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Yemen NOT to Participate in Any Alliance without UN Resolution

President Ali Abdullah Saleh has confirmed that Yemen will not participate in any alliance aimed at terrorism without a clear UN resolution in this respect. That came in his speech on the occasion of the 39th anniversary of the 26 September revolution.

This comes despite some news agencies reports (including DPA) claiming that Yemen offered military facilities on its territories for the US and its allies for possible military strikes against nations harboring terrorism.

The President also renewed his strong condemnation of all forms of terrorism, including the terrorist attacks perpetrated against the U.S. on September 11. The President confirmed the need for concerted effort within all the international



organizations to fight terrorism in all its forms and wherever it exists. The President confirmed that Yemen has

been and still a victim of terrorism, adding that the terrorist acts perpetrated in the country has adversely affected Yemen and had as well tarnished its image overseas. In his annual address on the eve of 26 September Revolution anniversary, President Saleh said terrorism has become an international phenomenon and many innocent people have been victimized, adding that no ethics or religious beliefs condone terrorism, which is threatening world peace and security.

President Saleh called for holding an Arab emergency summit conference for sharing views on the current developments at the international and Arab arenas with the view of coming out with a unified vision on how to deal with terrorism.

Yet Another Accomplishment Yemen Times Reaches Berns

Last week, YEMEN TIMES achieved yet another accomplishment by being the only newspaper to reach the kidnapped German diplomat in the last days of his captivity before he was freed a little over a week ago.

The newspaper met Rainer Berns, the Commercial Attaché of the German embassy, took his photo, and in doing that, accomplished a difficult task that several other newspapers failed to do.

A comprehensive report about the kidnapping incident along with photos are available on page 5.



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Al-Zandani Denies Al-Iman University Closure

The Reactor of Al-Iman University, Sheikh, Abdulmajeed Al-Zandani denied news that has been circulated by some of the local media concerning the closure of the university, adding that the measure of closing its doors is a temporary measure with the aim of practical proposes. In a statement to YT Al-Zandani said that foreign students are treated as the Yemeni students according to the laws and the official orders in all the Yemeni universities. It has to be mentioned here that local and international media have published false news items concerning the closure of the university and deporting of foreign students for fear of a possible attack by the US, particularly in the aftermath of September 11th attacks.



Continued on P2

Anti-Israel Demonstration Staged in Sana'a



Thousands of Yemenis staged demonstrations after Friday prayers in solidarity with the Palestinian people. This coincided with marking the first anniversary of the Intifada. More than 10 thousand demonstrators who gathered in downtown Sana'a condemned the U.S. policies biased to Israel, shouting anti-Israel slogans.

Demonstrators also expressed their indignation at the Israeli policies which have claimed lives of thousands of defenseless Palestinians. Security sources told the Yemen Times that the authorities have allowed demonstrators to lodge protests on condition that they are restricted to showing solidarity with the Palestinian people. Preachers in Mosques nationwide treated the Israeli atrocities perpetrated against the unarmed Palestinian people in their Friday sermons and called upon the Arab governments and the U.S. government to promptly intervene to stop Israel's terrorism in the occupied land. Many speeches were delivered during the demonstration on behalf of political parties and men of religion, highlighting the necessity to stand by the Palestinian people in their uprising against the Israeli usurpers.

Stop those Hatred Attacks!

A Canadian Arab of Yemeni origin was stabbed and beaten to death on the streets of Ottawa, the capital of Canada, last Friday morning. According to his relatives, Tariq Farooq Aman, 19, had been working overtime when he called his family saying that he was on his way. However, he never made it home.

As he was walking home at around 2:00 am on Friday in the Tanglewood area, he seemed to have had an apparent dispute with two assailants, leading to a brutal assault against him in the normally quiet Nepean subdivision.

Apparently the murderers consisted of a gang of at least ten men. No speculations have been made regarding the reason behind the dispute, but it is possible that the attack may have been related to the USA attacks that occurred in early September.

Foreign Minister Dr. Abu Bakr Al-Qirbi contacted Mustafa Noman, Yemen's Ambassador to Canada, whom he requested investigate and follow up with the case. The authorities in Ottawa said that 35 Canadian investigators are working hard to find all evidence that could reveal the murderers.

According to canada.com, Tariq was "bleeding profusely from his head after a savage beating and staggered across a park in a futile attempt to escape his attackers, before collapsing and dying inside a condominium carport." The teen's body -- so badly battered that it was unidentified for most of the day -- was discovered shortly after 7 a.m. Friday, just west of Medhurst Park, in the Tanglewood area, not far from Woodroffe Avenue.

The victim's cousin, Mazen Aman, told Yemen Times that the whole family was outraged at this inhumane act. "It seemed to be a brutal act of hatred done by a number of street gangs, possibly

up to ten in number. Despite the fact that Tariq was born in Canada, and considered Canada his homeland, he was yet killed because of his complexion and Middle Eastern looks," he said. "We are following up on the case and expect the Foreign Minister and Yemeni Ambassador to Canada to do their utmost to bring the culprits to justice," he added. This comes after the Ministry of Foreign Affairs received a formal letter from the Yemeni Embassy in Ottawa explaining what happened. This is the second murder of a Yemeni in the North American continent since the attacks on NY and Washington DC on September 11th.

Mediations to Release Kidnapped Chinese Failed!

The latest mediation efforts exerted by Sheikhs of Abu Luhum with the kidnapers of a Chinese accountant.

A group of armed tribesmen belonging to Al-Haramla tribe stationed near the Jahm Valley of

Sanaa Governorate abducted a Chinese citizen, 35, on Sunday September 23 from Hadda street at the heart of the Capital. The Chinese national, Mao Ding, is working as an accountant for the Chinese highway construction company. He came to Yemen 50 days ago to take over a new post at the company.

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Words of Wisdom



One of main points over which leading Yemeni intellectuals agonize is the level of commitment of the western governments to the democratization process of the Republic of Yemen. The starting question is really, "why should they western countries care?" Actually, there is very little reason for the west to give any real attention to Yemen.

Prof. Abdulaziz Al-Saqqaf, (1951-1999)
Founder of Yemen Times



Our Opinion

Enough is Enough!

Last Friday, we lost yet another Yemeni as a result of the hatred generated in ill-minded groups who target Muslim and Arab people living in the American continent. Tariq Farooq Aman was a talented, bright, 19-year old young Yemeni who could have been a great treasure for both Canada and Yemen if it were not for the gang that killed him in an unbelievable manner. He was a Canadian by nationality. He was even born there, and he was tortured to death because of his loyalty to his country.

"His body was unidentifiable. I cannot imagine how merciless and monstrous those murderers are," said a relative of the victim two days ago.

Why is this happening? Are efforts to spread awareness of those issues among Western communities sufficient?

This comes after we lost another Yemeni in a similar attack in the USA. The Arabs and Muslims are targeted by the day. The complaints that we hear about the sufferings that many families are going through in North America are, hence, not exaggerations. We need to understand that this is true terror. It is terrorizing families, boys and girls because they belong to a certain race or religion. It is terror in its full meaning. What would those groups benefit if they kill innocent civilians? This is a question that needs to be asked again and again.

The media has not been helpful at all in this prospect. The victims do not find enough support from governments and decision makers. They are in a state of fear, panic, and anger.

It is up to us to pressure Western governments to put a limit to what is going on. They need to realize that it is their duty to protect their civilians, no matter what country or race they come from, and no matter what religion they believe in.

Terror is terror. It is the same thing whether against Muslims or by Muslims. It is the same word, same spelling, same meaning. They cannot be separated or distinguished. Killing Muslims in Palestine, in the USA, and anywhere in the world should be condemned, just as we all condemned the deaths of the innocent civilians killed on September 11.

We, the media also need to play a stronger role in explaining that killing innocent people can never achieve a thing for any group in the world. It only adds and expands our miseries and fear of each other, all over our lonely planet.

Hadhramaut University: 6 Years of Progress

After the elapse of 6 years since its foundation, Hadhramaut University has achieved dramatic shifts at both levels, scientific and constructive. Since its foundation in 1995 and the inauguration of the Faculty of Engineering in 1996, the university has witnessed great progress in specialized departments. The number of colleges have reached to nine colleges. Around 377 of the member staff have worked in the university.

In a statement to YT Dr. Ali Hood Baobab said that the university has been established to meet the requirements of the academic researches in attempt to provide sound education for all specializations. He added that the university comprises 9 colleges, education, engineering, Girls College, medicine, Environmental college, Practical sciences, and college of Education.

Concerning the admissions conditions, the university has its best to reduce the admission fees, pointing out that seeking to reduce the economical burden on the Yemeni expatriates. The university has allocated five seats for each specialization. ie \$ 2000 for the College of Medicine and \$ 1500 for the Faculty of Engineering. Concerning the future plans of the university, Ali Hood Babbad said that the university is seeking to provide financing resources to implement the general plans of the university totaling \$ 250, in addition to other facilities and services as that of educational hospital, photocopyers, library, and boarding rooms. Concerning its relations, the university has established its relations with other Islamic and Arab universities; Baobab said that the university has signed agreements with Islamic and Arab countries.

Aden Refineries Inaugurate New Projects

On the occasion of celebrating the 26 September Revolution, Mr. Taha Ahmed Ghanem, Governor of Aden, Mr. Fathi Salem, Executive Manager of Aden Refineries and Yusif Quleqal Deputy-Manager of Aden Refineries inaugurated the liquefied gas store complex, which consists of ten stores with storage capacity of 1500 metric tons of liquefied gas, costing \$560 million US. Similarly, a park and children's playgrounds were inaugurated in Little Aden costing YR 50 million. Al-Buraeqa shore, funded by Aden Refineries, was also inaugurated, costing YR 65 million. Fathi Salem the Executive Manger of Aden Refineries said that gas investment projects

have been presented to the cabinet for approval, including a project to upgrade the refineries through self-funding. The first phase of the planned project will cost USD 10 million, the second phase USD 50 million and the third phase USD 8 million. After completing these projects, Aden Refineries will become one of the best oil refineries worldwide and will also be able to compete with the other refineries due to its strategic location. As far as liquefied gas is concerned, Mr. Fathi said that these projects are very important and aim at expanding the exporting capacity to 4000 tons on a daily basis.

Group Wedding by Bohra

The Marriage-Easing Society organized a collective wedding party last Friday for 25 people from western Haraz. The society is chaired by the representative of the sultan of Bohra in Yemen, Mr. Salman Rashid. The society has donated a sum of YR 21,000 to the bridegrooms and helped in paying the dowries for the those unable to pay them. This is the fourth time the society has sponsored a wedding party such as this.

Second Annual Festival for Orphans Held

Last Saturday, the Islah Charitable Society-Taiz Branch held the second festival for orphans. The festival was attended by the Deputy Governor and the Chairman of the Society, Abduh Al-Gabbar Hael. The festival has come as a follow-up to the festival held in Sana'a. The Chairman spoke highly of leading role played by businessmen, donors, and benefactors in which they raised funds the benefit of orphans. Hael Saad Anam Company has the pioneering role in packing up the society.

Al-Fatih Revolution Celebrated

The Libyan embassy in Sana'a hosted a reception party September 29, 2001 at the Taj Sheba Hotel on the occasion of the 32nd anniversary of al-Fatih Revolution. Many politicians, media men, diplomats and intellectuals attended the reception party.

University Teaching Staff on Strike

The university teaching staff members continue their strike for the second week running demanding the promised rise in their salaries and issuing their cadre. The teaching staff will probably submit their demands to the Parliament, non-governmental organizations, the International Union for Arab Laborers and the Arab Union for Education to support their legal rights. This strike is just the last in a series of strikes, as each new year the teaching staff go on strike because of financial matters. The teaching staff syndicate of Sana'a indicated Saturday that an open strike for all the members will go on till the government fulfills its pledges, issues their cadre, and raises their salaries beginning in 2002. The syndicate said in a press conference that the Prime Minister gave his orders latest May to form a committee to discuss the draft cadre of the teaching staff in Yemeni universities. The Ministers of Higher Education, Civil Service, and Finance came to a halt and did not hold even a single meeting. A statement released by the teaching staff syndi-

Six killed, 16 injured in Tribal clashes

Six people were killed and 16 injured in a clash between two Kuhlalan and Al-Niftah tribes in the governorate of Hajjah, 127 km away from Sana'a. Reliable sources have informed the Yemen Times that the clash resulted from a dispute over a piece of land, adding that several sorts of weapons are being used in that conflict which has not yet stopped. The sources added that the police could not interfere and stop the conflict, which started last Wednesday. Tribal clashes, which erupt from time to time, claim the lives of scores of people in Yemen. Such disputes turn into tribal retaliations that can last for a long time. As of yet, the Yemeni authorities have been unable to keep such problems under control.

Attacks on Al-Saqqaf & Nashir Denounced

A statement by the Nasserite Unionist Party said that four gunmen attacked the house of Ali Saeed al-Saqqaf, member of the Central Committee and editorial manager of Alwahdawi newspaper, mouthpiece of the party on September 28, 2000. The attack on Mr. al-Saqqaf came after Alwahdawi's publication of many stories confirming many acts of plagiarism perpetrated by Khaled al-Qasemi from the UAE. Al-Qasemi has dropped the lawsuit filed against the newspaper after the publication of those articles. On another level, a tribal group threatened Sadiq Nashir, correspondent of the Emirates Al-Khalij daily in Sana'a. Sadiq Nashir has been in disagreement with Khalid al-Qasemi and had filed a lawsuit against him after al-Qasemi had burst into the premises of the Yemeni Journalist Syndicate (YJS) and insulted Mr. Nashir and other journalist present at the YJS.

cate said that the strike will stall all teaching, administrative, and technical work of teaching staff. Work at educational hospitals and labs will stop. The syndicate said that all its members will attend the university everyday but will not work. Stiff measures will be taken against those who do not go on strike, according to the syndicate. The program of the strike includes other activities like conducting issues relating to university education and Yemen's economic, security social and political concerns. The syndicate urged Arab and foreign members of the teaching staff to respect the open strike and stop teaching. They will also stage massive demonstrations in front of the Parliament and Shura Council to explain their problem. They also stressed that they will meet the president and explain to him the government reiteration to fulfill its promises. The government so far has not paid any attention to their strike.

Continued from Page 1

Al-Zandani Denies Al-Iman University Closure

Al-Zandani calls the media for avoiding the outrageous claims which harms the profession of journalism and the profession

of the real journalist is to convey the message for the benefit of all. At the same time, reliable source said to YT that the university students have departed the university for practical applications and they will come back again for study.

Mediations to Release Kidnapped Chinese Failed!

Reliable sources told the Yemen Times that the kidnapers have not been identified by name yet. The kidnap-

pers demands were to have their province under the authority of the Mareb governorate instead of the Sanaa governorate.

The Chinese embassy is conducting meetings with Yemeni officials to ensure his peaceful release. This kidnapping incident came a few hours prior to the release of the German diplomat, Rainer, early in the morning that day. It was the longest kidnapping case in the recent history of Yemen. Since 1993, over 138 kidnapping cases have taken place in Yemen, in which 347 were abducted including 20 Germans.

Al-Zaidi Released

The Political Security Office in Mareb freed Mr. Hassen al-Zaidi, a journalist of Yemen Times, after a 14-day detention. The release of al-Zaidi has come after the mediation of some sheikhs with the Governor of Mareb, who

requested that al-Zaidi must not have any contact with tribal and Islamic personalities in the governorate without notifying him in advance. Al-Zaidi thanked all journalists and the local and international organizations who expressed solidarity with him during his detention.

ITEC Day Celebrated

The Indian Ambassador to the Republic of Yemen HE. Mr. M.S. Suman hosted a reception party for celebrating the Indian Technical & Economic Cooperation (ITEC) Day on September 30. One of the most important areas of economic and technical cooperation between India and other developing countries in Asia and South

America is provided by the ITEC program.

Cooperation between the Republic of Yemen under the ITEC Scheme has existed for a long time. The Ministry of Planning & Development has been implementing the ITEC Scheme on behalf of the Government of the Republic of Yemen in cooperation with the embassy of the Republic of Yemen.

Eritrean Delegation Visit Concluded

A high-ranking Eritrean delegation arrived at Sana'a last Friday, September 28. The delegation was headed by the Foreign Minister, Mr. Ali Syad Abdullah, the Minister of Maritime Resources, the Commander-in-Chief of the Eritrean Naval forces, the Counselor of the Eritrean President, Eden Fasil, and the Chairman of the Middle East Division at the Foreign Ministry. During the meeting with the President and PM, they discussed the end of the marine borders of the two countries according to international arbitration. The two sides also discussed a number of main issues concerning ensuring the protection of the Red Sea and adjacent sites.

President Saleh Receives Letter from Saudi Crown Prince

President Ali Abdullah Saleh received a letter from Saudi Crown Prince Abdullah bin Abdul-Aziz. The letter was conveyed by Mr. Iyad Zaid Madani, the Saudi Foreign Undersecretary.

He congratulated the president of the 39th anniversary of the 26th September revolution. The two sides discussed the current issues and the latest developments in Palestine and the developments related to the terrorist acts on the US in November 11.

Final Verdict against UK Embassy Attackers on October, 16

The appeals penal court of Sana'a will pass its final verdict against the UK embassy bombing perpetrators on Tuesday, October 16. The court held its final session last Tuesday. Judge Saeed Al-Qata'a listened to the defense of the lawyers of the third defendant, Salam Salem Abu-Jahel, as well as the fourth defendant Faris Saleh Taher. Attorney Abdulraqueeb Al-Sharjeb stressed that his client Salam Abu-Jaged is innocent, criticizing the verdict as being invalid. He said that the rights of his client to defend himself have been violated by the prosecution. He requested the judge acquit his client, as he was not involved in the crime at all. He said that the court wants to turn his client into a criminal by issuing a verdict against him, holding him accountable for something he didn't do. The judge also read the defense presented by the attorney of the fourth suspect, Faris Taher. He stressed that the defendant had had no hand at all in the attack and that he came from Aden to Sana'a just to visit his mother, who is married

to the first defendant, Abubaker Jayol. The second defendant denied all his confessions of involvement in the attack along with Jayol. He said he is a victim of the former interior minister Hussein Arab, the prosecutor. He said his agreement with Arab was to act as a witness and put Jayol in a fix. On his part, Jayol requested the judge reconsider the verdict. He said the verdict doesn't agree with the Islamic Sharia'a, adding, "We want only the Sharia'a of Prophet Mohammed."

Then the judge decided to finalize the appeal hearings and pass the criminals." The penal primary court passed its verdict against the four defendants July 23, 2001. They were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, ranging from 4-15 years. They are also to pay compensation to the embassy building as well as the damaged houses in the area. The first and second defendants admitted the responsibility of bombing the embassy building with TNT in a protest against the Israeli atrocities against the Palestinians.



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Head office:
Telephone: +967 (1) 268-661
Fax: +967 (1) 268-276
P.O. Box 2579, Sana'a

Email:
yementimes@y.net.ye
yementimes@yementimes.com
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APOLOGY

In the last issue of Yemen Times there has been a technical error in posting the front-page advertisement of Computer Engineering World Company. The advertisement of 39/2000 was posted instead of 39/2001. We apologize for the mistake, which was beyond our control.



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British Ambassador to YT

"Our Cooperation With Yemen in Countering Terrorism is Not as Good as it Should Be"

Interview by Mohammed Hatem Al-Qadhi

The British Ambassador to Yemen, Frances Guy, told *Yemen Times* that the embassy tightened up its security and employed new guards after the terrorist attacks against the USA. She said these attacks targeted everybody. Concerning the trial of abu al-Hamza al-Masri, wanted by the Yemeni government, she said that is not possible at the moment, as there is not enough information for him to stand before an English court. She also disclosed that Yemen and Britain had contacts on countering terrorism after the attacks on the USA. However, she said the cooperation between the two countries in this regard is not as good as it should be.

Yemen Times met the ambassador and conducted the following interview.

Q: How do you look at the process of the trial of the UK embassy bombing attackers?

A: We are satisfied with the way the investigations into the bombing of our embassy have been carried out and the speed with which the case has been taken to trial, and now to the appeals court. If there was any delay for a few weeks, as far as I know it was only because the judge for the appeals court changed, and the new judge had to learn more about the case. Otherwise, progress on the case has been very quick.

Officials from Scotland Yard came here and carried out an investigation in parallel to the Yemeni police and handed their results over fully to the Yemeni authorities. These documents were used by the court. They were available to the people in the court, so it is wrong to suggest otherwise.

We have no difference on this at all. We shared all the information we had with the Yemeni authorities. What they chose to do thereafter in the process of the court case is their decision. It was carried out according to Yemeni law. We have no grounds to wish to question that. But, as far as I know, all the documents from the Scotland Yard were papers in the court. They were not necessarily presented in public, but they were papers attached to the case for consultation.

Q: What was your response towards the Primary Court verdict?

A: We were pleased that the verdict

seemed to give a long sentence for the crime which could have caused a serious accident if it had happened at a different time.

Q: In the light of new developments after the terror attacks on the USA, is not the question of the British prisoners in Aden and abu al-Hamza al-Masri revisited?

A: The Yemeni government requested the extradition of abu al-Hamza some months ago. The answer was that we could not extradite him. He is a British citizen. We have no extradition treaty with Yemen. We have new anti-terrorism legislation that was passed in the UK in February this year. We have encouraged the Yemeni authorities to give us as much information as possible about abu al-Hamza so that we can deal with him.

Q: Have the Yemeni authorities submitted this information to you?

A: We have some information, but unfortunately, not enough to arrest him. To take abu al-Hamza before a court of law in the UK under the new legislation, the prosecutor must feel satisfied that such a case will stand up in court. We have held abu al-Hamza and searched his property. We have attempted to find a case against him that will stand up in an English court, but we have been unable to do so. But, if anybody has more information to give us, we would be very grateful.

Q: But now some European countries are creating amendments to laws to meet the new requirements of fighting terrorism worldwide?

A: There has been cooperation between the European countries in this regard. There is a possibility of setting up an arrest warrant that will act between all European countries, so that if a person is wanted in one country, he can easily be arrested in another. It would be good if they could think of a method that could be extended beyond Europe. For the moment, I think we will concentrate on what is happening within Europe. There have to be laws changed in nearly every European Union country to make that happen. It remains unlikely to extradite British citizens to other countries. But, that does not mean we can not try them in the UK. We have a law under which we can try people for inciting terrorism outside the UK. As I said, we need the information to be able to do so. But, I am sure that after what happened in the last two weeks, we will also be looking at tightening up bylaws. But, I am not in a position to comment on that.



Unfortunately, recent events will put that back again. We have to work hard yet again to try to encourage more interest.

Q: What about tourists from the UK?

A: British tourists coming to Yemen have been very few since the kidnapping incident of 1998. I think we have to wait and see the developments over the next few weeks and months. Only then will we decide whether to encourage or discourage our people to come to Yemen. But, there are still issues beyond the world's recent happenings, and

Q: In light of the attacks on the USA, has the Yemeni-British counter terrorism cooperation been refreshed?

A: We have had some contacts with Yemeni officials about this issue after the attack on the USA. This is what I can say at the moment. But, we will continue the dialogue about cooperating on counterterrorism between Yemen and Britain.

We had good cooperation with the Yemeni authorities in this regard and we would like to see it improved by better sharing of information. That works in two ways; the Yemenis would like us to share more information. We would also like Yemeni authorities to share more information about what they know. It is not as good as it could be, but it is starting from a good foundation.

Q: What about the British prisoners in Aden?

A: What do you expect to change? They have been tried. They are in prison. We are concerned about how they were tried and we have expressed that concern.

Q: An appeal letter for their amnesty was submitted to the Yemeni government. Is their any response so far?

