarked. Al-Asbahi further said that woman's sium on woman's political participa-

tion was held in Taiz at HRITC headquarters. symposium focused on The woman's political participation during the 27 April elections, as well as hindrances that blocked women candi-

dates by the election administration. "Interest that is taken towards woman's issues and that the political process shouldn't be restricted only to election periods.

se woman's issues are the Becaus issues of the society, which is in need of support outside of pressures and temporary conditions," the HRITC

Project. The training was conducted Sept 29 to Oct. 20, under the supervision of the Public Works Projects in Marib. This workshop is the first of its kind that aims to spread awareness of how Nasserites enter the IT era:

Women Guide Workshop," a compo

nent of the Marib Agriculture Pilot

One of the projects opened by US Ambassador Edmund Hull in Mareb.

women farmers can maintain livestock The President's Hospital was the final stop during the

visit. The hospital, which is being built by Yemeni gov-ernment funds, will be totally equipped with funding by the US Government at a total cost of around \$5.3 million, including training for the hospital's health cadre. In a brief meeting with

journalists, Ambassador Hull affirmed that Marib is not the

meni governorate that benefits only Y from US funding. Other disadvantaged governorates such as Amran, Shabwa and al-Jawf

also receive U.S. aid. Areas of health, agriculture and education are the main focus of this

funding, the Ambassador added.

Wahdawi

# Symposium on women in politics

# Taiz, Oct. 28- Organized by the



political participation should be assessed not only during parliamen-tary elections, but also in all her political spheres as a whole.

The symposium was attended by prominent women who have played an active participation in the political arena such as Mesq al-Junaid, Dr. Fouzia Hassoona and Kareema Murshed.

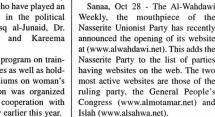
ing women candidates as well as holding political symposiums on woman's political participation was organized by the HRITC in cooperation with Norwegian Embassy earlier this year.

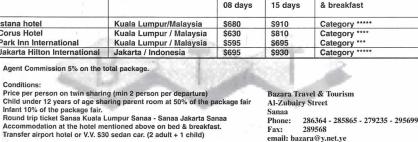
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A comprehensive program on train

Sanaa, Oct 28 - The Al-Wahdawi Weekly, the mouthpiece of the Nasserite Unionist Party has recently announced the opening of its website at (www.alwahdawi.net). This adds the Nasserite Party to the list of parties having websites on the web. The two

#### Kuala Lumpur & Jakarta Package Special Summer Offer 07 nights 08 days 14 night 15 days Hotel Names City Accommodation bed breakfast Category \*\*\*\* Category \*\*\*\* Category \*\*\* Category \*\*\*\* Kuala Lumpur/Malaysia Kuala Lumpur / Malaysia \$910 \$810 Istana hotel Corus Hotel \$680 \$630 Park Inn International Kuala Lumpur / Malaysia \$595 \$695 \$930 Jakarta Hilton International Jakarta / Indonesia \$695 ent Commission 5% on the total package.





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#### 30 October, 2003

#### Local News

# **Third Ramadan Cultural Forum kicks off**

#### YEMEN TIMES STAFF TAIZ BUREAU

Taiz, Oct. 28 - Organized by the Taiz-based Qat Hazards Control Society in coordination with the Social and Cultural Committees of the Taiz Clubs, the Third Ramadan Cultural Forum is to be held during 10-16 amadan (November 4-10). The program will include the Holy

Qura'an competition, caricature and chanting competition, extemporaneous poetry debate, cultural individual con-tests, and lectures. The society's chairman Mr. Shukri Abdullah Al-Furais confirmed that the

program basically aims at attracting youths to this opportunity and encour-aging them to utilize their intellectual creative capabilities. A number of prizes are to be distrib-

uted to the participants during the event

Oat Hazards Control Society is the Qat Hazaras Control Society is the only society that focuses through its work to create a new Yemeni genera-tion without Qat. The society combats the chewing and dealing with qat regularly by hold-

ing meetings, giving lecturers on Qat-related issues, and printing leaflets and posters to raise awareness among the public

"The devil" as was described by a great Yemeni revolutionary poet Mohammed Mahmoud Al-Zubairi, was also passionately condemned back in 1958.

In his allegorical writing, Al-Zubairi compares Qat to the devil by saying: 'It grew from the earth to consume

the nutrients of other innocent plants. It made the Yemeni people lust after it, and is fighting in their stomachs against valuable nutrients for the

human body. Then, it runs in their veins like Satan, and enters their pockets to steal

their money It can bring them to mountain peaks in the early morning but at night it will not let them sleep, leaving them in the nightmare of their hallucinations. The Yemeni people live half their

Ministry of Telecommunications & IT

Important announcement

The Ministry of Telecommunications & IT announces that it has taken steps to prevent international calls from passing

illegally via the fixed and the GSM telephone networks as

they are in breach of the telecommunications law

Therefore, citizens who receive international calls which

appear as local numbers on their fixed or GSM telephones

are requested to cooperate with the ministry and notify the

call center on free access number 170 at any time. The

Information required by the call center is purely the local or

GSM number that appears on the customer's telephone

display.

The call center handling calls to 170 is available 24 hours

aday, 7 days aweek

The Ministry would like to thank the public for

their cooperation

It consumes their strength and heroism It is a cursed tree that controls their lives

# Qat Hazards Control Society launches it: Al-Amal Bank for the poor starts in 2004

anaa, Oct 25 - Al-Amal Bank for small-loans will commence its activities starting January 2004 according to the bank's management. A technical committee composed of the govern-ment and private sector as well as the Gulf Program for supporting United Nation organizations agreed that the uary should be the date for first of Ja starting the activities of the bank which is expected to facilitate loans

for the poor to start their own smallscale businesses to earn income. The beneficiaries of the loans are among the very poor of the society who are able and willing to start small-scale projects in order to small-scale projects in order to improve their living standards and create new sources of income for their families. The interests will be extremely low compared to regular loans and are expected to be affordvable for the beneficiaries Foreign expertise will be helping in nagement of the bank for the the r first three years. The capital of the bank is said to be around USD five and half million in which the govern-ment's participation is USD 2.5 million while that of the private sector is USD one million. The remaining amount is to be provided by the Gulf Program.

# Hayel Saeed Anaam's School's renovation completed

Sanaa Oct 26 - A celebration was held at the Hayel Saeed Anaam School on Oct 10 in Sanaa on the occasion of the completing of its ren-ovation at the expense of the Hayel Saeed Anaam (HSA) Group of Companies.

attended by event was The Abdulwase'a Haeel Saeed Anaam of the HSA Group, Capital Secretary Ahmed Al-Kuhlani Sana'a, parliament member Nageeb Ghanem, and several other officials. Some speeches were delivered during

the celebration which addressed the importance of the private sector's role in carrying out such noble actions which contribute positively in developing projects and hence reduce the

burden on the government. Dr. Abdulwase'a Haeel Saeed Anaam stressed that the HSA Group will continue renovating other schools to become a better place for students to attain their education.

Moreover, these projects are only portion of the projects the HSA Group has been implementing in a number of Yemeni cities all over the country.

A number of Yemeni and foreign teachers working in the School were honored during the celebration.

# Workshop on violence against children

Sana'a, Oct. 28 - Organized by the Supreme Council for Motherhood and Childhood, an evaluation workshop related to the study of violence against children was held at the council's headquarters in Sanaa on October 28. The workshop was funded by the World Health Organization (WHO).

Several issues were highlighted by participants including reasons behind violence against children, consequences and solutions.

Violence against children is one of the most significant social issues that have been the focus of concerned bodies. Such issues have become closely relat-

ed to the child's social childhood which influences his life as well as his personality. This has led the authorities to pay due

attention to the child's current issues, because they constitute an integral part of the community where we live and define the future of the country



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# TEMEN

#### Community

# Health during the Holy Month Ramadhan goods are often poor quality

BY YASSER AL-MAYASI YEMEN TIMES STAFF

emen is one of the countries in the Islamic world where Muslims receive the holy month of Ramadhan with great acclaimation, exclaiming elight and God as great

Yemenis if compared to other Arabs, have their own traditions and norms in the way they receive the holy month of Ramadhan. This of course differs from one city to another.

Yemenis, either in villages or those in cities, go shopping for basic necessities

for the holy month. Despite of the low individual income and his purchasing power. Yemenis have been overwhelmed by great pleas-

ure to go to markets.

Ramadhan in Yemen is a big season-

al trade occasion where so many mer-chants and traders make profitable trade businesses. Markets are filled with so many different products such as, foodstuffs, dates, dairy products, and canned products.

But economists interested in conducting market researches and studies relat-ed to the local consumers expect that markets during Ramadhan are flooding with different kinds of goods and commodities which don't conform to the

proper health conditions. Due to the lack of awareness among most of the Yemenis, most of those flooded goods and commodities are actually expired products and don't

have proper health qualities . Yemenis, either in cities or villages go shopping for buying goods and food-stuffs, spices, sweats, drinks, dates, and

incenses. In some of the rural areas, gas lamps

**EXTENSION** 

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Public Telecommunication Corporation (P.T.C) project of His Excellency the President of the Republic, for the promotion of Computers, to establish a production and assemblement line for Computers at the Telecommunications & Information Technology City at the Ministry of

Telecommunications & information Technology has been extended up to

Therefore, Tender offers must be submitted on 09/11/2003 at 10.00 a.m and will be opened in public at 11.00 a.m on the same day in (P.T.C) in the pres-

Markets rich with variety of foodstuffs in Ramadh

06/11/2003.

advertised

#### and lanterns have been still used by villagers. Some of the remote areas have been deprived from electricity for a long time, while in some villages, electrical generators are used for lighting houses

Seasonal trade occasion In cities, exhibitions for goods and mmodities necessary for Holy Month are held annually.

Some of those exhibitions are usually beld under the pretext of giving low prices of those goods during Ramadhan. But, this has been done with reactivat-ing the traders' commercial activities at the expense of good morals.

In addition to this, some shop owners used to spread heaps of their goods in front of their shops for selling their goo This has been done with a view of

enlarging their sales in different places and therefore, prices of those goods are also high

Yemeni markets nowadays have wit-nessed a high attendance of local con-sumers. But, there are some goods

which have low prices and this some-times can be ascribed to poor quality. Different imported products have been flooding to our markets. What is needed is to monitor those markets and this of course is very important for maintaining health among the public.

Despite monitoring and control pro-cedures of our markets, there have been infringements and fraud in some of the markets. This manifests itself clearly through the lack of proper health aware ness on the part of some Yemenis and also lack of proper monitoring proce-dures in those markets. There are also high increases of

prices during Ramadhan

Most Yemeni villagers don't pay due attention to Ramadhan's eating table because most of them still depend on animals such as, goats, cows and chick-

# Economic development in Yemen **Tourism is young:** it needs help to grow

BY ISMAEAL AL-GABIRI YEMEN TIMES

aking interest in tourism in an organized official framework did not appear until the second half of the 20th century, and more accurately post World War II, where the need for entertainment for the participants in that war, in addition to the increase of income in Europe under the Marshal Project success, were the main triggers for such a trend.

So accordingly, humanitarian need and desire for tourism which was in the past an individual act now has become more organized and targets a wider range where events and programs have been designed for people to go around places getting entertained and gaining more knowledge especially regarding the different ways of life and the dif-ferent aspects of land, societies...etc. With the increase in the appeal to tourism and demand for it, both gov-

ernments and individuals saw the great opportunities in this and invested widely on this new source of income. Hence programs for developing the tourism sector and working on events Hend and sites that attracted people was the main concern for created ministries and tourism agencies. A process incor-porated this industry in the general development strategies and linked this field with all other industries and services such as transportation and accommodation.

modation. So a phenomenon has emerged from this concept and countries competed in attracting tourists and in creating a good place for themselves in the glob-al media as a tourist place, eeping in mind the revenues and how to invest in the inductive in order to develop the the industry in order to develop the country in all aspects and not just that of tourism or related fields.

The tourist sector is considered one of the modern ones and still in its



Workers renovate one of the ancient skyscraper of Shibam-Hadramout city. The city is well known for its mod-made skyscrapers, which are a great attract to touris

growing phase, hence it requires the growing phase, hence it requires the maximum attention especially with the growing demand. Services and facili-ties and creative programs should be designed in order to grow the tourism sector and to encourage people to come to the country and exchange being the that currencies to improve the economy and national income, because this industry could be related to all other activities could be relate of the society.

Planning in the tourism sector has proved to be critical in order to comply with the global progress without com-promising on the national values. In fact, to utilize tradition to attract tourists should be a basic point in the tourism plans. It's an issue which is vital for the development of the coun-try as a whole and a cause to establish social security and luxury for the citizens.



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ence of Tender or their representatives who may wish to attend Bidders must still abide by the same conditions presence



تعلن المؤسسة العامة للاتصالات السلكية واللاسلكية عن تمديد موعد فتح المظاريف لمشروع فخامة الأخ / رئيس الجمهورية لتعميم الحاسوب لإنشاء خط إنتاج وتجميع الحاسوب بمدينة تكنولوجيا الإتصالات والمعلومات بوزارة الإتصالات وتقنية المعلومات حتى يوم الأحد 2003/11/9م.

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#### Arab/Middle East

# Hizbollah says can't bear stalling on prisoner swap

BEIRUT, Oct 28 (Reuters) Lebanon's Hizbollah guerrilla group said on Tuesday it would not tolerate more stalling by Israel on a possible prisoner swap, saying it would bring home its prisoners with or without

The Shi'ite Muslim group has for months been in talks with Israel via German mediators over the exchange of three Israeli soldiers presumed dead and a businessman for about 15 Lebanese, dozens of Arabs and hundreds of Palestinians held in Israel.

"Our message is clear. Time is pass-ing. I want to say clearly that Hizbollah will not bear more procras-tination," Hizbollah leader Sheikh Hassan Nasrallah told followers in

We reiterate and stress our decisive and final commitment in the file of returning these dear prisoners to their families and homes by negotiations or else without negotiations," he said without elaborating.

Hizbollah, which helped drive Israel from south Lebanon in 2000 after a 22-year occupation, in July vowed to seize more Israelis unless there was a

breakthrough in stalled talks. A month later Israel handed over the bodies of two Hizbollah fighters in

what analysts saw as a precursor to a

swap. Nasrallah said Hizbollah, through the the German mediators, reached a rough outline of an agreement about a 400 Palestinian prisoners in addition to the Lebanese and other Arabs. But progress on a final deal had been slow, he added

The fate of Israeli airman Ron Arad who was captured in Lebanon in 1986, has apparently been blocking a deal. Hizbollah denies any knowledge of the whereabouts of Arad, who is believed to have been taken to Iran. Israeli officials, media and pressure groups have said any deal must include Arad.

"More procrastination means that the Israelis, in another way, are saying to us that the operation is over and you must move to other choices." "Our conditions are clear and final,

and our demands are clear and final,' Nasrallah said.

Nasrallah's remarks came a day after Hizbollah guerrillas and Israel traded fire in hours-long border clashes in the latest sign of tension between Israel and Syria, which backs Hizbollah and has broad sway over Lebanon.



Columns of smoke rise near the Lebanese border village of Rashay al-Fukhar after Israel and Lebanon's Hizbollah guerrillas traded fire across a disputed border area, Oct. 27. Syrian and Iranian-backed Hizbollah attacked Israeli posts in the disputed Shebaa Farms area drawing Israel air strikes and shelling on several Lebanese border villages, in the latest sign of rising tension between Syria and the Jewish state. REUTERS

# Arafat asks Qurie to form new Palestinian cabinet

RAMALLAH, West Bank, Oct 28 (Reuters) - Palestinian President Yasser Arafat asked Ahmed Qurie on Tuesday to form a permanent govern-ment by next week but the prime minister first wants to resolve a dispute over security powers, officials said. Qurie has been locked in stalemate

Qurie has been locked in stalemate with Arafat over control of the Palestinian security forces — key to the success of a stalled U.S.-backed peace "road map" that calls for a crackdown on militants along with Israeli confidence-building steps. Shortly after the announcement, Qurie said he had yet to be informed of the decision by Arafat and his Fatah

the decision by Arafat and his Fatah movement.

The 30-day term of a Palestinian emergency cabinet expires on November 4 and Qurie suggested ear-lier this month he would quit as prime minister unless he and Arafat could

Agree on cabinet posts. Qurie, the parliamentary speaker, was named prime minister after his reformist predecessor, Mahmoud Abbas, quit in frustration, saying April and Ieraal had obstructed him Arafat and Israel had obstructed him and the United States had not given

and the United States had not given enough support to his peace moves. "President Arafat and the Fatah Central Committee have unanimously asked Abu Ala to form a new cabinet based on the current one," Foreign Minister Nabil Shaath said, using

Qurie's nom de guerre. Shaath said Qurie, a shrewd politi-cian with a long history of close ties to Arafat, had agreed to remain prime minister.

But shortly after Shaath spoke to reporters, Qurie said he had yet to receive any formal request. "As things stand now, I have not been asked, but if things proceed in a positive way, I will continue," Qurie told reporters. A Palestinian official said Qurie "in

with an ordinary cabinet, but he has a condition which has to do with the post of minister of interior.'

Arafat, who has been reluctant to Qurie's nominee for the post, Nasser

#### Crackdown before dialogue

Youssef angered Arafat by boy-cotting an induction ceremony for the emergency cabinet. As interior minis-ter, he would oversee any steps to rein in military in militants.

Israel has demanded such a crackdown before it fulfils its obligations



Palestinian Prime Minister Ahmed talks to reporters in the West city of Ramallah Oct. 28. inian President Yasser Arafat Qurie talks Palestinian President Yasser asked Qurie to form a perm government by next week but the prime minister first wants to resolve a dispute over security powers, offi-cials said. REUTERS cials said.

under the road map, which include a freeze on Jewish settlement expansion on land it occupied in the West Bank and Gaza Strip in the 1967 Middle East war.

East war. "Every Palestinian government and its head will be considered a partner to dialogue if they fulfil their commit-ments under the road map, carry out the necessary reforms in the security forces and dismantle the terror organi sations," an Israeli official said about a

possible new Qurie-led cabinet. But Qurie has made clear that like his predecessor, Abbas, he favours dialogue over confrontation with militant groups such as Hamas and Islamic Jihad, which have killed hundreds of Israelis in a three-year-old Palestini uprising.

Abbas quit last month amid mounting tit-for-tat violence.

Hamas said on Monday it was ready to talk to Qurie about his proposal for halting attacks on Israelis but that it would depend on whether Israel stopped strikes on militants.

On Tuesday, Israeli commandos killed a militant linked to the Fatah where a minimum timked to the Fatan movement outside the Tulkarm refugee camp in the West Bank. Witnesses said Ibrahim Na'nish was shot dead by troops who drove up to him in an unmarked car.

A military spokesman said troops tried to arrest him but opened fire when he and a second gunman shot at when he and a second gunman shot at them. Witnesses said the Israeli gun-fire was unprovoked. them.

# Another Iraq suicide bomb, **Bush blames foreigners**

BAGHDAD, Oct 28 (Reuters) - A suicide bomber killed himself and at least four others in Iraq on Tuesday, as foreign aid workers agonised over whether to quit the country in the after-math of Monday's 35-death bloodbath in Baghdad.