A: The appeal letter was submitted last year. There has been no official response to it.

Q: How do you assess the commercial relations between Yemen and Britain?

A: I have to be honest and say that commercial interests in Yemen have declined since 1996-97, and it is only in recent months that we have begun seeing a little bit more interest.

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have been affected by the counter offensives of people in the USA and Europe over the attacks on the USA. What was the response of your government to that?

A: As far as I know, more than 1,500 Muslims were killed in the attacks on the World Trade Center. This was an attack not against the USA, not against British citizens, but it was an attack against everybody. And I think this is why we are trying our best with the Americans to form as broad a coalition

as possible to see what is the best action that can be taken against that. Attacks on Muslims are not justified. The Home Section in the UK had a meeting last Monday with Muslim leaders, regretting any such incident and working very closely with Muslim leaders in the UK to ensure such incidents are not repeated. It is a big concern. Mr. David Blunkett, Home Secretary said "I unreservedly condemn any attacks on Muslims or Muslim communities."

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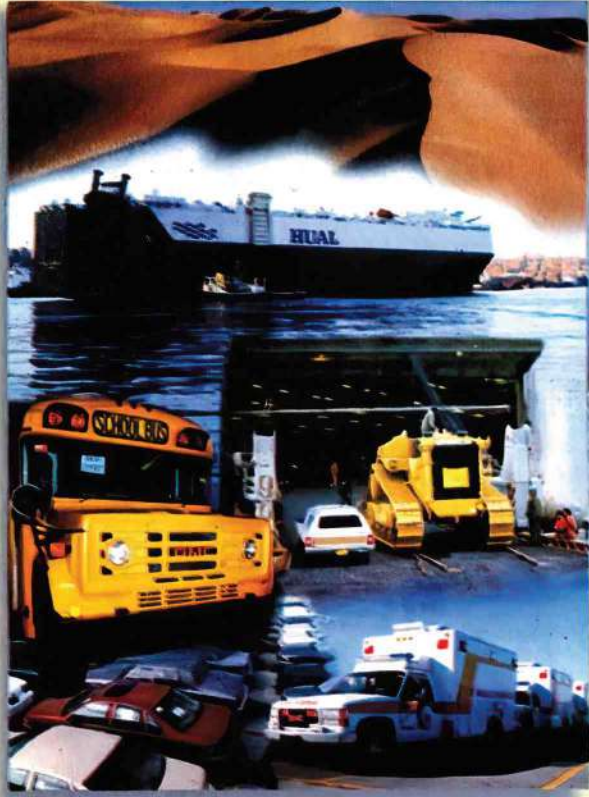
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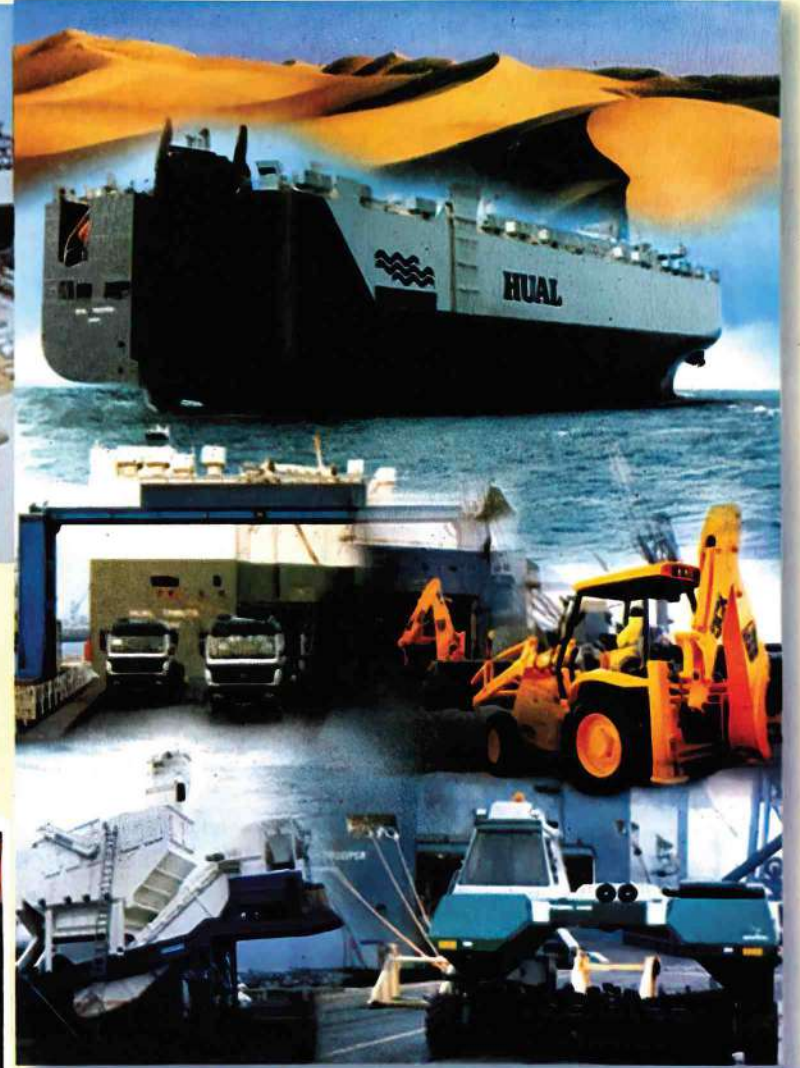
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Mysterious Kidnapping of the German Diplomat Explained

A Journey for Berns

Last Monday, September 24, Rainer Berns, the Commercial Attaché of the German Embassy, was freed. He stayed in captivity for more than 8 weeks, and suffered from tremendous pressure during those days. Even though the developments were reported by *Yemen Times* on a regular weekly basis, much information about this mysterious kidnapping incident was not revealed.

Yemen Times has always been active in reporting happenings in kidnapping incidents. The latest incident was no exception.

Yemen Times was the only newspaper that reached Berns, talked to him, and took his photo.

As a result of days of hard work, a correspondent of *Yemen Times* was able to make a complete and comprehensive report of how the kidnapping happened. He was able to reach the hostage and the kidnapers, who turned out to be two brothers belonging to the Zaidi tribe of Jahm. Namely, they were Mohammed Ali Al-Zaidi and Ahmed Ali Al-Zaidi, who are the sons of the deceased, once prominent, sheikh of Jahm, Ali Al-Zaidi.

The Beginning:

On Friday July 27, 2001 at 8:40 am, three armed kidnapers snatched Mr. Berns while he was in his car on 60 Meter street. He was on his way home, coming back from the airport after arriving in Sana'a from Germany. He was with his wife and son.

The armed militants were in a gray-colored three-door Land Cruiser Jeep vehicle (see photo). The militants



Mr. Berns in the second hideout, September 22, 2001

abducted him after a short struggle, after which they had to hit him with their rifles to calm him down. The car drove straight to the airport road, then to Arhab/Bani Hushaish en route to Mareb.

The kidnapping incident was reported to all police stations and checkpoints all over the country with orders to stop the car whenever found. Police forces at control checkpoints were fooled after the kidnapers made Berns wear the clothes of a traditional Yemeni woman (sharshaf). They took him to Serwah, where they arrived at around 1:00 pm.

The First Hideout

At the beginning, Mr. Berns was put in an indecent place for around four days. He was later taken to a more decent house belonging to another person in the same area. He was well-treated during that time and given all that he needed.

However, due to the fact that Berns had high blood pressure due to a heart disease, his health deteriorated, as he is dependent on medicine he takes daily. The kidnapers attempted to purchase medicine to help him recover. Berns also had a problem with food, as he was required to have certain types of meals due to his health problems. He demanded that the kidnapers give him rice without any salt, and with little meat.

Security Forces Mislead

The kidnapers were able to mislead the security forces and hide Berns easily in the Serwah region. The security forces were in total chaos as they were surrounding areas where the kidnapped subject was not even close to. The security apparatus even went to Al-Hada region in the Dhamar governorate, where they accused the sheikhs of that region of kidnapping, while the kidnapped was in totally a different governorate altogether.

One Million Dollars Demanded

Days after the kidnapping incident, kidnapers called the German embassy and talked to the Ambassador. They demanded one million dollars on the phone. Fifteen days after Berns was kidnapped, the kidnapers openly said that they knew where Berns was. The kidnapers, who claimed to be regular tribesmen from the Serwah region, said they knew who the kidnapers were and where Berns was kept, and they demanded one million dollars to have him released. They said that Berns was kept in Serwah, but later taken to a different hideout.

Islamic Jihad's Involvement

The Islamic Jihad was accused of being behind the kidnapping for various reasons. One is the sophistication and intelligence in which the operation was carried out. The second was because the two kidnapers were members of the movement. *Yemen Times* was able to interview a leader of the movement in Yemen who denied that the movement had anything to do with the kidnapping, and that it is "not responsible for the individual actions of its members." The Jahm tribes had openly expressed their disappointment for the actions of the kidnapers and decided to abandon them and let the forces do whatever they feel necessary. The tribe submitted prominent people from the tribe in a way to express their solidarity with the government and their opposition to the kidnapers.

Security Forces Succeed

For the first time since the diplomat was kidnapped, the security forces were able on September 12, to locate where he was kept. Several military units surrounded the hideout with tanks and heavy artillery and threatened to use force to release the hostage. The forces started attacking the hideout with weapons (see photos) and a cross-fire between the kidnapers and the forces took place.

The kidnapers, as if to remind the forces of the importance of not shooting for the sake of the hostage, took Berns up to the roof where they attempted to confirm that he was in the house and that the military units should not break into the house. The kidnapers used pillows and household equipment to cover the windows, fearing that one of the army forces' bullets could penetrate the house, possibly hurting the hostage.

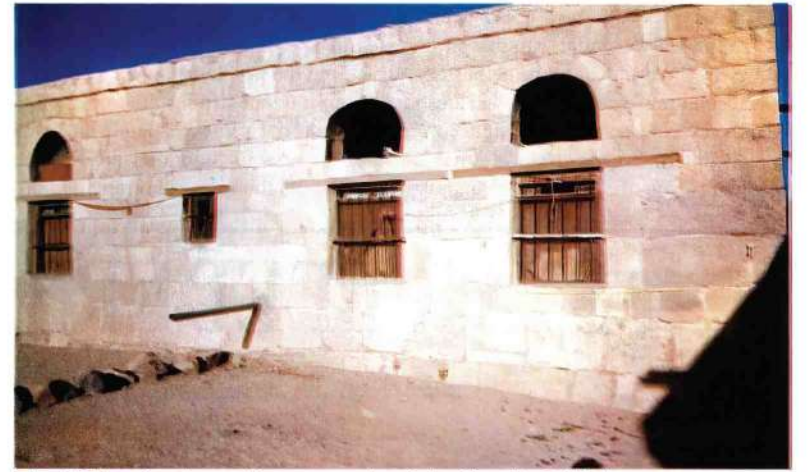
The Escape

The kidnapers realized that day that they should either resist in the home, escape the house with the hostage, or surrender. As one of the kidnapers said, "We were told that we would have to get out of the house, and we cannot face the forces. We insisted that we would face them even if that could cost our lives." They insisted that they were courageous enough to leave the house in the middle of the day with Berns and escape from the house to another hideout. "We were challenged that we could not face the forces. We will prove that this statement is wrong," one of the kidnapers said.

In an unexpected, almost suicidal manner, the kidnapers took Berns into their car's backseat surrounded by the kidnapers on the right and left sides, with the car driven out of the house by the kidnapers' sister. The car went out of the house's yard at 1:00 pm, with two other people from the kidnapers' side defending the car by shooting towards the soldiers, who escaped unharmed. The car drove among the military units after it was shot at by the military forces, but thankfully without hurting the hostage.

The car drove to a region outside the Serwah village and was chased by military units, after arriving at an almost dead end for the car. The sister drove the car back to the house, while the kidnapers took the hostage, running to a mountainous area that can only be reached by foot. The tanks were firing at them despite the fact that the hostage was among them. Berns himself admitted that the forces were not careful in shooting at the kidnapers.

Then, the kidnapers succeeded in getting away after climbing some mountains. The car took them to the Al-Majizah region. Al-Majizah is an extremely rough, mountainous and vast area. There are little houses belonging to people unhappy with the state and government, due to the little attention given to the area in terms of projects, schools, and services. "Al-Majizah is a totally isolated region of the governorate. We have been living here a life that could be called pre-historic!" said one of the villagers. It



The hideout, where Berns was kept for the first 15 days



The car used in the kidnapping



The first hideout, attacked by security forces

would have been impossible for the military forces to find where their new hideout was. Berns was now in a much worse hideout, which was basically almost a cave, in which he stayed for 11 more days.

Forces in Embarrassment

Of course, the military forces stormed into the first house which was attacked and found out that the hostage was not there. Later in the day, the house was looted.

The escape of the kidnapers in front of the huge number of armed forces resulted in disappointment by all the people concerned. A dispute arose among the military commanders in the region. Each commander would blame the other for the tragic, yet comic situation.

After realizing that force was not enough to have Berns released, the authorities decided to have mediators involved to put an end to the kidnapping and have the German diplomat released.

Berns Makes a Land Call

Following the change in location, Berns was able to deliver letters to the embassy explaining his situation. He said that conditions were out of control, and he experienced moments when police forces were shooting at the kidnapers, risking him being caught in the crossfire that could have potentially hurt him. He said that his situation getting worse due to the difficult conditions in the new hideout. However, a breakthrough occurred on September 22 when the kidnapers allowed Berns to call his family by a satellite mobile phone. He talked on the phone for a long time with his wife until the line was cut off.

He explained his situation to his wife, who felt even more worried after she learned the security forces stormed the first hideout and that action could be repeated.

Breakthrough in Mediations

The mediators included prominent personalities, and were headed by Member of Parliament, Sultan Al-Arada. They mediations led to a breakthrough. They were based on sincerity, openness, and the wish to save Berns' life.

The kidnapers said that the said ransom amount and other demands were all false and that they only wanted the government to show some respect to the kidnapers. But the government did the contrary, which made the kidnapers challenge the government with all their might to have the hostage released by force. "The government should have realized that force could never have released the hostage."

Berns Free

Just before midnight on the morning of Monday September 24, the kidnapers released Berns, giving him to Al-Arada after an agreement to hold tribal arbitration for all that happened in the past and to resolve the issue once and for all. It is still unclear whether the kidnapers will be brought to justice. However, the government seemed to have given up hope in releasing Berns by force. That is why mediations took place, leading to the eventual release of Berns.

Finally, Berns returned to Sana'a on the same morning. He was submitted to the German ambassador at 3:00 am. Berns came back to his family, safe and sound, but after living through miserable times and unbelievable conditions. It was an experience that he will remember all his life. Berns left for Germany following the event, and it is still not known whether he will resume his post, which he had just started. President Saleh called the latest kidnapping incident the latest fashion in kidnapping techniques, in an interview with Al-Jazeera Satellite Channel. The closest ever kidnapping incident to this one was that of American expert Kenneth White, which also embarrassed the security apparatus and puzzled authorities.

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Yemeni Islands: Forgotten Economic Sources

Mahyoub Al-Kamali

Yemeni islands, which number over 140 islands in the Red Sea and the Arab Sea, have a lot of economic, tourist and environmental potential. Studies show that if the government of Yemen established natural reservations on these islands in cooperation with the concerned international organizations it would provide the national economy

with substantial funds which would ease the deficit in the general budget totaling YR 14 billion.

Participants at the Symposium on the "Horizons & Development of Yemeni Islands", held in Sana'a, stressed the importance of forming specialized teams to conduct scientific studies tackling the problems of sea water pollution, random fishing, improper management of Yemeni islands and the lack of coordination between Yemen and the neighboring countries, particu-

larly in relation to the problem of smuggling in the Yemeni islands.

Weak Infrastructure

The studies that were presented to the symposium focused on the weakness of the infrastructure in the Yemeni islands. Thus, there is a need for funds to produce the sustainable environment in the islands, this is a task which requires general service projects such as telephone networks, water, schools, hospitals, and roads, which will in turn

help in exploiting the revenues in funding the crippled projects in these islands.

Yemeni islands can be classified into three categories as follows: islands with strategic location, islands with touristic attraction which enjoy natural biodiversity like Socotra archipelago in the Indian Ocean and Kamaran islands in the Red Sea, as well as fishing islands like Hunaish islands, Socatra, and other islands located near the Strait of Bab al-Mandab.

Special Investment Law for Islands

Due to the economic importance of Yemeni islands, participants at the symposium requested the General Authority for the Development & promotion of Islands to enact laws concerning investment in islands and provide facilities for investors. The symposium also tackled the strategic working program of environment in the Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden as well as its relation with the promotion of the Yemeni islands.

Historical and Archaeological Islands for Tourism

Yemeni islands enjoy archaeological and historical sites as well as biodiversity, especially in Kamaran, Meyon and Socotra. This makes it possible to construct a tourist museum assembling those monuments.

The Yemeni government has been concerned with the internal affairs in the mainland thus ignoring the situation of the islands, which mostly lack general service projects. However, the unification of the country in 1990 has enabled the government protect these islands and make use of their natural resources as well. Moreover, the government has woken up to the security risks facing Yemen if these islands remained unprotected.

Privatization of NBY

Within the framework of implementing the privatization program in a number of institutions and banks, the Cabinet has approved the privatization of the National Bank of Yemen (NBY) which was founded 30 years ago. The bank is one of the most successful govern-

mental banks in Yemen in the field of developmental and commercial investment. The government's share has been set by the Cabinet based on the new budget of the bank. 40 percent of the bank's capital goes to the government, but the council has distributed 20 percent to the stock holders and 20 percent to the government. Sixty percent has been allocated by the bank to new strategic investing

according to given criteria and conditions. A decision was adopted by the government on December 17 to conduct a financial study to privatize the NBY despite the objections made by the opposition party. These parties see that the NBY is a successful bank that has 33 branches in the governorates of the republic. The official statistics point out that the financial profits of the bank have increased 91 percent during the first ten months of 1999. The percent of investment increased to 37 percent in 2000. Statistics confirm that the NBY is ranked second, after the Central Bank of Yemen. This indicates that the bank's capital is political-

ly and not financially privatized. But the government justifies the privatization of general projects, among these the NBY, by encouraging private property among investors and decreasing its own expenses.

The privatization law adopted by the government stressed the necessity of conducting studies on privatizing the general projects under the supervision



of the law on the purchasing processes, or the partial privatization or general subscription stock in order to protect the public properties from any mismanagement. It seems that the government wants to broaden the NBY's capital for the sake of increasing banking, commercial, and investment activities. Legal sources in the opposition have warned against the privatization of the NBY's capital. It must be mentioned here that the privatization policy and the implementation of its programs has raised controversy among politicians, economists, and sociologists. This, in turn, has resulted in the government's delay of the privatization projects.

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Economy News

Customs Staff Trained in Jordan

The Yemeni Customs Authority is currently studying Jordan's experience in the field of fighting smuggling and space control and monitoring of customs centers. In this regard, a Yemeni delegation made a visit to Amman in which they talked about training Yemeni employees in Jordan, an initiative that was welcomed by the Jordanian side. It is worth mentioning that Yemen international airport has already launched intentional system for customs procedures. Three other airports and seaports will have the same system in the near future.

Plan to Revive Tourism

Financed by the EU, a plan is being made by the ministry of Tourism to attract more than 500,000 tourists by 2005 in an attempt to activate the tourism sector. The attacks against New York and Washington have badly

affected tourism in Yemen. The loss has been estimated at USD 200 million.

IBD delegation visits Yemen

A delegation from the Islamic Bank for Development in Jeddah is currently visiting Yemen to assess work in development projects financed by the Bank. The delegation will also be discussing the possibility of financing other development projects.

The Islamic bank for Development has recently donated USD 6 million for the Social Fund for Development to help solve unemployment problems.

344 new Projects Launched

On the 39th anniversary of the Yemeni revolution, 344 new projects totaling 17 billion rials have been launched. thirteen of these projects are located in the Capital Secretariat at the coast of 2.7 billion rials. some of these projects are contributed by the private sector, specially in the education, electricity and health domains.

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COMMON SENSE

By: Hassan Al-Haifi

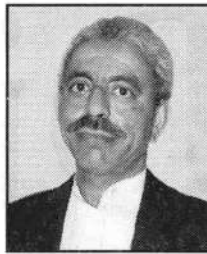
Tyranny Breeds Terror

What occurred in the World Trade Center may be the product of a conspiracy of some sort, but for sure the elimination of its perpetrators and those who are said to be behind them will not be the final solution to the problem of terrorism. About the only thing any foreseeable action of revenge will do is satisfy only those people in the military brass, who will always need something from time to time to give them a sense of purpose and a chance to prove that they are well and capable of handling the sophisticated hardware, after the evil has occurred. It has sometimes fascinated this observer how the members of a military/security apparatus, whether in the developing countries or in the most advanced of the democracies will come up after a given incident to acclaim that they have everything under control and that the menace that caused the tragedy is on the run or under control. One is bound to ask where were they before the incident and what is all that equipment, training and manpower they have under their control for anyway? In any case, it seems that after three weeks almost and with the thousands of personnel and billions of dollars of equipment on the loose after the perpetrators, the question as to "who done it?" remains unanswered categorically and even all the circumstantial evidence being flouted around has not led to a decisive conclusion that so and so did it. What ever the case, that is not the topic this observer wishes to delve on here, but it is noteworthy to mention that even if the suspected perpetrators are brought to heel, one is bound to believe that the end of "terror" will not end. In fact, we

may be entering a somewhat dangerous course of urban and aerial guerrilla warfare that God only knows how the end of it will become. For one thing, the major catalyst behind this kind of activity, which is taken advantage by misguided zealots and their clerical mentors and their originators, who are still lying deep in mystery and clandestine cover, has yet to be lifted. For another thing it seems obvious to this observer and to many broad minded thinkers that the cause d'être of uncontrolled fanaticism, especially in the Moslem World is the fact that the Moslem World has yet to understand that the present forms of Government prevailing in our world provides the climate where such fanaticism nurtures because tyranny and autocracy provide a closed society where Government remains aloof from the constituency and thus confines its functions to protecting its own tight hold on the helms of affairs in the country and to directing those affairs to serving the interests of the elements that make up the ruling regime. Nothing else matters beyond that. It does not matter that the education system in the country does not produce any culture whatsoever amongst the people. It does not matter that a majority of the people are left ignorant and easy prey for fanaticism and misguided opportunists who rely on the sensitivities of people, especially playing on their spiritual inclinations and yearning for sensationalism to spread their immature dogmas. Moreover the clampdown on freedom of expression and freedom of assembly and association works to prevent any remedial action that civil society may be able to nurture against such waves of fanaticism, especially if such fanati-

cism is well funded and well organized on an international scale, and the regime in power has been guaranteed that they are not to be afraid of threats from such fanaticism and the organizers behind these new cults are guaranteed some sponsors within the regime itself! It is not hard to state that it is really the sad political realities of the Arab and the Moslem World that breeds all kind of terror, because for most of the populations, the terror imposed and applied by the regimes, as well as the regime's ineptitude at managing the affairs of state has given way to all kinds of frustrations and repressed feelings, that drives people to seek outlets for their frustrations, not caring what the end results are and how many laws are broken. After all, the regimes that run our countries care less about adherence to any law or even conscience in governing our affairs and serving their interests. Thus, there are serious grounds for frustrations and misguided culture that run prevalent in our midst and the idealists have no course except to stare in wonder and amazement at how men can be so evil and cruel and have the least sense of responsibility. Moreover, that Government can carry on without any degree of transparency and accountability surely cannot be grounds for any hope or aspirations of a promising future, when the present seems to be only rosy for every follower of evil conscience inside and outside the regime. Thus the pressure builds up on the constituency and when the only way to express discontent and frustration is to go for the limit, then let it be so, for there is nothing to lose anyway when one is living under repression and hopelessness! It is time that Moslems and Arabs

understand that the existing status quo of our world is the breeding ground for every kind of evil that one can think of, even when it is the evil that is in the name of God! We need a renaissance of free thought to be let loose to counter all kinds of terrorism, including the terror that is applied by the rulers of the Moslem World to keep themselves at the helms at the expense of the interests of the people of their countries and the interest of the Moslem World at large. It goes without saying that if there was no terror by the regimes in power, the Moslem constituencies will be quick to rise against any apparent evil in their midst, including fanaticism and so called "terrorism" and moreover, the people's feelings about issues like Palestine, Chechnya and Kashmir, will find the right channels for constructive political and diplomatic actions will be opened to turn those feelings into meaningful actions that will never allow for demagogues like Sharon to not even worry about pressure from a United States under pain!