Another American soldier was confirmed killed and six other troops wounded in a Baghdad rocket attack as President George W. Bush blamed the violence in postwar Iraq on members of Saddam Hussein's ousted Baath party and "foreign terrorists". Bush, seeking re-election next year

amid criticism in some quarters of his Iraq policies, said he expected Syria and Iran to enforce border controls to stop infil

infiltrators. The latest suicide bombing near a police post in Falluja, west of Baghdad, police post in raining, west of Bagnoads followed Monday's carnage in the capi-tal in which 35 people died in near-simultaneous attacks on the Red Cross headquarters and three stations of the U.S.-backed police. With the latest soldier's death, announced on Tuesday, the U.S. mills for a people for the stations of the tary casualty toll from hostile for mes

tary casualty toll from hostile fire rose to 114 since Bush declared major com-bat over on May 1, just one less than the total killed in combat during six weeks ar itself

Baghdad deputy mayor Faris al-Assam was killed in a drive-by shooting on Sunday, the U.S.-led authorities said

on Tuesday. Just over a week ago, a tape recording attributed to al Qaeda chief Osama bin Laden demanded the United States leave Iraq and vowed more suicide

bleame But he told a Paris news conference Other humanitarian agencies ugences were also trying to balance the urge to pursue their mission against the dangers of but he tord a raits news conference that Washington had only itself to blame for the bloodshed. The Americans, be it in Afghanistan or Iraq, had provoked the development of terrorist movements and terrorist acts in the radium he acid.

quarters of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) caused deep concern among aid and international agencies operating in Iraq. But the World Bank envoy to Iraq, Tanwir Ali Agha, told Reuters on

"It's a vicious circle...If you don't

In Moscow, Russia resumed efforts to revive multi-billion dollar oil deals, on



ers of U.S. Army's 4th Infantry Division (Task Forse Ironhorse) gather with their w er was brought to units aid station in Tirkit, 110 miles north of Baghdad, Oct. 28. ons re REUTERS



TEHRAN, Oct 28 (Reuters) - Iran's reformist-dominated parliament on Tuesday accused the country's hardline judiciary of fabricating evidence in its investigation into the death in custody of a Canadian photojournalist

custody of a Canadian photojournalist. In a damning report likely to fuel tensions between Iran's political fac-tions over Zahra Kazemi's death, a parliamentary commission said notes and witness statements had been doc-tored and accused the judiciary of fail-ing to justify Kazemi's arrest on ing to justify Kazemi's arrest on charges of espionage.' The death of Kazemi, a Canadian

resident of Iranian descent, sparked a diplomatic dispute between Iran and Canada and has turned into a rare test of accountability for the Islamic Republic's powerful security appara-to

An Intelligence Ministry agent is on trial for the killing, but parliamentarians are probing a series of irregulari-ties in the judicial investigation which

ties in the judicial investigation which led to him being charged. The Intelligence Ministry agent denies the charge. Parliamentarians demanded to know why Tehran's Prosecutor-General Saeed Mortazavi, from the conservative judiciary, had originally attributed Kazemi's death to a stroke when she was later found to have died when she was later found to have died

when she was later found to have died from a blow to the head. The commission said there were: "deliberate attempts by Tehran's pros-ecutor to justify Kazemi's death con-trary to the facts, doctor initial paper-work...and change comments of initial witnesses" witnesses" "All this indicates disorganisation

"All this indicates disorganisation in the Tehran prosecutor's behaviour and indicates the file of Kazemi's death has deviated from the right path." a statement read out in parlia-ment said. ment said. Mortazavi quickly dismissed the

report and promised to send a rebuttal of each of the charges to the parliament speaker.

"The parliament ... commission read out a report which was composed of lies and insults," he was quoted as saying by the ISNA students news

Kazemi, a 54-year old Montreal-based photojournalist, died of a brain haemorrhage caused by a blow to the head two weeks after her arrest in June

nead two weeks after ner arrest in June for taking pictures outside Tehran's notorious Evin prison, where many political dissidents are held. Tehran's deputy public prosecutor presented numerous witness state-ments and reports in court earlier this month saving. Kazemi was in good month saying Kazemi was in good health until she was handed over to the Intelligence Ministry on the second day after her arrest.

Hossein Ansarirad, head of the commission, was reported on IRNA as saying the parliamentary commis-sion's second report would "deal with the issue of who was responsible".

### Syria fuel truck collides with bus, 13 dead-agency

DAMASCUS Oct 28 (Reuters) Thirteen people including four chil-dren were killed when a tanker truck collided with a minibus on a busy Svrian highway, Svria's official news agency SANA reported on Tuesday. SANA said the speeding truck hit the minibus from behind on Monday as the bus tried to turn off at a junction on the highway to the town of Khan Sheikhun, north of the capital Damascus

Damascus. The daily Tishreen newspaper said the truck was carrying diesel but did not say whether it exploded. The vic-tims were taken to hospital, where 13 people were pronounced dead. Nine others were injured. The crash was the second fatal accident involving a Syrian fuel truck in less than a year. In February, at least 11 people died when a Syrian

at least 11 people died when a Syrian army tanker truck overturned on the border with Lebanon and burst into flames, destroying several vehicles.

doing so. "Definitely some of our people will be leaving Iraq," Marc Joolens, opera-tions coordinator for medical charity and terrorist acts in the region, he said. The bombing of the Baghdad headquarters of the International Committee Medecins Sans Frontieres, told Reuters 'It's a difficult decision because there are needs, but there are also great risks." Tuesday's suicide bomber blew up his small car outside a school 100

Tuesday that poor security should not be allowed to stall reconstruction - since unless Iraqis saw an improvement in their lives the violence would only get

start reconstruction because you set the same (security) standards for Iraq as for other countries, then you won't get started. If you don't get started, the cir-cle of violence will get even more widene."

revive multi-billion dollar oil deals, on hold since the U.S. invasion, by urging new Iraqi Oil Minister Ibrahim Bahr al-Uloum to visit Moscow. ICRC spokeswoman Nada Doumani said it was weighing its response to the mayhem but would not leave Iraq after

attacks on Americans the world over. 23 years of continuous work through Iran's ambassador to France Seid three wars. A spokeswoman at ICRC headquarters in Geneva said the review Mohammad Sadegh Kharrazi blamed al of its presence in Iraq would focus on Baghdad, because other regions were Oaeda and remnants of Saddam's regime for the attacks. Washington had 'only itself to Humanitarian agencies agonies

metres (yards) from a police station in Falluja, in the "Sunni Triangle" where

Pathya, in the "Sunni Triangle" where resistance to occupation is stiffest. U.S. soldiers sealed off the area after the blast, which set cars ablaze and scat-tered body parts across the street. In the northern city of Mosul, news-paper editor Ahmed Shawkat, who had written puticles, criticising radical

ritten articles criticising radical

Written articles criticising radical Islamists, was shot dead at his home. Monday's bombings, in which a U.S. soldier died, followed the killing of three U.S. troops on Sunday night and the death of another hours earlier when

rockets hit a Baghdad hotel where U.S.

Populy Defense Secretary Paul Wolfowitz was staying. A soldier died and six were wounded in a rocket attack on Monday in Baghdad, the army said on Tuesday.

#### Asia/Africa

# Japan campaign starts, Koizumi seeks reform mandate

TOKYO, Oct 28 (Reuters) -Japanese Prime Minister Junichiro Koizumi vowed on Tuesday to turn his conservative party into a vehicle for change as campaigning began in earnest for the first general election since the popular leader took office. More than 1,000 people, mostly women, braved a chilling downpour

PIMES

to hear Koizumi make his campaign pitch in the western Tokyo residential suburb of Machida.

"I'm grateful so many of you came out in the rain. I want to respect your support and turn the LDP into a party of reform," Koizumi told the crowd from atop a van as aides held umbrellas and listeners snapped photos of

him with cell phones. Koizumi is staking his job on a decisive victory for his Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) and its two ruling coalition partners in the November 9 election, which would enable him to push ahead with his reforms, opposed by many in his own

party. "At a minimum we must maintain a majority between the three parties. If we don't manage that, it is my respon-sibility, so I will resign," Koizumi

told NHK televsion later in the day. The general election will also pro-vide clues to whether Japan is finally moving towards a true two-party system.

The poll pits the LDP and its two partners primarily against the Democratic Party led by Naoto Kan, a former patent lawyer and health min-ister who has spent most of his career fighting the system.

Whether a true two-party system will be born hinges on this election." Kan told a crowd in Fukuoka, south-ern Japan. "Please let our Democratic Party and me, Naoto Kan, take

power." More than 1,100 candidates registered on the first official day of cam-paigning for the 480 seats in the Lower House, the more powerful of parliament's two chambers. The LDP has ruled for most of the past half century either alone or in a

coalition, except for a brief period in 1993-94 when it was ousted by a broad but unwieldy reformist coalition.

The LDP hopes Koizumi's popularity, and his knack for managing the media, can translate into a big win for the party even though many members oppose his ideas of cutting public works spending and privatising money-guzzling government corporations

TOO FAST TOO SLOW In the past, the LDP retained power by wooing voters with costly public works projects and by protecting vest-ed interests such as farmers and small

businesses. But over the past decade these poli-

cies have inflated debt to record lev-els, failed to produce sustainable eco-nomic growth and have become less popular, especially among urban vot-

Koizumi, though, has been criti-cised for being both too slow and too hasty on reform during two-and-a-half years in office. Led by the less charismatic Kan.

the Democrats are betting their detailed policy manifesto — includ-ing promises to reduce bureaucrats' grip on policy and give local govern-ments more say — will convince vot-ers they are the best bet for real change.

Debate is focusing on a range of issues from pension reform to cope with Japan's rapidly ageing society to how to stem rising crime rates and whether to send troops to help rebuild

Iraq. Kan says his target is for the Democratic Party to win more than 200 seats to set the stage to form an anti-LDP coalition.

The LDP-led ruling camp had 285 seats prior to dissolution, of which the LDP alone had 244 compared with the Democrats' 137.

Early opinion polls suggested that Koizumi — whose personal support rate is about 60 percent — was giving the LDP an edge. But appealing to the uncommitted



Japanese Prime Minister Junichiro Koizumi, who is also president of Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP), waves to cheering supporters as he leaves a stumping tour in Machida on outskirts of Tokyo October 28, 2003, to kick off campaigning for Japan's November 9 general election. Campaigning began on Tuesday for the election that will test whether Koizumi can turn his pervicibility of the election that will test whether Koizumi can turn his pervicibility of the election that will test whether Koizumi can turn his pervicibility of the election that will be the end of the term of term of the term of te popularity into a decisive victory for his party and a renewed mandate for reform. REUTERS

will be key. Surveys show that one-third to half of Japan's more than 100 million reg-istered voters shun affiliation with any party.

Financial markets want to see Koizumi and the LDP win big to avoid the uncertainty of a change government. A recent Reuters/Jiji News poll of

economic analysts and market participants showed a strong Koizumi victory would boost investors' hopes for reform and keep stock prices and the yen rising.

issue and we urge parties to enga them (U.N. officials) positively,

said, repeating a stance he offered in

Burns

## 30 October, 2003 7 MobiNil goes ex- dividend, drags down Egypt bourse

CAIRO, Oct 28 (Reuters) - Egyptian shares slid in sluggish trade on Tuesday, undermined by MobiNil as the mobile telephone operator went ex-dividend, traders said.

They said some retail investors were also selling stocks to raise cash during the Muslim fasting month of Ramadan, traditionally a month of visits between family and friends that ends with a hol-iden when grown the much source in the source of the data when grown the much source of the source o

family and friends that ends with a hol-iday when presents are exchanged. The benchmark Hermes index slid 296.69 points, or 2.6 percent, to a last quote of 10,957.18. The broader CIBC index slipped 0.55 points, or 0.7 per-cent, to end at 82.82 points. "Since the beginning of the week, since Ramadan began, we have seen prices deteriorate across the board with very low volumes," said Delta

Securities institutional sales trader Mohamed Radwan. Ramadan began on Sunday in Egypt. MobiNil, also known as Egyptian

Company for Mobile Services, dropped 7.2 percent after going ex-dividend on Tuesday. Investors who bought the stock by Monday qualified for an inter-im dividend of 4.88 Egyptian pounds (\$0.79).

The stock close down 5.62 pounds

The stock close down 5.62 pounds, modestly more than the dividend, to last trade at 73 pounds and with an official close of 72.64 pounds. Elsewhere, Orascom Telecom (OT), the other listed telecoms operator, fol-lowed suit with fall of 1.63 pounds, or 2.4 percent, to last trade at 65.12 pounds. The official close was 64.67 pounds. (\$1=6.14 Egyptian pounds)

# **Djibouti rejoins** Somali peace effort

NAIROBI. Oct 28 (Reuters) -Djibouti has rejoined a committee man-aging peace talks for Somalia, raising hopes of improved cooperation in the region to reunite the shattered country, Kenya's foreign minister said on Tuesday. Djibouti withdrew from the commit-tee it shared with Kenya and Ethiopia

last month, saying more than a year of Kenyan-hosted talks had only served to stoke tensions between Somalia's rival faction leaders

faction leaders. Kenya said Djibouti reversed its deci-sion after a regional body supervising the talks, the Inter-governmental Authority on Development (IGAD), agreed at a summit in Uganda last week to expand the committee to include Uganda. Eritrea and Sudan. Kenyan Foreign Minister Kalonzo Musyoka said the presence of Djibouti

Foreign Minister Ali Abdi Farah at a meeting of IGAD foreign ministers in Nairobi on Tuesday to endorse the expansion of the committee was proof that Djibouti was back.

"His very presence here renders null and void the earlier statements that and void the earlier statements that Djibouti had left," Musyoka told reporters, speaking alongside Farah and other foreign ministers as a spokesman for their meeting.

Diplomats say that rifts between Somalia's neighbours over the talks reflect a broader competition for influ-ence in Somalia between non-Arab Ethiopia and Arab states such as Egypt. Djibouti is a member of the Arab league. Kalonzo said Sudan was still deliber-

ating on whether to join the committee managing the Somalia peace talks. IGAD groups Kenya, Somalia, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Sudan and Uganda.

#### THE TEHAMA TRADING COMPANY, HODIEDAH

Applications are invited for following staff:

1) SALES ASSISTANT - ONE - Location: Sana'a

The candidate will assist the Sales Manager in basic quotes, inter-action with customers, maintenance of sales records and literature etc. Graduate in engineering or commercial discipline with a minimum 5 years experience in sales activities is preferred. The applicant should be PC literate with skills to use MS-Office applications. Age around 30 years.

diesel versions). Basic knowledge of English language and of using diagnostic tools including hand-held computers will be an advantage. Age around 35 years.

The candidate should be a graduate in any discipline and familiar with Japanese/European automobiles in general. Should have worked in a similar capacity for at least 5 years and should be able to communicate in English and also be able to understand/explain features and benefits of products. Must have a presentable personality. Age around 30 years.

4) AUTO ELECTRICAL TECHNICIAN - TWO - Location Sana'a & Aden:

The candidate should be a qualified electrical technician either from any Technical Institute or from Vocational Training Centre. He should be able to read wiring and other electrical diagrams and should have a minimum 5 years experience in tracing faults and hands-on repairs of auto electrical components. Knowledge of English is an advantage

5) REFRIGERATION, MECHANIC - TWO - Location Sana'a & Hodeidah

The candidate should have studied upto secondary school level with 5 years experience in repairs of air-conditioning systems of automobiles and also in window/split units. Age around 30 years

6) SYSTEM SUPPORT ENGINEER - ONE - Location: Hodeidah

The candidate must be a graduate in Computer Science from a recognized University, with fluency in written & spoken English and should have a minimum 5 years experience in system support and administration of a LAN environment. The candidate must have thorough working knowledge of configuring and trouble shooting of Microsoft Operating Systems, various industry-standard applications, front end data bases, Oracle 7+, SQL, LOTUS NOTES and internet/intranet/extranet communications. Age - Around 30 years.

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This position is open to fresh graduates in MECHANICAL & ELECTRICAL discipline from any recognized university with fluency in written & spoken English language. The candidates will be trained at Hodeidah in sales/marketing & product support activities, including repairs to heavy earth moving & power general equipment for a period of 2 years. Candidates who excel in the training and with the right aptitude will be absorbed in the Company's permanent employment and placed in any of the regional cities. Age around 25 years,

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The Tehama Trading Company, P. O. Box 4422, Hodeidah.



RABAT, Oct 28 (Reu United States pledged on Tuesday to significantly increase its financial aid to key Musiim ally Morocco to help the north African country's economic and political reforms and its fight against

Washington will more than quadruple its mon-military assistance and double its military aid to Morocco from 2004, Assistant Secretary of State William Burns said

Burns said. The United States "will seek to pro-vide approximately \$40 million in assis-tance" from 2004 to help "open up greater economic, education and political opportunities for all Moroccan ' he told reporters at the end of a two-day

"Some of these monies will also assist Morocco to enhance its fight against ter-rorism," he said, without giving details as to the nature of this aid.

Morocco's long reputation as a stable, tolerant kingdom was shaken in May when 12 Islamic suicide bombers hit targets in Casablanca and killed 33 peo-

Military assistance will reach \$20 million from 2004, said Burns, who is in charge of Near Eastern affairs.

"We look forward to enhancing our cooperation in the years ahead with Morocco's fine military forces and to increasing Morocco's abilities to update its equipment and police its shores," he said

Morocco, a traditional U.S. ally, was among the first Arab countries to con-demn the September 11, 2001 attacks on

New York and Washington. It has pro-vided U.S. investigators with valuable help in their hunt for international terror networks. Burns said he also discussed with

Burns said he also discussed with King Mohammed the long-standing Western Sahara territorial dispute. The issue hit a new impasse when Morocco, which seized the territory in 2025 Executive Said and Said 1975 after independence from Spain, rejected an ultin atum to accept a recent

said, repeating Algeria three days ago. Morocco has hinted it would seek a solution with Algeria, key ally of the Polisario Front which seeks independ-ence for the vast mineral-rich territory. "Contacts between Morocco Algeria should complement U.N. efforts," Burns said. "We will continue U.N. peace plan. "The United States continues to sup-port U.N. efforts...for a solution to the to push for a political solution...but we don't support a solution that is imposed on Morocco."



The candidate should have minimum secondary school education or has completed auto mechanic course from the Vocational Training Institute. The candidate should have a minimum of 10 years hands-on experience in repairs and maintenance of European or Japanese automobiles (both petrol &

3) AUTO SALESMAN - TWO - Location: Sana'a & Aden

2) AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC - THREE - Location: Sana'a & Aden

# **Once great UK Conservatives** look to oust leader

LONDON, Oct 28 (Reuters) Britain's Conservative party, home to political titans from Winston Churchill to Margaret Thatcher, mounted a challenge to its latest leader on Tuesday but he refused to quit without a fight.

The party that dominated 20th Century British politics but which is now far from power and riven by infighting, mustered enough names to call a no-confidence vote in Iain Duncan Smith.

Duncan Smith, an austere former army officer who has styled himself the "quiet man" of politics vowed to retain his leadership. But the odds are stacked against him.

"I will absolutely submit my name for a renewed mandate to lead the party to the general election...and to win," he told reporters outside party headquarters, flanked by his wife Betsy and senior party figures. Once dubbed the best election-win-

ning machine in history, the Conservatives have never looked weaker, having failed to capitalise on Prime Minister Tony Blair's lowest ebb since he ended 18 years of Conservative rule in 1997.

Conservative rule in 1997. Opinion polls suggest that despite a bruising year over the Iraq war which most Britons opposed, Blair will inflict a third successive electoral defeat on his foes, probably in 2005. Officials said the names of 25

Conservative members of parliament

Conservative members of parliament (MPs), required under party rules to force a vote on their chief, had been submitted. The vote will take place on Wednesday evening after Duncan Smith — elected as a compromise candidate after the party's second suc-cessive election trouncing in 2001 — makes a final pitch to his followers at a closed-doors meeting. After two election thrashings by Blair, the Conservatives will be cast-

fire lines.

against the blazes.

lack of winds."

We have a massive air strike under

we have a massive air strike under way now." Los Angeles County fire spokesman Roland Sprewell said. "We feel cautiously optimistic that we will get this thing (Simi Valley blaze) knocked out today. We're taking full advantage of the cool temperatures and lock of under."

Sprewell said firefighters were confi-

dent they could keep the fire's eastern edge from spilling into Los Angeles County, which so far has suffered little



Leader of Britain's Conservative Party lain Duncan Smith (C) gives a statement to the media, flanked by his wife Betsy (3R), shadow home secretary Oliver Letwin (R), shadow foreign secretary Michael Ancram (2R), party chairman Theresa May (2L) and shadow chancellor Michael Howard (L) outside his party's headquarters in London, Oct. 28. Britain's opposition leader Duncan Smith refused to stand down on Tuesday after a critical mass of his Conservative Party followers called a no-confidence vote in him.

ing around for their third leader since 1997 if Duncan Smith fails to win over a simple majority of his MPs. If he wins, he has a year's grace before a new challenge.

If he loses, he must resign. Treasury

spokesman and former Cabinet minister Michael Howard is emerging as favourite to replace him. In the 2001 leadership race, Duncan

Smith won only minority support from MPs, relying on grassroots

Trom MPS, relying on grassroots activists for victory. Bookmakers William Hill said his hopes in this week's contest were so remote they would not even take bets on him. They quickly picked Howard as favourite to succeed him.

It would be extraordinary for a leader not to be given at least one he survives, analysts say Duncan Smith, 49, will look fatally wounded.

Blair sitting pretty An awkward speaker with little of Blair's charisma, Duncan Smith Blair's charisma. Duncan Smith stands accused of failing to cash in on a terrible year for the prime minister. It remains Blair, rather than Duncan Smith, who better embodies the sort of steely vision that made rightist ide-

Thatcher and war visionary ologue Churchill worldwide icons. But veteran pollster and analyst Peter Kellner said it was unclear who could turn around the party and chal-

lenge Blair. "I don't think that person exists and therefore I don't think Tony Blair will

chance to fight an election, but even if be too concerned whatever happens. "Maybe they'll get 20 more seats under Howard than they would under IDS, but it's 20 seats, not 120 seats." Blair has a majority in parliament of

more than 160 seats. On Monday, Duncan Smith issued a "back me or sack me" ultimatum to back the of sack the ultimatum to his fractious party, a strategy which has backfired and leaves him with 24 hours to save his political life. "I have never known such gloom

and despondency among my col-leagues," Conservative MP John

Greenway said. "My hunch is that Iain will be defeated because the majority of peo-ple in the parliamentary party feel there are other people more capable of leading us to victory."

# **Rescuers** race to find trapped **Russian** coal miners

NOVOSHAKHTINSK. Russia, NOVOSHAKHIINSK. Russia, Oct 28 (Reuters) - Rescuers digging a "tunnel of hope" to find 13 miners trapped in a Russian coal mine on Tuesday came within metres of an air pocket where the men are believed to have hidden from a surg-ing lake ing lake.

The rescuers, who have pulled 33 of the missing miners' comrades unharmed from the ageing mine, dumped sand and slag down the shaft to staunch the flow - five days after icy floodwaters from the under-

tcy floodwaters from the under-ground lake gushed into the colliery. "They have enough air to survive. They'll be okay," said Viktor Solntsev, mayor of Novoshakhtinsk, a bleak town of coal miners and mostly abandoned Soviet-era coal mines I 000 km (600 miles) couth of mines 1,000 km (600 miles) south of Moscow

Rescue workers believe the miners could be in that spot because the mine's layout means air pockets would have collected there when the water surged through and it is near to

water surged through and it is near to where they were working. But no contact has so far been established with the group trapped nearly 1,000 metres (3,300 feet) below ground at the Zapadnaya-Kapitalnaya mine, a grimy construc-

tion dating back to the years of Josef Stalin's mass industrialisation drive. Statin's mass industrialisation drive. Crews hewed their way through more than 60 metres (200 feet) of earth and coal mud to try to cut a passage from an adjacent shaft, dubbed a tunnel of hope by local officials. And for those relatives waiting for news above ground, hope

was all they had. They stood in heavy snow and freezing wind outside the shaft early on Tuesday, with lists of the miners'

on luesoay, with firsts of the miners names flapping in their hands. "If I only knew they are all alive. If I only knew that the rescuers are doing their best. But we don't know anything," a woman in her 50s whose husband is in the mine told Reuters at the scene Reuters at the scene.

Officials said the amount of oxygen in the air was just above the crit-ical level of 17 percent and the water level was rising by only five cen-timetres (two inches) an hour from several metres on Monday.

several metres on Monday. Rescuers lowered an underwater video camera — the same model used during the futile attempt to res-cue the 118 crew members of the sunken submarine Kursk in 2000 — into the shaft, but failed to find any-thing. thing



latives of 13 miners trapped underground listen to the latest news fro officials about the situ on in mine in Russia's southern Novoshakhtinsk, Oct. 28. Rescuers digging a "tunnel of hope" to find 13 miners trapped in a Russian coal mine got to just within metres on Tuesday miners trapped in a nussian coar name got to have hidden from a surg-from an air pocket where the men are believed to have hidden from a surg-REUTERS

# Germany demands Saudi school cuts extremist ties

COLOGNE, Germany, Oct 28 Reuters) - A Saudi school in (Reuters) - A Saudi school in Germany's former capital Bonn has promised to break ties with Islamic extremists after authorities threatened to close it down, the president of the (Reuters) local government said on Tuesday. Juergen Roters said that he had agreed at talks with a Saudi diplomat and a foreign ministry official on Monday not to close the King Fahd Academy provided it agreed to a list of demands.

"There is no place for extremist and "There is no place for extremist and anti-constitutional activities at the King Fahd Academy and in its envi-ronment," he told a news conference. Germany has clamped down on Islamic extremists since it emerged that several of the suicide hijackers involved in the September 11, 2001 attacks on U.S. cities had lived for years in the northern city of Hamburg. Germany's Chancellor Gerhard

arg. many's Chancellor Gerhard Germ Schroeder raised concerns about the school during a visit to Saudi Arabia earlier this month.

The school, which was set up in 1995, will no longer be allowed to

host extracurricular events except nost extracurricular events except seminars promoting Arab-German dialogue. Its directors must not have contact with people suspected of politically motivated crimes. "People who are suspected of hav-ing contacts to terrorist or extremist organizations may not enter the

organisations may not enter the school," he said.

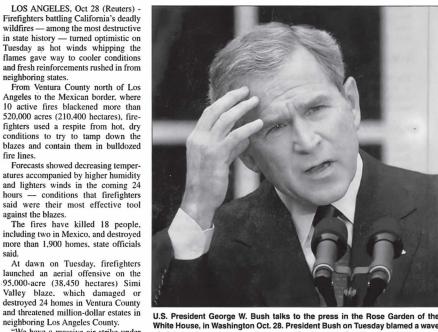
"Those running the school will remove teachers who incite violence, spread fundamentalism or have con-tacts with people from the terrorist ceane" scene.

scene." Last week it agreed to the local government's demand that it suspend a teacher accused of calling for a "jihad", or holy war. The school will continue to teach a Saudi curriculum but will review teaching reactings and materials for

teaching practices and materials for

its 465 pupils. Interior Minister Otto Schily said the government had considered clos-ing the school and was examining the grass kendly.

case keenly. "If there has been any teaching of jihad and with the willingness of the leaders of this school I will not toler-ate it," he said.



**Crews make desperate** 

stand in Calif. wildfires

U.S. President George W. Bush talks to the press in the Rose Garden of the White House, in Washington Oct. 28. President Bush on Tuesday blamed a wave of violence in post-war Iraq in part on "foreign terrorists," and said he expected Syria and Iran to enforce border controls to stop infiltrators. REUTER

three blazes surrounding the city away from homes and worked to extinguish "hot spots" though the fire is still not contained.

"The weather is at least making a small turn in the right direction," San Diego fire spokeswoman Jan Shuttleworth said "If that trend contin-Aided by falling temperatures and rising humidity on Tuesday. firefighters in hard-hit San Diego County chased

ues it will really be a big help." Crews and equipment from Nevada and Arizona also began arriving on Tuesday, filling in the thinly stretched

45-mile (72 km) long fire line and relieving local crews who have worked round-the-clock shifts to contain the round-ine-clock shifts to contain the massive Cedar blaze, a fire started by a lost hunter trying to signal his partner. At nearly 300,000 acres (121,400 hectares) combined. San Diego coun-ty's Cedar, Otay and Paradise fires were southern California's largest and most deadly blazes — killing 12 people and believed to be a factor in the deaths of about two doz

The fire torched more than 400 homes and forced evacuations of tens of thousands of residents, shutting down many countywide services and severing power to 72,000 homes, 30,000 of which remained without electricity on

Tuesday. The Federal Aviation Administration reopened the Terminal Radar Approach Control, or TRACON, a radar facility in Control, of TRACON, a radar facility in Miramar, close to San Diego, that con-trols much of the commercial air traffic in Southern California. The Miramar TRACON was evacuated on Sunday morning when the Cedar Fire came morning when the Cedar Fire came within feet of the facility. The closure caused massive air traffic delays at air-ports throughout the region. Fires in San Bernardino County, about 50 miles (80 km) east of Los Angeles, destroyed more than 500 hornes and killed four people

omes and killed four people. Police believe these fires were set by

arsonists. On Tuesday, police released a sketch of one of the men, who was seen by witnesses throwing burning objects into dry brush.

State officials said the cost to the state officials said the cost to the state to battle the fires, which started within days of each other and raged unchecked through southern California's tinder-dry brush and forest-land, would be unprecedented.

This will be the most expensive fire I california history, both in loss of property and in cost of fighting it," Dallas Jones, director of the state's Office of Emergency Services, said. More than 10,000 firefighters were bat-

tling the fires. President George W. Bush has President George W. Bush has declared a state of emergency in four counties, and Gov.-elect Arnold Schwarzenegger was traveling on Tuesday to Washington, D.C. to meet congressional leaders and ensure that California gets the federal funds trig-gered by Bush's declaration of a state of gered by Bush's declaration of a state of



# Consumer weak purchasing power, Doubles unmarketability

BY MAHYOUB AL-KAMALI YEMEN TIMES STAFF

ood markets in Sana'a have seen a relative crowdedness this year as consumers rush to shop food stuffs for breakfasting meals even before the advent of the holy month of Ramadan. Many companies and food industry factories have worked to increase their production to cover or meet the market demand and many commercial exhibitions have been held mainly with the aim of making for losses many firms have sustained during the year due to recession in their sales.

Retail sale merchants explain the cause of the drop in their selling of foodstuffs as attributed to the weakness of purchasing power of consumers in general and the rise in rate of prices by certain steady percentages incompatible with the capability of those of limited income.

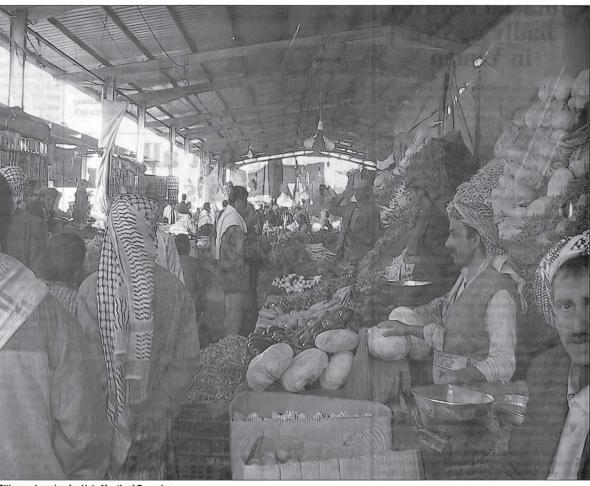
While the government has ordered its institutions to pay up employees salaries and wages before the end of October to help them be able to buy requirements of Ramadan purchases, workers of private sector professions found this year themselves rather in bewilderment. They are unable to provide for the cost of their daily living and have no financial capability to travel to the countryside to spend the fasting month amidst their families as they have been used to do so every year.

Retailers say the present living condition of majority of consumers force those to avoid buy quantities of foodstuffs to store them for the month of Ramadan and such people prefer to buy their daily needs of goods, especially those working at free professions. Plumbing worker Saeed Abdulla Hassan affirms he has failed during the month of Sha'ban (the month preceding Ramadan) to save a sum of money to be allocated to spend on buying requirements for the month of fasting. The ten days of work he got during that month were not enough to cover his expenses of the days of his being without work. Saeed speaks bitterly about the days when he was working in Saudi Arabia saying that his work there was providing him with good income helping him to spend the fasting month among his family. But here in Sana'a this year he has not been able to save expenses for going to the countryside to spend the month with his family.

Side to spind the holm with the failing. Retail sale dealers criticize big producers who hold trading exhibitions as in doing so they are adding more burdens on them by attracting the well-to-do consumers to those exhibitions and such a situation forces retailers to sell their goods on credit to poor segments of the people. Dealer Ahmed al-Sabri sees that big exhibitions do not offer low prices because they seek to gain profits from those rich and middle class segments and that those producers would more often increase shift of their workers to increase their production and consequently increase their supply to meet increased demand. He adds that what happens is that the consumer does not have the enough purchasing power and this produces more stagnancy of the increased production.

It is notices, however, that fasting people during the month of Ramadan do double the volume of consuming goods particularly foodstuffs of all kinds as if Ramadan is a month for excessive appetite, not rather an occasion for showing sympathy for the poor and the needy and as Muslims to feel the hunger of the poor and be sympathetic towards them in this month.

Nevertheless, charitable societies related to some political parties usually implement programs and plans for assisting the poor in Ramadan and provide them with foodstuffs, money and clothes especially in the Eid that follows the end of Ramadan and thus bring happiness to many poor families. This is really considered part of the favors of this holy month.



Citizens shopping for Holy Month of Ramadan

# **Investment opportunities at industrial zone in Aden**

#### YEMEN TIMES STAFF

n agreement was signed on October 24 at the Free Zone in Aden between the government and the Yemeni Company for Investment and International Development (Yeminvest) according to which the latter amicably ended its concession of the Free Zone.

According to the agreement the company agreed to have all its material and moral rights, including assets of the Free Zone project rendered to the government

This agreement opens horizon and the gate before the Yemeni government to enter in developments agreements of the Industrial Zone in Aden, expected to provide large-scale opportunities of work and conclusion of new agreements for operating the Container Port.

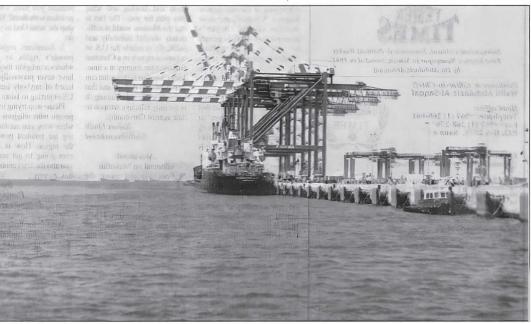
The agreement also enables the Yemeni government to rid itself of paying investment interests by 15% added to the costs of the project over 25, years; the period of the contract concluded with Yeminvet. This

arrangement was settled with the company as part of the new agreement.

Sources at the Free Zone in Aden reported that Yemen has already begun receiving many bids from world companies specialized at administration of operating free zones and container ports in forms of vital investment opportunities before investors.

Increasing demand for the administration of operating the Free Zone in Aden indicates prospects that the port of Aden is expected to be among the most important Zone and ports for containers due to the natural advantages it is entertaining, a distinguished strategic position and modern equipment.

On the other hand the ports of Hudeida on the Red Sea have recently witnessed intensive activity represented by ships arriving at them. The number of ships anchoring at the port in the period January-September this year reached 870 ships and tankers. The total imports amounted to around 4 million tons and the volume of exports via these ports for the same period amounted to about 4.682.971 tons.



lore investment opportunities at Aden por

### **10** 30 October, 2003

### Words of Wisdom



AND

(CFF TIMES One of the key characteristics of work-ing in the media is the concept of dead-lines. Everything has a deadline. Everybody is under some kind of time pressure. While this pressure may not be good for one's health, it is a wonder-ful contributor to efficiency. *Prof. Abdulaziz. Al-Saqaqf. (1951-1999) Founder of Yemen Times* 



### For mega corporate companies to emerge: Judicial reforms badly needed in Yemen

n a time least developing countries like Yemen are left behind in terms of developmental pace and speed, other developing countries are starting to show signs of developed countries in many aspects. A good example is the visible trend in some developing

countries to form corporate companies that can imple-ment mega projects with huge capitals. This is done by opening the way for investors to invest in companies with very transparent and risk-free agreements that would

However, when we look at the specific case in Yemen, we would easily find that most of the companies and establishments in the country are not even comparable to those in the West or in other more progressive developing countries. This is due to the fact that most of those companies are private enterprises owned by families. There are very few large-scale companies with equally small shares of different investors. When trying to understand why this is the case, the

issue of judicial incompetence is the major cause. The mostly corrupt, inefficient, and out-of-date legal system in Yemen has made investors and capital owners wary of investing in the country so as not to arrive at unpredicted

Hundreds of cases of investors who have been ripped off by their more influential partners have topped the list of reasons why investors don't want to be partners with

"You will either be eaten or be the eater if you are in a partnership in this country" one of the Yemeni business-men told me when asked why he would not go for a partnership.

This again points to the fact that without a just and efficient legal system, the country's economy will continue to suffer and investors will continue to hesitate in invest

ing. In a time of rapid development and growth worldwide. In a time of rapid development and growth worldwide, companies will always feel the need for merging with each other to create larger enterprises among a fierce competition of rivals. Future trends point to the direction of more influence of larger companies on smaller ones, and domination of wider networks on limited ones. Hence, one day, a grocery store that is owned by a fami-ly can be cimply put out of buying on with a multiple stores.

Hence, one day, a grocery store that is owned by a fami-ly can be simply put out of business with a multiple storey mega mall complex having all there is to think of inside. The days when those corporate companies will invade Yemen will come sooner or later, and without even know-ing it, our small local companies could go bankrupt over night. This change will be imposed on us due to World Bank and GATT agreements rather than domestic deci-sions

Hence, it is always better to clean up our houses and be prepared by reforming our judicial system and ending cases of corruption and inefficiency. This will be the fundamental and basic step to be taken before investors would ever think of building a competitive local market in the country and bring the change that is now driving the new market economy in the world.



#### Opinion

# **Ramadhan and** unwise behavior

BY WATHIK SAMAW WSAMAWI@HOTMAIL.COM SANA'A. YEMEN

holy month he holy month of Ramadhan has come. This month resembles a precious time during which Muslims throughout the world act differently. It's a distin-guished month in which as Muslims, we need to discipline ourselves and devote most of our energies and time to worship Allah in accordance with Islamic regulations. Unfortunately however, many

Muslims in Yemen misunderstand the main purpose of this month by chang-ing their lifestyle to the way they want regardless of the implications. During this month, you could see many people looking frown with pale

faces and dry lips and can never tolerate any annoying act from others. other in the street for nothing.

Others can hardly walk as if they are totally ill because they didn't have food for the day. Drivers just drive carelessly and foolishly even if they weren't in a hurry. Is this what our Islamic regulations

taught us? Such acts really stir up unnecessary problems and cause miserable results in a month that is supposed to be a blessing time for everyone.

Ramadhan is a time of tolerance, love, and sympathy for each and every one of us. True Muslims should realize that to fast and spend some hours without food is not enough and doesn't mean that we are doing what we're supposed to do during this holy month.

The meaning of Ramadhan is much more. Let us realize the true meaning and symbolize an honorable example to world nations

### It's not all **America's fault** geting and protecting civilians has

BY JANE NOVAR **NEW JERSEY US** GAVSRULE@AOL.COM

asra was important nine centuries before Brooklyn was. The Chinese built an impossibly huge wall 2100 years ago. The British chased the French all around Europe half a millennium ago. At 227 years old, the major tragedies of the world cannot be laid only at the feet of years the US.

Who takes responsibility for the 14 million orphans in Africa, the smiling Palestinian mothers; the children hacked to death and the imprisoned North Korean housewives? Beyond blame, who among the free will stand for oppressed? The silence on the streets is deafening. The tens of mil-lions of humanitarian, anti-war protest-ers must have gone home for lunch. Move-On.org seems to have moved on while the UN walks in circles.

The United States has greatly pro-gressed in the last quarter of its exis-tence: in fifty years America has codi-fied and implemented functional equality in American society between white men, minorities, women, children, reli-gions, the disabled, the homosexual and the mentally ill. These gains were hard fought by heroic people who sometimes died at the hands of intoler-ant Americans. From Hiroshima to Baghdad, American policy toward tar-

evolved to accept the equality of all earth's people. The US is held to much higher standards than other countries by many, labeled a threat to world peace by some, with few but the British and the Poles offering assistance in pea achieving those standards. Is it Islamic extremists who are on a

"crusade" to convert the world to Islam? Is it the French who have a "my way or the highway" attitude? Is it the UN that is "hegemonic" with its insistence of artificial equality and moral neutrality?

Bush's war on terrorism is a war for tolerance: Al-Qaeda's wrath is attracted by America's internal pluralism not by America's foreign policy. The dream of a flaming America aims to destroy democracy not imperialism, to destroy the power of freedom not the freedom

Jacque's multi-polar world a socialist pipe-dream where France spends America's money and troops and nothing of its own, where France becomes the inhibitor of "liberte, egalite and fraternite"? The French ambassador to the US, Jean David Levitte believes in "an early transfer of sovereignty" to the Iraqi people under the auspices of the UN although neither the French, the UN nor the Iraqis are currently prepared for the task. If the Franch idea: "are taken on hoard" than French ideas "are taken on board" then France will assist in training the Iraqi army. If not, the French will do nothing About the cancer campaign

BY DR. AHMAD AL-BAREDAH RADIATION ONCOLOGIST AMMAN-JORDAN

have some comments on the cancer fund raising campaign which was started last Saturday in Yemen to collect funds for the establishment of a modern center for the treatment of cancer. I just hope that the campaign will be run by an independent NGO, otherwise, it will not achieve its objectives.