Gary Vey
Boston, Massachusetts, USA
Editor/ Viewzone.com

On the Occasion of the Attacks against the USA A Letter to Yemen



I thank all of you for your kind words and thoughts during this difficult time. With the love and wisdom of Allah, all these things will eventually pass and we will surely realize peace again. I want to let you know that there is an awareness among the American people that these acts of violence are not condoned by most Arabs or followers of Islam. We are aware that these types of acts are not the work of true followers of Mohamed (PBUH) or his teachings, but represent the confused beliefs of a small group of politically motivated individuals, reacting to what they believe is an unjust and evil situation. In many ways, we can understand and appreciate the strong emotions and deeply religious feelings that motivated the violent acts but we cannot understand how this anger was directed towards so many innocent people - many of whom were also Arab and ardent followers of Islam. You must understand that the political establishment of America is based upon commercial interests and does not reflect the morality of most ordinary citizens. Political acts, such as the continued support for Israeli aggression, the blockade of Iraqi trade and the armed troops on Arab land are not subject to our usual democratic control. Such decisions are made at high levels of our Federal government and are designed to maintain the financial integrity of our way of life. And so, when such acts as were committed on September 11th, 2001, effect ordinary working men, women and children, we can only view these as senseless acts that pose a direct threat to our own lives and the lives of our families and friends. I am very much aware that the type of injuries we have sustained are no less painful than the injuries suffered by thousands of ordinary Iraqis, deprived of medicine and other vital necessities, as we continue restrictions on the Iraqi leadership. In both circumstances, it is the innocent who suffer for the mistakes of their leaders.

My focus now turns to Yemen. I have just shot over 40 hours of video tape on the people and places of Yemen to encourage tourism. The material has already been partially posted on www.viewzone.com and was, prior to the recent events, receiving much praise and interest. I had hoped so much that Americans, Australians and Canadians would visit Yemen and bring an influx of capital to build the country's infrastructure. As I left Yemen, the American State Department was reviewing the prohibition against travel and the armed escorts in Yemen's northern territory were being reviewed with a very good probability that they would be discontinued. This has, for now at least, been made a moot point. Over the past several days, I have received numerous notes and messages from my Yemeni friends. All of them have expressed their condemnation of this act of violence and have been concerned for my safety. I join with them in the recognition that violence perpetrated against innocent families is sin, and that those who do such things are confused and do much harm to both Islam and Arabs. But in all of this pain and confusion, I see an opportunity for Yemen and a way to revive my hopes for the country and people. First, you must understand that Yemen is a very unique and special country.

There is a lost history of man and his God that remains buried in your sands and which many believe will one day be the focus of the entire world. Recent translations of ancient Sabaeen texts point to Yemen as the land where peace will reign and where humanity will come together under the One God, Allah. This great destiny is the birthright of all Yemeni people. My own experiences in Yemen make me confident that this will happen. The fruits of your spirit are ripe and good. In the land where the Great Prophet once walked and taught, the message of Allah's love for all men and women must be made clear. There is no room for hatred or for temporal political issues in Allah's country. Yemen must commit itself overtly to peace and non-violence as a recognition of the Will and Ways of Allah.

There is only One God and His people are of many races, colors and denominations. Allah will bless those who do His work for peace on Earth and will punish those who divide His family. In the final analysis, we are all individually standing before Allah and are responsible to Him for our thoughts and actions. We ultimately have no allegiance to politics or nationalism or other organizations that should stand in the way of our commitment to the peaceful intentions of Allah for this planet. Each individual must put down the heavy burden of hate and the need for vengeance or retaliation. We must align ourselves with His wishes for our brotherhood and happiness, putting everything else aside. Yemeni people must not wait for political leaders or religious leaders to make a statement in this regard. Yemeni people must voice their alliance with peace, each one to the One God, and strengthen their relationship with Allah. In this way, the people of the world will know who you are -- the peacemakers -- and they will look to you for strength and direction during this confusing time. When the world recognizes the good from the evil, Yemen will be seen as an example of how the present world conflicts can be resolved. Your interpretation of Islam and of the more gentle and compassionate ways of living together will bring you closer to other countries and people and your country will rise from the sands to assume your great destiny. The great battle yet to be fought is within each of us and not on some distant battlefield. We confront our own human emotions as we stand in judgement by the One God. Let us rise to the occasion!

One encouraging sign I have seen is that many ordinary people have turned to the Creator, Allah, during this time of pain and have attempted to understand what has happened, and why it has happened, instead of merely reacting with vengeance or demanding revenge. This renewed relationship with Allah, by whatever name He is called, is something that I hope will endure, for it is the only thing that we all have in common and is the only thing that will unite us all in peace and brotherhood. During my 6 week tour of Yemen, I was impressed by the devotion of Yemeni people to Allah and with the hospitality and genuine friendship that was extended to me. I was welcomed into the homes and lives of many Yemeni people as an individual, not as an American visitor. This ability to separate the personal character from the stereotypes of national or religious origins is something that I hope will grow and find fertile ground here in America. Although we have had isolated crimes committed against Arab and Islamic citizens of our own country, these acts have been condemned by most Americans. The recent presidential election in America was a close one. President Bush came to office with a very weak agenda and an economy that was drifting towards a recession. The acts of September 11th gave him, for the first time, an opportunity to appeal to the emotions of the American public. His father, George Bush senior, experienced a similar rush of popular support during the Gulf War. The pressure on our current president to retaliate in some immediate way, through military action, is extremely strong; however, the public is demanding that such action be carried out in a way that does not pose threats to more innocent people, whether they are Afghan, Iraqi or another nationality. Again, this is encouraging and something that I hope the present political administration will take in to consid-

Dear Amal:

Thank you for your kind words. I do not feel I deserve such admiration and I am highly flattered by the fact that you are an avid reader of this column. I pray that the column will continue to arouse your interest. On Hizbullah, this column has dealt rather favorably with the sophisticated and well-cultured resistance group in Lebanon on several occasions. There is quite a big difference between Hizbullah and the other waves of "fundamentalists", in purpose, style and effectiveness, with Hizbullah getting an A+ rating in all three.

Wanted.. Dead or Alive!



Jalal Al-Sharaabi

America has changed its policy towards the current situation in its land. Thus, the coming phase will be the phase of declaring the war against terrorism. However, what does the US intend to do? Could America regain what it has lost, or regain its fading dominance? America has remained the master of the world, imposing its force on administering international affairs. Some think that America is totally secure, and it is the only state that is insurmountable in front of these global changes. Political analysts have confessed that America has fallen prey due to its arrogance, superciliousness and haughtiness. Perhaps, the US does not realize its mistakes in relation to its policies in the world, specifically with Third World countries. The recent terrorist acts against New York and Washington culminated in the killing of the innocent civilians from all over the world. It also rings alarm bells to remind America of its foreign policies towards nations of the world. Terrorists acts in the US are not the first of its kind at the international level. It is preceded by other harmful acts, represented by its setback in Chinese policy aftermath, the detainment to its spy plane in Chinese territories, the emergence of opponents at the Durban Conference because of its poli-

cies, the Anti-racism Conference policy, and globalization. At the international level, the economic recession, the multi-racist structure that reaches 60 percent of the population, represents a big challenge to the US. The US has directly pointed the finger at Arabs and Muslims without any convincing proof. It recklessly relates terrorism to Islam, unmindful of what is going to happen. It is known to all that Islam opposes any kind of terrorist acts.

The state of hostility between Arab and Muslims is obvious and becoming very clear these days. It is America that gives the green flag to Ariel Sharon and all the Israeli War Generals to kill innocent civilians in Palestine using American weapons. It is not enough that America itself has imposed sanctions on Iraq, Libya, and Sudan. It is America that makes Muslims throughout the world victims to terrorist acts in streets, houses, cars and mosques, only because the victim is Muslim or Arab.

America has to carefully reconsider what is going to happen. America has to realize that terrorism is the opponent of all of humanity and terminating it is the responsibility of all, and not America itself.

The American decision to arrest Osama Bin Laden dead or alive and its declaration of a new Crusade against the terrorists will not exterminate terrorism, it will of course add fuel to the flames. Justice, considerations of others, disseminating equality and peace is the only solution to overcome terrorism. Exterminating bin Laden alone will not solve the problem; it will create thou-

sands of Ladens. I think, and others will agree with me, what there is in Afghanistan does not deserve attention. We have to wait for a while and we will see what will happen. Perhaps America will take severe actions, but the consequences will be catastrophic at best. The American people and its leadership realize this aspect completely. It is certain that the majority of the people are dissatisfied.

Yemen and the USA

At the local level, Yemeni-American relations are strongly established via economical reforms under the supervision of the International Monetary Fund (IMF). There is also the security file, in which cooperation between Yemen and America is conducted by both sides. There is also the file concerning the human rights and Islamists in Yemen. All the parties, organizations, and movements have strongly condemned the terrorists operations in the US, and at the same time they have condemned the aggressive actions in Palestine. American support for Israel weakens its role, particularly with foreign policy. Concerning the Islamists in Yemen, there are few people in different remote places. They live like other normal citizens. The American skepticism has increased too much after the USS Cole bombing incident in Aden. They consider Yemen as one of the countries which harbors terrorism. Yemen is far from any military attack, but the US accuses Yemen of being involved in the New York attack without clear testimony.

attack growing in sophistication until we may all die. Many husbands were left without wives and wives without husbands and children without parents. The terrorism must stop. America may be attacked again and the next time the attack may be so powerful as to destroy all countries on our planet.

Charlane Meyer-Miller
GreenTek@aol.com
USA

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Prosecution of Press

Mohammed Sadeq Al-Udeini

Every Monday, a number of Editor-in-Chiefs of some partisan and independent newspapers namely, the Al-Ray Al-Aam, Al-Shomou, Sawt Al-Showra and Al-Omah, represented by its former editor in chief Abdulkarim Al-Khiwani are produced before the Secretariat West Court. At the same time, inside Sana'a, Al-Ayyam and Al-Haqiqah newspapers are also being prosecuted.

By today, Monday 24, 2001 Dallah will complete a month and a week of his sit-in at the Yemeni Journalists Syndicate (YJS). The Syndicate cannot help him, as long as his opponent is a journalist, too, so that it is not perceived as an offense to a colleague. But Dallah and his opponent who chairs the Moral Guidance Department and is the Editor-in-chief of a military newspaper are not equal in abilities for the former, in his present situation, does not earn anything for his and his family's living or to afford for an advocate while the latter has everything. Dallah has been sentenced by a non-specialized court to a four-month imprisonment term. Although he is staying at the YJS he finds himself in a different kind of imprisonment where he can not have his freedom.

It is a pity that Dallah can not find any support, while his opponent is very much sure about his job and position' future.

Dallah's sit-in in the YJS, the identity that he belongs to, has become something normal just like the picture of late Dr. Abdulaziz Al-Saqqaf hanging on the wall. It seems to me as if the picture feels sad and sorry for him that no changes occur to his case but his body which gets thinner day after day. His situation may continue like this to be a human value that faded away. Let me appeal for all journalists and honest people to save Dallah's life and save his face. Let it be an open invitation for all consciences to stand by Dallah financially and morally and to ensure a fair prosecution for him.

Letters to the Editor

The USA Should Not Seek Revenge
I have read the editorial of Yemen Times issue (38/2001). This is the first time that I have ever read the newspaper. While I am in pain about those who suffered because of the attack in America, I do not seek revenge. I believe in global peace. I hope that the Afghan women and their children will someday be able to experience education and the ability to earn a living for themselves, like myself, as education

is the key to attaining peace within any country. I have much to offer my country for having received my education. I respect Islam. I would respect the Taliban more if my Afghan sisters were treated more respectfully. It is for the individual to consider their position and loyalty to their choices and their culture. I believe that all cultures offer beauty in understanding. At the same time, I believe that there will be another attack on America and other countries, and the deaths will be more than before, with the methods of

Who Did It?

Abu Muhammed Al-Mujahid

The terrorist attack on the THE USA last week revealed two important facts which are apparent to all people around the world, except the American administration, its investigation bureaus and the ordinary citizens of the THE USA, who are programmed not to see beyond what their media shows them or hear more than what their administration announces. The first fact is that the security system, of which the American administration was extremely proud, has been proven to be a false advertisement. The great US was invaded on its own ground. The terrorist operations were not done this time in Africa or Asia, but in Washington and New York. The first is the symbol of political and military pride, while the second represents economic power. Nothing was left for the THE USA to be proud of after its political, military and economic system was hit and humiliated. The second fact, which has become plainly clear, is the hatred which the American administration has towards Arabs and Muslims. As the explosion of Washington and New York was happening, the American media directly accused Arabs and Muslims, as if it is obvious that the source of any terrorism is Arabs and Muslims. The bin Laden group was the main target for such accusations. Then, investigations started to take place by the FBI and the CIA, but only to confirm that bin Laden was the one behind such an operation. So, when the Red Japanese Army Organization claimed responsibility, the administration and the FBI denied that they have heard of such an organization. Strange, isn't it? Also, when the FBI found one of the black boxes of the jet that crashed in Pennsylvania, they claimed that the box resists any type of crash and an extreme degree of heat. Besides, when the names of the four-hijacked plane's passengers were checked, the FBI traced only Arab and Muslim names. No other names were checked. In other words, the investigation process was to prove that bin Laden was responsible, which means that FBI was following a principle that "the most suspicious is responsible even if he is innocent." The American administration, along with the FBI, is a far cry from the principle that "the suspect is innocent until proven guilty," which is based on scientific procedures that start with hypothesis and collecting data to prove or reject that hypothesis. The FBI only wants to prove the hypothesis (or the fact in their perception) that bin Laden is responsible. The administration and the FBI is doing so for the following reasons:

1. The enraged American citizens wanted a quick answer to what happened and who did it, which puts tremendous pressure on an administration that had and still has no definite answer. To the administration, the people's anger is a warning and indirectly necessitated choosing a specific person or group as quickly as possible to be presented to the people as the criminals. So, the administration and the FBI decided that bin Laden and his group was the best choice since "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."
2. The operation led to shaking the superhero picture of the US system in the eyes of American citizens as well as its allies all over the world. That also necessitated finding someone as quickly as possible to be accused for the operation, in the hopes of improving this picture.
3. The actual perpetrator was very smart to direct the media from the first moment to accuse Arabs and Muslims. First, to drive the suspicion away from him, especially since the FBI have a psychological disposition to look for a specific person or group only. That again was achieved though the administration and the FBI deceptively trying to appear rational, not definitely announcing bin Laden as the actual perpetrator, but considering him as the main suspect. Such evasion was done to be safe in case bin Laden was innocent and to take the chance to force American citizens into

fierce and aggressive actions against Arabs and Muslims in a moment of anger. Even if the truth was revealed later, the actual person responsible would have set the fire of real, long lasting and difficult-to-remove hatred between Muslim Americans and Non-Muslim Americans. Besides, much retaliation would have already happened against Muslims and Arab Americans that would leave a sting in their hearts against the rest of the American society, who would seek revenge whenever they found a chance. And that was also achieved. Many mosques in the States have been attacked and destroyed completely; many Muslims Americans have also been attacked and even killed; many Muslim women were also attacked and insulted. Yet the administration and the media are saying nothing because such actions are against Muslims and Arabs. Is this not terrorism????!! The real loser is America and the winner is the actual perpetrator. So who is he? Why did he do what he did? The following answer to the above questions is true to a very high degree of precision because it is based on a rational and real analysis of the events. It is far more precise than the degree of confidence in the FBI who are pre-programmed and who based their investigation on the proverb that "it's a goat even if it flies," which can be manipulated as "bin Laden even if he is innocent." The answer to the above questions emerge from the answer to the question, "Who is the first enemy of Arabs and Muslims in this age?" There is only one answer - Jews represented by Ariel Sharon, the Zionists and the MOSAD. Their ultimate aim is to defeat Arabs and Muslims wherever they are, by any means and at any the price, even if it is the entire population of the US. They believe that the American people and the American administration - say the whole of America - is merely a servant to a master according to the prophecies of the Old Testament and the teaching of the Talmud. It is then inevitable that they played a principle role in the events of Washington and New York last week; this is if they are not the actual people responsible. But indeed they are actually responsible based upon the following facts:

- a. The Zionists control about 90% of the American media and newspapers. Therefore, it is easy for them to direct the accusation to any person or groups they want punish. American people, as mentioned earlier, are programmed, and the media and newspaper direct them in any action to any direction. In other words, Zionists act as the remote control of the American people.
- b. The news said that all the American Jews who used to work at the World Trade Center did not attend their jobs on the day when the operation took place. There are about four thousand Jews who work regularly in this center. Why were they absent on that day in particular? Was that merely by chance? Some news said that Israel gave them an early warning. But early warning about what? It is expected that they will claim they had a special religious holiday on that day. But it was not Saturday, the Jewish holy day, and by looking at the Jewish calendar, no holiday or specific occasion on that day (September 11th) has taken place throughout their history. History is repeating itself. In 1993 when the same center was under attack, some news revealed that Israel sent a sympathetic and supporting message to the American administration five minutes before the action, but the media, as mentioned before, is dominated by Zionists who would hide anything that is against Israel. Other news revealed that the operation of 1993 was announced on Tel Aviv radio five minutes before the operation. The American administration and the FBI were applying at that time against that Palestinian guy and against Sheik Omar Abdulrahman, and they are now in prison.
- c. An important question that should be asked here is, how many Jews of any nationality were in the jets that were used in the operation? None?!
- d. Many of the pilots whom the

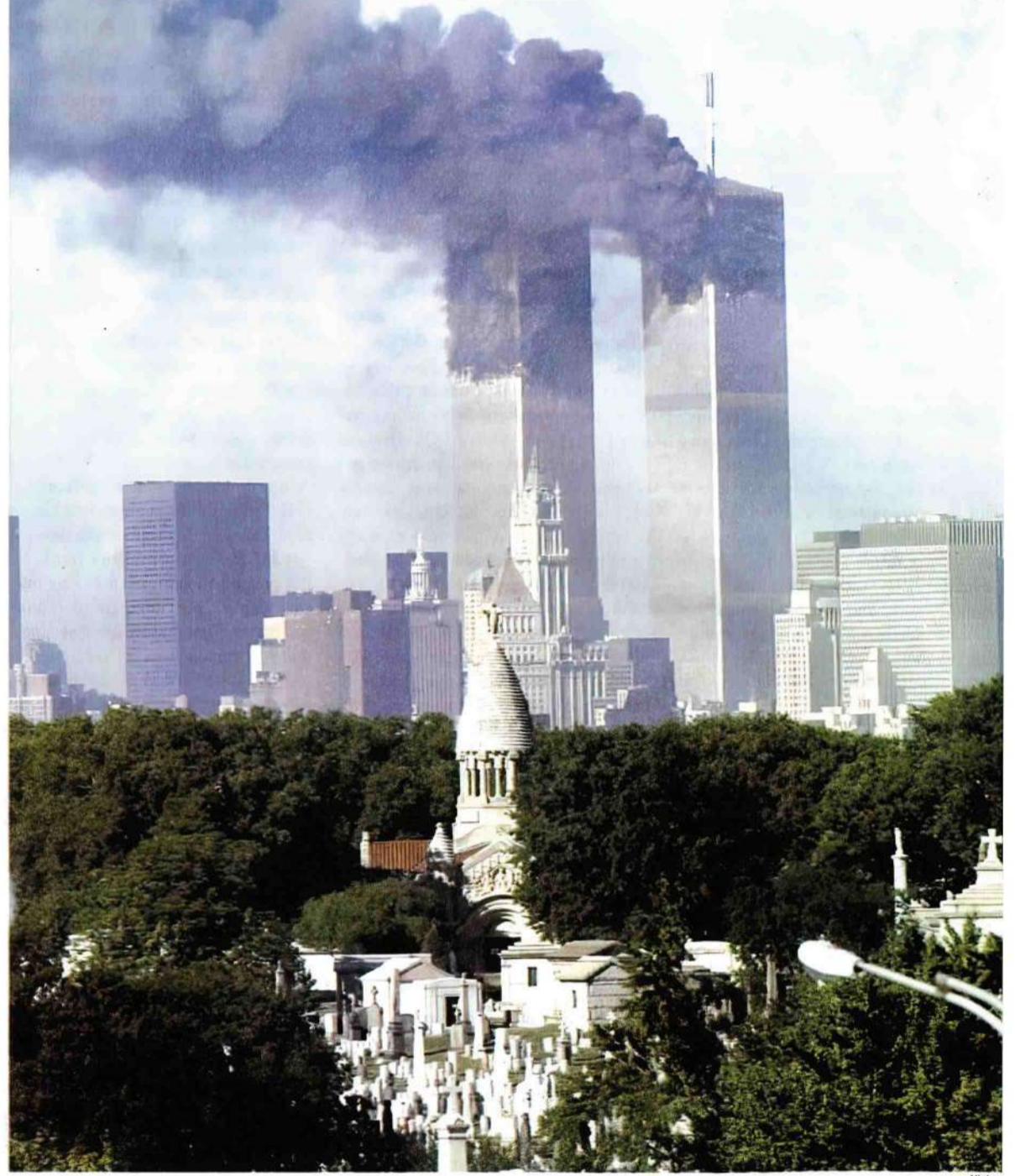
American administration and the FBI claimed to be among the hijackers and that died in the operations are from Saudi Arabia. However, to prove that the administration and the FBI are controlled by the previous principle, those pilots are still alive, some of them are in different places around the world. Isn't it a shame on CNN to announce and display the pictures of some of them and the next moment to receive calls from these persons? About ten of the eighteen which the administration and the FBI claimed to be the hijackers are still alive in their homelands in Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates and Egypt. Poor American people! To what extent do they have to live under the lies of the White House and the FBI?

e. Since its emergence, Israel has proven to turn the attention of the world toward Palestinians, and the whole, even the American administration, attacked Washington and New York last week.

f. Bin Laden has proven to be honest; whenever he was involved in any action against America, he would stand courageously and say, "I did it." This time he denied involvement in the operation of Washington and New York, though it would make him enter history from the widest gate as the legend that conquered America. Bin Laden's manner is known to the American administration and to the whole world that he would never escape or deny his responsibility if he were behind the operation. There must be a perpetrator other than bin Laden; and definitely it is the Jews who are the first and the sole beneficiary of all these events. It is possible for bin Laden to claim to be the supporter of Muslims and to turn the whole world against them? Impossible.

g. Muslim and Arab countries are politically, economically and militarily very weak. Their leaders are trying to get into the lap of the American administration who keeps kicking them away, as that lap is occupied by a strong adopted son who does not believe in morals or international conventions, just as the administration itself. So, Israel attacked Washington and New York with full confidence that it would not be accused, and the weak Arabs and Muslims would be the ones accused. Those weak Arab and Muslims leaders are bigmouths who would only condemn and shout, though their people may threaten to use force to get their rights; and this is what Israel exploited. The American administration and the FBI will never think of Israel as the perpetrator, but it will accuse the barking dogs that seldom bite to prove to the world that it is the superpower. Even if Israel was discovered as being responsible, it is not rational for the American administration to announce that the adopted son is the one who dug the knife in their lap. The situation would be even worse in the eyes of the citizens who would question the validity of their system, and in the eyes of other allies who would question the reliability of the US's friends in general, especially Europeans who would feel they would have been deceived for a long time that Israelis are peaceful and Muslims and Arabs are terrorists.

h. At the time American people, including Muslim Americans, are weeping and praying over the victims of Washington and New York, not a single Jew offered a prayer or made a consolation to the families of the victims. Rather, Ariel Sharon increases his aggressive actions against Palestinians in Jerusalem. The events of Washington and New York made the whole world puzzled today except Israel, as if the event is not against Israel's master, namely the US, who antagonized the whole world for Israel's sake. Logic says that Israel would have stopped its actions at least for few days to support the US and to mourn the victims. But nothing happened. Why? It appears that Israel is confident enough that even if it becomes clear it was behind the attack of Washington and New York, the American administration will do no more than a verbal accusation. Why again? First, because love is blind; and the Bush administration is deeply in love with Israel. The Bush administration, just like the previous administra-



tions, would not accept any word from any sources against Israel. Even if those sources proved that Israel was behind the operation, the Bush administration would be 1000% satisfied with Israel, even if it kills all the Americans. Any serious crime committed by Israel would bring 1000 intercessors. Here are some of these intercessors. First, the battle of Heir Majdon, for which Jews are preparing themselves according to the prophecy of their Torah. In this battle, the Jews, according to the prophecy, will be victorious and kill all non-Jews, except those who would help them and establish their kingdom to rule the whole world. The Jews have been exploiting such an intercessor since the beginning of the twentieth century among Christians, especially American Christians who believe blindly in such a prophecy as part of the Bible. Many Christians in America, especially the leaders, have submitted to the Jews in a hope to be among those whom the Jews would remember when the time comes. The 700 Club, headed by Pat Robinson, of which George Bush and his father are members, is an example of the influence of Jews on that battle's account. By the way, such a battle, according to the prophecy, will take place in Palestine in the first year of a new century. Thus, the Jews were expecting it to happen in 1901 and before that time they held so many conferences and prepared so many allies, but nothing happened. Then they prepared for the next expected year, which is the current year 2001. The year 2001 is about to end and the battle has not happened yet, which means either the falsehood of the prophecy or waiting for the year 2101 to come. But the Jews can neither guarantee its happening in 2101, nor can they guarantee the strong position they have now. So, it is better to see the fire now, since they are in such a position. No wonder then, why Ariel Sharon is insisting on driving the Middle East into war. But Palestinians and Arabs are putting every spark for war off, though they are humiliated at every moment by Israelis. Another example of the influence of Jews on Christians is the ordinance issued by the church acquitting Jews from Jesus' blood, though the New Testament men-

tioned plainly that Jews were the killers of Jesus and the Jews had admitted that for more than 1,900 years. On the same token, but in different direction, some news has reported that the administration does prepare itself to take a position in the so-called Jewish kingdom for a certain time, then by the deftness of the cowboys and the skills of Rambo, they would get into the top of such a kingdom then rule the whole world. That may explain why the American administrations now and previously remained patient and calm with Israel's several misconducts and insults against the US itself, since the ends justify the means. Yesterday, George Bush, in a slip of a tongue, revealed what the Americans hide when he described his preparations as "a new crusade." Poor Muslims! Can't they understand even the plain message?

i. The second intercessor is also religious in nature. The Jews say the Messiah has not yet come, but the Christians insist that he has already come, been killed and that he will come back to life. Muslims, on the other hand believe that he already came as Jesus, but was not killed; rather Allah took him to heaven alive, and he will come back to life near the end as a Muslim to fill the world with justice after it has been filled with injustice. The Jews were able, by one means or another, to convince the Christians that if Jesus, on the assumption that he was the Messiah, would come back to his own people, that Jesus, because he was a Jew would come back to help the Jews, and that it is not rational to claim that he would come as a non-Jew since he himself said in the Bible, "I have been sent but to the lost sheep of Israel." Therefore, Christians have to follow the Jews otherwise they would be considered unbelievers, just like Muslims.

The third intercessor is the similarity between Israel and the US in their political systems. Both claim that Israel is the only democratic country in the region. Democracy is what the US presents to the whole world, and the whole world has to accept it. So in Israel, the government is elected by the people just as in the States; there are two main political parties just as in the States; Israel

was established by immigrants from different parts of the world who took the lands of others (the Palestinians) by force, just as the States were established by immigrants who took the land of others (Native Americans) by force; Israel is (apparently) a secular state, and the States is (apparently) a secular state. In other words, Israel is a microcosm of the States, so it should be fervently supported by every means, even if that leads the American administration to sacrifice its own entire population, because birds of a feather flock together.

The fourth intercessor is the States' claim of the world police position after the collapse of the Soviet Union. Israel is a small, tiny state surrounded by enemies (fierce camel riders, as the American media depicts them and Muslims who consider Jews the mortal enemy), and the job of the American administration is to protect it. Europeans have chased them (Jews) out of Europe, but gently, such as when the British colonists gave them Palestine as a national home for them to get rid of their evil. So, the American administrations realized the importance of protecting such a people, even with the wealth of these Jews; they own an amount of money enough to build the whole of America. They own almost all the leading banks and investment corporations in the world. Americans are people who would sacrifice their life for money. They may kill themselves for the sake of a few dollars, as Hollywood depicts them. Israel would then put tremendous pressure on the American administration - guilt would be the intercessor of wealth - to get whatsoever the Jews want because the light of morals and the brightness of principles would disappear in the presence of glittering gold.

While writing this analysis, the American president announced that he wanted Osama bin Laden dead or alive, and that America is *gonna win* and the losses will be great. Does he want more material and moral losses? Material in his army, and moral in losing all Arabs and Muslims as well as his own people, who would discover one day his lies and his deception by a band of Jews and a bunch of false prophecies that will never come true?

YEMEN TIMES

4.000.000

مسابقة الملايين الكبرى The Grand "Millions" Competition

Issue No. 40/2001

عدد 2001/40

Instructions in "Yemen Times Light"

التعليمات في ملحق "يمن تايمز لايت"

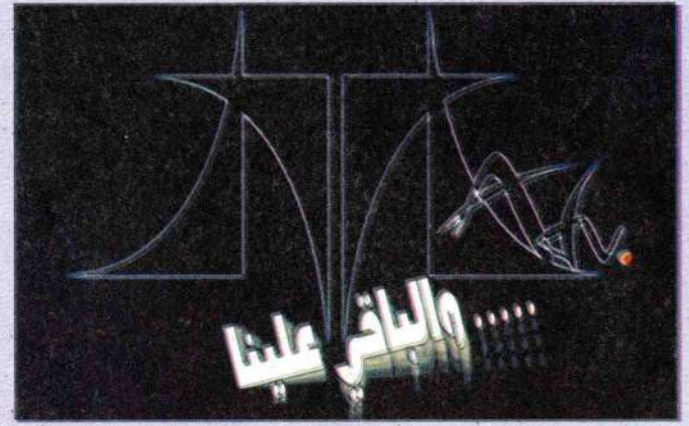
ضع إشارة بجانب الإجابات الصحيحة:

- 1- من أي مدينة فلسطينية انطلقت الانتفاضة الفلسطينية الثانية قبل عام؟
 رام الله غزة القدس
- 2- شركة سبيستل يمن هي شركة:
 شركة خدمات هواتف GSM شركة نفطية شركة استيراد وتصدير
- 3- ما الخدمات التي يقدمها بنك اليمن والخليج لعملائه؟
 المصرف المتميز والصراف الآلي البنك الناطق والبنك المركزي جميع ما ذكر
- 4- ما المنتجات التي تقدمها شركة فيديوكون؟
 أثاث منزلي أدوات مكتبية أجهزة إلكترونية
- 5- كم عدد المدن الأوروبية التي تطير إليها اليمنية؟
 أربع مدن خمس مدن ست مدن
- 6- طباخات جليم جاز الشهيرة والتي وكيلها في اليمن شركة آر تكس، هي منتجات:
 ألمانية فرنسية إيطالية
- 7- ما هي الماركة اليابانية الشهيرة التي وكيلها في اليمن شركة ألفا المحدودة؟
 Toyota Sony Panasonic

Mark the Correct Answers:

- 1- Where did the Second Palestinian Uprising Start?
 Jerusalem Ramallah Gaza
- 2- Spacetel Yemen is a company for:
 GSM Services Oil Industries Import/Export
- 3- What are the services provided by the Yemen Gulf Bank?
 Unique Personal Banking & ATM Corporate and Tele Banking
 All that was mentioned
- 4- What are the goods produced by Videocon?
 Home Furniture Accessories Electronic Equipment
- 5- How many European cities does Yemenia fly to?
 4 Cities 5 Cities 6 Cities
- 6- Glem-Gas brands, whose agent in Yemen is Artex Trad. Co., are produced by:
 Germany France Italy
- 7- What is the prominent Japanese brand, whose agent in Yemen is Alfa Co. Lim.?
 Panasonic Sony Toyota

أكبر مسابقة تقيمها
صحيفة في اليمن



Spacetel

دائماً على إتصال.

لرعاية هذه المسابقة
يرجى الإتصال بقسم الإعلانات
هاتف: ٢١٨١١١

General Corporation for Radio & Television
Engineering Sector
General Department for Planning & Projects



Announcement

The General Corporation for Radio & Television invites bidders to apply for the following tenders:
I - Tender No. 17 of the year 2001 for the supply and installation of electricity power units for the radio and television transmission stations and voltage regulators. Tenders' documents can be collected against a non-refundable fee of US\$ 500. The opening day of the tender will be 10:00 a. m. on Saturday 3/11/2001 and the deadline for accepting bids will be one hour before the opening of bids' envelopes.

II - Tender No. 18 of the year 2001 for supplying, licensing, supervising, commissioning and installing of radio equipment. Tenders' documents can be collected against a non-refundable fee of US\$ 300. The opening day of the tender will be 10:00 a. m. on Sunday 4/11/2001 and the deadline for accepting bids will be one hour before the opening of bids' envelopes.

III - Tender No. 19 of the year 2001 for the supply and hand-over of oil diesel engines. Tenders' documents can be collected against a non-refundable fee of US\$ 300. The opening day of the tender will be 10:00 a. m. on Monday 5/11/2001 and the deadline for accepting bids will be one hour before the opening of bids' envelopes.

Bidders shall meet the following requirements:

- 1- Bidders must be a manufacturing firm with expertise in manufacturing, importing and installing of the required equipment
- 2- Enclosing a bid security of 2.5% of the total cost of the bid issued by an accredited bank operating in the Republic of Yemen valid for 90 days starting from the day following the opening of envelopes.
- 3- Bids document must be submitted in red-waxed envelopes and marked with the seal of the bidding company.
- 4 - Bids shall be valid for 90 days, starting from the day following the bids' opening
- 5 - If the manufacturing company has an approved agency in the Republic of Yemen the agency should present the following:
 - a - A copy of the awarding agency contract between the manufacturing company and its agency in Yemen which shall be approved by the Ministry of Trade & Industry
 - b - An approved copy of the registration document of the agency issued by the Ministry of Trade & Industry
 - c - An approved copy of the tax card for the year 2001
 - d - An approved copy of the commercial registration

Interested bidders are kindly requested to apply to the General Department for Planning & Projects at the General Corporation for Radio & Television located in al-Hassaba near to the Ministry of Health & Population for collecting the tenders' documents. Tenders' documents can be also requested by mail against extra charges of US\$ 100.

BO box 2182

Fax: 00967-1- 251623

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Sana'a - Republic of Yemen

Report of the Human Rights and General Liberties Subcommittee of Parliament



Prepared for
publishing by
Ismail Al-Ghabiri

The Human Rights and General Liberties of the Parliamentary Subcommittee issued a report on its field visit to a number of central prisons and temporary detention centers in the governorate of Hodeidah, Hadramaut, Abyan and Lahaj. It is clear that from this report, prepared by the sub-committee, that the prisons suffer a number of difficulties including over-congestion, carelessness and a long delay in dealing with disputes.

During the information collection stage in security departments, police stations and the criminal investigation departments, the committee observed the following:

- Some of the detainees, particularly the ones detained at the Criminal Investigation Bureau in Hodeidah, have exceeded the period of one month, which is inconsistent with the paragraph (g) of Article No. 48 of the Constitution.

- Some persons are detained because of simple civil cases that have nothing to do with the criminal investigation.

- Juveniles are detained together with adults, under the pretext that they have no special rooms for detaining juveniles.

- Lack of coordination between the criminal investigation departments and the other security departments and the prosecution, with exception for the governorate of Hadramaut

- Some emergency and temporary detention centers are unfit, particularly the criminal investigation office and the emergency detention center in Hodeidah, Mukala's security office, and al-Qaten's Security office in Hadramaut.

- Lack of food and medical provisions at the emergency and temporary detention centers in almost all the governorates.

- Lack of electricity supply and adequate ventilation at the detention cen-

ters in al-Mukala, the criminal investigation office in Hodeidah, Lahaj's security department and al-Qaten's prison in Hadramaut.

- Prolonging the period of questioning of some detainees and not abiding by the extension of the concerned courts in most cases.

- Some prosecutions neglect following up with and regularly visiting the emergency and temporary detention centers, with the view of checking the legality of the procedures taken.

- Not providing the prisons' administrators with copies of the verdicts made against the prisoners immediately after issuing them.

- Some prosecution departments do not follow up with the application of the final verdicts and the release of detainees immediately after the elapsed period of detention stipulated by the verdicts, as well as not following up on the cases of detainees who have completed the term of imprisonment issued against them.

- Some persons are in detention for simple cases which could be solved by having guarantees instead of detention.

- Some people were found to be in detention although they had completed the prescribed period for the investigation of the prosecution, namely at the Abyan Central Prison.

The committee also observed the following irregularities at courts and prosecution:

- The legal proceedings at primary and appeals courts are processed in a very slow manner, and the delay of many settlements of so many cases at the Supreme Court, as the committee observed that there are many detainees who have spent one year in prison whose cases are still pending at courts.

- The courts do not abide by the sessions' timetables, which in turn gives the chance to the people willing to proceed and follow up their cases and prolongs the period of detention for the people who cannot pay the lawyers' fees.

- Courts do not carry out even the final verdicts.

- Al-Qaten court in Hadramaut is understaffed, resulting in further delays in the processing of the different cases.

- The committee also observed that the situation of the central prison has not yet improved, and that most of them lack the necessary facilities needed, despite the recommendations of the parliament to the government to tackle this issue.

- The committee also observed that the situation of the central prison has not yet improved, and that most of them lack the necessary facilities needed, despite the recommendations of the parliament to the government to tackle this issue.

Observations of the Committee

Central prisons in the governorate of Hodeidah, Abyan and Sayoun are overcrowded. Also, Hodeidah Central Prison has inmates which are the double number of its capacity.

- Classifying the inmates according to article 32 of the Prisons Regulating Act (PRA) with exception to article No. 5 are not enforced at prisons, as the committee has observed that the adult inmates are detained together irrespective of their crimes. Also, adult and juvenile inmates are detained together at Hodeidah, Mukala, and Sayoun prisons, especially during the daytime.

Similarly, Yemeni and foreign inmates are detained together, although they suffer serious infectious diseases according to the officials of the prisons, and this is a violation of article No. 32 of the PRA.

- Mentally deranged persons at Hodeidah and Mukala prisons are detained together with the normal inmates and are in a dire need of medical care.

Central prisons in Hodeidah, Lahaj, Sayoun and Abyan lack training workshops for inmates.

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تقديم

الشركة اليمنية للهاتف النقال

بكافة موظفيها ومُنسبها بأحر التهاني وأطيب التبريكات إلى فخامة الأخ /

عبدالله صالح

رئيس الجمهورية

وإلى كافة أبناء الشعب اليمني

بمناسبة العيد التاسع والثلاثون لثورة السادس والعشرين من سبتمبر المجيدة

متمنين لليمن حكومة وشعباً، مزيداً من التقدم والإنجازات تحت قيادته الحكيمة.

وكل عام والجميع بخير

Islah Charitable and Social Welfare Society Implements the Biggest Orphanage in the Mideast

Secretary General of the Society:

"President Saleh is one of the most important donors"

The Islah Charitable and Social Welfare Society is one of the largest and most active charitable non-governmental organizations in the country. It was the first Yemeni society to become a consultative member in the Economic Council of the United Nations. It has sponsored many charitable projects, especially in the health, education, social and development sectors. Today, the society has 22 offices all over the Republic, 237 service committees, 15 health units, 98 health mobile clinics and 35 different projects. Mohammed Al-Masani met with Dr. Hamid Ziad Amin, General Secretary of the Society who highlighted more aspects of the society.

Q: What kind of projects has the Society implemented?

A: The Society focuses on health, society, education and development. It has built more than 23 health units, a good number of schools, as well as the Science University, and the Women's Rehabilitation Center, which was financed by Sheikh Abdullah b. Hussein. The President Orphanage, which is the biggest project of its kind in the Mideast, is about to be completed. It costs about 600-700 million riyals. We have also 95% completed a hospital for men with nerve diseases which will provide health services in conjunction with the women's nerve disease hospital, which has been operating for nine years.

Q: What is your evaluation of charity in Yemen?

A: Organized charitable activities were first initiated by the Islah Society. Many societies were launched after that. It is a good thing that we have been always encouraging, as long as the goal of these societies is not materialistic or personal gain. We have adopted more than 13,000 orphans. Still, are there thousands of orphans in the Republic, so there is a chance for every society to do as we do.

Q: It is rumored that some charitable societies are profit-making. Is that true?

A: All societies which have been created for personal gain are doomed to fail.

Q: What kind of problems do you have?

A: Problems exist for any charitable activities. We are sometimes accused of making personal use of the money we generate. To avoid this, we always hand a voucher to the donor. This is not the end of it, for he even knows where his money has been spent.

Q: Who supports the society?

A: About 90 percent of our funding comes from beneficent people. Thank God that we have won people and organizations' confidence and trust. This is because donors know on what their money is spent. Yemeni people in general, and traders in particular, are very generous and kind.

Q: Do you cooperate with other organizations?

A: There is a little cooperation. All kinds of cooperation with them are limited to charitable activities.

Q: Do you have relations with Arab and foreign societies or organizations?

A: We have built up good relations and contacts with many Islamic and charitable organizations. There are projects jointly financed and monitored by our society and other Arab and Islamic organizations.

Q: What about your relations with the UNESCO?

A: The Islah Charitable Society is the first Yemeni organization to become a consultative member in the Economic Council of the United Nations. It is something that Yemenis should be proud of.

Q: Some people believe that the Islah society is an organ of the Islah political party. Is it true?

A: The Islah Charitable society was



founded before political parties were allowed to come to being. It is by coincidence that its name is the same as the Islah party; they are absolutely unlinked. That is a political party while our society is a charitable organization.

Q: How was the Orphan Festival?

A: The Festival was organized at a time that we were awaiting the completion of the President Orphanage. More than 100 renowned Arab and foreign Islamic scholars attended the festival. We are planning to adopt more than 7,000 orphans.

Q: What kind of assistance do you provide for the Palestinian people?

A: We do provide assistance for many human disasters and problems. We supported the Palestinian cause even before the breakout of the Intifada. We present aid to orphans, widows and families of martyrs. The Society has assisted people in Bosnia, Chechnya, Kosovo, Somalia and Eritrea.

Q: Your last word?

A: I call upon charitable societies to devote themselves to charity. I also urge Yemenis to be generous with charitable societies in order to help relieve the misery of a lot of people. One can be unsure where his charity should be directed to. Charitable societies know more about the most needy people in society.



مطابع المتنوعة

GENPACK PRINTING PRESS

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General Manager and all the employees of Site Group Co. Ltd. For Well Drilling Yemen Branch

Congratulate
President Ali Abdullah Saleh

On the 39th & 38th anniversaries of 26 September
and 14 October revolutions

We wish Yemen the best of success and progress
towards building a strong country headed by his wise
leadership for years to come.

Many Happy Returns

المدير العام، وجميع موظفي شركة

مجموعة الموقع لحفر الآبار - فرع اليمن

يتقدمون بأحر التهاني القلبية الى فخامة الرئيس

وكل عام والجميع بخير

وإلى كافة الشعب اليمني الأبي

بمناسبة أعياد الثورة اليمنية سبتمبر وأكتوبر المجيدتين

سائلين المولى عز وجل لييمن مزيداً من التقدم والازدهار في ظل قيادته السياسية الحكيمة..

وكل عام والجميع بخير..

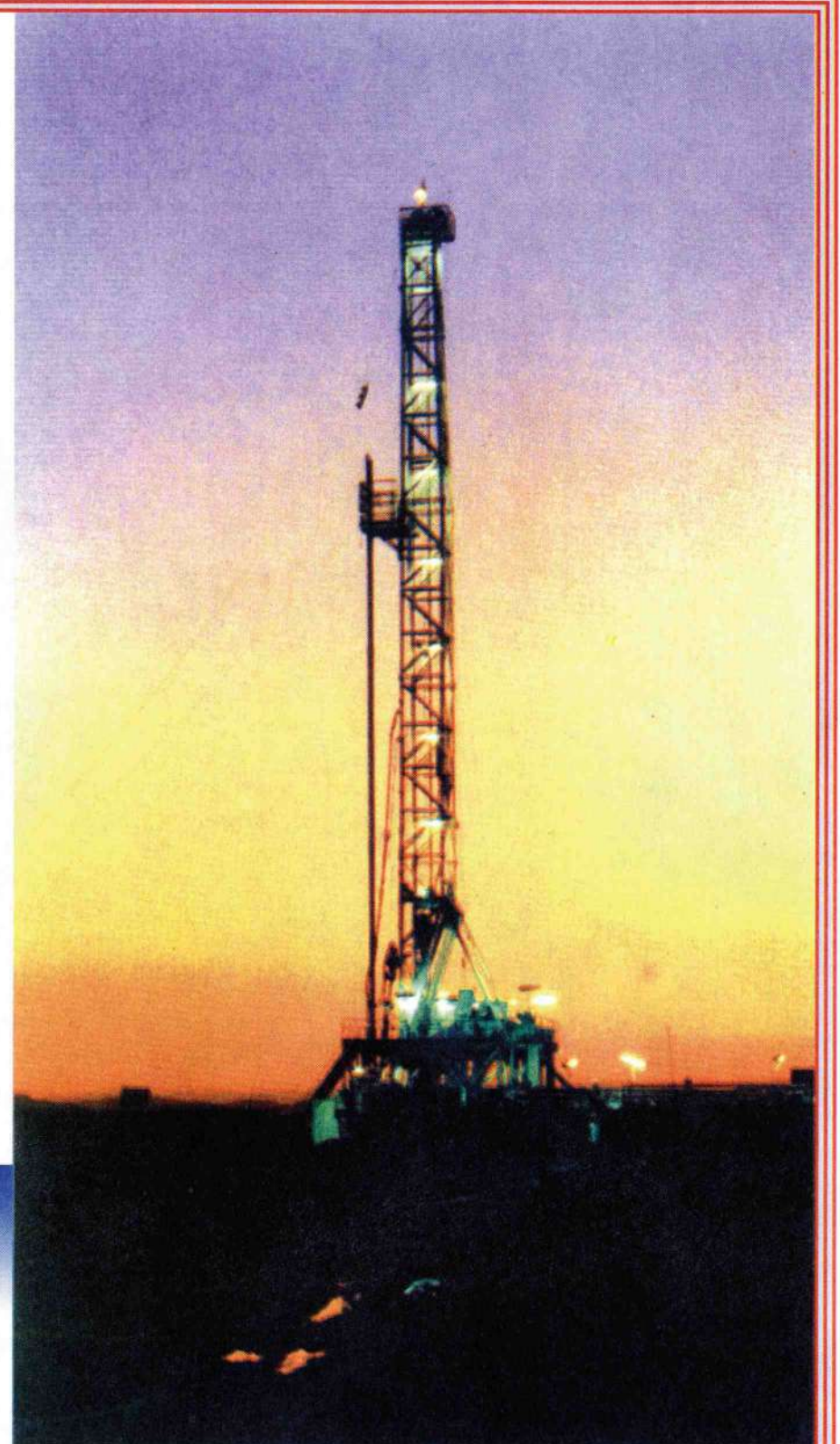


26 September
14 October

مجموعة الموقع - شركاء اليمن في استخراج موارده الطبيعية
Site Group - Partners of Yemen in Exploring its Natural Resources

SITE GROUP Co. Ltd.