I am saying this because I have also noticed that there are many attempts to take the funds to the Ministry of Health to assist in the establishment of a governmental cancer center but what Yemen needs is an independent and non-governmental organization to help in the establishment of an inde-pendent and self-managed and run modern cancer center and only this will be the factor behind its success.

I hope that the fund raising commit tee will take my opinion into consider-ation because what we need in Yemen is a modern cancer center like that available in countries such as Jordan and Egypt in order to minimize the suffering of thousands of Yemeni cancer patients who have to go abroad for treatment, which is not so far available in Yemen.

to help. Kofi Annan endorses the policy where "States have generally sought to deal with threats to peace through deterrence and containment" while deterrence and containment while blandly noting "our collective response (in the Congo and in Liberia) has been hesitant and tardy." With moral blind-ness, he accords full legitimacy to any state that shows up in the General Assembly. His aversion to intervention Places priority on the equality of states rather than the equality of people. If all people are equal, then all states cannot be equal: a murderous, torturous or fascist regime has less sovereignty than a non-lethal regime. Will the 57 countries currently meet-

Malaysia discuss the Syrian occupat of Lebanon, a trusteeship for the Palestinians, sending troops to Iraq, educational reforms? Will they hold themselves to the same high standards that are applied to America or just blame the US without generating action, support or solutions?

President Bush is determined to give not lend, 20 billion dollars to Iraq and bring self-determination to Saddam's slaves. The American soldiers in Iraq fight believing they are freeing chil-dren. America is working to diminish its own influence by enhancing the influence of every person on earth.



strates that Jews and Arabs have lived together peacefully for thousands of years, the current problem is not religious but political. Do you hate Jews because of their religion or because you have a territorial problem with them? They wor-ship the same God as you and I

3. Americans respect other people's rights to practice whatever religion they wish. I have never personally seen or heard of anybody here in the US objecting to Islam.

US objecting to Islam. Please stop trying to inflame people with religious rhetoric, when what you are really hav-ing are political problems in the region. How is anything ever going to get resolved if even and the laws continue with you and the Jews continue with

I would hereby like to thank Yemen Times for this oppor-tunity to all Yemenis abroad to raise our voices and make ourselves heard. We as Yemenis living abroad will be much niving abroad will be much more thankful to your kindness if you could find us a simple answer from the government people on our old wish and question, "When will the their employees in Yemer embassies around the world?" in Yemen Omar Al-Saggaf ossaggaf@hotmail.com

US Embassy Lave already written a detailed note about my exceptional (if I can say that) experience that I have been through. I'm a good student and I have been promised to get a student VISA several times in Sana'a and Cairo. Unfortunately, I was refused every time although every required and needed document to prove my ability to study there was ready. It's known that American policy and rules protect people's rights and American universities urge smart students to join them Therefore I decided to study in the States. Getting refused has really hurt me a great deal. I'm wondering why! And the question is "Is there another kind of students entitled to go to the States?" or "Is it just a matter of choice depending on con-sul's moods?" W. Sa

Sanaa, Yemen wsamawi@hotmail.com



TIME

"messy" and more messy as the days go by. What George Bush and his neo-con clique are creating is havoc of an unprecedented level in modern times and for which no real logical explanation can be found, except that evil only begets evil, no matter how nicely it is cloaked. In fact, one is ready to surmise that the Bush Administration may just be the worst evil that has ever entered the White House since the founding of the United States. Even the elements seem to be in agreement with this as the United States has never been subjected to such a level of natural calamities as is the case now. California is burning up even with a muscular Governor reigning in Sacramento; hurricanes are threatening all of the southern and eastern coasts continuously, etc. The mess just worsens from day to the point of threatening even the highest echelons of the new-con clique, as the Rashid Hotel rocket attack aimed at Paul Wolfowitz clearly shows. Soon, Condoleezza Rice will just have to put away her mini and don a suit of armor if she wishes to appear anywhere.

The adventure in Afghanistan was done wrong; the adventure in Iraq, not only was done wrong but was not even called for, which truly justifies all the mess that the Bush regime is being bombarded with daily. How can we rely on a messy regime to lead the world and to produce an international order that guarantees the peace and security of the world. With all the mess that we see emanating from the White House, the Department of Defense, the Ministry of Home Security and the lagging in behind Department of State, there is just no telling what is in store for tomorrow. Look at the score card of achievements: 9/11; a precarious future in Afghanistan, Georgia, Chechnya and Azerbaijan, with US policy centered on a serving the interests of the oil companies, opportunist war lords and benevolent dictators. A horrible violent mess in the Middle East manifested by bloody bombing attacks by God only knows who and a horrible state of affairs in Palestine, with Ariel Sharon having the time of his life destroying and killing anything that moves, while he builds a fictitious barrier that is meant only to ensure the longevity of his chauvinistic dreams and demagogic ideals. We now even have US Generals, who are declaring themselves the saviors of mankind from the evil Satans of the East. On the domestic front, the Americans are getting a taste of Third World totalitarian cream thanks to the free hand given to the Department of Home Security and the Agency for Naturalization and Immigration. We were under the impression that George W. Bush was a warrior against dictators overseas, when in fact he is actually pursing totalitarian rule in the US, with the neocons, the rich capitalists, and the National Rifle Association deciding the fate of the overwhelming majority of the American people, who have blindly stood behind this dangerous alliance of bad dealers for the United States

Americans are bound to feel this and realize that what George W. Bush has become associated with is all the messy sides of any political, economic and social state of affairs in the United States and elsewhere. What we are seeing every day are the streams of blood flowing in the streets of Baghdad as though the Bush Administration has declared the city an open forum for cravers of bloodshed to come in and display the ugliness of torn bodies and flying ligaments everywhere. What has transpired in the last three years is a messy situation, which is as always hard to come out of no matter how many neo-con icons visit the site.

Time and again, the sponsors of this great mess are ready to come and tell us that they are seeing progress daily, but the truth of the matter is we are seeing a worsening situation, which is now even coming ever closer to the great spokesmen for this great adventure. Needless to say, it is pathetic to see such horrendous attacks as those against the UN headquarters in Baghdad, or that of the Red Cross. But it would not be far fetched to continue the assertion that the evil forces that are behind the adventure in Iraq are behind these mysterious attacks because they see this as serving their interest from a public relations standpoint. After all they have nothing to loose by staging such horrific attacks, which are meant to give justification for their own evil mess. We again insist that Zionist demons are most likely behind such mysterious attacks. For one, the resistance in Iraq would not stand to gain by attack-ing their own people, and for another the people behind such actions usually do not need the Red Cross as they are accorded ample means by the neo-con Zionist estab lishment anyway.

Mr. bush, we have to remind you that the elections are coming up and unless you produce a less messier picture in Iraq, you and your neo-cons are bound to start feeling the mess you have created become heralded back at you. As the saying goes, you will not be able to fight mess with mess.

# Letters to the Editor Letters to the Editor

About Mahatir's comments Dr. Mahathir Mohamad s recent comments are cer-tainly from the Moslem per-Mahathir Mohamad's spective and are perhaps inciting to Christians and Jews. However, George Bush's description of the war against Iraq as a "Crusade", and more recently General Boykin's

description of Allah as merely an "idol" is just as inciting General Boykin went on to say that the U.S. war against the Middle East is a Christian bat-tle against Satan. There should be no question

in the mind of any Moslem that the United States intends to destroy Islam, and do it using any means necessary. Over 40% of the U.S. population is

willing to use "nuclear weapons" against Christian enemies. And George Bush, along with General Boykin, would be most happy to test the new inventory of nuclear tactical weapons furnished to Israel in the past 6 months. The U.S. is currently manufactur-ing huge quantities of tactical nuclear bombs and shells but you will notice that the U.S. will not allow Iran to develop any nuclear industry. Unless people like Boykin and Bush people like Boykin and Bush are stopped, Islam is doomed. Want proof? Just read their own words. "Crusade", Allah is mere idol", "Moslems are Satanic", "and America is a

ried about their lives, jobs and family and do not think one time in a year about Zionists, Muslims or Israel 2. Most Americans believe

Also about editorial on Mahathir

Muslims and that Americans

are Zionists. I assure you that by writing these things, you demonstrate that you do not understand the American men-

tality on these issues at all. Let

1. Most Americans are wor-

me point out to you that:

and wonder what the future is going to be, just read about Bush and Boykin and what they plan for you. The fact is that the Moslem world is sufficiently divided culturally and do politically to enable the U.S. to achieve a victory in a Christian crusade. One country at a time. There is only one thing that can stop Bush and Boykin and that

is massive suicide bombing. It is the only effective weapon to

date against Christianity. Robert Lindh lindh@swnebr.net Your editorial about the Malaysian Muslim con-ference was amazing. As an American, I am always amazed to hear that I hate this insanity?

# Byron Allen Houston, Texas ballen@novolink.net

#### Asking for little respect

A question to the

#### Yemeni government and autdeal with us as human beings and force the others to deal with us as humans by showing some little respect from the embassies and diplomats and

### PIMES

### **Op-Ed**

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O N Earth in her last days

# What is happening to America?

By Scott D. Tisthammen FOR NEXTREVOLUTION.NET

he American people are he American people are afraid of their government, sounds ridiculous but the things working class Americans do and say make it obvious. I talk to people every day who don't trust their government and feel they are being taken advantage of by our government and the influential peo-ple and corporations who buy our representatives through campaign contribu-tions as well as the lobby in Washington tions as well as the lobby in Washington DC. If people believed they could call their representatives with the expecta-tion of getting anything done in refer-ence to their concerns they would call but how many people make that call? The number of registered voters who actually vote is a good indicator as to how many people really believe in our government and if it really represents the people.

I've had this web site on the internet since October 2002 and not one person besides myself has posted an idea, agreed, or disagreed with ideas I've posted. People tell me I'm going to be posted. audited!

If we continue to let corporations buy our representatives through campaign

we may as well sign our pay checks over to the government. According to www.ntu.org individuals pay 36% of gross income to taxes, the first 2.5 or 3 hours of every working day goes to taxes. I suggest everyone who reads this keep a copy and years from now when your kids and grandkids ask how it go to the point has an eminants as how it go to the point they have to work the first 4 hours of every day to pay taxes you can show them this and explain how you were to busy working the first 2.5 hours of each day to pay your taxes to do any-

thing about it. According to www.pogo.org In 1940 US companies paid approximately 50% of taxes and individuals paid the other 50%, now US companies pay a little over 13% and individuals pay just over 86%. If this is true any raises individuals abox. It this is the any failed individuals have received from 1940 to present have been offset by the increase in taxes which was directly influenced by cam-paign contributions and the lobby. The reality is that companies such as

Enron and World Com who give mil-Enron and world com who give mil-lions of S in campaign contributions to the Republican party and to hedge their bet the Democratic party {before elec-tions} and continue throughout Washington through the lobby in return for political favors. Many companies

paid little or no tax and in some cases received money in tax return. Individual American taxpayers covered the taxes these un-American companies cheated their way out of paying which in turn holds the economy down because as individuals we lost spending power and just the opposite of President Bush's tax cut plan has taken place.

cut plan has taken place. American people spend the first 2.5 hours of each day working to pay their taxes but won't spend 15 minutes to vote or write their representatives knowing it doesn't matter because their representation has been bought, people will ask their representatives for money for edu-cation, health care, and you name it but still don't understand.

Our economy is failing yet the people of America sit by and wait for the econ-omy to turn around based on our presidents tax cuts. How can the eco dents tax cuts. How can the economy turn around by giving the tax cuts Bush proposes on the federal level when most every state in the nation is raising taxes to cover state budget deficits? Contradicting Bush's tax cuts by raising taxes at state levels shifts the burden and

NAFTA and all the offshore US com panies who we as consumers support through purchasing their products, our increased taxes which they managed to

# avoid, and jøbs they take from the American taxpayer which in turn adds to the taxes we as American taxpayers who remain here absorb is another example of why the Average American taxpayer and the US economy lose. NAFTA is given credit for creating jobs, how many Americans lost a \$15 an hour job that

when he was stationed in Arizona in the early fifties our government used to round up illegals and haul them back to Mexico on a bus but by the time the bus got back those illegals were already back. The same thing happens today which can be directly related to 9/11, the excuse the there are to many miles of excuse that there are to many miles of border to patrol is a foolish lie and a poor excuse at best. Corporations have been buying our representatives, promoting

illegal immigration, breaking unions and taking American jobs for years. Not only has this led to American taxpayers ars Not losing jobs, our economy failing, but Americans have died {9/11, WTC}.

Love it or leave it should be rephrased to love it or lose it !!! If we as Americans to nove nor nose it!!! If we as Americans don't come together and do something about our government accepting money in return for political favors the American taxpayer will continue to prostitute themselves out at the expense of family and disgrace the memory of so many who fought and died so we could be free. If the average American who makes \$10 an hour could cut the time spent working to pay taxes from 3 hours a day to 2 hours a day they would keep a day to 2 hours a day they would keep approximately \$2400 a year. Compare this to Bush's tax cuts and keep in mind the tax increases within the state you live. That's spending power and a boost to the economy rather than another lie from anther politician who represent the corporation who contributed to the un-American practice of buying the repre-sentatives of the people!!!

I'm writing this on 5-26-03, Memorial Day like so many US holidays mean very little. If we continue to do nothing about these un-American corporations and misrepresentatives of the United

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allow our government to make retired and disabled veterans forfeit their miliand usable veterans fortent their min-tary retirement or disability pay to cover health cost. This is another example of the gratitude we show to the people who made America the greatest country in the

The following are some web sites every American should see. I suggest the education system throughout America use www.nextrevolution.net and these taxpayer advocate sites to bring all Americans together and not only turn the

for the crimes of the Nazi era. Friedrich admits he is a revisionist, but The same point is made by writer WG Sebald in On the History of Natural Destruction, an elegant philosophical meditation on why the bombing occupies so little space in Germany's cultural imagsays he is not interested in making moral judgements, merely in what happened. He is reluctant, though, to discuss what alter-"If you destroy a landscape of 160 cities, most of medieval origin, you do

something to the cultural identity of a people. All I do is describe it," he said His book recognises that Germany ini-tiated the air war in the autumn of 1940, when 14,000 British civilians died in German raids launched from the French

and Belgian coasts. It was only in the summer of 1943 that Britain's air marshal Sir Arthur "Bomber" Harris was able to respond. At first, RAF bombers were sent out in daylight fo attack military targets, but a loss of air-

attack hinnay tagets, but a loss of an-craft forced a change in tactics. The RAF began to bomb German cities during the night, an indiscriminate strate-gy causing huge civilian casualties. The attack on Hamburg, however terrible. could be justified on the grounds that the city was the centre of German submarine

production, Friedrich concedes. But, he argues, other raids on smaller, provincial towns could not. On February 16 1945, British bombers attacked the tiny town of Pforzheim, killing one-third of its 63.000 inhabitants

In the official British history of the air var. Pforzheim merits only a footnote, espite the epic scale of the slaughter. The RAF had run out of targets. The raid was most cruel," Friedrich says.

Earlier this year, he attempted to get hold of pictures of British victims of German bombing from the public record office in Kew, but was told that they could not be published because of censorship niles As a result, Brandstätten concentrates

almost exclusively on German victims. Der Brand has so far sold 185,000 copies, and been translated into six languages, but

has failed to find a British publisher. "One British editor told me my book would 'estrange' readers." Friedrich said. Colombia university will bring out an English edition next war. English edition next year.

Friedrich has supporters inside Germany, including the country's former chancellor, Helmut Kohl, whose home town, Ludwigshafen, was bombed by British planes during his boyhood, and whose late wife was bombed at Leipzig. He has offered editorial advice, and has praised the historian's work.

Friedrich is not the first writer to tackle the tricky issue of German bombing vic-tims. But Fire Sites is part of a new trend in Germany where, after more than half a century of collective silence, and the death of most survivors from the war gen-

acan of hiost survivor from the war gen-eration, what happened to Germans dur-ing the Nazi era is being openly discussed. "Germans in their seventies and eight-ies have not forgotten. Their memories are still vivid. People stand up in my public lectures and describe what befell their families," Friedrich said. "They have tears in their eyes and they can't breathe. "The main fact is that the British bomb-

ing of German cities wasn't very heroic. This was no heroic victory.

How to make madaris graduates useful to society education. If a child studying in a madrassa does not wish to be a prayer leader and wants to be a bank officer or

**Education reform in Pakistan** 

seeks employment elsewhere, he should be facilitated", he argued. "Even if we want these madaris to produce religious leaders, they should educate their students along these lines.

educate their students along these lines. Such people will command more resocct in society because they will be better qualified", he stressed. On his structions, the Education Ministry has developed special syllabi for the madaris for teaching math-metics, science, English and Pakistan Studies. He has also announced to help them financially in the introduction of these subjects and with the training of their teachers to teach them. On this enterprise, he plans to spend

On this enterprise, he plans to spend over 14 billion rupees. For the nadaris, he has created separate madrassa edu-cation boards at federal and provincial levels, with which he required them to register like the mainstream education-al institutions that have to secure a rec al institutions that have to secure a rec

al institutions that have to secure a rec-ognized university's or a government secondary education board's registra-tion for their degrees, diplomas and certificates to be honoured. While this registration has been made mandatory for all the madaris, the government funding would be available only to those opting for teaching of the four additional subjects. He has barred Madaries from any direct foreign financing, a restriction

direct foreign financing, a restriction already in force for mainstream institu-tions. But this is not going to affect most of the Madaris. They live on local philanthropy. Those thriving on foreign funding are only few and far between. None of them enjoying public respect for the suspicion they are pursuing their foreign patrons' agendas at the cost of national interests. He has banned the madaries from admission of foreign students or recruitment of foreign teachers without valid visas and NOCs from their home governments and Pakistan's Interior direct foreign financing, a restriction

governments and Pakistan's Interior Ministry

A recent government survey, revealed that the Madaris had some 21,000 foreign students on their rolls,

all without valid documents. Such a large presence of illegal foreign stularge presence of filegal foreign stu-dents cannot be acceptable to a country like Pakistan, now a vicious terrorist target, much of it believably foreign sponsored, and where foreign religious extremists' involved in a string of recent bloody bomb blasts is strongly succeeded. suspected.

suspected. In any case, nowhere in the world academia is a free country. Such requirements are in force everwhere. Pakistan's own mainstream educational institutions are under this restriction

In his speech, Musharraf stressed he was not trying to impose government control on madaris or tamper with their essential characteristics. What he was aiming at was to help them overcome an inherent weakness by equipping them with better facilities in order to open up new avenues for their students, mostly poor. In fact, he drew up his policy in consultation with religious policy in scholars.

Yet while the madaris themselves are Yet while the madaris themselves are switching over the new scheme in increasing numbers, certain clerical sections have made an issue of it. Their protest, it is generally believed, is polit-ically motivated. Some even suspect economic motives. For certain people, madaris have indeed become money-making enterprises. Since the general also requires the Madaris to open their books to the audit, they are naturally perturbed. perturbed.

Whatever be it, his slew of prescrip

Whatever be it, his slew of prescrip-tions for uplifting the madaris have drawn popular approval. A people late-by plagued by religious intolerance and sectarian violence fully endores his decree to close down any madrassa propagating extremism, subversion or militancy, as well. By and large, the people believe reformed madaris, producing a new generation of fuller youth immersed in ennobling Islamic values, with modern knowledge, would prove powerful engines of national advancement. That popular feeling should stand Musharraf in good in administering his new deal for the madaris in the face vested inter-ests' resistance.

BY LUKE HARDING FOR THE GUARDIAN

warplanes. Around 10.000 people died on the night of October 22 1943, when an immense firestorm swept the city. "In the peaceful Europe which we live in today, it is hard for those who did not

experience the second world war to understand the bitter emotions to which it

and the stand the other enhortons to which it gave rise," the ambassador said. There is nothing new about senior British officials touring German cities that were destroyed by British bombs: the Queen and Prince Charles have visited

controversial historians, Jörg Friedrich, published a new photo book about the issue. Called Brandstätten, or Fire Sites, it contains some of the most grisly images from the war ever to be published. None of them have here are before

women, children and babies are all civil-ians who perished during the allies' bombing campaign against Germany's

RAF's relentless campaign against Germany during the final months of the war served no military purpose. Instead, he says that Winston Churchill's decision to drop more bombs on a shattered Germany between January and May 1945, most of them on small German towns of little strategic value, was a war

traumatised. But it was never discussed. There are Germans whose first recollec-They remember cellars and burning human remains," Friedrich told the Guardian in an interview in Berlin last week

dren, Friedrich says. In July 1943, during

a single night in Hamburg, 45,000 people perished in a vast firestorm. But in the immediate post-war period, the German victims of British bombing were scarcely mentioned, being overshadowed by the far greater evil of the Holocaust.

Friedrich believes that most Germans refused to discuss what had happened because they regarded the British destruc-

ore than half a century on, the allied bombing of Germany's cities during the second

Controversial topic. On Wednesday, Britain's ambassador to Germany, Sir Peter Torry, travelled to the city of Kassel to mark the 60th anniversary of its destruction by British

Dresden and Hamburg in recent years. However, Sir Peter's speech comes at a time when the role of the RAF during the second world war is being debated afresh. Last week, one of Germany's most

of them have been seen before. The victims are not Jewish, but German. The charred, mutilated bodies of

In his book. Friedrich argues that the

# The bombing left an entire generation

"It is only now that they are coming to

Around 600,000 German civilians died during the allies' wartime raids on Germany, including 76,000 German chil-

tion of their cities as a sort of retribution

during the second world war remains a ination. "The Second World War is traditional-

In second word war is traditional-ly portrayed as a struggle between good and evil. Bombers were the weapons of the winners. But what actually happened on the ground wasn't very heroic," Friedrich said last week. Friedrich said last week. The historian's previous book, Der Brand, or The Fire, published last year, created a storm of publicity in both Britain and Germany. In it, he came close to accusing Churchill of being a war criminal just weeks after a BBC poll had voted

the wartime prime minister the greatestever Briton. Reaction to Friedrich's latest book has been critical, and one reviewer, for the Süddeutsche Zeitung, even suggested that

it should be thrown in the bin. Friedrich is unrepentant. "Churchill was the greatest child-slaughterer of all time. He slaughtered 76.000 children," he

Most of the photos in Fire Sites had lain undiscovered in the archives of German towns for more than half a century before Friedrich found them. They offer a grim insight into what happened on the ground, revealing that many of the civilians who died in allied raids were asphyxiated in their cellars.

In Dresden, SS workers from a nearby concentration camp were called in to dis-pose of large heaps of bodies. The photos include the petrified corpse of mother and child collected in a bathtub, and the bleached skeleton of a baby killed during

an air raid on Leipzig. There are also pictures of dead animals - an elephant and a giraffe - killed by a British air raid on Berlin zoo.

Friedrich, who is now 59, grew up in Friedrich, who is now 59, grew up in Essen, in the Ruhr, a part of Germany's industrial heartland that comprehensively pulverised during the war years. An allied bomb flattened the house next door. "I asked my mother what happened to the neighbours. She said she didn't know.

She said everybody looked after themselves." he recalled.

During the sixties, Friedrich moved to Berlin, took part in the '68 movement, and became a Trotskyite radical. Like many young Germans, he interrogated his parents about their past, concluding that his father, a teacher, had no Nazi leanings.

his father, a teacher, had no Nazi leanings. Later, he became a writer and broad-caster, before turning to history. In the 80s, he wrote a book about the Holocaust [1] argued that the acid ("I argued that the railway was its essen-(1) a gloco internation of the German army's war crimes on the eastern front, before turning his attention to the allied bombing of

Germany. ermany. This last project made him notorious. This last project made num notorious. Der Brand was serialised by Germany's mass-selling Bild tabloid, and left-wing students tried to storm his book signings, accusing him of revisionism for using the word "crematoria" to describe cellars incinerated by allied bombs. Pakistani President Gen. Pervez Musharraf's move to bring the coun-try's religious schools, popularly known as madaris, in the mainstream is one case in point. one case in point. There are some 11,000 such institu-

By MUBARIK SHAH

There are some 11,000 such institu-tions in the country. They represent, as Gen. Musharraf often appreciatively contends, one of the world's largest philanthropic NGOs. Not only do they impart free education but they also pro-vide, in most cases, free lodging and boarding to their students. They are also veritable nurseries of a huge human resource. No less than half a million students pass out of them every vear.

t times, an otherwise highly desirable becomes

controversial when gets entangled in mot

million students pass out of them every year. Yet, this human resource with tremendous potential, largely goes to waste. Since the madaris impart only religious education, their alumi have very limited opportunities for higher education or employment. For want to require basic education, they cannot go to universities and professional col-leges for further studies. Nor can they get jobs in government offices and pri-vate sector for not possessing the required educational qualifications. Some of them just end up, at best, as prayer leaders or somewhere in the madaris network. The rest go back to their villages, from where the bulk of them come, to work on farms or in sweatshops as un-skilled labour. Musharraf wants to revers this and make the madaris incubators of pro-ductive manpower by teaching mathe-matics, science, English and Pakistan studies in addition to religious subjects to their pupils.

studies in addition to religious subject to their pupils. "Students of religious schools be brought into the mainstream of socie-ty", he said in his January 12 speech. "If any one of them wished to join col-lege or university, he should have the option of being equipped with modern

Partin Mark BY SAMER A

States of America we may as well line up at Arlington and take our turn at pissup at Artingion and take our turn at piss-ing on the graves of all the brave men and women who died, apparently for an ungrateful nation. Supportthevets.com points to how we

world.

economy but put government back to work for we the people. Love it or lose it!

Americans lost a \$15 an hour job that went to Mexico and now work two \$7 an hour jobs and twice as many hours to support their family and pay the taxes these companies avoid by moving out of the United States? 9/11 and illegal immigration is anoth-er example of our government selling us out. I was told by my father in law that Germany's forgotten victims when he was stationed in Arizona in the

Culture

# Yemen's culture Celebrating Yemen by linking past and present

By Ulrike Stohrer University of Frankfurt For The Yemen Times

ince the unification of North and South Yemen on May 22, 1990, national integration has been an important aim of governmental policy. The task of the Ministry of Culture and Tourism is to strengthen this process by establishing a homogeneous national culture and creating one single Yemeni national identity. Its efforts are increasingly recognizable after the Yemeni Civil war of 1994, which was a fundamental threat to the integrity of the state and showed that the integration had not yet been successfully realized. **Thus the ministry has taken meas-**

Thus the ministry has taken measures that aim to raise the national consciousness and to demonstrate Yemeni unity to the outside world. Apart from promoting moderniziation, democratization and integration; the preservation and the development of the tradition as one of the constituents the new identity is an important demand of its activities.

opinient of the hardron as one of the constituents the new identity is an important demand of its activities. The performances of the National Orchestra and the National Folklore Ensemble are among the strongest instruments for this task. Even before the unification of the two Yemeni states, national folklore ensembles existed in both parts. It is interesting to note that not only in the South, but also in North Yemen, the national folklore ensemble was established in cooperation with Soviet advisers and built on Soviet models. The present national folklore ensemble was formed by the fusion of these two ensembles. Many of its members, including its present director, have been trained as choreographers, dancers and musicians in the former Soviet Union or the German Democratic Republic. The performances of the National

Democratic Republic. The performances of the National Folklore Ensemble are taking place regularly at governmental ceremonies national holidays, such as the anniversary of the revolution (Sep. 26, 1962 in North Yemen and Oct. 14, 1963 in South Yemen) or the day of unification (May 22, 1990). Usually at these occasions stage plays are shown in the cultural center of Sana'a in the presence of the president, numerous government members and members of foreign diplomatic corps. These plays are often of allegorical content glorifying the given occasion and praising the government's efforts to improve the democratization and modernization of the country. Several folklorist performances such as songs and dances from different regions of the country are integrated into these plays. These events are also broadcast on television. In this paper I will focus on one spe-

In this paper I will focus on one specific performance, which was presented on May 22, 2000 in Sana'a celebrating the anniversary of Yemeni unification. This performance differs significantly from the above-mentioned theater plays in the cultural center and shows essential features as well as modified present tendencies of governmental strategies.

During this celebration the folklorist dances were not embedded in a drama.

Iney were not performed on stage in a theater, but in the open air at an urban square which represents and important national symbol, the Bab al-Yaman, the southern gate of the old city of Sana'a. The performers were 1000 students of the military academy, assisted by the members of the national folklore ensemble. The presentation consisted of two parts, each lasted about 45 minutes. The performances of the two parts were identical, but distinguished by place and set. While the first part was performed for the TV camera only, the second one took place in front of the president and official guests of the government. Both parts were broadcast on TV. Some months later the first part was shown daily as a looped video in the Yemeni pavilion during the World Exhibition "Expo 2000" in Hannover, Germany

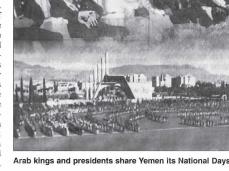
The presentation starts with some folklorist scenes at the suq of the old city of Sana'a. showing artisans of traditional goods such as caravans of wooden locks from Hadhrtamaut, weavers of cotton cloths from the Tihamah, daggers of the mountain region, pottery etc. After a trumpet's signal the protagonists, who were ambling among the artisans, start up a closed group marching out of the gate. While marching they are singing a chorus, which praises Yemeni unity. Two drummers accompany them. Reaching the square outside the gate, they first come together and form several choreographic patterns such as circles, stars, tines and chains. Then they divide into five groups each representing one region of the country: the mountains, the desert, Wadi Hadhramawt, the south coast, and the Tihamah. The member of the different groups are distinguished by costumes of different colors and styles. Within one group all members are dressed in the same costumes; these are not every day clothes but historical uniforms of soldiers. The performers are armed with traditional weapons according to their region, daggers, swords and shields, spears or guns.

Then the groups take turns at performing a dance representing their region, each taking about 5 minutes. While one group is performing at the foreground, the other groups are standing at the back and at the two sides of the stage performing all together synchronously some steps on the spot and singing. When one group has finished, the dancers return to the gate, leaving the place to a new group that moves forward, thus suggesting that the gate pours out more crowds of people.

Most of the dances, though of different musical accompaniment, tempo and dynamic, are based on the same step, consisting of two steps forward and one hop. They are performed mostly within the choreographic pattern of a line or a circle. Sometimes the dancers join their hands or take each other by the shoulder, an expression of unity and brotherhood. But these performances do not show

But these performances do not show the traditional shape of the dances. Each regional style is modified musically, choreographically, and contextual to blend in with the others and merge into one homogenized national style.





The orchestration as well consisted of a mixture of the different local musical instruments of the country, expanded by a European symphony orchestra. Additionally, a chorus sung by the performers in unison underlies the whole performance.

At the end of the first part of presentation, the participants leave the Bab al-Yemen and march to the Maidan al-Sab'in, where the second part will take place. This march is choreographed also in the basic step, two steps forward and a hop, while waving the daggers The camera follows this march from the side and from the air showing the crowd walking along the wall as well as the silhouette of the old city, so that the city itself seems to be part of the walking crowd and moving as well. The Maidan al-Sab'in was formerly the airport of Sana'a; it serves here as a parade ground for military and govern-mental ceremonies. A stand is installed there, from which the president and hid guests of honor watch the performance. Opposite the parade ground, fac-ing the stand, the monument for the Unknown Soldier is situated, com-posed of imitations of the six columns ent for the of the Sabaen Bar'an- temple in Marib on an arch. These columns, as well as the Bab al-Yemen, are a national sym-bol. The Bab al-Yemen is represented in this part of the performance by a papier-mâché model that stands in front of the monument. The performance now coming up is the same as the one described abo

The performance ends with the appearance of a ship, from which twenty women (members the national folklore ensemble) descend and dance around the square, spinning around their own axis around each other while holding garlands of flowers in their hands. Twenty men join them and they start dancing together in the same way, accompanied by a chorus telling about love and happiness.

love and happiness. When analyzing this celebration it is important to take into account the use of space as a symbolical transmitter of political messages. In the abovedescribed presentation the city of Sana'a plays an important role. The suq of the old city and the gate not only form the scenery and stage, but the silhouette of the city is a real actor within this performance. It is permanently present; p, it seems to move with the performers. Again and again during the performers. Again and again during the performers, the gate, and the old city. In order to construct the meaning of this presentation it is important to understand that its character was formed for the camera. One's gaze on the performance is an artificial one, the camera looks down on the performance of the choreographic patterns can be recognized only from the air, but not from the stage level. No citizen of Sana'a is able to see his city this way in daily

able to be a life. Furthermore, to create this picture it was necessary to clear traffic and people from the Shariah al-Zubeiri and the square outside the Bab al-Yaman as well as the suq area behind the gate. This meant a strong disruption of the daily life of one of the most important traffic junctions of the capital. Also, the open urban square, with four streets parting from it, was closed by the way the performers made use of the space. The performance, as well as the camera lens, was centered in the direction of the gate. Some of the participants were delimiting the scene by forming a line at the right and left side. Thus the square in front of the Bab al-Yaman was transformed into a theater stage.

The whole scene focused on the city of Sana'a. Apart from the capital, no other city or region of the country is represented in the set. Only the costumes of the performers are reminiscent of some other regions.

and the set of the silhouette of the city dominates the visual appearance of the presentation, the urban culture of Sana'a is not represented by the performance. The population of the city is completely excluded from the scene. The Sanaanis do not even appear as spectators . The musical tradition of San'a is singing with un-accompaniment and dance. It is practiced by the urban elite only inside their houses, not in public squares. Therefore this performance draws a distorted picture; the silhouette of the city is confronted by performances of mostly rural regions, thus combining urban and rural regions, thus combining urban and rural cultures visually and acoustically. The dances presented do not so much show the cultural diversity of the country, but rather reduce the characteristics of the different regions to their common characteristics of the different regions to their common gourds. The

regions to their common gourds. The step, step, hop, base of most of the dances serves as the smallest possible common dominator among them; Additionally, the steadiness of the general accompaniment of the performance by orchestra and chorus constitutes a uniform sound space, within which all the different dances are

imbedded. In this way the cultural differences among the various regions are suppressed and their points in common are accentuated; This homogenized "national style" articulates the "one single Yemeni identity." As the ministry points out, "our artistic heritage (turathna al-fanniy), though numerous in its genres and forms from region to region and from town to town, merges and unites within the frame of the one single Yemeni identity. It does express the unity of the Yemeni folklore arts. "This performance - represents the image the government wishes to present of the contemporary and historical Yemen. It is not a representation of folk customs within their

and historical Yemen. It is not a representation of folk customs within their traditional environment, but constitutes an artificial, imagined space that symbolizes historical roots, modernization, democratization, and unification. At the same time, however some inconsistencies inherent in the governmental concept become obvious, since that con-



rtistic activities celebrating national occasions

cept does not correspond to the real historical and present situation in Yemen.

The Yemeni people are represented only by the dancers who are all acting collectively and homogeneously. There is no individual movement and character within this performance and no mark of any different social status among the protagonists. The whole group appears and acts as one single body, thus showing its claimed unity and brotherhood. Although the ministry always promotes the participation women in cultural performances, this presentation was performed only by men. The twenty women appearing at the end of the performance seem not to be an integral part of it, but a somewhat artificial and unsuccessful attempt to integrate women in male dominated performance. The women's visual appearance and their dances neither traditional nor a representation of modern Yemeni women.

In the rhetoric of the ministry of culture, Sana'a is called "the capital of the present, the history and the unity. This statement supposes that it has been the capital during the whole history of Yemen and therefore stands for the continuity of Yemeni nationalism . Although there has been a long continuity of dwelling at this place since antiquity, Sana'a has not always been the capital of the state not in antiquity and not during the Islamic era under the era of the Zaydi Imams, who resided most of the time in Sadah. The Bab al-Yaman itself in its present shape, is not an authentic Yemeni building; it was erected in 1865 by the Ottoman government.

The march of the protagonists from the Bab al-Yaman to Maidan al-Sab'in connects the historical area of the city with its modern quarters and thus also symbolizes the continuity between past and present, as well as the unity of the country, with which together we continue the march of unification. The antique kingdom of Saba, represented by the columns of the monument at the Maidan al-Sab'in, is in the governmental rhetoric the mythical foundation of the Yemeni state, within which the whole of Yemen was united under one single ruler. Thus this monument may be seen as an arch of a bridge. It spans symbolically time and space, linking the present time with the age of antiquity and the root of Yemeni nationalism.

This is the symbolic visualization and celebration of Sana'a as "the capital of the present, the history and the unity as it is seen by the Yemeni government.

ernment. This paper was presented at the First World Congress for Middle East studies, University of Mainz; Germany, in September, 2002. The author is working on a Ph.D in Anthropology on performance practices, identity and nationalism in Yemen.



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#### Report

# **Ethiopia to give AIDS drugs free** of charge to poor

ADDIS ABABA (Reuters) -Ethiopia said Tuesday it planned to distribute anti-retroviral drugs for free to poor people living with HIV/AIDS. Up to 2.2 million Ethiopians are HIV-positive out of a population of some 70 million.

TIMES

"Preparation is underway to enable people who cannot afford (the drugs) and certified as HIV/AIDS positive (to) get access to anti-retroviral drugs free of charge," the Health Ministry said in a statement.

"Trained personnel will be engaged

in screening those seeking free med-ications from the low income bracket," the statement added. Donors last year gave the Horn of

Africa country some \$60 million for programs to tackle HIV/AIDS.

programs to tackle HIV/AIDS. Ethiopia is one of the poorest coun-tries in the world where 44 percent of its people live below the poverty line. According to the United Nations children's agency UNICEF, AIDS deaths in Ethiopia have left an estimat-ed one million children under the age of 14 ombaged of 14 orphaned.



Ethiopia said on Oct. 28 that it planned to distribute anti-retroviral drugs for free to poor people living with HIV/AIDS. Up to 2.2 million. Ethiopians are HIV-positive out of a population of some 70 million. "Preparation is underway to enable people who cannot afford(the drugs) and certified as HIV/AIDS posi-tive (to) get access to anti-retroviral drugs free of charge," the Health Ministry said in a statement. A malnourished two year-old boy living with AIDS sits in his hospital bed in Dilla, in this May 29 file photo.

# **Smoking Increases Risk of Multiple Sclerosis** -Study

WASHINGTON (Reuters) -Smokers are up to three times as likely to develop multiple sclerosis than non-smokers, researchers said on Monday. Researchers at the University of Bergen in Norway and Harvard University in Massachusetts surveyed 22 000 people aged 40 to 47 form 1997 22,000 people aged 40 to 47 from 1997 to 1999 and found the risk of developing multiple sclerosis nearly three times higher for men who smoked and about two times higher for women smokers than for their nonsmoking counterparts.

"Cigarette smoke is a cocktail of chemicals that are potentially neuro-toxins," said Alberto Ascherio, a researcher at the Harvard School of Public Health, who worked on the study

study. However, when asked specifically how smoking triggers the disease, Ascherio responded, "Honestly we don't know. That is why this data is important." He said more research is needed.

The researchers found that most of the 87 people in the study who had multiple sclerosis started smoking 15 years before they developed the incur-able disease. Of the multiple sclerosis patients, nearly 24 percent had never smoked and about 76 percent were cur-rent or past smokers.

"In order to be classified as smokers, they had to smoke at least one cigarette a day, and the number of years of smoking, in the total study population, ranged from one to 38," Trond Riise, who led the Bergen arm of the study, said in an interview conducted by email

It was not clear why male smokers had a higher rate of MS than women, Ascherio said. The study will be published in the

Oct. 28 issue of Neurology, the scientific journal of the American Academy of Neurology.

**'Tell them to stop smoking'** "Putting all the studies together, I "Putting all the studies togener, 1 feel pretty confident to say that, at this point, smoking increases the risk of multiple sclerosis," Ascherio said. Gary Franklin at the University of Washington School of Public Health

and Community Medicine in Seattle said the effect of smoking on multiple

sclerosis was not extremely high. "It's not like the relative risk of smoking and lung cancer," where peo-ple are three to five times more susrisk of ceptible of getting the cancer if they

oke, he said. However, Franklin, who wrote an editorial accompanying the study, con-tinued, "if I had a patient who was maybe at risk for MS because someone else had it in the family, ... and were smoking, I'd probably tell them to stop

smoking." Stephen Reingold, vice president for research programs at the National Multiple Sclerosis Society, said smoking is one factor that could trigger muling is one factor that could nigger mul-tiple sclerosis in people genetically susceptible to developing it. "The disease is not caused by smok-ing," Reingold said. "When we think

about MS, we think about genetic factors and we think about risk co-factors that may be infectious, possibly envi-ronmental, and, as in the case of this, behavioral One of the most common neurologi-

Control the most common neurologi-cal diseases in young people, multiple sclerosis disproportionately affects young women of northern European heritage, according to the American Academy of Neurology. In a previous study, Ascherio found that one in about 200 women in the United Categorith duration duration

United States risk developing the dis-ease, in which immune cells mistaken-ly attack and destroy myelin, the fatty material that insulates nerve fibers.