FOR WELL DRILLING
Yemen Branch



Yemeni Women: Victims of Violence



Nada Al-Shameri
Yemen Times

The Women's Forum on Research and Training (WFRT) in collaboration with the Danish Embassy, held a training workshop to help the victims of violence and abuse in the Consultative House Hall from September 16 to 18, 2001. Forty-five participants participated in the forum from an array of sectors, such as army officers from the Criminal Investigating Administration, the Security Administration of advocates, and representatives of non-governmental organizations. The participants covered a number of governorates such as Sana'a, Aden, Taiz and Ibb. The person in charge of this workshop talked to the weekly *Yemen Times* newspaper, Suaad Al-Qadasi explained the main goals of the workshop. "The main aim of the workshop is the careful analysis of the reality of Yemeni society, such as its culture and traditions and the possibility of whether there is a kind of discarding others or hatred among people," she said. "The workshop has come about as a result of careful study and training workshops in different cities of the republic. The working papers were presented by the participants concentrating on several topics, including local legislation and its mechanisms. We have collaborated

with attorneys, researchers, advocates, and non-governmental organizations. The forum is the first of its kind in Yemen. It revolves around the crime in all its forms, with the aim of finding suitable solutions. What next? This question haunted us for a long time, since we intended to establish the forum. Actually, we are not the in charge of finding solutions to the problems, but we will keep in touch with the concerned authorities to deal with problems. The first thing we are going to do is to outline future plans in the form of drafts, in which everything has to be studied and directed towards the legislators and lawmakers. I am pleased that what we have achieved is more than what we expected. Discipline and participation is a clear sign of the success of the workshop," Al-Qadasi added. The traditional Yemeni way of life is completely against committing crimes, which makes it an ideal society. But the question which poses itself is: is Yemen completely free from violence? Concerning this question, Dr. Salahuddin Haddash, lawyer in international law, a lecturer at Sana'a University, and the person in charge of the practical department in this workshop, said, "We can say that in Yemen, as opposed to other countries, nothing can be mentioned such as violence or crime because of the religious facet, traditions and habits prevailing among the Yemeni people. Undoubtedly, violence can be found in every part of the world, and we here in Yemen see it as well.

Economic crises constitute a major problem and it is one of the main reasons of spreading crime and violence. We as Yemenis don't accept such undesirable acts, but the fact is that Yemeni society is a transitional community in which the South and the North are unified as one nation - this is the Republic of Yemen. Employment among youth is a major cause of aberration which leads to committing crimes. The worst thing is that the Yemeni personality fluctuates between coolness and unflagging enthusiasm. It is known to all that Yemen is a country of democracy and pluralism, so where is the need for violence? I, in this workshop, have devised a new field of science known as victimology, which is derived from criminology, which has been ignored by Yemenis."

The workshop mainly concentrated on discrimination in all its forms, its notions and its consequences on society. Participants agreed that discrimination is culturally inherited with the passage of time, as opposed to the notion of family, tribal and vocational discrimination. This kind of discrimination has engendered violence because of feelings of inferiority that culminate in making the individual seclude himself in order to escape the outside world, and he accuses and marginalizes society without giving any convincing evidence.

In this respect, the Chairman of the Arab Office and the Egyptian training expert in the field of human rights, Yaser Abduljawad said, "I feel proud of this forum in a country like Yemen. I was appointed to train the participants in the forum. I concentrated mainly on the practical aspect. We have discussed the topics and given the opportunity to the attendants to elicit the results." Then he explained the notion of dis-



Suaad Al-Qadasi Mohammed Hussein Salahuddin Haddash Yaser Abduljawad

crimination, saying that many societies in the world, specifically Arab societies have been accused of discriminating against women, against prisoners, and refugees and that is why we concentrate on the criminal aspects in the workshop. The National Committee for Women took up this topic, and I have come out with ten materials focusing only on discrimination in Yemeni society due social traditions and norms. In this workshop, problems were posed and I faced many hindrances." Among the participants was the advocate Mohammed Hussein, who said, "I expect to get mechanisms and strategies to find suitable solutions for violence and abuse towards others, such as the lower class (Al-Akhdam) in our society and women." "The participants were chosen because they are the first people who are exposed to violence. This forum is organized with the aim of training them and activating their minds. As a participant and lawyer, I hope that this forum won't be the first or the last. There should be a continuation of such forums to treat the victims of violence and abuse," he added.

At the end, certificates of appreciation were distributed among the participants. The forum has had a special effect on the attendees and the participants, and as a female journalist, I feel proud to be the mediator who transfers these activities to the public.

We live in a community in which we adhere to the Islamic religion and to our traditions and norms. We must collaborate for the sake of this ideal society, instead of committing crimes and terrorism and distorting the real picture of our lovely country.

Development of Yemeni Islands Symposium Concludes

Yasser M. Ahmad
Yemen Times

The Yemeni Islands promotion and Development Authority concluded Sunday September, 23, 2001 the first symposium on development of the Red sea Islands which lasted for two days at the police officer's club.

In the opening ceremony, Prime Minister Mr. Bajammal stressed the importance of outlining strategic plans for the development of Yemeni islands according to the needs and economic, tourist, etc. potentials. He said that Yemeni islands were gifted with rich wealth which made them a target for many colonizers. He added that the Ministry of Tourism and the Yemeni Islands promotion and development Authority would work jointly to develop these islands.

Dr. Awadh Bamatraf, chairman of the Authority highlighted the importance of the symposium which came after completing the field surveys that included all Yemeni islands on the red sea. Speaking about lack of development and infrastructure projects in these islands, he said that the symposium aimed at introducing the situation of Yemeni islands to all bodies concerned, difficulties faced during the surveys, etc.

The Symposium included a presentation of a number of working papers about Yemeni islands on the red sea.

In his paper, Mr. Abdul-Jabbar Naji discussed the need to a developed tourism industry and proper exploitation of tourist potentials. Mr. Salim

Abdullah Baquheizal lectured about the main sea pollutants, such as vessels that reach 30,000 every year, human waste, etc. Researcher, Yahia Mohammed Mutaher discussed how important it was to study the social and economic of every island in order to facilitate solving the problems of each island. The significance of birds species and protecting them was the subject of the paper presented by Dr. Omar Assaghir. He said that there were more than 200 different kinds of birds dwelling in the Yemeni Islands. Coral reefs were the main point highlighted by engineer Zaher Abdu Ali who talked about the factors that damage and affect the coral reefs that surround the Yemeni islands.

Among the recommendations that resulted from the detailed discussions by participants were the gradual implementation of projects with making all the needed detailed studies and master plans, using modern technologies in monitoring and controlling activities, attracting investors to invest in the Yemeni islands, etc.



هدية سبافون بمناسبة أعياد الثورة المجيدة..

سبافون تدعوك لتهنئة الأهل والأصدقاء بأعياد الثورة مجاناً

إشترك بخدمة سوبر نبا الآن..
وأتمم أول مكالمة لك في الفترة ما بين ٢٠ سبتمبر إلى ٢٠ أكتوبر
لتحصل على:

- ١٠٠ وحدة إضافية مجانية
- ١٢٠ يوم استخدام بدلاً عن ٩٠ يوم

عدد الوحدات: ٤٢٠٠
مجموع أيام الاستخدام: ١٢٠

إيش رقمك؟
إيش منتظر؟

نظراً للطلب المتزايد..
تم تمديد فترة هذا العرض
إلى ٢٠ أكتوبر..

هذا العرض لا يسري مع أي عرض آخر.

Letters to the Editor

We Need to Protect Our Freedom

I am an American. As you can guess I am very saddened by the attacks on our country.

The victims of this attack were average everyday people. They were mothers, fathers, children, sisters and brothers, all guilty of only trying to make a life for themselves and their families. While I know that innocent people are also killed by our own forces in other countries there is a difference. When we get images of these ignorant, uneducated people celebrating the death of innocent people it is so sad that their governments do not tell them the truth. In America we can easily access news from other sources, we have freedom of the press and, like it or not, we know the good, the bad and the ugly about our country and the whole world. We don't celebrate the loss of innocent people and we are deeply saddened by the innocent children that are uprooted and scared and hurt. That is the difference; we are a compassionate country. We are made up of all ethnic backgrounds, religions and lifestyles. We are tolerant of everyone's differences and try to respect them.

Yes, there are lunatics in every part of the world, and United States has their share as well. And when other countries find themselves threatened it is the good ole USA they come to first. How many forget this. I am not picking on your country or any other Mid-East country. I can only say that if so many people with so many differences can live in peace in the USA, why can't the world! You must understand that we as a nation are going to protect our way of life. We would love nothing better than to resolve this in peace, but the barbaric terrorists have made that impossible. Now it is time to protect what is so dear to us, something that a lot of people will never know....Freedom. Thank you & God Bless. Just your average American, wife, mother and daughter, Kathy

Kathy P.
USA

pakmill@hotmail.com

towards Israel. Simple police work brought this information to light within hours of the attack. So, while it would seem a credible motive for such a crime, any honest review of the evidence will force you accept that this theory doesn't stand up.

Much of the Islamic world seems to be concerned that the attack on America will result in hostile attitudes toward Muslims and more support by America for Israel. Oddly enough, I think the opposite may be true. Most Americans view it as their responsibility to protect Israel from being overrun, but beyond that they wish some resolution could be found. Most Americans have been generally uninterested in the conflict surrounding Israel and have been willing to patiently wait while the participants threw rocks and mortars at each other primarily because nobody seems to have a solution to the conflict that is acceptable (or even remotely acceptable) to all sides. It seems like two children bickering. But I think our patience just got considerably shorter. I think we want to whack the children aside their heads and say, "Stop it, now!"

I don't think you are going to see any significant demands from Washington to Israel this week or the next. The timing is not right. But I think Israel and Yassar Arafat will shortly learn that we are beyond being merely tired of their squabbling. It has become a matter of national security for the United States, and we aren't going to tolerate that very long.

As a side note, Americans are united in wanting to make sure there isn't a backlash against Muslims in this country. There have been a few high profile exceptions shown on television where some belligerent ignoramuses have attacked mosques and private individuals, but the outpouring of support shown around the United States dwarfs those stories. Mosques have been inundated with flowers and messages left at their doorstep offering messages of support.

Jim Kelly
Seattle, Washington, USA

I find it hard to believe the news we receive in this country is so biased to one view or another, since there are so many news sources, even from Middle-Eastern countries. Granted, there is bias in each individual news source, but with the variety and breadth of available resources, there is an overall balance. Most Americans utilize the many news outlets available to them to get a more complete image of the truth.

Whoever controls the media in America, saying they promote hatred against Arabs and Islam is false. U.S. national and local media outlets (as has President Bush) have all called for calm, rational thinking and reminded us daily that the actions of the few who attacked us do not reflect on Arabs or Muslims in general.

The media has said repeatedly that there are many Arab and Muslim Americans and that Islam is a peaceful religion. They have made a point to denounce the few crazy Americans who have attacked other Americans on the basis that they "look" Arabic, or Middle-Eastern.

We have arrested and will punish any American who attacks others on the basis of race. As Hassan further wrote, we have had a long battle against racism in this country and it is troubling that so many people are still ignorant of other races and religions. But we have come a long way and continue to battle hatred. We have laws against hate crimes and racism. In America, it is illegal to discriminate against someone because they are of a different ethnicity or religion. Hatred is a terrible force and we do all we can to stop it, to promote tolerance, and to live in peace.

I'll grant you that America's government has misused its power on multiple occasions, but most Americans speak out against those actions and protest when we feel our government is not doing the will of the people. And a lot of Americans agree that it is wrong for so few to control so much of the wealth of the world. We struggle to influence others to help the world and to get our government to take a more humanitarian role in the world: stepping in when people are dying of starvation, not just when there is oil at stake.

Fear spreads like a virus and makes people behave like animals. Spreading untruths and instigating fear amongst your readership only promotes ignorance and hatred, and we must struggle against hatred, in the world and within ourselves. Please use your resources to stop the spread of misinformation. Don't contribute to it. Hassan says the U.S. needs wisdom, not power. With this, I agree. We have more than enough power, but we'll never have enough wisdom. We all need more wisdom.

Aaron Howard
USA

Rejoinder: Common Sense

I would like to respond to a few of the points that Hassan Al-Haija made in his article, "Common Sense" entitled "Islam is innocent, Sharon is not".

Since the tragedy of last week our media in the US (television, radio, and print) has been loaded with all kinds of speculation about who could have been the perpetrators. Of course, Israel has been considered as a possible benefactor of any ill will toward Islam that might result. But, the facts don't add up to Israel as the culprit. Perhaps the most significant evidence leading away from Israel is the people that were on the planes and on the ground that organized and carried out the attacks. They were all people that would have little cause to help Israel, and most have a history of hate

Rejoinder to Hassan Al-Odaini's Article

Stop Spreading Misinformation

In www.yementimes.com/01/iss38/l&d.htm, Hassan Al-Udeini wrote:

"The media, which is greatly influenced and controlled by the Zionists, has been promoting hatred against Arabs, as a race and against Islam, as a religion."

One great freedom we have in America is access to world media. In America, we have access to news reports from Iraq, Iran, India, Pakistan, an Yemen, as well as most countries of the world. It is a wonderful thing that I can read what people in Arab and mostly Muslim countries have to say about current events.

External and Internal Reasons of 26 September Revolution



Bilquis Al-Hadrani

It is unfair to assess the progress of the revolution with regard to its goals. We can sometimes say that the goals were slowly developed and sometimes stepped forward. However, we cannot deny that the government has achieved great transitions in achieving the six goals. The revolutionaries have turned stones unturned for the sake of this country and its people and therefore, we perpetuate the memory of the martyrs of this revolution. It is this revolution which makes learning, intellect and sound education its tools to change the reality away from bigotry, bias, ignorance, and isolation.

We believe that the revolution was a heroic and creative deed. This can be achieved through cooperative efforts. Thus, 26th September revolution could achieve dramatic shifts in the life of the Yemeni people and could get rid of ignorance, isolation and dark-

ness and preparing the way for new horizons of renaissance and modernization.

Concerning the reasons of the revolutions' failures, it is known to all that any revolution has to encounter many of mishaps and failures. I do not think that 26th September revolution is an exception. Any revolution must encounter problems, hindrances and frustrations. This will in turn greatly affect its progress. The real revolutions are the revolutions which have paved its way without any hindrances or setbacks and the 26th September revolution was one of these revolutions which could achieve a resounding victories in all aspects of life. The main reasons of this revolution are of two kinds, subjective and objective. ie. it is related to external and internal reasons.

* The external reasons were represented by the endless support to the retrogressive forces. Britain did its best to suppress the revolution. It thought that revolutionary in the north would be of great danger to its presence in the south. This what actually happened from the first sight.

This forced Britain to cooperate with the retrogressive forces in an attempt to put down the revolution. Thus, all the imperialists and retrogressive forces rushed madly upon this revolution for fear that it may affect their future. It was evident that Israel was involved in that war. The arrest of an Israeli spy in Hodiedah was a clear testimony. These conspiracies against the revolution had great impact on the progress of the revolution. It blocked the progress and development of the revolution. War between the countries in the past had its devastating effects at all levels.

* Concerning the internal reasons can be attributed to the following:

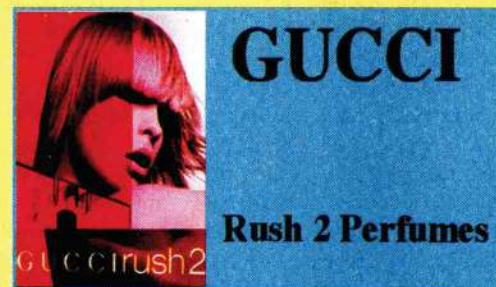
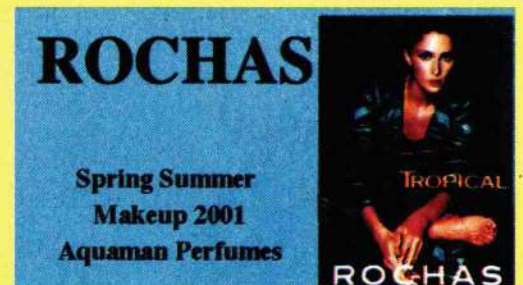
- The absence of a well studied and an accurate strategy.
- The absence of the administrative and the qualified cadre to lead the revolution successfully.
- Backwardness, ignorance and illiteracy, which remained for a long time, had great impact on the revolution.
- Lack of experiences among the revolutionaries.
- Tribal construction and its impact on the country's dominance.



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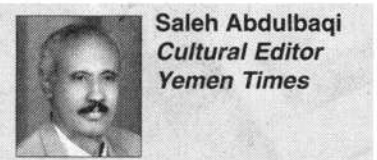
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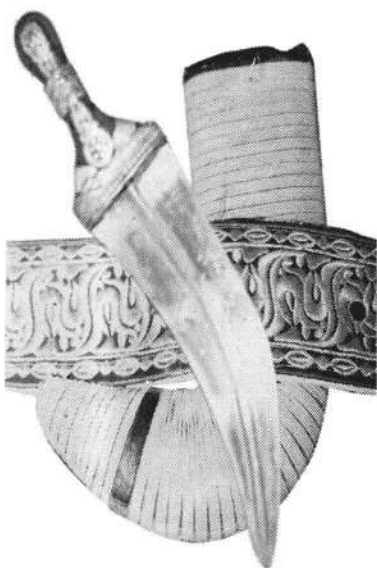
Jambiyya

Rooted in Tradition & Culture



Saleh Abdulbaqi
Cultural Editor
Yemen Times

Yemen still preserves a great number of traditional practices which reflect its rich civilization throughout history. The handicraft industry is witness to this rich history, as Yemenis have mastered the making of certain cultural items ages ago. Part of this industry is the jambiyya that dates back thousands of years. The great demand for this



piece of art has made it very valuable. Yemenis used to wear the jambiyya as a weapon for self-defense. Nowadays, it is no longer used as a weapon, it has rather become a part of a man's adornment, just like hand accessories. The name jambiyya is believed to derive from the word 'janb' (next to). It is said that this name was attached to it because it accompanies man wherever he goes.

Studies and research done on a number of ancient jambiyyas with ornamental engravings on them in the Dhafar museum in Ibb, show that the jambiyya first emerged in the third millennium BC. This result is supported by the discovery of ancient dead bodies in Hadhramaut, on which clear traces outlining the jambiyya were seen.

Other studies suggest that the jambiyya dates back to the seventh century BC. Such studies were based on a statue of Maad Kareb taking the shape of a jambiyya. The first jambiyyas were shaped like swords, and through time they developed into the present shape.

The jambiyya is made of the head or the handle, which the most expensive part of the jambiyya. In fact, the value of a jambiyya depends on this part which is made of animals' horns, giraffes' bones, camels' nails, etc.

Jambiyyas are usually named for their type of handle. For example, there are the Seifani jambiyyas which are the most expensive kinds. They are also called the heart because they are made

from the inside bone of rhinoceroses. Then come the Assadi jambiyyas. This name is derived from an ancient Yemeni king named Asad Al-Kamel. Horns of rhinoceroses are imported from Kenya, India and the Horn of Africa. Other horns are local and they are also expensive.

Usually, the older the jambiyya is, the more expensive it will be. It is first dark, then light, and finally the color turns transparent, just like glass. Jambiyyas of this kind are 400-1500 years old. Such jambiyyas are worth millions. At the same time, some kinds are very cheap, costing about 1000 riyals (US \$6). Nowadays, the best kind of jambiyya is getting more and more expensive, especially after banning the hunting of rhinoceroses. Handles are also adorned by two pieces of gold or silver on each side.

Blades

Blades are very carefully made. They are always sharp with hollow lines on each side that allow air to get into the wound when stabbing it at a body. Blades are also of different kinds. Some of these kinds are the Hadhrami, Adani, Al-Mabrad, etc. These also play a role in determining the value of the jambiyya. The best of these blades are the Hadhrami which are made in Hadhramaut.

Al-Aseeb

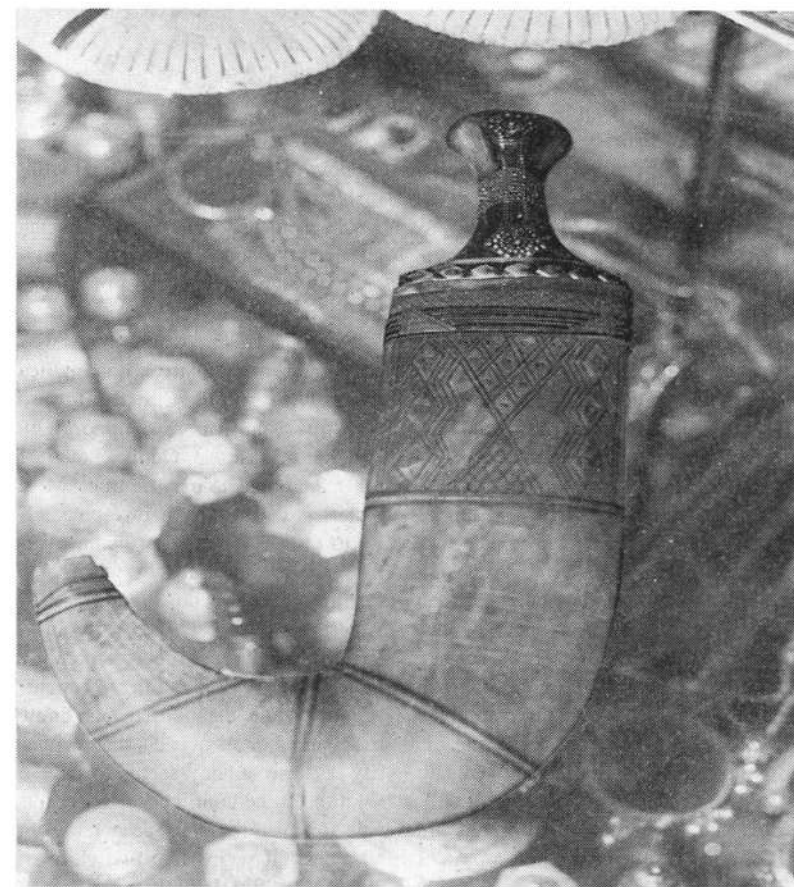
To protect the jambiyya and to give it a more decorative shape, Yemenis tend to make the "aseeb," a sheath that is

made of the best kind of wood. The aseeb falls into two categories according to the kind of wood used in it. The first is called Hashidi, which is the most widespread in Yemen. The other one is Bakili, which is more like a sword's sheath. This kind was worn by a specific group of high ranking people in Lahj, and Abyan.