Common symptoms include vision loss, numbness, fatigue and paralysis. MS is not fatal but can seriously disble patients

# **Second International Conference** on ELT wraps up

BY MOHAMMAD N. AL-HAKIMI YEMEN TIMES STAFF HODEIDAH

eld in Yemen few days ago , Hodeidah University embraced the Second International Conference on ELT, Critical Analysis Discourse -the Message of Medium.

A number of senior professors from different parts of the world participated in the conference, which was mainly concerned with the roles of the education of the student teachers, with the roles of language and linguistically expressed educative practices in such life-long education.

In his message, Hodeidah University President.



Professor Abdullah Ahmad Al-Gunaid welcomed the participants to the second international conference on ELT held by the university .He stressed that the conference is another proof of President Saleh's vision for a powerful and prosperous Yemen ."The present conference gives us a chance to demonstrate to our president that we, the teaching community, are willing to follow his directions and enact his desires," he said.

Professor al-Gunaid emphasized that faculties of education have to educate and train students into teachers and impart education that could promote and naturalize lifelong re-skilling and their training should be that one that would facilitate this reskilling.

Many papers by effective and experienced local and foreign professors developed different arguments on the issue.

DAMODAR Professor THAKUR ,Indian ,presently teaching English in Sana'a university ,presented in his paper the ontology of language use and the dilemma for language testing ."language test-ing finds itself uncomfortably placed on the horns of a dilemma .if our tests are based on an atomistic ,reductionist and de-

guage use we attain a high degree of reliability but go down on the scale of content and construct validity but if our tests are maximally inclusive of the features of discourse ,particularly in countries with limited resources "he argued.

contextualized view of lan-



JAVAD GHOLAMY ,a ph D student ,Iran, presented a paper in which he attempted to review the tenets of critical discourse analysis and then discussed their implications and applications in syllabus design and material development.

In his paper ,AKRAM BAHRAMI Sharja university ,argued that through critical pedagogy the classroom is not the place where information is dispensed by teachers and consumed by students ,but rather as a site for the production of new knowledge grounded in student's practices(why a critical pedagogy?).



LEILA RAZMJOU, Iran, suggested several criteria attempting to explain how one can be a competent translator.

Interests of ZHILA MOHAMMAD NIA's research included critical discourse analysis and its implications on news media.

In his paper, the paper of professor M.N.K BOSE ,from Ibb university claimed that critical /transformative pedagogy transforms the classroom into a form in which students are able to voice opinions through collaborative dialogue which have been silenced within practice of traditional pedagogy .it also highlighted a classroom activity for implementing the pedagogy in English classes.

his VIVEKAANANDHAN, from Ibb university ,examined the notions of grammaticality implicit in its concomitant ones of acceptability and appropiacy as these become manifest in grammar reaching.

HAMOUD KADHA Dr ,deans of faculty of education ,Zabid, developed in his paper the argument that the "vocabulary control movement in elt, has imposed powerful and stifling discourse vis-à-vis vocabulary selection and instruction ,it would posit that creating awareness through "reflection" among teachers of their activities before and during the actual instructions might offer a way of supervening the inhibitive effects of such a discourse.

Professor KUMAR SINHA ,HODEIDAH UNIVERSITY ,examined in his paper the role of textual analysis dealing with aspects /features of texts with special reference to the teaching of English literature in hodeidah university.



SHEFALI BAKSHL from hodeidah university .contributed with her paper to the understanding of dramatic discourse with reference to the theory of ethnography of communications.

A paper taken as read by LUTFI M. HUSSEIN developed the argument "who are we?": Arab-Americans and Muslim Americans construct themselves on the world wide web.

Dr BHUSHAN SHARMA ,Hodeidah university ,attempted in his paper to trace the emergence of feminist poeties from the writings of women.

Professor M. NAGARJAN Hodeidah university included in his paper advances in TGG, pragmatic stylistic and contemporary critical theories.

From a discourse perspec tive professor BASIL HATIM, from the American university of Sharja, UAE, discussed the concept of purpose in the theory and practice of translation.

In his paper ,professor

THIRU KANDIAH form the university of Peradeniya, Srilanka explored the issues raised through an examination of the instances of the ELT theories ,decision making and practice drawn mainly ,but not entirely, from the Lankan context.



K THIAGRARAIAN FROM FACULTY OF Zabid talked about some aspects of the discourse notes in the translational discourse his researches interests included cross-linguistic issues in translation and contemporary criticism.

In the conference ,we met with al-Mamari(hodeidah university media committee coordinator "our university has been achieving a distinguished progress and what makes it more distinguished than other universities is the annual conferences.

Many people benefited a lot from the lectures and seminars of the conference. and next December we are holding a big international conference with the cooperation with a British university and some other universities. in addition to this ,we are going to hold two other conferences in 2004 and we plan to hold a very powerful conferences concerning sciences of the seas".



We met also with one of the attendees Fawaz al-Fattah who said" I would like to thank the researches-participants for illuminating us with their useful instructions through which we got some vital information about two of the most important subjects that we have in our English course such as "critical discourse analysis and the message of medium" .we benefited a lot from "worships of translation". I hope such conferences would continue to be held for our good.

and the second sec

#### Press

Al-Shoura weekly, organ of the Union of People's Forces of Yemen, 26 Oct. 2003. Main headlines:

YSP head of political office: A positive stand of Islah party con-

- cerning democracy Families of detainees at political security prison in Taiz continue their protests Familie
- UN coordinator in Sana'a: Yemen in need of qualified local leader-
- ships entertaining justice and
- Al-Khalcej Organisation for Press Freedoms, declared Jibla teachers request the presi-
- dent's interference nist Abdulaziz al-Baghdadi Colum

Columnst Abdulaziz al-Baghdadi says in his article the looking at the relationship between the 26 September revolution in the north of Yemen and the 14 of October in its south out of the perspective of ' the relationship between the mother and the son is a between the momer and the son is a view very near to the view of seces-sionism if considered in the depth of its implication. The relationship between the two revolutions of the one country is based on joining forces and cohesion and interaction where the evolutionaries in the country earch revolutionaries in the country search for a common denomination, i.e. the freedom. Since Yemen is one body it is not logical to say that one of parts came out of the other. The relationship is thus a kind of

details of an interwoven struggling one happened on the Yemeni naturally and socially united arena before its politi-cal unity and it is supposed to be deep-ened by the political action. This has been realized by the Yemeni revolu-tionaries at all stages of the struggle since the thirties and later, whether in the Yemeni old or the modern history



#### Main headlines:

Islah assistant secretary general al-A'nsi met NDI's regional director Absence of security in Aden Saudi authorities hand over dead body of a Yemeni smuggler

Al Ahram

Al Akhbar

The Palestinian National Authority Monday called on the US administration

Monday called on the US administration to swiftly move to halt the construction of the Israeli security fence. Palestinian Prime Minister Ahmed Qurei underlined that Israel's construction of the separation wall

Local councils 2nd conference,

 Local councils 2nd conference, decisions not meeting ambitions
 Socotra lives strangling food crisis Columnist Zaid al-Shami says in his article that the Islamic states leaders have recently ended their conference in Malaysia. The conference has been had by the conference has been held at circumstances when Muslim's dignity is increasingly humiliated and an increased aggression on their coun-tries and confiscation of their rights: the picture in the Islamic world is very the picture in the Islamic world is very dark; occupation of Iraq, aggression on Syria, harassment against Iran a threat to Pakistan, injustice in Kashmir bloody aggression on Muslims in Chechnya and the still bleeding deep wound of Palestine. the new coloniza-tion wants us chonce averything in tion wants us change everything in tion wants us change everything in ourselves; deny our religion and change our education curricula and to surrender and accept to live without any human rights, anyone who would not abide by all this he is terrorist and enemy of democracy. Undoubtedly all these conditions were not absent from these conditions were not absent from

thinking of the leaders in their confer-They have expressed their feelings of pain, worry and non-acceptance and hoped the stop of injustice, they denounced the aggression on Syria and sympathized with the Palestinian people but they have addressed their call to an absent pronoun, when the leaders feel courageous enough they would address the international community and in the best o situations and condi tions they would address their call to the security council and the united nations that has not supported our just issues for more than half a century.

26 September weekly, organ of the Yemen Armed Forces 23 Oct.2003. 

#### Main headlines

America supplies President Public Hospital in Marib at a cost of \$5.3 million Algerian foreign minister visits

Yemen during Ramadhan Columnist Iskandar al-Asbahi

writes in his article that all indications point out that Israel has not any inten-tion for a political settlement with the Arabs who have accepted swapping all

Prepared by Mohammed Khidhr

5

# Main headlines

- YSP evaluates Islah stand calling for fighting extremism
- Ministers and ambassadors abort elections of medical college teachers union at Sana'a Universitv
- Libya demands Italy for compensating for colonization period
- Demonstrations against American occupation of Iraq in Washington and San Francisco
- National Organisation for Defending Rights and Freedoms carries out investigation into arrests of the Grand Mosque
- Iragi resistance, organized and has leaderships Australian shipment of affected sheep unloaded in Basra, Iraq
- In a constitutional violation, Oil Ministry sells 15% of the government share in an oil sector Islah relations not hostage of personal stands
- and opinions In Palestine, escalation of suppression and
- assassination
- Parliament approves additional approbation
- Addressing Abyan dignitaries, the president: We closed all past files; you have to bury tribal vengeance files
- Yemen, member of Organisation of Islamic Conference summit resolutions follow-committee
- Three of dangerous wanted persons killed in
- shooting exchange with the security Qadhi al-Hattar: 150 persons to be released
- during the month of Ramadan Organized gang for printing fake bank notes captured in the capital

Israel's hand free for committing all plete peace with them. the Arabs are no longer able to offer concessions kinds of war crimes and practicing aggression against Syria and Lebanon. what Israel is presently doing is an extension and co ntinuation of its proiect it had started in the forties of last ary as part of the Zionist project s based on religious mythology and legends

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Al-Mithaq weekly, organ of the GPC ruling party,27 Oct.2003. يار Main h

- **in headlines:** Dr al-Eryani: Yemeni initiative does not necessarily requires can
- celing Arab League Intended changes in the Free Zone administration and investment authority associated with restrucuring
  - Higher Education minister Dr Raweh: Restructuring higher education, daring step by the govern-
- FM al-Qirbi: Next GCC summit discusses new ideas for activating cooperation of Yemen with GCC countries
- Islah considers al-Zindani fatwa a
- Istan considers al-Zindani fatwa a personal opinion Parliament: Engagement of spe-cialists in discussion of draft laws related to freedoms Attorney General directs investi-
- gation into information offered by

transport union lador office by transport union leadership Columnist Dr Abdulaziz al-Maqaleh ays in his article in this season of the deluge of aggression against whatever is Arab and dealing almost deadly Is Arab and dealing almost deality blows to the remaining dreams of the Arab nation in restoring what she has lost of her usurped land the rational people of the sons of this nation have to reconsider their domestic and exter-nal stands far away from regional or personal considing. They have to har status far away from regional of personal sensitivities. They have to look at all that is happening through a comprehensive pan-Arab perspective, proceeding from the the total bank-ruptcy in which regionalism has fallen and the disappointment in all regional projects that do not take into account projects that do not take into account the political and economic concerns of

Arab people in the entire Arab world. One of the issues that should be reconsidered is the proposal raised in the seventies on considering the Palestine Liberation Organisation the legitimate and sole representative of

Monday night promulgated an ordi-nance to amend the Prevention of

Terrorism Act (POTA) to confer more powers on the Central and State review committees to make their decisions binding on the Central and State Governments and the police officers

**Hindustan Times** 

Kenya Times Kenyan President Mwai Kibaki said

on Monday his government will not expel any Kenyan citizen from the country and told Kenyans to work hard in building the nation.

**People Daily** 

The Kenyan government on Monday moved to control an increas-

ing level of the food shortage, which

The Philippine Star

Negotiations at the House of Representatives over the impeachment of Chief Justice Hilario Davide ended in a stalemate Monday with both sides refusing to budge from their positions.

investigating cases.

the Palestinian people. The aim is not to strip the PLO of its right as the sole representative and what has that real-ized of an international recognition but when the strength is the intern of all rather to prove it is the issue of all Arabs because of its intermixing with all of their situations and issues to an extent no part of the Arab world can avoid its responsibility or claim the issue does not affect it or put pressure on its situations

#### Annas Oct.2003. weekly, 27

Main headlines: - Zindani and Noman, a hidden element stirred up discord between them

Bajammal complains suspension of his authorities, opposition sources ask him keep silent versus the regime defects Medical college elections post-

 Medical conlege electrons posi-poned twice
 YSP praises an Islah statement
 Islah: Extremism product of wrong policy by which the country run Columnist Ahmed al-Shalafi says in an article every time there comes to political surface a cricit rendering the an article every time inere cones to political surface a crisis rendering the country upside down were it not for God's care in a country the rationals have become almost rare in the face of beneficiaries. The whole matter is based on mis-

planning and mismanagement of the country's utilities in various aspects. whether political or social or econom-ic or cultural, the responsibility of which is borne by the lack of awareness and ignorance regarding the importance of gradual change towards the best.

Instigating seditions isn't a good habit at all, even if those who do it thought it would gain them some financial advantages. Such an act could be like a deluge that would affect all. All those who are interested and the and the set of of the procession?

Pakistani leadership said it was agree-able to discussing "softer issues", but a day later it reverted to the old formula

that a summit meeting between Prime Minister A.B.Vajpayee and Pakistan President Pervez Musharraf was the real way forward.

The Times of India

Two militants, who allegedly attacked the Shalimar Express near

and killed

for

Susan

Jammu, were hunted down and killed by security forces in Akhnoor or Monday. The hunt was on for third mil-itant, police said.

has acutely affected at least three

**Daily Nation** Canada has approved 13.5 million US dollars (about 780 million shillings) for Kenya's free education

program and good governance initia-tives, Canadian Minister for

would "fight all the way, until where they will go."

Manila Bulletin President Gloria Macapagal Arroyo urged the Commission on Elections

Monday to give the automated canvassing and counting of votes a chance to ensure an honest, orderly, and peaceful national and local elections on May 10, 2004.

International Cooperation Whelan said on Monday.

provinces in the country.

**World Press** Major news items in leading international newspapers Provided by Xinhua

#### Egypt

### blows up the entire Middle East peace Al Ahram Forty-three persons, including one American soldier, were killed and 230 others injured in five explosions in Baghdad Monday, the bloodiest day since the beginning of the US-led occupation in Iraq in April. process.

Al Gomhuria Ankara has not received any US message urging it to hold direct talks with the interim Iraqi Governing Council or Washington regarding the dispatch of Turkish troops to Iraq, an official diplomatic source said Monday.

The Egyptian Gazette Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak met on Monday with visiting Japanese Foreign Minister Yoriko Kawaguchi, who is currently on a Middle East to

The Independent

Two thirds of the European Union's citizens believe that the military invasion of Iraq was not justified and think that the United States should pay

for the country's reconstruction, according to an opinion poll published

The Guardian

British ministers are planning to double airport tax risking a backlash from passengers and the increasingly popular budget airlines.

#### Britain to by a home.

Monday.

The Times British opposition Conservative Party leader Iain Duncan Smith gave Conservative lawmakers a 48-hour deadline to challenge him or stop the plotting Monday night. in a desperate attempt to bring the long-running Tory leadership saga to a head.

#### The Daily Telegraph

The average mortgage has nearly doubled to 112,000 pounds (about 179,200 US Dollars) in six years, more than four times the average salary, as people stretch their finances to the limit

Mainichi, Asahi, Yomiuri

Former Japanese Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone gave up running in

Nihon Keizai The Japanese government mulls selling foreign bondholdings to the Bank of Japan

to secure funds for forex intervention

general election.

#### Japan

#### Asahi, Mainichi, Nihon Keizai,

Yomiuri Official campaigning for Japan's Nov: 9 general election began Tuesday. Japanese Prime Minister Junichiro Koizumi vowed to resign if ruling coalition parties fail to win majority in the

#### France

the occupied land in return for a com-

more than they have done, the Arabs

have chosen to be hand folded while

Le Figaro Five simultaneous attacks rocked Baghdad on Monday morning, killing 42 Iraqis and injuring 224. More con-troversy was raised in the United States over Bush's policy in Iraq.

#### Liberation

The war is not ended in Iraq as five killed attacks hit Baghdad within 45 minutes on Monday morning. Even the offices of the International Committee of the Baghdad.

#### Le Monde

Red Cross were attacked.

A new wave of suicide attacks hit Baghdad on Monday, plunging the capital into chaos at the outset of the Muslim fasting month of Ramadan. France Soir Fifty years after its launching, the

#### Magazine of Playboy remains as sexy as ever. The revolution it brought about has changed the face of the world.

Nigeria

The Punch President Olusegun Nigerian Nigerian President Olusegun Obasanjo on Monday expressed his readiness to have dialogue with the Nigeria Labor Congress over the increase in fuel prices occasioned by the deregulation of the down-stream sector of the oil industry.

This Day US oil major Chevron-Texaco led many Nigerian and multi-national oil companies bidding for oil blocks in the Gulf of Guinea, as bids for acreages in the region were opened on Monday in Sao Tome.

#### Germany Die Welt

German Chancellor Gerhard Schroeder has confessed to share the responsibility for the election debacle of the ruling SPD in the state of Brandenburg. Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung

Many people, mostly Iraqis, were killed or wounded Monday in the suicide attack against the office of the International Committee of the Red Cross and several police stations in

### Islamabad seems to be in a quandary over its response to New Delhi's 12-point peace proposal. On Sunday, the Handelshlatt The United States will have a new banking giant as Bank of America buys regional bank Fleet Boston for 47

billion US dollars.

#### Pakistan

Dawn India has proposed two sets of dates in November to Pakistan for the next round of technical level ta ks to resolve the issue of restoring air links between the two countries.

#### The Nation

The Nation Prime Minister Zafarullah Khan Jamali Monday said Pakistan believes in dialogue with neighboring India to resolve disputes, adding that war is the last resort and that it can not produce any good result.

# The News Pakistan is holding its cards close to its chest and says it is as yet not ready to respond to the recent overtures made by New Delhi in which several confidence building measures were offered but no direct reference to talks

Philippine Daily Inquirer Chief Justice Hilario Davide declared war Monday on those who seek to destroy democracy. He said he offered, but no direct reference to talks on Kashmir was included, said Foreign Office spokesman Monday.

## The Hindu Indian President A.P.J. Abdul Kalam

India

Kenva

tives.

Philippines

#### Education Presented by Dr. Ramakanta Sahu

Detecting Cancer And Health

Abnormalities Another type of biosensor uses sophisticated technology to detect a specific trait or abnormality in a living organism. Thompson Cancer Survival Center of Knoxville.( USA ) have developed a new laser technique for nonsurgically determining whether tumore in the scopheney are concernent.

tumors in the esophagus are cancerous

was that of the arrested suspect, or

whether a biowarfare bacterium was

whether a biowarrare bacterium was descending on a battlefield. Studies in this area is very fast and less expensive now with Biosensors. Success of the DNA sequence would revolutionize Bio-Medical Science

Applications of Biosensors are limited to our imagination. In view of the space constraint only a few are listed below

ew are listed below Environmental Monitoring . ( eg :

Process Industries (eg: Petroleum and Chemical refineries)

Defense and Security

Conclusion. The indication is that analytical

chemistry and sensor technology in particular, could follow the same trend

as microelectronics. As chemical analysis becomes simpler and more widely available, we can expect to see a proliferation of uses in conjunction

with microprocessors and telecommu-

incation equipment. Equipment capa-ble of monitoring data as well as pro-cessing it could find wide application in monitoring health, food we eat and our environment

our environ

Detect 'Anthrax' etc )

Anthropometry – human body surface.

Food And Drink

bnormalities

# *Ecommerce* **Terminology**



TENEN

Commerce Service Providers (CSP) CSPs are business or web sites that provide ecommerce solutions.

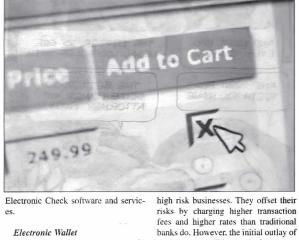
### Digital or Electronic Cash or E-cash or Ecash or Digital Money

These terms are also used inter-changeably, and they refer to any of the various methods that allow a person to purchase goods or services by transmitting a number from one computer to another. The numbers are issued by a bank and represent sums of real money. Digital cash is anonymous and reusable. Unlike credit card transactions, the merchant does not know the identity of the shopper.

#### Electronic Checks or Cheques

Customers pay for merchandise by writing an electronic check that is transmitted electronically by email. fax or phone. The "cheque" is a message that contains all of the information that is found on an ordinary cheque, but it is signed digitally, or indorsed. The digital signature is encoded by encrypting with the customer's secret key. Upor receipt. the merchant or "payee" may further indorse by encoding with a pri-vate key. When the cheque is processed, the resulting message is encoded with the bank's secret key thus providing proof of payment. Various

High Risk Processors companies are selling



#### Electronic Wallet

Electronic Wallets store your credit card numbers on your hard drive in an encrypted form. You then make purchases at Web sites that support that particular type of electronic wallet. By clicking on a Pay Button, customers initiate a credit card payment via a secure transaction enabled by the electronic wallet company's server.

#### Electronic Commerce or Ecom or Emmerce or EC

These terms are used interchange-ably, and they all mean the same thing

- the paperless exchange of routine usiness information using Electronic busines

Data Interchange (EDI) . email, elec-tronic bulletin boards. fax transmis-sions and Electronic Funds Transfer. It refers to Internet shopping. online stock and bond transactions, the down-loading and selling of "soft merchandise" (software, documents, graphics, music, etc.), and business to business transactions.

#### Extranel

An extranet is an extension of a corporate intranet. It connects the internal network of one company with the intranets of its customers and suppliers. This makes it possible to create e-com-merce applications that link all aspects of a business relationship. from ordering to payment.

#### Disintermediation

Disintermediation is the process of bypassing retail channels or mail order houses and selling directly to the custonier

#### Hard Goods vs Soft Goods

Hard Goods are items that exist in the real world. as opposed to soft goods, which exist virtually or electronically. For instance, an Internet merchant selling a book that is shipped to the customer in a print version is selling hard goods: a merchant offering a book for download in electronic format is selling soft goods.

High risk processors (or brokers) are financial institutions or companies that that issue merchant status accounts to

cash that you will be required to put up

deposits required by traditional bank-

usually much less than the

Immerce

over the Internet.

Merchant Account



gopher RFTP

and a merchant bank which allows the retailer or merchant to accept credit card payments from customers. Depending on the country involved, banks or financial institutions could have stiff requirements and regulations regarding the issuing of a merchant account. Many small or home based businesses report that they have great (sometimes insurmountable) difficul ties acquiring Merchant Status. If Merchant Status is obtained, the merchant then rents or buys special software that is used to process the transac-tion. In some cases, depending on the bank and depending on the type of business that you are operating, you will also need to purchase or rent a piece of hardware known as a processng terminal.

An Internet Merchant Account is a special account that permits the acceptance of credit cards online. Transactions are processed online, in real time. While the customer waits, the system checks the credit card to be sure that it has not been reported stolen, has not expired, and is listed to the same address that the customer has given. If the card is approved, the customer and the merchant are both automatically notified that the sale has transpired This type of account is a stricter banking relationship than one involving face-to-face transactions. Web transactions do not gather signatures from purchasers and therefore there is a higher risk of fraud.

Merchant Brokers specialize in obtaining credit card accounts for online businesses. Brokers charge a setup fee and lease or sell the software and hardware as needed. Expect to pay a discount rate, which is the percentage you pay for each transaction processed. as well as various other charges that differ among services. If obtaining a merchant account through a traditional bank is proving to be a problem, mer-chant brokers are a good alternative.

Micropayments Microtransactions are transactions of tiny amounts — a few cents or a few dollars, typically made in order to download or access graphics, games

phone bill. To date, this is being used for soft items such as downloads, time measured services (i.e. time spent at a Web site) or for making charitable

# By Shafeeq Mohammed amsafeer@yahoo.com ears from now a typical doctor visit might not include dull magazines , pharmacy lines and say-ing "Ahh" , instead , a chip implanted in the body will function as a constant on board doctor

tion as a constant on board doctor, detecting diseases early and delivering drugs straight into the blood stream. Sound like an Orwellian / Asimov hybrid to be seen in an episode of a Jestonic future Space age Cartoon ? Think again . Biosensors could make this scenario a reality before your toddler goes to college.

#### Why Biosensor ?

Bacteria..Our invisible friends, our invisible enemies. Some aid our diges tion, others destroy our poisons. Still other 'bugs' make us sick. Living inside and outside our bodies, natural bacteria are a fact of life. We have learned to live with them and they with us. Soldiers and sailors in action worry that even more dangerous bacteria are lurking in the environment. These are "killer" bacteria—the kind used as weapons. Such biological warfare agents are viewed by many to be as threatening to human life as nuclear weapons. The key to protecting a mili-tary unit or community from danger-ous bacteria is to detect them before they reach their intended victims. People can then be warned to leave an area or at least wear protective gear. . Bacteria can be detected using "biosensors."

#### What is Biosensors ?

A biosensor is a device that detects, records, and transmits information regarding a physiological change or the presence of various chemical or biological materials in the environment. More technically a Biosensor will be defined as a "Compact analyt-ical device incorporating a biological or biologically -derived sensing ele-ment either integrated within or inti-mately associated with a physicochem-ical transducer." The usual aim of a biosenser is to produce aither diserte biosensor is to produce either discrete or continuous digital electronic signal which are proportional to signal ana-lyte or a related group of analytes.

Biosensors, which come in a large variety of sizes and shapes, are used to monitor changes in environmental con-ditions. They can detect and measure concentrations of specific bacteria or hazardous chemicals; they can meas-mentical lawle can measure acidity levels (pH).

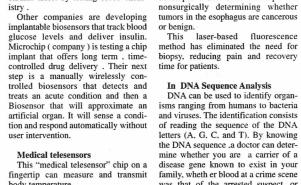
**Bioreporters** Genetically engineered bacteria can also be useful because of their ability to 'tattle' on the environment Such Bacteria give off a detectable signal, such as light, in the presence of a spe-cific pollutant they like to eat. They may glow in the presence of toluene, a hazardous compound found in gasoline and other petroleum products. They can indicate whether an underground can indicate whether an underground fuel tank is leaking or whether the site of an oil spill has b een cleaned up effectively. These informer bacteria are called Bioreporters

#### **Biosensors in Medical and Other**

environmental Probs Biosensors are already thriving in e medical field. From 1990's biosensors have been used as immunosensors to destroy or weaken invading bacteria

A day will come, when my body will lie on a white bed which is put carefully in one corner in a hospital, full of the smell of death and rebirth. At this moment the doctor will declare that my brain has stopped and my life is finished. When this happens, don't try to put soul in to my body. Don't use the machinery. Don't call that bed, "the death bed", call it, "the life bed". Then come on and take from my body parts which will help others - these people who don't enjoy a healthy life. Begin with my eyes, give it to the blind

Do this to remember me!



body temperature.

and neutralize organic poisons in the human body. External biosensors are

used in emergency room as a point-of

care diagnostic units - such as I-Stat's (Manufacturing company) "LABS on a CHIP", which can reveal almost immediately whether a patient is in cardiac arrest by testing blood chem-

**Biosensors:** 

**Future Technology** 

An array of chips attached to your body may provide additional informa-tion on blood pressure, oxygen level, pulse rate , breathing ( chest expansion ), Knee bending during physical rehabilitation and foot pressure distribu-tion. Biosensors are also used to detect the state of aging diseases like 'dia-betes' and Alzheimer. This is accom-plished by sensing the metal lon con-centrations in the body.

These chips may be attached at various points on a soldier using a nonirri-tating adhesive like that used in water-proof band-aids. These medical tele-sensors would send physiological data by wireless transmission to an intelligent monitor on another soldier's hel-met. The monitor could alert medics if the data showed that the soldier's con-dition fit one of five levels of trauma. The monitor also would receive and transmit global satellite positioning data to help medics locate the wound ed soldier

Wireless monitors attached to the skin could provide valuable information on the physiological condition of Intensive Care Patient's in Hospital, high –risk out patients in Hospital , high –risk out patients , babies at risk of suffering sudden infant death syn-drome and Police and fire fighting per-sonel in hazardous situations.

people, who can't see sunrise in this life, or innocent smile on the face of a baby, or the luster of love in the eyes of someone they love. And give my heart to a human being who is denied the privilege of rest. And give my blood to somebody who has survived a fatal accident. Maybe, he will live until he sees his grandson, playing around him. You must try to scan every corner in my brain, take every cell and let it be carefully nurtured. May be it would help a dumb person until he can shout to push the football, or a deaf girl until she can listen to the music of the clattering rain. Then you may burn other parts,



If there is anything which must be buried then you can bury my faults and my

weaknesses. If you want to remember me, remember me by some kind deeds of mine, or a sweet word, or the innocent smile, then give them to one who deserves these. If you do what I ask, I'll live forever. Afrah Ahmed Humran I evel 3

Level 3 Department of English Faculty of Education Al-Mahweet

A Merchant Account is a relationship between a business (i.e. a merchant) donations online Fifth Inter-College Literary Competitions, 2003-2004

The Fifth Inter-college Literary competitions in English Short Story, Poem, and Essay will be organized under the auspices of Yemen Times for the Academic Session 2003-2004. Competitions will be held in two categories, viz. Senior (level 3 and 4) and Junior (level 1 and 2). A bonafide student of any college in the Republic of Yemen is eligible to participate in the competition. Participants are free to choose any theme for Facility Factors and Participants. English Short Stories and Poems

Topics for the Essay contest: nior group (level 3

and 4): "As Technology Advances, Humanity Declines" (2000 words)

Junior group (level 1 and 2): "United We Stand, Divided We Fall" (1500 words)

A participant can participate in any or all events. Entries should be original and should be typed or neatly written on one side of the paper. These are to be certified to be original by the Head of English Department of the respective college and sent to Dr. Ramakanta Sahu, P. O. Box 14533, Sana'a, Republic of Yemen.

Dr. Ramakanta Sahu Coordinator

ing institutions. Some brokers may offer other added features such as shopand information. ping cart software. web site templates, forms or secure lines for ordering **Telephone Billing Systems** A very new approach, telephone transactions allow the customer to pur-Immerce is the new term being used chase an item or service, and the amount will be billed to his or her telefor commerce that is transacted totally

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Last date for submission of entries is 30 November, 2003

### **Sport / Fun Page**

YEMEN 30 October, 2003

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**7-Day Weather Forecast** 

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# Losers Georgia join Uruguay party

#### BY JULIAN LINDEN

16

SYDNEY (Reuters) - Georgia left their first Rugby World Cup without a win after going down 24-12 to Uruguay but celebrated as though they had won the tournament by joining the South Americans in a lap of honour

After heavy defeats by England, South Africa and Samoa, the two minnows fought out a scrappy but evenly matched game on Tuesday to deter-mine last place in pool C. Georgia were slight favourites after an encouraging 46-19 loss to the Springboks last week but could not contain their more experienced oppo-nents, who scored three unanswered

tries 'Although we haven't finished yet,

Annough we haven t inished yet, this is the icing on the cake," Uruguay lock Juan Carlos Bado said. "We were happy just to qualify." Georgia captain Ilia Zedginidze responded: "We just didn't recover

after the South Africa game.

"But the Souri Africa game. "But the World Cup was an excellent experience for us and we will do much better next time." Georgia were still just five points

down with two minutes left when replacement lock rower Nicolas Brignoni crashed over to score the final try after a fine step inside by centre and captain Diego Aguire.

"People might say we only beat Georgia but that was a fantastic per-

Uruguay assistant coach Paul Heady said. "I think we showed tonight that we

have a forward pack that can mix it with any other in the competition."

Superior kicking Uruguay, who beat Spain at the first

World Cup appearance four years ago, opened the scoring in the 14th minute with a penalty from fullback Juan Menchaca but Georgia levelled when winger Makhaz Urjukashvili landed one in front.

Uruguay's superior kicking enabled them to dominate the first half before right winger Alfonso Cardoso dived the

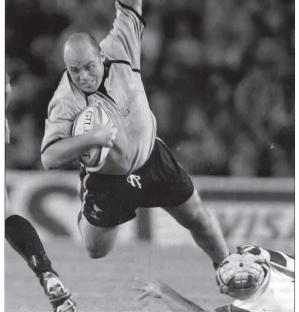
Uruguay's forwards pounded the line with a series of rolling mauls then swung the ball wide to give Cardoso a

Georgia, 10-3 down at the break, pulled back to within a point but Uruguay's burly hooker Diego Lamelas then ploughed his way over from the back of a rolling maul to set

up the finale. Uruguay end their Cup against England on Sunday. "We don't even want to think about Englar

that yet, we have to celebrate first,'

coach Diego Ormaechea said. "We have an English trainer with us and we asked him what we should do to prepare and he said: 'Just go play golf



Uruguay's Rodrigo Sanchez is tackled by Georgia's Gregoire Yachvili during their Rugby World Cup pool C match at Sydney's Football Stadium. Georgia have left their inaugural Rugby World Cup without a win after being beaten 24-12 by Uruguay. REUTERS/Jacky Naegelen



# Pakistan hold South Africa to seal series win

well

30 overs.

But Taufeeg Umar made 71, includ-

ing 12 fours, Inzama 60 and Kamal 38 to rescue their side. Taufeeq played a careless shot to be

MANCHESTER (Reuters)

By Pete Oliver

#### BY ABDUL WAHEED

FAISALABAD, Pakistan (Reuters) -Pakistan have forced a draw in the sec-ond test after surviving a few anxious moments to seal their first test series win over South Africa.

Pakistan ended Tuesday on 242 for six, 60 runs short of their victory target. Shoaib Malik (23) and Moin Khan (9) played out 15.5 tense overs in a stand of 33, forcing the draw after Pakistan had lost three wickets in 22 balls to give

South Africa a sniff of victory. Pakistan took the series by virtue of their win in the first test at Lahore, only their second in 10 matches against South

Africa. The touring side scored 278 and 371 for eight declared, with Pakistan making 348

48 and 242 for six. Pakistan appeared to be close to an

honourable draw on 187 for three after two sessions of tense cricket before run

After spinner Paul Adams had Asim Kamal (38) caught by wicketkeeper Mark Boucher, fast bowler Makhaya Ntini trapped Inzamam-ul-Haq lbw for 60.

In the next over Shaun Pollock bowled Abdul Razzaq (10) with a ball that came back sharply to leave Pakistan facing possible defeat with 18 overs remaining.

Pakistan had an important let off when Gary Kirsten put down Shoaib Malik (8) with the total on 219 for six. The ball ballooned off Malik's bat handle as he tried to avoid a short ball from Ntini but Kirsten failed to latch on

to the chance. The experienced Moin, who took 29 balls to get off the mark, and Malik than

pulled down the shutters before the caught by Graeme Smith at wide mid-on match was called off two overs early. The South Africans had 94 overs to force a result but with the Pakistanis dropping anchor the bowlers struggled off Robin Peterson 25 minutes before

Declared man of the series for his 313 to get wickets on a pitch that held up 

Declared man of the series for his 313 runs and nine catches — a record by a Pakistani fielder — Taufeeq also become the leading test run scorer for Pakistan against South Africa with a tally of 593 runs in eight innings. Inzamam was the cornerstone of the batting, putting on 79 from 175 balls with Taufeeq and 62 with Kamal on the way to big 33ct test balls captury. way to his 33rd test half century. The series win improved Pakistan's position from seventh to fifth place in the official test rankings.



South African cricket players (L-R) Mark Boucher, Jacques Kallis, Graeme Smith, Makhaya Ntini and Paul Adams celebrate the dismissal of Pakistani batsman Imran Farhat (not in picture) on the fifth and final day of the second test in Faisalabad. REUTERS/Mohsin Raza



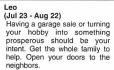
ASTROLOGY

**BY Eugenia** 

Taurus (Apr 20 - May 20) You can make interesting and positive changes today. Alter your looks, change your image, develop a skill or hobby — now is the time. Someone who admires your work will take a personal interest in you. Gemini (May 21 - Jun 20) Wheeling and dealing should be your intent today, especially with people you know quite well. Help an older relative with some everyday responsibilities. THE LAST WORD IN

Cancer (Jun 21 - Jul 22) Romance will unfold whether you are single or already in a relationship. Your charm will win the hearts of those you encounter, so don't be shy. Let your heart lead the way.

Aries (Mar 21 - Apr 19) Don't take things said too literally today. Family discussions may get blown out of proportion. Think before you speak. Cool down before dealing with a consitive issue.





Libra (Sept 23 - Oct 22) Be careful what you discuss today. Someone is likely to discourage you unnecessarily. Problems with someone you live with will escalate quickly. Back off and let this person cool down.

Scorpio (Oct 23 - Nov 21) Talk about your future plans with a good friend and you will get a clearer picture of your situation. Romantic possibilities will develop with someone you meet through a friend.

The 28-year-old was troubled by the injury earlier this season and missed four games during a month on the sidelines.

A period of rest looked to have cleared up the problem and be cleared up the problem and he returned in the 4-1 win at Leicester City in late September but he will now again be unavailable to manager Alex

United later on Tuesday, the Old Trafford side face Liverpool and Chelsea in November as well as two

As well as the start of their Leagu Cup campaign with a visit to Leeds

Champions League games against Rangers and Panathinaikos.

Sagittarius (Nov 22 - Dec 21) Keep an eye on your money matters. Sudden changes in your financial situation are likely. Cover all necessary groundwork before making a financial promise to someone.

#### (Dec 22 - Jan 19)





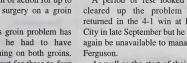


Aquarius (Jan 20 - Feb 18) Don't overspend, especially if you are entertaining. You must stop anyone who has been trying to run your life. Start making the changes that you've been considering changes t considering.

#### Pisces (Feb 19-Mar 20)

(Feb 19-Mar 20) You will get recognition today for your creative endeavors and your ingenious ideas. Spending time with friends, relatives or neighbors will lead to some interesting conversations. You could meet someone who will make a difference to your future.





out for a month

#### Science & Technology

# TIMES 30 October, 2003 17 What does it mean Call Center (221) in a GSM phone company?



e to the overwhelming rapid growth in digital technology, GSM operators throughout the world have become a nain contributor to the communica-ion link between countries and within a country. Little difference is there between GSM companies of today and bee hives in terms of structure work, production, etc. Bees have a bees queen, which is the human resource manager. And employees are the working bees.

I am one of the employees in such a company and I like to give a brief introduction about its 221 call center, which is the customer care toll-free number.

I have been working in this place and have occur working in this place and have come to realize that one can be most productive when he surround-ed by loving staffers and under the umbrella of reliable, straightforward, honest, and visionary managers.

Customer service agents are avail-able 24 hours a day. We receive more than 10.000 calls a day so I am trying to give you a short report about the place that you always call.

#### What is a Call Center?

Let's face it, not everyone knows what a call center is. When was the last time someone asked what you did and you said "I work in a call center" and the response you got back was to look like you had antennae growing out of your head! Here is a definition of "call center" (without the antennae)

(without the antennae):

Call (verb): to make a request or demand

Center (noun): a point, area, person or thing that is most important or piv-

tal in relation to an indicated activity or interest

The definition of call center is changing, but the core fundamentals of a customer making a call (via a phone, email, web site, or fax) to a center (point, area, person or thing) will remain constant because que will remain constant because cus tomers view the call as an important or pivotal activity for them. Call cen-ter, contact center or customer interac-tion center - or whatever name you give - operates on near identical prin-cipals of meeting customer needs in

real-time. A call center is traditionally defined as a physical location where calls are placed or received, in high volume for the purpose of sales, marketing, customer service, telemarketing, technical support or other specialized busi-ness activities. One early definition described a call center as a place of doing business by phone that com-bined a centralized database with an automatic call distribution system. That's close, but it's really much more than that It is a:

Huge telemarketing and Telesales

center Fundraising and collections organi-

zation . Help desks both internal and exter-

Hence, a call center is a central place where customers and other telephone calls are handled by an organization, usually with some amount of computer automation. Typically, a call center has the ability to handle a con-siderable volume of calls at the same

time, to screen calls and forward them to so eone qualified to handle them. nd to log calls. Call centers are used by mail-order catalog organizations, telemarketing companies, computer product help desks, and any large organization that uses the telephone to sell or service products and al services



vees at call centers are always friendly and infor

Call centers are generally set up as large rooms, with workstations that include a computer, a telephone set (or headset) hooked into a large telecom nd one or more supervisor stawitch a tions. It may stand by itself, or be linked with other centers. It may also be linked to a corporate data network, including mainframes, microcomput-ers. Increasingly, the voice and data pathways into the center are linked through a set of new technologies called CTI, or computer-telephony integration

Job responsibilities: The main responsibilities of a customer center staffer are to receive inbound calls from customers related to products and services. It includes clarifying the needs of the customer, answering customer inquiries and assisting in the resolution of concerns. Tracking and documenting customer contacts is also important. Anyone working here must remain accessible to answer calls, handle difficult calls

and avoid escalation whenever possible. This center also issues service orders, covers claim reports, including technical and financial claim reports plus maintain service orders.