The Belt

The belt is the last piece of art to complete the final shape of any jambiyya. It is very carefully adorned. And again, it is good workmanship, engravings, etc. that determine its value. Belts are also of different kinds.

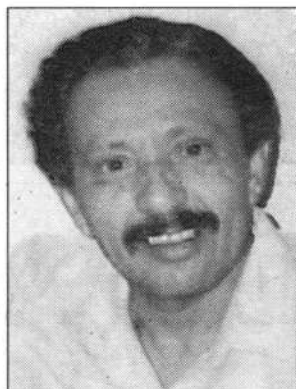
Usually, golden threads are used to adorn the belts. First a drawing is made on a piece of cloth, then comes the embroidery. The best kinds of belts are called Al-Mufadhali.



Mohammed Sa'ad Abdullah

Mohammed Sa'ad Abdulah is one of the prominent Yemeni singers who has a distinguished artistic life. He was born in the al-Hutah district in the capital city of the governorate of Lahaj in 1938, and suffered a lot during his childhood after the death of his father when he was only nine years old. The young Mohammed Sa'ad was forced to leave school due to his inability to meet his living expenses while in school. Mohammed Sa'ad bore the responsibility of himself so early and chose a path for himself, which is the path of art. Within the period of half a century, Mohammed Sa'ad Abdullah was able to make himself a prominent singer in Yemen and the Arab

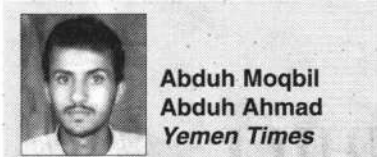
Peninsula. Mohammed Sa'ad began his artistic life as a ground music and chorus singer, along with a number of prominent Yemeni personalities who attended wedding parties in Aden, Lahaj and many other cities in Yemen. Mohammed Sa'ad Abdullah was a lover of Sana'ani, Lahji and Hadrami songs and excelled in performing them. Furthermore, the melodious voice of Mohammed Sa'ad makes him among the most popular singers in Yemen, although achieving popularity in these kinds of songs was not an easy job. Sa'ad mastered playing the lute and is



well-versed in Eastern music. Mohammed Sa'ad Abdulah has taken part in many art festivals inside and outside of Yemen and registered his songs at radio and television stations in many Arab states. The songs of Mohammed Sa'ad Abdulah are also sung by many Arab singers like Talal Madah, Hiyam Yunis and others. Mr. Mohammed Sa'ad Abdulah is suffering from a severe disease. We hope that the concerned bodies will pay due attention to him and help in providing appropriate treatment for him.

Euthanasia!!

After Dutch Parliament's Approval to Mercy Killing, Will Arab Countries Enact Laws Concerning Mercy Killing?



Abduh Moqbil
Abduh Ahmad
Yemen Times

What is Euthanasia?

It is called mercy killing. The act of putting someone to death painlessly or allowing them to die, as by withholding medical treatment from a person suffering from an incurable and especially painful disease or condition. The Dutch Parliament unanimously agreed to kill the gravely ill people. The so-called merciful death may explicitly suggest mercy, or it may implicitly signify torture. Doctors may resort to such acts intending to trade in the organs of the human body. Such killing of those suffering from incurable diseases is considered a heinous crime in our religion. Regrettably, the Western countries, including Holland, the country which protects human rights, support this act and urge other countries to enact such laws. So what is behind this law? Is it possible for Arab countries to enact similar laws? What about those who have become victims to incurable diseases? Is it reasonable to risk other people's lives and fall prey to the so-called merciful death? This is what we are going to deal with.

The people who suffer from incurable diseases, such as cancer, AIDS or nephritic failure already know the inevitable consequences they will reach. Perhaps, my dear reader, taking risks such as that is considered to be suicide. Do you agree with me? It is certain that patients' relatives or friends will have no patience with staying for a long period next to the patient taking care of him in hope that he may recover. The merciful death according to what they say is not only a killing but also an interference with God's will. In spite of modern technology in all aspects of life, doctors have become hopeless facing such incurable diseases. It is destined for patients to suffer and groan, but there is no need to be hopeless. I think no one in Arab countries will approve such act. It is known to all that Islam is a religion of peace, tolerance, and kindness.

A premeditated murder!!

From a medical point of view, the so-called mercy killing is similar to what we call suicide, and can be considered to be against our traditions as Islamic communities. It is premeditated murder. The Westerners have approved mercy killing for anyone who becomes bored with life or with any incurable disease. Killing a patient is done two ways, either by special medical apparatus or by vaccination. Whatever the

means is, the means is killing and nothing else. Perhaps, they want our doctors to be killers and murderers. Who knows, perhaps other of God's miracles will occur such as that of chronic diseases.

Against the Law

Mercy killing pertains to the human soul. This act is against our religion and our traditions as Arabs. Undoubtedly, Muslims as well as Arabs will not only reject, but they will rebel against such acts. From a sociological point of view, it is confirmed that Muslim communities have grown to know that medicine is a sacred profession which protects human life. Practitioners are considered angels of mercy and not angels of torture. If it is the reverse, the patient would prefer to die and would refuse to be treated by doctors. On the other hand, psychologists have confirmed that confidence plays an active role in the patient's recovery. If the patient's feelings are negative, the patient's condition will deteriorate. The practitioners have to remove the patient's premonitions or any fears which may affect him later. In conclusion, if such acts are allowed, some will use it illegally to kill patients under the pretext of treatment. The doctor's business is to treat people and not to kill them.



भारत का राजदूतावास, साना
EMBASSY OF INDIA, SANA'A
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN

PO Box No. 1154, Sana'a
Tlx No. 2578 Indemb YE
Tel No. 00967-1-508084/5
Fax No. 00967-1-508105
E-Mail: indiaemb@y.net.ye
indcom@y.net.ye

All the Indian nationals residing in Yemen are requested to get themselves registered with the Embassy of India, Sana'a by filling in Registration Form given below. Even those who got themselves registered, may get re-registered with the Embassy at the earliest, giving new contact numbers, as there may have been change in their phone number, residential address or the work place. The information may be faxed at No. 01-508105 or sent by post to the Embassy. It is a mandatory requirement in accordance with the Passport Act of India.

EMBASSY OF INDIA
SANA'A

Registration of Indian Nationals staying in the Republic of Yemen

- Name in full (in block letters) : _____
- Name of Father/Husband : _____
- Passport Particulars : No. _____ Date of issue _____
Place of issue _____
- Permanent Address in India : _____
- Name, address and telephone number of next of kin in India: _____
- Residential address and Telephone No. in Yemen : _____
- Name, address & Tel. No. of a contact person in Yemen : _____
- Date of arrival in Yemen : _____
- Probable duration of stay in Republic of Yemen : _____
- Profession/Occupation : _____
- Name, Address, Tel. and Fax No. of Employer, if any : _____
- Details of dependents staying with the applicant:

PHOTOGRAPH

| S.No. | Name | Date of Birth | Relationship | Passport details | | |
|-------|------|---------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | | | No. | Dt. of issue | Place of issue |
| 1. | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | |

Place : Sana'a

Date :

Signature of applicant

Notes:

- Those who are registered should inform the Embassy immediately whenever any changes take place in the information already furnished.
- Whenever a person registered with the Embassy leaves the Republic of Yemen finally, he/she should inform the Embassy in writing.

(For official use only)

Serial No. _____ No. of persons : _____
Alpha No. _____ Adults: _____
Children: _____
Registration No. _____ Total No. _____

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Dear Sir/ Madam

Dated:

Your name has been registered with the Embassy of India, Sana'a and your Registration No. is _____. Please quote your Registration Number, whenever you apply for any passport/consular service and also in any correspondence with the Embassy.

Improve Your English

101



Dr. Ramakanta Sahu
Associate Professor
College of Education, Mahweet

I. What to say

Travelling hopefully

Adel: Ramzi, I fail to understand why I feel so dejected today since morning. However I try to set my mood right and engage myself in some work. I can't.

Ramzi: I'm surprised to hear it especially from you. Adel. You are always cheerful and active. What's wrong with you today?

Adel: I really don't know. I feel as if the very prop of my life is withdrawn. Life seems to be a meaningless burden too much for me to bear.

Ramzi: Go and pray. Remember what the Prophet has said. First of all, we must wage war on weakness. We must be bold and brave. Weakness is sin incarnate. So drive it away at once.

Adel: I have always tried to forsake negative thoughts. But sometimes, as at present, my efforts seem so feeble that they do not yield any positive results.

Ramzi: Don't let the depressing thoughts come near you.

The moment you feel you are near this depressing, blood sucking vampire, say- you are bold, the offspring of Might. Before all else, be daring, be sincere. Then you will feel you are invincible. Nothing can shake you. Not even for a moment.

Adel: What you say sounds so true. But sometimes I have a feeling that such a thing is easier said than done.

Ramzi: I admit that positive thinking is not easy to cultivate. But it is not impossible either for one who knows how to control one's mind by self-sustaining discipline. As the English poet Milton says and I quote, "Mind is in its own place and can make heaven of hell and hell of heaven". Remember a disciplined mind is a man's best friend and a chaotic, undisciplined mind is his worst enemy. So we must know how to control our mind.

Adel: Yes, I remember another quotation that says "There's nothing good or bad. Only our thinking makes it so".

Ramzi: How true! So let's learn to channelize our mental energy in positive ways for creative purposes to achieve self-fulfillment, self-nourishment. We should look ahead and travel hopefully. Then only we can achieve our goal, be happy ourselves and make others happy.

Adel: I feel so relieved, Ramzi dear, I shall never brood hereafter and harbor any sort of weakness.

Ramzi: That's like my worthy friend Adel. Be contented with what God has given you. Don't feel depressed for what you haven't. Say, it's perhaps Allah's will and dispensation. Who can transcend His wishes? So stop worrying and start living. Try and make every tomorrow a better

tomorrow.

Adel: I shall, insha Allah.

II. How to say it correctly

Correct errors, if any, in the following sentences

- 1- I am suffering from fever since Monday.
- 2- If he will come, I shall go with him.
- 3- This pen is superior than that.
- 4- He is the noblest than all men.
- 5- The population of Sana'a is greater than Mahweet.

Answers to last week's questions:

- 1- Every thing is settled between you and me.
- 2- Neither he nor his son completed their work.
- 3- Each of the three boys has a book.
- 4- He will have gone to Aden next week.
- 5- My brother has been working in this office for five years.

III. How to express it in one word

- 1- Saying in many words what may be said in few words.
- 2- Mark the limits of something.
- 3- Sail round the world.
- 4- Paying careful attention to every thing before taking any action.
- 5- Prevent a plan from being carried out.

Answers to last week's questions:

- 1- Record of events in the order of their happening: **Chronicle**.
- 2- In order of time: **Chronological**.
- 3- Arrangement of events with dates: **Chronology**
- 4- A path that involves going a long way round: **Circuitous**.
- 5- line that marks out a circle: **Circumference**.

IV. Do as directed

- 1- He asked, "How old are you?" (Change the sentence into indirect speech).
- 2- Khaleel dropped his watch. Radhwan saw him (Combine the two sentences using the infinitive without "to")
- 3- Your future depends - your success in the exam. (Fill in the blank using an appropriate preposition)
- 4- Mr. Aid lives next door. His son is an invalid. (Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as a Relative clause)
- 5- The child fell down and lay there - till he was given first aid. (Fill in the blank choosing the right word: (senseless/ careless/ merciless)

Answers to last week's questions:

- 1- I was sent for by the headmaster.
- 2- My friend said, "you may leave your luggage".
- 3- If you drop a rubber ball, it will bounce.
- 4- He seldom asks questions in the class.
- 5- The ball fell on the floor.

V. Words of wisdom

"He who believes in goodness becomes good"

Let's Learn Computer (20)



Moinul Islam
Academic Head, Aptech World Wide
Republic of Yemen
E mail : moinuli@aptech.ac.in



IP Addresses and Domain Names

In the last issue we saw the role of DNS in Internet service. This issue we will see how DNS performs.

But before that I would like to summarise the functions of the DNS.

- It accepts requests from ISP to provide IP address of the domain names.
- It also accepts requests from other DNS for IP address of certain websites, which the later DNS is not aware of.

And that way, all the DNSs (or Name Servers) are connected to each other. Hence as an ordinary user we need to have to worry about whether our local ISP or DNS to which our ISP is "connected", is having the IP address of the website we are requesting for. Because as mentioned above, if one Name Server is not having the IP address of the website user is

requesting for, then it will get that from other DNS.

To provide the IP address it searches that by name of the website. From this fact, it is clear that each website has to have a unique name. This website names what we have been talking about is also known as Domain Name.

In order to understand the performance of the DNS, we need to have an idea about how the websites get the names (or Domain Names) what we use, to access to those websites.

To understand it better, let us take an example. Let us assume that we have developed a website which we want put on the Internet, so that others can access that. [We will see how to create a Website later, insallah.] To put on the Internet, what we will have to do is to register our website. Also we know that our website has to have a

name [i.e. Domain Name] and of course an IP address. For all these we have to approach one of the thousands of registrars. Yes, there thousands of registrars who can handle our request for the registration. But they cannot provide us the domain name and IP address on their own. For that they need to approach one apex body called Network Solutions. This company [i.e. Network Solutions] maintains the list of all domain names and relevant information. Ultimately this company will confirm the registration of your domain name.

While applying for the registration, also we have to mention one more thing - that is top-level domain name.

We will talk about top-level domain name and other details about it in the next issue insallah.

Mispronunciation of some English Consonants by Arab Learners

Aseel abdul wadood ferman

The English language is decidedly the world's most important and most widely used language. For an Arabic native speaker a distinction is often made between Arabic- as a mother tongue- and English. A young child starts acquiring Arabic by imitating his/her parents. Overlapping occurs at the time when the child enters school and mostly starts learning English. In most Arab countries, where Arabic is the most dominant language, learners of English usually tend to mispronounce some English consonants. They are influenced by the pronunciation of the Arabic alphabet and never think of the difference between the two languages because of inadequate attention to the pronunciation of the foreign language sound.

English phonetics should be given due consideration when English is taught as foreign language in schools: As soon as the physical properties of sounds and their manner of articulation should be the basic thrust in teaching English. It is common knowledge that the English language has 24 consonants in

all, fifteen of which are voiced, and the other nine are voiceless. Native speakers of Arabic should know and differentiate between them clearly to avoid mistakes when pronouncing them.

In describing consonants, each one is described in terms of three phonetic properties. No two consonants have the same three properties. The most frequent mistake committed by Arabic native speakers is in pronouncing /b/ and /p/; i.e., instead of saying /buk/ they tend to say /puk/ and instead of saying /pen /with /p/ they say /ben/.

Lack of sound knowledge about the articulation of these consonants causes mispronunciation. To avoid this, native speakers of Arabic should always remember manners of articulation of these sounds, as the following: /b/ and /p/ are bilabial plosive (stop) sounds.

They are bilabial because the sound is produced through two lips and they are plosive because the air is released with a plosion

/b/ is a voiced sound because there is vibration in the vocal cords, whereas /p/ is voiceless because there is no vibration in the vocal cords, everyone can feel the difference while putting

the finger over the vocal cords.

Arabic language does not have such differences because no /p/sound is pronounced in Arabic. Therefore, overlapping occurs when pronouncing /p/ and /b/.

Lack of knowledge of /l/ sound also leads to mispronunciation. In fact, there is one /l/ consonant, in English but it has two ways of pronunciation: 1-voiced alveolar lateral-light or clear /l/ such as look, lucky, lady, lamp, like, etc.

2-voiced velar lateral-dark /l/ such as doll, self, useful, vowel, tall, etc.

It is called lateral because in pronouncing it the air passes through the sides of the tongue. Clear of light /l/ usually occurs before vowels; But dark /l/ occurs at the end of words, usually before consonants.

In fact, most Arabic words have light of clear /l/ whereas few of these have dark /l/. This is why speakers of Arabic tend to make all English /l/ clear, not dark.

Speakers of Arabic need to practice these consonants to avoid mistakes in pronunciation. Great efforts should be made by teachers of English to avoid such mispronunciations in the learners of English on a foreign language.



YOUTH FORUM



Eve and apple

As we come to life
Mother, sister and wife
Become bonded and slave
Completed to live in a cave a life we have to die
Without a reply for our why
Being tortured for time long with just pain, sighs and no song
To live with a forced love and lose a right to have
Since Eve tempted father
Made all male suffer
Eating a forbidden apple became blight without end
But, have they read the creed? That we have a right and need?

Fahmia Taha Ahmed Al-Fotih
Sana'a University

Our days...twice

Our life...
Days pass and do never come back again

We are left to wonder
How a million wishes come in one moment
How we receive them hopefully?
How we live the moments?
How we part with them?
And how we rise again?
What the moments leave for us?
Smile, tear or nothing.

Feeling of...
Fear, doubt and hesitation, about that day
May be it will come or will not
The sun rises with our heart beats,
And we do not know what it hides
We again part with it
Either with joy or remorse

The same faces that we see
The same things that we know
And hours that we count

Meeting and parting
Roses wither and others open
And this is our life
We accept

Our days repeat and we!
We've to learn to live with out them.

Huda Ahmed Al- Hamadi
Sana'a University

Anger
Anger is a fire, which breaks out in the heart of the human being. It makes great changes in the body such as blood on the heart burns and spreads to the whole body, rising to the face like the water when it boils in the bowl. Face and eyes and skin all of these get red. People have degrees of anger. Some of them have more anger; they lose their minds and religion, and some of them have no anger they are in a sense disadvantaged. The

others are wise and have their anger to a balanced level. Anger makes the person blind and makes him unable to see any thing, life becomes dark in his eyes. So he may do any thing unconsciously. But one should remember the advice of Prophet Mohammed (peace and prayer be upon Him) when He warns us about anger in these words: if you do not like Allah to be angry with you, you should not be angry with others. A strong person is he who controls him-self when he becomes angry. In addition to all these he should remember his face when he is angry. An angry person resembles a wild wolf which wants to catch its prey. Finally, I think we should be wise and quiet in our life to live peacefully and happily.

Hayam Omar
Al-Mahweet.

German Embassy Language courses



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وإلى مجلس النواب برئاسة الشيخ / عبدالله بن حسين الأحمر
وإلى مجلس الشورى برئاسة الأستاذ / عبدالعزيز عبدالغني
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the Prime Minister, Mr. Abdulqader Bajammal,
the Speaker of the Parliament, Sheikh, Abdullah Bin Al-Hussein Al-Ahmar,
the Chairman of the Consultative Council headed by Mr. Abdulaziz Abdulghani,
& to the Yemeni people

On the occasion of the 39th anniversary of the 26th September
& the 38th of anniversary of 14th October Revolutions.

جامعة عدن

في غمرة إحتفالات شعبنا بالعيد الـ 39 لثورة 26 من سبتمبر والذكرى الثامنة والثلاثين لثورة 14 من أكتوبر

ونحن نتذكر هذه المناسبات العظيمة والبطولات والتضحيات الشجاعة.

كما نتذكر الإنجازات العملاقة وترسيخ دعائم الديمقراطية المتحضرة

ويهدد المناسبات ترف جامعة عدن ممثلة بالدكتور صالح باصرة رئيس الجامعة

وجميع أعضاء الهيئة التعليمية أسمى آيات التهاني والتبركات إلى

فخامة الأخ علي عبدالله صالح رئيس الجمهورية

وإلى الحكومة الرشيدة برئاسة الأستاذ / عبدالقادر باجمال، وإلى مجلس النواب برئاسة الشيخ عبدالله بن حسين الأحمر

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وإلى كل جماهير شعبنا الغالي

متمنين أن تعود هذه المناسبات الوطنية ووطننا الحبيب بألف خير وتقدم وازدهار



Yemen Free Zones Public Authority Aden Free Zone Cautionary Notice



Cautionary notice No. (1) for the year 1993 concerning the allocated plots of land in accordance with the cabinet decree No.65 for the year 1993 for the works of Aden Free Zone.

In implementing the stipulations of law No. (4) for the year 1993 concerning free zones and the cabinet decree No. 65 for the year 1993 concerning the geographical blocks and their boundaries to be used for Aden Free Zone.

The Administrative Board of the General Authority for Free Zones announces that:

First: The lands allocated for investment at Aden Free Zone which have been demarcated in accordance with Article No. (1) of the cabinet decree mentioned at the beginning of this announcement are as follows:

1- Sector(A):Mua'ala Terminal.

Investment activities in this block are for activating the loading of goods and the other activities related to the terminal through upgrading the handling equipment and expanding the storage capacity, plus publicizing the available opportunities at Aden Free Zone and the advantages ensured by the Free Zone Law.

2- Sector(B):: To the south of Mua'ala Terminal.

This block is allocated for building storage warehouse with the view of upgrading the storage capacity of Aden Terminal.

3- Sector(C):: Surrounding Aden Terminal, unspecified area.

Investment activities at the this block surrounding Aden Terminal are unspecified, but it is aimed to be used for containers at Caltex area, plus upgrading and deepening of the terminal's anchors so as to enable

Aden Terminal to receive big modern vessels.

4- Sector(D): Jabal Haded.

Investment activities at this block are designated for upgrading the underground cooling stores and for expanding the storage capacity of the terminal for being close to the terminal.

5- Sector(E): Tareq Camp (the whole area of the Camp)

Investment activities at this block are for construction works to expand and change the roads network for facilitating transportation between Aden Terminal and the Airport, plus the construction of several stores for re-exporting, processing and packing of goods.

6- Sector(F): Bader Camp and the Military Aviation School

Investment activities at this block are for air cargo forwarding purposes through the construction of new goods stores and offices for air cargo forwarders. In addition some industries related to air cargo forwarding can also be constructed.

7- Sector(G): To the south of Aden Airport

Investment activities at the north part of this block are designated for the industries related to export from the airport, while the southern part is designated for exporting, re-exporting and redistributing purposes.

8- Sector(H): Aden International Airport

The northern part of the zone has been designated for the current activities of the Airport and its expansion

by constructing more warehouses, building for passengers and international flights in addition the existing building will be used for domestic flights.

9- Sector(I): To the north of Aden International Airport.

Investment activities at this block are designated for the construction of an additional runway so as to meet the expected increase in airplanes movement in addition to other annexes like Taxiways. Moreover part of the block will be equipped for air cargo activities with all its requirements like warehouses and offices in addition a part of the block will be designated for the industries related to the cargo forwarding activities at the airport.

10- Sector(J): From Caltex intersection to al-Hasswah).

The investment activities at this block are designated for light industries with all its requirements such as plants, warehouses and other services.

11- Sector(K): Northwest Aden Governorate

The investment activities at this block are designated for the construction of the future airport for the City of Aden as well as the industries related to exporting from the airport, cargo warehouses for re-exporting and redistributing and hotels for the transit passengers.

12- Sector(L): To the northwest of Aden Governorate.

This block is designated for heavy industries with all its requirements: plants, warehouses and services.

13- Sector(M): the Western Shore.

Investment activities at this block are designated for the construction of a terminal for exporting & importing raw materials for serving the heavy industries zone and the other part is designated for upgrading Aden Refinery and deepening its anchors so as to be able to receive modern big vessels as well as further upgrading the Refinery Terminal.

14- Sector(N): Little Aden.

Investment activities at this block are designated for expanding and upgrading the equipment of Aden Refinery and creating a block for heavy industries & petrochemicals.