Responsibilities include strategic

planning and oversight of workflow and staffing requirements, review and analysis reports are done with an eye for increasing performance output and controlling expenses.

#### **Oualifications:**

This position requires a dynamic individual with excellent interper-sonal and leadership abilities, the ability to show dramatic results, and visionary strategic planning. Knowledge of forecasting, sched-uling and labor modeling, and a background in technical require-ments of call center environments. Experience developing, writing and implementing operating proes that support company quality standards and secu-client records is essentia cedures als

ment and presentation skills. **Principle accountabilities:** 

- Establish and maintain "state-ofthe-art" customer call center.
- Provide overall direction and motivation to service center team. Insure that call center personnel
- are adequately trained. Drive development of policies, procedures and processes that sup-
- ort operations excellence. everage technology to enhance al effectiveness and cusoperation
- tomer satisfaction.

Develop and enhance cooperative interdepartmental relationships and communications of a broad scope throughout the company and with individuals external to the company. Establish and monitor call center metrics to evaluate operational

- effectiveness
- Leverage call center metrics to assess customer satisfaction. Maintain knowledge on current industry-wide trends and potential

industry-wide trends and potential impact on the support business. Resolve issues of a complex scope that impact the team and overall business objectives. Identify equip-ment and facility requirements to insure customer satisfaction levels

Drive continuous improvement of call center operations

Managers and coordinators: Responsibilities also include over-seeing collector and manager work schedules/work loads, reviewing and analyzing all reports with an eye for increasing performance output, controlling expenses, and developing/motivating staff through both formal and information coachtrolling

ing. This position requires a dynamic Inis position requires a dynamic individual with excellent interperson-al/leadership abilities, the ability to show dramatic results, and strong computer skills. The person responsi-ble for such a position should lead and manage worldwide customer support trackorganization, building on your track record in strategic leadership, organizational agility, performance manage-ment and team building. Hence, he/she will be the corporate voice of the customer, as the company seeks to achieve unheard of levels of customer satisfaction

Working in this post is not easy, and I hope that I was able to give in-depth and explanatory information about the (211) Call Center for your service.









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الحامعات

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لدية خبرد سابقة وشهادة انترديدية (متوسط) على لدية خبرد سابقة وشهادة انترديدية (متوسط) على الاقل في الذاكر وخبرد في كتابة التقارير، فعلى من يجد في نفسه الرغبة إرسال سيرتة الذاتية على مطلوب خیاط و مصمم ازیا، + عشرت خياط و مصمم أريا، + خياطة و مصمة أزيا، لديهم خبرة في مجال الخياطة و القص للعمل لدى محلات Haute Conture الخياطة 517510 اللفس ٢٠٠٠٠ ■ إذا كنت راغباً في تدريس اولادك دروس

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مطلو

ريمود، التيور التانيي. بجانب سوق الأنسي. ■ مراسلة عبر الإنتوة

لتواصل ٧٣٨١٠٤١٦ او -----

لتواصل مع ١٧ ٤ ٧٠٤ منعا..

امواصل بع ۲۰۰۰۰ وسعاد. ■ مطلوب مندوب علمي لشركة ادوية على أن يكون حاصلاً على بكالوريوس صيلة، دو خبرة جيدة ويتمتع بعلاقة

مدير مالي+ مدير إدراري + مدير تنفيذي، سكرتيرة تنفيذية عدد ٢+ كرتيرة عادية عدد ٤ التواصل

مدنى (مساحة) بشرط الخبرة

حات بشرط أن يكون لديه خبرة

لراغبي الهجرة إلى أستراليا أو كندا، نقوم بالنساعدة دون رسوم، والفرص محدودة. التواصل: ٢٧٠١٢٩ صنعا، 🔳 بطلوب: بدير بشروع طرقات متخص ي مسورة المير الماروع المرادل متحصص في الهندسة المدنية (طرق) وخبرة في نفس المجال لا نقل عن خدس سنوات، اللقواصل: ٢١٩٧٩٣.

في أجهزة توتال إسبيشل للقواصل: ٢٦٩٧٩٢. ١٩٨٢١٤٢٠

تعلن وكالة شاهر للسفريات والسر

ة إعلانية راندة تعلن عن

النسانية الكانن في شارع جمال - سُوق زهرة. الدور الثاني أمام ليلة العمر

م محال رئيد ماجيستر محاسبة بقدير جيد ماجيستر محاسبة بقدير جيد جداً، شهادة م محال رئيد ماجيستر محاسبة بقدير جيد جداً، شهادة م محال رئيد ماجيستر محاسبة بقدير جيد جداً، شهادة م محال رئيد ماجيستر محاسبة جيد م محال محالة الالانات الينان والمحطى بين الجامات الينان العمر التواص محاسبة ماجيستر في المحال ماجيستر محاسبة جيد الينان العمر التواص محاسبة حيد في المحادة (محالة الالانات الينان العمر التواص محاسبة المحادة م التقاني سير التواص محاسبة (محاسبة حيد والارائيلية الالمحاد والدراسلان بالرود الالكترين ارغب العمل المحاد التقاني سير التواص محاسبة (محاسبة محيون المحادة) م التقان محسور التواص محاسبة (محسبة المحادة) م محال الحسن المحال الحسن

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🔳 المهندس لقمان حکيم حسين، مهندس

عيدان معيد القبس الطبي عن حاجته لهيئة تدريس في الاقسام التالية. صيدلة، مختبرات. اللغة الإنجليزية، كمبيوتر، الأرلوية لحملة الشهادات

التواصل مع المهندس/ نبيل صالح سيار: في المجال السياحي كمَرْشد سياحي. التَوْاصل مستَّرى البِعن، وركيل لكليات عالمية في كل من ١٩٦٥-١٩٢٨ - بريطانيا وامريكا، يرغب ني بيم المنتي ٢

المادين بديرة منزل تجيد اعسال التدبير المذاتي على المستورة المحسل من المستورة والمحسل من المناخب عن المناخب عن المستورة والمحسل المناخب عن التعاد عن المناخب عن المن المناخب عن المناخ عن الحاض المناخب عن المناخب عن المن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب على مناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن من المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب عن المناخب

المهندس لفمان حكيم حسين، مهندس ميكانيك حضرموت.
متضم بصناعة ماكنات السحب على البارد.

اداب، دبلزم کنبیرتر، خبرة ثلاث سنزات تعامل م الانترنت، ابحث عن وظیفه عراصل صحفي او مراسل شرکة تجاریة عبر الانترنت. للتواصل ٤٠٣٨٩ عن ١٢٨ بريد إلكتروني sam@ytibb@yahoo.com بشروبيات مبرة عميا عدة عمل عمود. التواصل: فاروق احمد محمد الحالمي، سيار ١٩٦٨٧٣٩٣٣، ٧٦٧٤٤٤٠ خريج كلية الأداب إنجليزي عام ٢٠٠١م، حاصل sam@ytibb@yahoo.com
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وابتويت، التواصل ١٢٢٢٢٠، ووابتويت، التواصل ١٢٢٢٢، خريج عام ه مهندس الكثرونيات واتصالات، خريج عام ٢٠٠٣, أن خرية جيدة في محال الكمبيوتر، حيد في اللغة الإنجليزية التواصل ٢٦٣٢٤ صنعا. ه حاصل على الثانوية العامة (قسم علمي)، ارغب

الحتيا إلى متديمي ومتعويات تسريق الطا إميتيزية مدينين الأروبي لحمل السيادات الله الحمل على المادي العامة السم علمي، ارعب الحتيا إلى متديمي ومتعويات تسريق الطا إماميسيني دكتوريان السيرة الذاتية في العدل لدى أي شركة أو مؤسسة التراصل للائات من يجد في نفسه الكفاءة على اللكى رقم ١١٧١٦-١٠. تراصل ح ٢٠٤/٤ صنعا.. المائي الكيرية من ١١٧١٦-١٠. ا طلاب متدوب علمي لشركة أدوية حجتها لمندويات تسويق مياشرة على أن الاتقل أجيد اللغة الألمانية والتحداب بها بطلاقة، معرفة في أن زيكن حاصل علمي لشركة أدوية ...

د المعل في عنو سعين واسعين عدن مرك بيزم المروس حضرمون .. الأول واللغاني محمعين لبالك أو مركز تجاري أو ١٩٦٢-٥- ، مقر شركه مع ويويد اصنصير في العمارة بتجهيزات راقيه ت ١٢٧٢ سنة سيطرة، القليمغ، حمل كوافير (أنن) جاهز من جميع

رد/هيونداي سديس -بنز بسان ريل /جي ام (Opel/GM) خريج كلية المجتمع- صنعا، قسم هندسة سوزوكمي حريج نبية المعندة خطافة، استم النبية منتب
 كمبيوتر و الكترونيات برغم للعمل في مجاله، للتواصل ت: ٢٧،٣٧٦
 الا اوجد احتياج لمدرس لغة عربية- في صنعاء.
 وذلك للصفوف الإعدادية أو الثانوية ٢٢ حصة فقط نستا مراكز تذريب وتعليم الكمبيوتر في أي مدرسة خاصة، فظلاً التواصل على ١٣٢٧٠٢٦٥ بتك لتعليم الكمبيوتر (تركيز على الانترنت. مناهج. تجارة الكترونية اسهادة ايزو (٩٠٠٩) المنابعة المحمد المحمد في انشاء صفحات الانترنيت التجارية والشخصية، يرغب بالعمل في شركة أو معهد، ت ١٩٨٩٧٩٩ موقع متديز متفرع من شارع رئيسي في صنعا. التواصل ١٨١٩٧ ٣٣ دحمة علي حسين العراسي، الجنسية يمنية. العنوان صنعاء، شارع الستين، المؤهل ثانوية العوان صنعان، سارع السنين، المؤمل نابويه عامة، دورات في الكمبيوتر، الخبرة في مجال الإستعلامات لمدة ٤ سنوات وفي وكالة العمرة لمدة سنة، ت: ١١٦٦٤٨

وزين لتأجير السيارات

معارض السيارات وقطع الغيار

5: 17VVF1

لحدیدہ ت. ۶۹/۰ سنعاء ت: ۲٦۹

ت ۲۰۰۲٬۶۱۰۰ ت.

110TTT/T 3

د: ۲.۳.۷۵

عقارات **البيع؛** أقدم وأشهر معهد للغات والكم صنعاء. عدره عشر سنوات مشهور على

سيد العلاني ١٣٧٢ عن ١٣٧٢ عن ١٣٢٨ ٢٠ عن ١٣٨٩٢٦ عبد المراب ٢٠٢٨ ٢٠ عبد المراب عليه الاصل على ١٣٨٩٢٦ عبد المراب عليه الاصل على ١٣٢ عبد المراب عليه العليه الاصل على ١٣٢ عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد الاصل عبد الاصل عبد الاصل عبد ١٣٢ عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد المراب عبد المراب عبد العليه عبد المراب المراب عبد المراب عبد المراب عبد المراب عبد المراب المراب عبد المراب على المراب عبد المراب المراب عبد المراب المراب المراب المراب المراب المراب المراب عبد المراب عبن المراب على المراب على المراب عبد المراب على المراب على المراب عبد المراب على المراب على المراب عبد المراب على المراب على المراب ال العمارة الشرق الارسطوبميوية عليكمات بوديل من ٢٢- ٢٢٢ اللبيع: سيارة ليتزار (باب) بوديل ٤٤ حمرا، ١٢٠ سنخدم نظيف بدون خط نقية ٢٠٠٠، ٨٠ ودينات ديابيات من ١٨- ٢٠٠٠ اللبيع: سيارة ليتزار (باب) بوديل ٤٤ حمرا، ١٢٠ سنخدم نظيف بدون خط نقية ٢٠٠٠، ٢٠٠ جمع وسيارات اخرى التواصل عبدالله أحدد محد اللون (دم الغزار)، ذات حرل ودعامة خطية وجهاز ريال غير قابل للتفارض التواصل على ت جمع وسيارات اخرى التواصل عبدالله أحدد محد اللون (دم الغزار)، ذات حرل ودعامة خطية وجهاز ريال غير قابل للتفارض التراصل على ت التفري ١٢٢٩٢٧٨ (٢٠٠٠) القراصل عبدالله أحدد محد اللون (مع الغزار)، قاب معرف (٢٠٠، ٢٠٠٠)، ٢٢١٤٢٢٢ (٢٠٠٠)، ٢٢٩٢١٨ التفري ١٢٢٩٢٨٨ الحرفيل ٢٠٠) التواصل عبداللبليك الحيام ١٢٩٢٢٨٠ العطوب ذلايج منزلية صغيرة بسعر مناسب.

# صنعاء اجنحة قصر الينامة فندق دريم لند فندق بست وسترن حده مرجان للسفريات ت ۲۲۱۲۳۶ ت ت ۲/۱۱ددد۲ Skv للسفريات ت د/۲۱۲۲ و ۱ ت: ۱۹۹۰۰ ز العالدية للسفريات والسياحة حدہ تاون فندق شهيري السياحي ابو يشار للسفريات والسياحة ت: ۸/۲۱۹۱۸۲/۸ ۵۰:۱۱/۷/۸ ت ۲۷۸٤۲۱/۹/۸ ت فندق و اجنحة رابون هلتاون صدن عدن فندق العمودي بلازا فندق اليفنت بي بيتش الجامعة الأمريكية الدولية جامعة العلوم الإجتماعيه و التطبيقيه معاهد مستعا . معيد اللغة الألمانية المعيد البريطاني الحديث (فرع الجامعة) المعيد البريطاني للغات جامعة الملكة اروى جامعة صنعاء التحسينات بحالة ممتارة وبسعر مناسب للإستفسار. الإتصال على ت ٢٧٢٧١٤

ار جدیدة . ت ۲۱۱۲۰۶ .. للبيع: افران أتوماتيكية محالة جيدة. للتواصل حديد الشرعبي ٧١٧٧٩٨٦٩ النبيع" مدل مذكر أربع عرب، حداس، السعر ٢٠٠٠ للواصل المينس حاد اليوسفي الحطاوي شراء سيارة عروة محالة جيدة حدا سطيق مسالة رحوش صغير تترفر فيه جميع على ت ١٢٦٢٢٢ القائمة للوتمر الشعبي العام رسعر السيع أربعة موديا ١٣٩٠، لمن أبيض، الحكية، الدلمل والخارج مناسب حداً للإستفسار المرابة للوتمر الشعبي العام رسعر السيع أربعة موديا ١٣٩٠، لمن أبيض، الحكية، الدلمل والخارج مناسب حداً للإستفسار ملايين ريال يعني (قابل للتفارض) التواصل: في حالة ممتازة، مناسبة للديلرباسيين السعر (تاريز 1000 مربيع ٢٠٠٢ اور للجيع: تلفون نوكيا ٢٣١٠ مستعمل نظير التواصل ٢٢٥٦٥٢٧ 🔳 للعِيع: ادرات حمام فرنجي جديد نيس عبدالجبار مثنى

ابيض للإستفسار الاتصال على ت ٢٠٠٨٢٠/٢٢

أثاث، أدوات كهريائية، تليفونات،

وأشياء أخرى

#### كمبيوتر

اللبيع: ١٩ جهاز كسيونر بانتيرم ٢، مستخدمة إستخدام نظيف، بحالة جيدة، إنتل أوريجنال, مع التركيب والضمانة مسعر ٢٢٠ دولار. التواصل

النبيع: في تلد العاصمة مناه، عبارة منه: الربية في تلد العاصمة مناه، عبارة منه: الوره جول البلك البركري البيني ونشق سبات البركري البيني ونشق سبات البركية العاصمة مناه، عبارة منه: البركية العاصمة منه: البركية العاصمة مناه، عبارة منه: البركية العام المارة منه: البركية العاصمة منه: البركية المنه: الممة: المنه: المنه: المن

صالح على 🔳 للبيع: جهاز HP، ليزر جت. موديل ٦١٠ محالة متازة، وسعر ٧٠٠٠ ييار، قابل للنفاوض، ال متازة، وسعر ٧٠٠٠ ريال، قابل للنفاوض، ال مع خالد صالح القرش، سيار، ٧١٧٤٤٧٦٧ ، التواصل



# YEMEN ( TIMES

Yemen's first and most widely-read English-language newspaper

# Driven by longi

By Irena Kneht

emeni artist Samira Abdo Ali has created some of the most distilled images of Yemen likely to be seen... She was born by the sea, to which she is as devoted as to her art. This is not to say that her paintings are limited in any way, for though she has cap-tured the essence of the landscape around her, her vision has gone far beyond the boundaries of Yemen er paintings express a yearning to be somewhere higher. Her familiarity with her environment and a keen desire not to repeat what is around her, have enabled her to create landscapes that are unique in their ability to cut through visual noise. The area around the city of her birth – Aden -offers some of most breathtaking combination of sea, mountains, and sand, of past and present and possi-bly future. Her artwork creates a notable sense of artistic tensions in the viewer. The effort to reconcile the only adds to its beauty. She wants the viewer to see her landscapes through her eyes. Human longing is what drives her art, characterized by desire to see a better world. She seems constantly searching for it, in the legends, in tales, in the past, in the history. We are not allowed to forget that the better world is screened off from our world, and our inability to find channels for communication and

understanding, She rarely bothers with sketching, the oil got straight on. By painting directly, the paintings move on with her. She paints at home and likes silence and comfort of familiarity. Her current style seems to be a fusion of abstract and realism. But she often goes back to real-



ism to keep in touch with valuable loss

Samira Abdo Ali is also the first female Cinema and TV Director at the Yemeni TV

Actually her desire was to make films that should likewise communicate desire for a better world to the world. She came out with excellence during her studies for Master degree at the prestigious Moscow Film Academy during 1986 for film direct-ing and animation. Also there in 1980 she won award as the best



political cartoonist. She is also about to finish her Doctorate at the Film Institute in Cairo. Back to Yemen, she twice exhibit-

ed her artwork in Sana'a during the nineties

Awards and recognition followed: For her well researched and beauti-fully documented series in 18 parts on Yemeni handicrafts, regularly shown on Yemeni TV, she was awarded Gold medal at the Film Festival in Cairo in 1998. Parts of her series were the only foreign Arab film also shown on the Egyptian TV. Directing the short film "The Lawyer" covering social issues of Yemeni women, also recently shown on Yemeni TV won her award and recognition at the Cairo Film Festival during this year as the best Arab short film.

Also during Nineties she directed 3 short films from Yemeni folk stories, twice, during 1989 and 2001, she directed children series for the

Yemeni TV, as well as children the-ater. But it was her last year researched and beautifully presented program during the Holy month of Ramadhan "Science and the Quran" that won her audience all over Yemen. The program this year will

be under the title "The history of Science" also directed by Samira. Well known as illustrator of children books, and writer of children stories, she is also writer of short stories regularly published in various Yemeni newspapers and magazines.

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BY HASSAN AL-ZAIDI YEMEN TIMES STAFF

cultural exchange between different cultures and civilizations has always been a great event in which people from various countries get to know and learn about each other more. This was w and the objective of the celebrations and events carried out jointly by the French ssy, the German Embassy and the Cultural Center for Language, in cooperation with the Ministry of Culture and Tourism earlier this month.

The events started with a musical concert by a Yemeni-French-German musical group. It was an interesting event in which the three cultures where mixed together and reflected both European and Arab arts. Not only music, but an exhibition for painting and modern art took place in the events at the Cultural House in Sana'a, the exhibition will be lasting until the 25th of this month.

In spite of the disparity between European and Yemeni arts yet the mix-ing between the two in one exhibitions has been an interesting experience to witness, one of the French artists exclaimed. She added that this is the first time she works in a musical group with Arabian artists and this experi-ence has taught her a lot about cultural exchange

Mr. Guido Zebisch Cultural Attaché' at the German Embassy said that the musical group consisted of 5 Yemeni artists, a French artist with her group and a German artist with her group. The idea behind this musical initiative was triggered by the dialogue between cultures concept between Europe and the Arab world and that the team enjoyed their being togeth er and the visits and tours they took around the capital Sana'a, he added.



الإفطار ببسعر خاص جداً ٢٢/٠٠٠ ريال فقط.
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