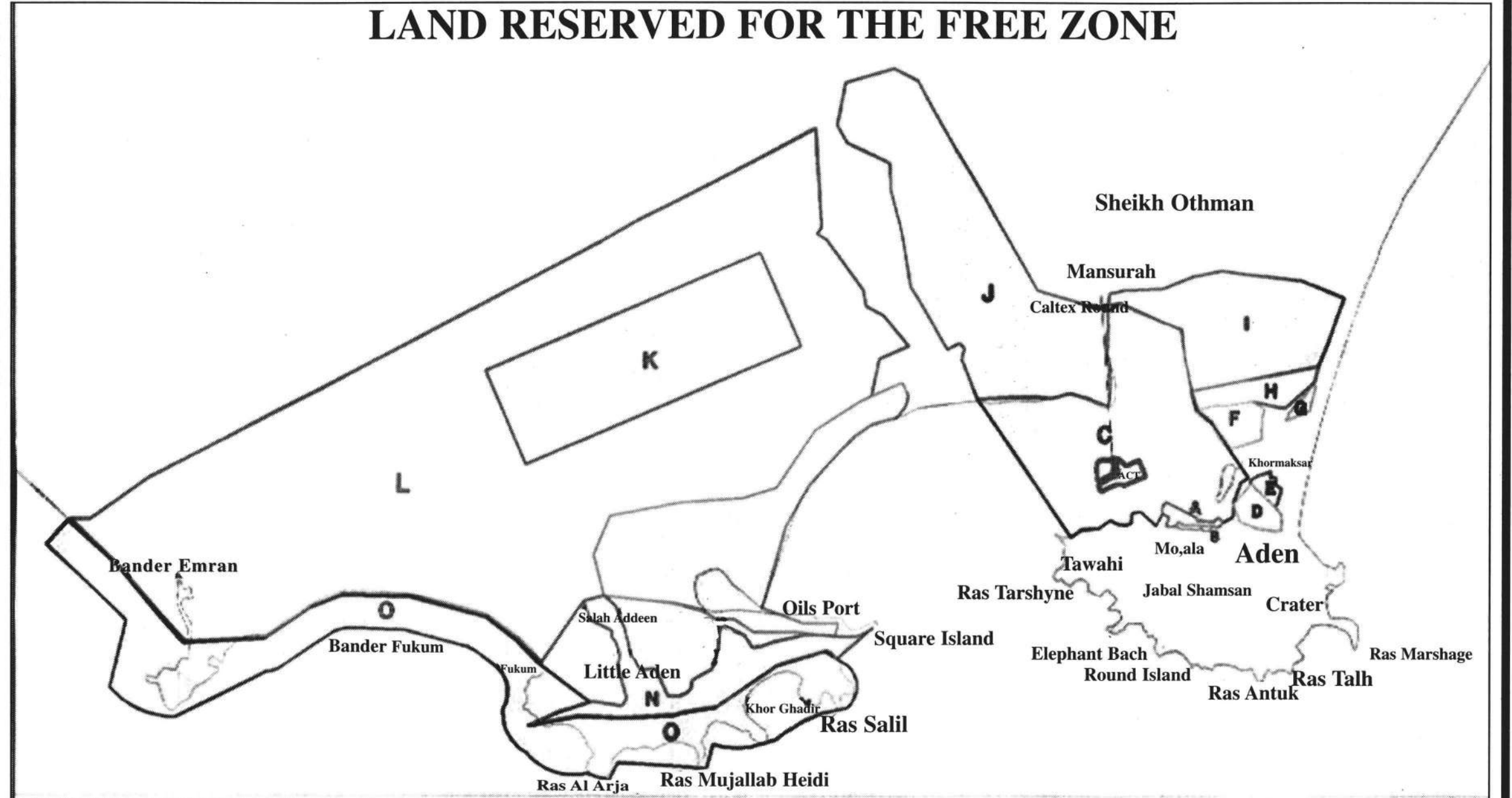
15- Sector(O): Minor Aden Faqam/Rass Amran.

Investment activities at this block are designated for the construction of hotels, parks and other touristic installations.

Second: It is not allowed for any body to make use of the lands located within the boundaries of Aden Free Zone for investment activities other than what specified above and in accordance with the cabinet decree in addition to getting a permit from the Administrative Board of the General Authority for Free Trade Zones.

Third: Interested investors at the specified blocks are kindly requested to apply to the office of the General Authority for Free Trade Zone for completing the required legal procedures.

LAND RESERVED FOR THE FREE ZONE



| SECTOR | LAND USING | AREA(HA) | SECTOR | LAND USING | AREA(HA) | | |
|--------|------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------------|----------|--------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | A | Expansion of Aden sea port | 59 | 9 | I | Expansion of Aden facilities | 1469 |
| 2 | B | Expansion of warehousing facilities | 9 | 10 | J | Light Industrial Activities | 3340 |
| 3 | C | Aden containers Terminal | 2900 | 11 | K | Planned Future Airport | 2770 |
| 4 | D | Warehousing facilities | 95 | 12 | L | Heavy Industry | 14000 |
| 5 | E | Expansion of airport traffic | 50 | 13 | M | Expansion of L/A Refinery Port | 2200 |
| 6 | F | Expansion of air cargo Village | 198 | 14 | N | Petrochemical Industry | 910 |
| 7 | G | Airport Related Industry | 30 | 15 | O | Tourism | 4000 |
| 8 | H | Expand Economical Activities | 284 | | | | |

الهيئة العامة للمناطق الحرة
YEMEN FREE ZONES PUBLIC AUTHORITY
ADEN FREE ZONE
المنطقة الحرة عدن



Press Scanner

Prepared by Mohammed Khidhr

Articles, commentaries and analyzes in the local press of this are still focusing on the recent events that took place in the U.S. and their subsequent developments all over the world. Concentration and emphasis this week is also put on reviving the 39th anniversary of the 26 September revolution of 1962 in Yemen. Other themes tackled in newspapers articles have focused on many local issues the Yemeni society is experiencing. Here we present you in this edition of our weekly press review some excerpts from articles published in a number of local newspapers.



Al-Ayyam newspaper
27 September 2001

Mr Ahmed Saleh Al-Faqieh has written an article saying the September 11 events have provided for the Americans such scenes their most efficient directors of science fiction have failed to imagine. Amidst stunning responses and anger and the American desire for vengeance, the world has lived very crucial hours of expectations in precaution of of uncalculated responses by the wounded giant. What have made it worse are the press analyzes that nominated most of Arab and Muslim countries as targets of the American vengeance. It seems that discussion inside the U.S. administration have later given way for reason calculations to prevail and the American official statements began to talk about

a long-term war for fighting terrorism using mostly the weapons of intelligence, diplomacy and economic pressures. The American immediate response to September 11 attacks divulged plans of securing bases for its troops on Pakistan's territories, a matter categorically rejected by majority of Pakistani people. It was clear that if America did that and transferred its military equipment into Pakistan, it would have then aroused internal reactions that might have led the hard-line groups supporting Afghanistan to control Pakistan's nuclear capabilities. Such a development would have been an introduction to dangers too superior to what happened in the attacks in America.



Al-Isboua weekly
27 September 2001

Political editor of the newspaper says the People of Yemen have received the 39th anniversary of 26 September revolution with the welcome it deserves as an accomplishment that has drawn for Yemen a new course to cross from despotism to freedom, to progress and to unity. Currently there are many difficulties before the Yemenis produced from contradictions between limited potentials and high level of hopes and aspirations created by the revolution. Before the 26 of September 1962 there was no renaissance blocked with hardships. There was an isolation and there was ignorance. After the revolution the Yemenis discarded their fear from

tyranny and found access to civilization and science. The Yemenis have begun building with one hand and struggling against remnants of the past with the other hand. Following years of the revolution Yemen is no longer that unknown part of the world.



Al-Jamaheer weekly,
organ of the Arab Baath Socialist party, Syrian organization, 23 September 2001

The newspaper's Editor in Chief has said in an article that economists are unanimous that any conflict taking place in the world is an economic one, as it had been confirmed in the first and second world wars the result of which had been the changing of old economic systems to be replaced by new systems.

As is the case of any war, it begins as political but with an economic content. The political directions of the crisis was initially created with the collapse of the Eastern bloc in order that the countdown begins to take the shape of an alliance aimed at other power centers in the world adopting independent trend with the aim of weakening them, instigating racial and sectarian feuds to liquidate Islamic movements and groups in Bosnia-Herzegovina, Chechnya and Afghanistan and others. These goals have not deviated from the economic objective. Weakening of these countries and movements would enable the spread of control on major keystones in the world. Now the Caspian Sea and the petroleum wealth it contains can be the next target following domination over Arab petroleum after the Gulf war.

Building on this image, the events of America and hitting the World Trade Center, is targeting capitalism. By who and how is another matter. The important thing is that indicators confirm that the blow has caused great confusion in international financial market, drop in value of stocks and severe collapse in investments.



RAY weekly, organ of
the Sons of Yemen League party
25 September 2001

Mr Abdulwasie al-Nakhilani says in his article this week that the recent events of America were not expected in minds and thought of many but it had happened. What have accompanied those events of strategic losses of a materialistic civilization and other painful casualties make us issue suppositions based on information issued by event-makers drawing us to think in a subservient way having no clues either in time or venue. The event is within the boundaries of America and the punishment is meant against a "perpetrator" thousands of kilometers away, in a cave in one of Afghanistan mountains. Many heads nod in acceptance of harmonious to chaos and never stop even for one moment to resort to logic. The vision became confused, the tyrant is the aggrieved and vice versa. The strongest military arsenal in the world is tattered on its own ground and to re-assemble its power to pour its anger and vengeance on defenseless people considered to be the weakest in the world. Such illogic mentality makes us believe that the lamb has really preyed upon the lion in its den. We do not even give an opportunity to reason and to think that there is another lion getting ready to prey or there is a savage conflict inside the lion itself.



Saut Ashoura weekly,
organ of Yemeni Popular Forces Union
23 September 2001

Columnist Dr Abdulmalik al-Mutawakil has this week commented on the recent attacks in the U.S. by expressing strongly his sympathy with the people of America in their ordeal and feeling pity and sorry for the innocent victims killed under the rubble. He says that at the same time he holds the American administration and its unjust foreign policy responsible for what happened. He who accepts and supports injustice befalling others should

expect that one day he would be target of that injustice. Dr al-Mutawakil maintains that the U.S. administration has been practicing injustice against the Palestinian people through its indefinite backing of the racial Zionist entity that is killing everyday children, women and the elderly; destroying farms and homes in addition to shelling savagely Palestinian town and villages using the U.S.-made weaponry. Against all that the American president pops his head on TV. screens to condemn violence of the Palestinian stone-throwers on Israeli tanks and his government puts all its weight to prevent the UN security council from taking a resolution of sending forces to protect the Palestinian people groaning under oppression, intimidation and impoverishment.

The other face of the American arrogance is the iniquitous blockade on the people of Iraq, in place for more than eleven years, and the daily American-British air shelling of the country inflicting casualties and destruction of civilian institutions.

American blockade against Iraq has up to now caused the death of more than a million children. Don't these children deserve to cry on as the world does today for victims of the Pentagon and the World Trade Centre? Aren't the children of Palestine and Iraq human beings deserve to stand by them and condemn the aggressor attacking them as we condemn the innocent victims aboard the kidnapped planes attacking the World Trade Centre? It is time for the American people to realize that the policy of their administration is behind what all that happened in the United States, in Palestine and in Iraq and others.



Al-Wahdawi weekly,
organ of the Nasserite Popular Unionist Organization, 25 September 2001

In its statement on the recent events in America, Nasserite Popular Unionist Organization says that with multiplicity of those that can be behind the attacks on the U.S. motivated with revenge or with interest, it is regrettable that the American administration has held the Arabs and Muslims responsible for the attacks and rendered all of them into terrorists just because of ethnic or religious affiliation although it does not possess any evidence. It began preparing for what the American president has described as a crusade war against the Arabs and Muslims, rather against Islam under allegations of fighting terror. It has started its war with campaigns of hatred against American Muslims and Arabs followed by massing up arms and forces for an open war against every Arab and Muslim country that would not submit to the American policy, and also on all the groups that resist the Zionist entity or refuse the American policy under pretext of being "terrorist". The statement mentions that Afghanistan is listed as the prime suspect as it harbors Usama bin Laden, whom America accuses as mastermind of New York blasts, though without any evidence, and that other Arab countries are listed as probable targets.

The United States must understand that its mistaken policy is the factor that brought for it enmity and that its endeavor for an international alliance against terror would not be achieved through pressure and the state terror, but through changing its policy and elimination of injustices committed throughout the world. These are particularly embodied in its support for Zionists and its stand against the right of the Palestinian people to freedom and independence, its unjust blockade against the people of Iraq that resulted in the annihilation of more than two million people because of sanctions, shortage in food and medicine and its blockade against Libya and the Sudan.

The United States must on the other hand realize that the world could not be forced to adopt the American concept of terror. For there must be a correct and just definition of terrorism, differentiating between it and the struggle of peoples for freedom. This should be in advance of talking about cooperation of the world nations, especially Arab and Muslim countries, with the United States. America has also to understand and remember its terroristic crimes and crimes of its ally, the Zionist entity against the civilians all over the Arab and Islamic world, before giving itself the right to describe the Arabs and Muslims as terrorists and to prepare itself for a racial and sectarian war against them the world over.



Al-Ihya' al-Arabi weekly,
organ of the Arab Baath Socialist party, Iraqi organization, 25 September 2001

The newspaper's editorial is this week devoted to mark the 39th anniversary of Yemen's revolution of 26 September 1962. It says the people of Yemen and the Arab nation have the right to celebrate the anniversary of September glorious revolution because its both regional and pan-Arab dimensions are strongly interlinked across the long march of struggle the strugglers have fought.

The editorial maintains that the roots of this blessed revolution extend deep into the national and pan-Arab soil, beginning from the revolution of 1948 through August 1955 to 1961 till September 26, 1962. Celebrating this occasion is an expression of gratitude and loyalty to the revolution and its heroes and martyrs and also a stage for political parties and organizations and intellectuals to inspire the rich meanings and indications of it, renewing the pledge and determination to continue on the road leading to achieving its great objectives.

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تعن: شارع جمال، قرب البنك العربي، تليفون: +٩٦٧-٤-٣٠٢٤٢، فاكس: +٩٦٧-٤-٢٥٨٢٧٩، بريد الكتروني: aptechmulla@y.net.ye
المكلا: الشارع العام، تليفون: +٩٦٧-٥-٣٠٧٤٩٢، فاكس: +٩٦٧-٥-٣٠٧٤٩٣، بريد الكتروني: aptechmulla@y.net.ye

Afghan Tribal Leaders Meet With Ex-King in Rome

ROME—Leaders of Afghan tribes which oppose the Taliban regime met here on Saturday with deposed King Mohamed Zahir Shah to illustrate their position in the confrontation between the Taliban and the United States as well as the need to topple the former. A spokesman for the visiting leaders later said they told the ex-king that while seeking "political" support from the U.S. and its logistical support, "we absolutely do not want American nor European troops in our territory." A spokesman for Zahir Shah explained that the ex-king "absolutely has no personal ambitions" in Afghanistan nor did he consider himself a "candidate"

for a possible return of a monarchy there. The only thing the elderly former king wants, he stressed, "is for the Afghan people once again to find security and choose the type of society they want." Zahir Shah on Saturday also received a visit from Italian House Foreign Affairs Chairman Gustavo Selva. A statement issued by Selva's office said the meeting included an overall review of the grave situation in Afghanistan, including the need for a transitional government, the plight of millions of refugees and the need in the region for food and medicine supplies. —Xinhua

Chirac Warns Against Confusion Between Terrorism, Arab World

PARIS—French President Jacques Chirac called on the international community to guard against any confusion between fanatic terrorist groups and the Arab world, announced France's presidential palace L'Elysee on Friday. "Any amalgam between fanatic terrorist groups on the one hand and the Arab and Muslim world on the other is not only wrong in logic but also dangerous in consequences. We should guard against it," said Chirac during his telephone talks with Japanese Prime Minister Junichiro Koizumi. When meeting with Indian Minister of Foreign Affairs and Defense Jaswant Singh at L'Elysee, Chirac also reaffirmed his rejection to equation

between terrorists and the Arab world, said L'Elysee. Chirac made these remarks amid controversy provoked by Italian Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi's comments on Wednesday, when Berlusconi said that "the West should be confident of the superiority of the Occidental civilization." During his telephone talks with Koizumi initiated by the latter, Chirac also insisted on the necessity of humanitarian actions to help Afghan refugees, and Koizumi told Chirac that Japan is ready to join these actions in liaison with the U.N. High Commissioner of Refugees, said L'Elysee. —Xinhua

White House Says U.S., British Special Forces Conduct Operations in Afghanistan

WASHINGTON—U.S. and British special forces have conducted operations in Afghanistan and the Central Asian region, a senior White House official told CNN Friday. The military operations, described as routinely done to scout out the situation when forces are deployed to a

region, were conducted "in the region" and "in country," meaning Afghanistan, said the official, who asked not to be identified. However, U.S. Defense Department spokeswoman Victoria Clarke refused to comment on the U.S. and British operations in Afghanistan. The Pentagon was not making any comment on operations, Clarke said. USA Today reported Friday that elite U.S. and British commandos arrived in Pakistan on September 13 -- two days after the terrorist attacks on New York and Washington, and began moving into Afghanistan with orders to capture or kill Saudi-born Islamic militant Osama bin Laden.

Anti-war Protests Held in Sydney

CANBERRA—Over one thousand anti-war protesters marched in Sydney Saturday calling on the Australian government to limit its military role in the war against terrorism.

The United States has singled out bin Laden as the prime suspect in last week's hijacked airliner attacks on the World Trade Center in New York and the Defense Department building in Washington that left more than 6,000 people dead or missing. USA Today quoted U.S. and Pakistani officials as saying that teams of three to five U.S. and British commandos backed by Black Hawk MH-60K helicopters have been searching for bin Laden in caves and bunkers in southwestern Afghanistan near Kandahar. The paper said several elite military units were involved in the effort to find bin Laden, including the U.S. Army's Green Berets, Navy's SEALs and the British Army's Special Air Services. —Xinhua

According to the Australian Associated Press, the protesters carried banners: "Stop This Racist War" and "Money for Jobs Not War". Demonstrators said Australia should be helping the U.S. find and arrest the criminals who had committed the terrorist acts in the U.S. and bring them to a world court established by the U.N. Similar protests took place in other state capital cities including Perth and Brisbane. Friday night, Prime Minister John Howard had a telephone conversation with U.S. president George W. Bush, in which they reaffirmed that Australia would have a high level of involvement in any American action. —Xinhua

WTC Debris Removal Takes Months to Year: New York Mayor

NEW YORK—The removal and clean-up of the wreckage of the 110-storey World Trade Center (WTC) may take nine months to one year, New York mayor Rudolph Giuliani said Friday. The reason for that is "the complexity" of the work, he told reporters. So far a total of over 133,000 tons of debris have been removed in thousands of truck loads. He did not give the amount of the remaining work, though some experts say the collapse of the twin-tower buildings may leave 1 million or more tons of twisted steel, crushed concrete,

broken glasses and dust. The terrorist attacks 17 days ago hit and toppled the landmark buildings, leaving 5,960 missing, in addition to 306 confirmed dead on the site and 157 killed aboard the two hijacked passenger planes. While the car pool rule remains in effect Friday morning for traffic into mid and lower Manhattan, the city will reopen Holland Tunnel on Friday to ease west-bound traffic to New Jersey, with its east-bound flow still closed "for a foreseeable future," he said. —Xinhua

Thousands of Iranians Rally in Support of Palestinian Uprising

TEHRAN—Some 5,000 Iranian worshippers Friday rallied here to voice support for the Palestinian intifada (or uprising) against Israel triggered one year ago by Israeli violation of an Islamic holy site in East Jerusalem. Headed by a group of Palestinians receiving medical treatment in Tehran, the demonstrators marched down the streets between the Tehran University, venues of Friday prayers, and the Palestinian Embassy, formerly the Israeli embassy in Iran, the official IRNA news agency reported. They shouted "death to Israel" and carried placards showing support for the intifada and condemnation of Israeli atrocities in the occupied Palestinian lands.

Supreme leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, we condemn terrorism in any form and call on the United Nations to adopt a serious stance on terrorism and to cooperate with all world states in fighting terrorism," said the communique. On September 28, 2000, then Israeli hardline Likud Party leader Ariel Sharon, now prime minister of the Jewish state, paid a provocative visit to Al Aqsa mosque compound in East Jerusalem, triggering the bloodshed between the Palestinians and Israelis, which has so far killed nearly 800 people, most of them Palestinians. Iran shut down the former Israeli Embassy in Tehran and cut its ties with the regime after the 1979 Islamic Revolution. It does not recognize Israel and firmly supports the Palestinians in their fight against Israeli occupation and aggression. —Xinhua

A communique issued to mark the first anniversary of the Palestinian intifada said that "state terrorism, led by Israel, should be condemned and terrorism should not be recognized at all." "Under the auspices of Iranian

Thousands of Afghan Refugees Making Their Way into Pakistan: UNHCR

UNITED NATIONS—Thousands of Afghans were managing to cross into Pakistan even though the border remained officially closed, the United Nations refugee agency said Friday. "Between 10,000 and 20,000 people are believed to have arrived in Pakistan's Quetta region over the past week," the U.N. refugee agency said in a press release in New York. Most of those crossing were women and children, while men were staying behind in Afghanistan to keep an eye

on their property, the U.N. agency said. Some men accompanied their families across the border and then went straight back to Afghanistan. Many of the people who have fled to Quetta are ethnic Pashtuns, but there are also ethnic minorities among them, it said. Pakistan has repeatedly stated that the border with Afghanistan would remain shut. But on September 26, authorities indicated that anyone managing to enter the country illegally would receive assistance in refugee camps. According to UNHCR, up to 1.5 million Afghans could cross into neighboring countries, 1 million of them into Pakistan. The refugee agency has said the planning figures represent a "worst-case scenario."

Afghan Force Captures 3 American Soldiers: TV

ABU DHABI—Afghan security forces have arrested three American soldiers along with two Afghans near the border with Iran, the al-Jazeera television of Qatar reported Saturday. The three soldiers from the U.S. Special Forces carried modern weapons and maps of the sites of Bin Laden's al Qaeda group when they were captured, the television said quoting an al-Qaeda source. —Xinhua

In another development, UNHCR was scheduled Friday to start airlifting supplies to Quetta. The first plane loaded with 44 tons of plastic sheets was set to leave Copenhagen late Friday and would arrive in Quetta around noon Saturday. The plane would then shuttle between Quetta and Copenhagen, bringing in more supplies. UNHCR has appealed for 268 million U.S. dollars to tackle a possible large-scale emergency in and around Afghanistan. —Xinhua

Overland pioneer organizes trips to Iraq

Once Yemenia's proposed flights to Baghdad become a reality, Yemenis may want to take advantage of a tour of Iraq organized by Geoff Hann, the British director of Hinterland Travel. It will be possible to join the tour after arriving in Baghdad.

Asia, Iran and Iraq. His love of history and taste for exploring little known routes have caused him to travel on almost all roads in and out of Iraq, including the now closed border crossings. During the Iran-Iraq conflict (1980-88) the tourist groups he personally took to Iraq were often the only travellers in the country.

Geoff Hann, the founder/director of the adventure companies Hann Overland and now of Hinterland Travel, is a veteran overland traveller and adventurer who has been visiting the Middle East since the 1960s. In the early years of the Asia Overland expeditions boom during the 1970s, he personally drove and led over 20 group departures from London to Katmandu by road, many by way of Iraq, through southern Iran, others through Afghanistan. He still organizes these trips, along with the unique London to Delhi by train tour. In recent times he has led small groups to various parts of India, Tibet, China, Bangladesh, Central

In October 2000, after a period of absence from the country due to the Gulf War, he renewed his archaeological/historical tours to Iraq and British tourists returned to the country. "We saw more sites this time than I had ever seen before, obscure though some may be. No obstacle was put in our way and everybody was delighted to see us," Hann recalls. He is now operating a further tour series of Mesopotamia, leading many of the trips himself, organizing a special train trip on the Baghdad Railway, and looking forward to helping normalize travel and tourism to Iraq.

U.N. Security Council Lifts Sanctions Against Sudan

UNITED NATIONS—The U.N. Security Council Friday voted 14-0, with one abstention, to adopt a resolution to lift sanctions against the Sudan. The United States abstained from the voting.

end the sanctions, he said. After the vote, the Sudanese ambassador to the United Nations said that today's Security Council decision "is the fruit" of tremendous efforts by the Sudanese Government to carry out relevant U.N. resolution.

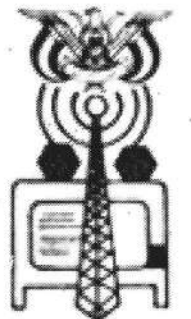
The resolution welcomed the Sudanese accession to the relevant international conventions for the elimination of terrorism, its ratification of the 1997 International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombing and its signing of the 1997 International Convention for the Suppression of Financing for Terrorism. The council had delayed a September 17 meeting to end sanctions on the movement of diplomatic personnel because of the attacks against the World Trade Center in New York and the Pentagon in Washington. U.N. sanctions against the Sudan were imposed in 1996 to force the Khartoum government to hand over suspects in an assassination attempt against Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak in the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababa.

The deputy U.S. permanent representative to the United Nations, James Cunningham, said, "The United States government believes that the government of Sudan has taken substantial steps to meet the specific demands of the U.N. Security Council resolution." "We note with concern, however, that the suspects wanted in connection with the 1995 assassination attempt on President Mubarak in Addis Ababa were not turned over to the appropriate authorities," he told the council after the vote.

They require states to reduce the number of Sudanese diplomatic personnel and to restrict the entry or transit of Sudanese government officials. But the United States is one of the few countries to honor the sanctions. Both Egypt and Ethiopia voiced their support for the lifting of the sanctions on the Sudan. Before the vote, the Russian representative said that his country is satisfied with the Sudan's implementation of relevant Security Council resolutions. "Sudan has fully met the demands" to

In response Sudan's U.N. ambassador, Elfatih Mohamed Ahmed Erwa, said the end of the sanctions was the "fruit of enormous effort taken by Sudan to cooperate with the international community as represented by the Security Council." He said the resolution represented "a strong impetus for my country to proceed forward and to cooperate in order to eliminate terrorism, and to engage with the mainstream international community's work and its organs." U.N. Secretary-General Kofi Annan welcomed the vote, telling reporters afterward, "I think it is a very important day for Sudan and also the way the council works." —Xinhua

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The General Corporation for Radio & Television invites bidders to apply for tender No. 16/2000 for the supply of a portable satellite television transmission station. Interested bidders are kindly requested to apply to the General Department for Engineering Projects at the corporation located in al-Hassaba near to the Ministry of Public Health during the regular opening hours for collecting the tender documents against a non-refundable fee of US\$ 200. Bids must include a bid security of 2.5% of the total cost of the bid valid for 90 days; a copy of the tax card for the year 2001 and a copy of the work license. All bids must be submitted in red-waxed envelopes. Bids will be opened at 11: 00 a.m. on Saturday, 26/10/ 2001.

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Ministry of Information
General Corporation for Radio & Television
Tender & Auction Department

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Tradition in Hodeidah

Abdu Darwish Zeidan

Like the coastal cities, Hodeidah and the neighboring districts still preserve different kinds of features. However, traditions and conventions are almost alike, except the folklore which is different in almost every area due to different demographic formation.

Bab Mushref

Many people in Hodeidah say that many of their traditions and conventions sprang from Bab Mushref. In fact, if you don't know this area, you cannot claim that you know Hodeidah. It has the same importance Bab Al-Yemen has in Sana'a. Bab Mushref is the only remaining gate leading to the city.

Hodeidah was surrounded and fenced

in by a huge wall that had four great gates. The wall collapsed. Only one of its four gates, Bab Mushref, is still there. Opposite the gate, there is also still one of the historic fortresses which has been converted into a police station. The neighborhood of the area includes the Grand Mosque and the old market.

The great number of occasions celebrated by the Hodeidian people made some writers describe the city as the Egypt of Yemen. They are very concerned with luxurious things and decorations. People may be past their twenties and not yet be married. This is not because of the expensive demands of the brides or their families, but because the exaggerated celebrations which require a lot of money.



Married people have their own traditions. Husbands should come back with jasmine and other kinds of fragrant flowers for women to enjoy their gathering with their aroma. This is part of the daily expenditure. Some contract flowers peddlers to pass daily by their houses. Other daily purchases include tobacco.

Jasmine's price depends on the season. A garland of jasmine is 1000 riyals in the summer, its season, and 3000-4000 in the winter.

Folklore

Folklore in Hodeidah is one of the most important tourist attractions. The most popular folklore dances are sea dance and the forsan, which are very popular on Kamaran island. There are also the khiali, assaq, arrazfah, azzamel, azzahrah, ashamahia, al-mureisi, azzahfah and many others. Some of these dances are African.

Al-Huseinia is the name of one of the most important folklore festivals in the city. Other kinds of activities, such as horse-racing and jumping over camels, are practiced during the same festival. Another festival is the Palm Festival which usually runs from May until August of every year. Similar activities of culture, tradition and sports are also practiced during this festival.

Religious Occasions

More than 50 places have been listed as religious hearthstones. Most of these are graves of religious people. Some graves are no longer visited due to the growing awareness of people of those areas, such as people of Assidiqiah, where Sheikh Al-Siddiq is laying in peace.

The other places are located in Al-Maraweah, Al-Khokhah, Kamaran, Al-Zeideiah, Bajel, Beit Al-Faqih, Zabid, etc.

As people in Sana'a celebrate on the first Friday of every 'Rajab,' people here celebrate what is called the 'Night of Delight' in Shaaban.

Hot Springs

It was a habit of inhabitants of Hodeidah to go to the hot springs. Today, only a few people do that. This might be attributed to the difficult economic situations of families. Two kinds of people still go to such springs: the rich and those seeking recovery. Most of these springs are located in Al-Sukhnah, Bajel, Al-Zahrah, etc..

Traditional fashion

If we exclude the city that has been affected and influenced by modernization, dresses and clothes can be divided into three categories. For example, women in Zabid wear 'Al-Karnah,' a cotton long dress with a futa. Men wear Al-Musanaf, Al-Majar, Al-Madraah, Al-Maqtab, etc., which are all locally made. People of Al-Zaraniq put a piece of silver on their heads, while their women wear circle silver pieces on their legs, waists, etc. Such pieces are adorned by precious stones.

Handicrafts

Some people still work on handicrafts such as pottery and other kinds of cottage industry. One of the important traditional industries is ship and boat-making, which is more popular in Al-Khukha and Al-Luheiah. Other activities include producing oil, as in Bajel, Al-Maraweah, Al-Mansoriah and Hodeidah, agricultural tools as in Bajel, Al-Qannas and Al-Khukhah, and daggers and weaving as in Hodeidah, Beit Al-Faqih, etc.



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 س.ت: ٨٠٦٦، الحديدة: المطراقي، حارة الترك: ٢٤٦٠٦٥، فاكس: ٢٤٦٠٦٥
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 ٧٧٧٠٥٠٥٦

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تدريس لغات وكمبيوتر، الدورات الصيفية متواصلة. شارع حدة عمارة الغراسي تلفون ٢٠٦١١٧، فاكس ٢٠٩٥٤٤

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Light

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Issue (40) Vol 11 October 1, 2001

Page 2: Main Story +Varieties, Page 3: Survey, Page 4:Sports, Page 5:Technology, Page 6:Travel & Leisure

Bin Laden Appears in GSM Phones! - P2



The Grand "Millions" Competition

see inside

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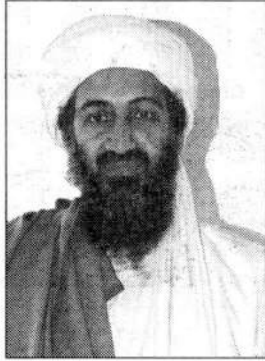


Bin Laden Appears in GSM Phones

Several Yemen Times readers reported of photos of Osama bin Laden, the USA's number 1 wanted man had appeared in their GSM phones through the SMS (Sending Messages Service).

They consequently reported this to the Ministry of Communications, which immediately requested that all GSM service providing companies suspend their SMS.

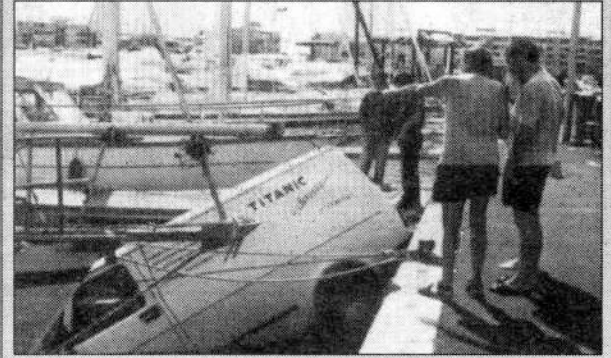
"The message seemed to come from out of Yemen, and the number is still stored for reference," said one of our readers.



It is worth mentioning that photos of all kinds are possible to transmit just like faxes through the technologically advanced GSM services. Several complaints were filed to the Ministry of Information in the past, including the exchange of pornographic pictures through those mobile phones.

Bin Laden is seen by many supporters worldwide as a hero. This late move is seen as an attempt by some of those groups to influence the public by using such technologically advanced features for this goal.

Photo of the Week



A Titanic Problem!

Canada Policeman Suspended, Seen Aiding WTC Survivor

A report by Reuters revealed that on Wednesday, September 26, a Canadian policeman who took his own tracking dog to the wreckage of the World Trade Center, and is reported to have found a survivor, has been suspended after it was found he was there without the knowledge of his employer.

The Canadian Policemen, Jamie Symington, 35, tried two weeks ago to help in finding survivors of the attack against NYC's WTC buildings in Manhattan. His superiors told Reuters they were amazed to discover he had gone to the scene of devastation without permission of his boss.

"We were unaware he was there. We learned about it on TV," said Sgt. Brenda Zima, public relations officer at the Halifax police, where Jamie worked. Zima said Symington had been on leave for a "personnel issue" since last June and that the timing of last Monday's suspension was "difficult". "It is not as simple as it may seem. We have very good reasons and the situation is complex in its nature," Zima said.

The Halifax police union said it will stand by Symington against the boss's decision to suspend him from working, and provide him resources until he gets his day in court.

According to the latest statistics, more than 6,400 people are missing and assumed dead because of the attack against the New York's World Trade Center on September 11.

When Chat Rooms Become Hate Rooms

Since the attack on the World Trade Center in NYC and the Pentagon in Washington DC, many computer chat rooms had become forums for anti-Arab and anti-Muslim extremists.

USA Today says that a discrimination lawsuit alleging that AOL allowed harassment of Muslims in chat rooms was filed last month. At the time, it got little attention. Now, in the wake of what has happened — and Pres. Bush's latest call for sensitivity toward Arab-Americans — the publication says that the suit may become a "national touchstone" for what is happening in cyberspace.

The defendant in the case, Saad Noah, says that in spite of AOL's long-standing claims that its chat rooms are monitored, he saw many anti-Arab and anti-Muslim statements in the provider's rooms with no action taken.

Afghanistans: Let's Play Cricket

Afghanistan, while waiting for the imminent attacks from the United States, has amazingly asked Pakistan Wednesday for permission to take part in a cricket tournament hosting by Pakistan in October.

"They had made a request to us that they wanted to take part in the Quaid-e-Azam Trophy and we accepted it," a senior official of the Pakistan Cricket Board of Control, Brigadier Munawwar Rana, told Reuters.

"Since they have confirmed their participation, we have included them," said Rana. "But whether they are able to take part in the competition physically, I think, depends entirely on the circumstances." According to Reuters, "Club teams in Pakistan have played numerous games against Afghan sides in the past, and have also lobbied to get Afghanistan affiliate membership of the International Cricket Council (ICC) this year."

Afghanistan claims that its people have peace in mind and are unafraid of the USA's threats. They seem to be committed to continue their lives as usual.

NOW THAT IS BIZARRE!

(A weekly column for bizarre stories and news)

"It's crazy but it's true, I only want to be with Ewe!"

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina - The sheep really hit the fan after 20 landlords refused accommodation to an Argentinean man and his ewe. The man, identified as Roberto, reportedly just moved from Buenos Aires and was looking for a place to live with his pet sheep. After being shunned by virtually every landlord in Buenos Aires, Roberto has tied himself to his woolly friend, vowing to stay that way until they find somewhere to live together. Tropicana Radio reports he's carrying a sign declaring "down with the discrimination".

Girl Inadvertently Sues Herself

STOCKHOLM, Sweden - Like any dangerous weapon, the law can sometimes backfire with bizarre consequences. Take the case of a Swedish girl who was sexually abused by her mother's husband. The courts ruled against the man and ordered him to pay \$19,840 in compensation. Shortly afterward the girl's mother divorced him, and under Swedish law the couple's debt was split 50-50.

Now the mother, who is the guardian of the girl, legally owes half of the damages. She has refused to pay since she had no part in his crime. If the debt remains outstanding when her mother dies, the girl will inherit it and become liable to pay it. Justice Minister Thomas Boström was quoted as saying that the consequences seemed preposterous.

Intruder Confronts Family With Wienie in Hand

TALKEETNA, Alaska - An intruder in Alaska relished the idea of breaking into a Caswell Lakes home armed only with a hot dog. The break-in was apparently discovered when the family's 12-year-old daughter awoke to find the masked intruder bent over her dog trying to entice it with the wiener. According to Talkeetna trooper Ted Norris, the girl's father found all of the light bulbs outside the house had been removed and shards from one of the bulbs were on the ground. Police are investigating the break-in, however, the search has become increasingly difficult because one of the other dogs ate the incriminating hot dog.

Tasmanian Grannies Bare All To Cover Up Windows

TASMANIA, Australia - Now here's something you won't see in a "white sale" circular. A group of elderly Tasmanian women have reportedly bared all in a nude calendar to raise money for their local community center. These feisty seniors, aged 65 to 82, told officials the hall needed sprucing up so they decided to launch a "Bare to be Different" calendar to raise funds. According to 70-year-old grandmother and featured model Dot Kelly, the calendar was inspired by an English Women's Institute calendar published in 1999 as a fund-raiser for leukemia sufferers featuring women in their 40s and 50s. The calendar shows elderly women in nothing more than hats and jewelry doing everything from playing cards to knitting. The first print run of 1,000 copies has already sold out.

Try This!

Yemen Times received an email asking to try something out. We did try it and it was truly amazing. Perhaps you could try it as well. Here is the text of the email message:

"Here is something interesting.

You have to try this one! This is something really strange.

Did you know that a flight number from one of the flight numbers of the planes that hit one of the two towers of WTC was Q33NY?

In MS Word, type in that flight number.

Enlarge the font size to 48.

Change the font to Wingdings

What do you see?!" - Hint: Look at below figure!

The Decisive Day of 26 September 1962



By: Nabeel Al-Kumaim

Yemenis are nowadays celebrating the anniversary of 26 September Revolution that liberated the country from the Imamite autocratic regime that kept the country for decades under circumstances of backwardness and isolation from the entire world. Over 39 years since the eruption of the revolution, many great gains and achievements have been realised in various political, economic and social fields.

The revolution has set up a number of goals to be achieved in favour of the people and ever since, it is exerting all efforts to bring them to reality. These goals are meant to be for the benefit of present generation and others to come. One of the most recent great accomplishments of the revolution is settling Yemen's border disputes with its neighbours, taking into consideration that such border disputes would always constitute a source of regional instability and bleeding of material and human resources for all concerned countries.

On the other hand, the revolution has not been able yet to achieve in full all the six goals it had listed on its agenda, especially those related to fighting corruption, illiteracy and poverty, but we hope that with all efforts of the people, we would be capable of realising those goals to build the modern state of Yemen, that we would not stop dreaming of nor spare any effort to achieve. I have tried in this survey to portray feelings and impressions expressed by some Yemenis towards this dear anniversary of the revolution and what ambitions they have in mind.



Fikri Al-Wahidi

We are still leading a phase of transformation in all fields of life and steadily following the road of democracy at a time when tribal power and influence still have a sway over society. Thirty nine years have elapsed since the revolution and we are still looking forward to having the six great goals realised. They are the spirit of the revolution that no one can extinguish in spite of all conspiracies, for it is stronger than anyone who can not realize the meaning of revolution.



Hilal Mazro'a

The greatness of September 26 revolution does not lie in driving out the tyrants but in the fact that it had broken out from the midst of an illiterate and poor society on that decisive day of 26 September 1962 in an effort to have Yemen be among modern nations.



Mohammed Saeed

It was the day of great victory of the Yemeni people, the oppressed people felt with taste of Democracy, so neither Imam Ahmad nor Imam Yehia, If made to live again, would be able to rule Yemen now, it would be so difficult for them to do it. Yemen's face is entirely changed today.



Nasreen Dunoon

We admit that there are some negative aspects today, but these are far much positive than those which existed before the revolution. This revolution should be considered as a milestone. When I recall the past 39 years, I feel that the gap is too huge, so everybody in the world should realize that to gain your rights you have to struggle for them.



Ali Ghlib

My father was already with militants to safeguard the revolution in its hardest days. I joined him on the third day. by then Yemen was living in darkness. My dearest desire was to see a united Yemen. Today, we have achieved that. We have overcome all conspiracies which used to be hatched against Yemen. Now we live in Peace.



Saleem Al-Sodmi

We should concentrate on development and financial and administrative reforms, we should establish a strong national army. Now it is the turn to respect all democratic achievement including constitution, the law on founding of political parties as well as the law on press, only then we will be able to live an honorable and dignified life.



Nada Mahmoud

Nobody can deny women's role during the days of the revolution and afterwards. They were responsible for distributing leaflets. From the very beginning

woman was beside man in supporting revolution, today she has emerged as a minister and occupied many other sensitive and important posts in government organizations.



Na'if M. Ba Humaid

Some of revolution goals were achieved such as the political Yemeni unity and the emerge of democracy. Further more, schools, universities, and hospitals were established. Yemeni revolution was set up upon six goals. All Yemenis agree that most of them have not been achieved during the past forty year. There is no way to achieve the six goals of the revolution but by sincere and loyal work.



Emman Haider

Having the goals of the revolution not fulfilled was not due to a fault in the revolu-

tion or its goals, but a fault of those who penetrated into it and forced themselves within a national understanding which is absent and misled. To accomplish the six goals of the revolution, we need to abide by the steps to accomplish them. We need to accept that the revolution was founded on the 26th September 1962 and not more than 28 years later.



Amrr Al-Mohalal

There is no real opposition in Yemen, opposition should take an effective role in people's life, because the opposition and government are two sides of the same coin. We suffer from unemployment and rising marriage expenses, frustrating obstacles that could not be overcome despite all the sacrifices in lives and time to try to instill these ideals within the Yemen. We need to do a lot to have the goals accomplished.

Great Men in Yemen's History Ismaeel Al-Akwa

Ismaeel Bin Ali Bin Houseen Bin Ahmed Bin Abdullah Al-Akwa was born on Wednesday March 1, 1920 in Dhamar 100 km to the South of Sana'a. He studied at Al-Shamsyah School in Dhamar City. Imam Sharaf Alddin built the shool and named it after his son prince Shams Addin. He studied with the company of great scholars who lived in Dhamar including his father. He also studied in Rebat Al-Ghithi the Western suburb of Ibb governorate with his brother, the historian Judge Muhammed Bin Ali Al-Akaw. Judge Ismaeel was involved in politics since he joined the organization of the Yemeni Liberals during his youth. He was imprisoned twice then released after producing great efforts by his family and relatives to be sent then to Aden for medical treatment. In Aden, the Liberals resumed his national activities through joining the Yemeni Syndicate which was established recently to replace the Yemeni Great Association founded by Al-Zubaeri and Al-Noaman.

After the eruption of the Egyptian revolution on the 23rd of July 1952 Al-Akwa followed Al-Zubaeri to Egypt then traveled to Damascus and Moscow at the beginning of 1962 in response to the Imam Ahmed Bin Hameed Addin's command. He remained in Moscow up to the eruption of the revolution in Yemen in 1962. He was appointed then as Yemen's charge d' affairs to Moscow,

Minister penitentiary, nonresident ambassador and minister of foreign affairs.

In 1968 Al-Akwa went to Egypt where his family was still living. Then he returned to Yemen to hold the position of the Minister of Information in Hassan Al-Amri's cabinet. After the resignation of Al-Amri's cabinet; the Chairman of the leadership Council asked him to return to the diplomatic corp. But he rejected the offer and suggested to establish an institution concerned with antiquities and libraries, which he named The General Authority of Antiquities and Books Houses. He was appointed as Chairman of this Authority right after its establishment in 1969 and continued to be so up to the end of 1990. Then he set himself free to continue his study and writing.

His Masterpieces:

The General Authority for Antiquities enabled him to write many books and conduct researches related to his interests.

Among his masterpieces were:

- I: The Yemeni proverbs in two volumes.
- II: The Islamic Schools in Yemen.
- III: Dissertation of Science and its Castles in Yemen, 4 volumes.
- IV: Al-Zaydeeyah: its formation and beliefs
- V: The Rasoulid state in Yemen.

Saudi Arabia Wastes a Precious Win & China's Leadership Affirmed



Iran was able to grasp an important and significant draw with Saudi Arabia 2-2 last Saturday in Riyadh. The World Cup Asian Zone Group A qualifying match, which was a tense and exciting one between Saudi Arabia and Iran, opened the way for almost a guarantee for Iran to lead the group with at least 1 point difference. With 9 points and yet a game with Thailand, Iran is expected to bypass Saudi Arabia, which has 11 points only.

Abdullah Al Wakad gave Nasser Al Johar's team the lead from the penalty spot after just 20 minutes but, with two minutes left in the half, Ali Daei equalized, claiming his third goal in two games against Saudis after hitting both goals in the corresponding fixture in Tehran in August.

Hassam Yami restored Saudi Arabia's lead 14 minutes into the second half

and it looked like that would be enough to put them in control of the group.

But Esteghlal midfielder Din Mohammadi, on to replace Mehrdad Minavand in the second half, rounded Mohammad Babkr in the Saudi goal with six minutes to go to leave Iran with their World Cup destiny still in their own hands.

On another level, China beat UAE 1-0 here on Thursday to remain unbeaten in the World Cup Asian Zone Group B qualifying tournament.

Qi Hong scored the lone goal of the match with a header off defender Sun Jihai's perfect pass in the 42nd minute. UAE went all out for an equalizer in the second half and their best chances came with five minutes left in the game. However, Salim Saad's long-range shot hit the bar before Saeed Al Kaas put the rebounder high.

Kaas had another opportunity to save his team from the defeat shortly after but his header ended high again. Chinese goalkeeper An Qi, who started for the first time to replace injured Jiang Jin, did a good job to protect the victory for the Chinese, who had 13 points from four victories and a draw to top Group B, followed by Qatar at eight.

Qatar tied Uzbekistan 2-2 in Doha on Friday evening. The halftime score was 1-1.

Qatar remained second place of the group standing with nine points. China topped the group standing with 13 points.

Uzbekistan came in third in seven points and UAE was fourth with same seven. And Oman was fifth and the last with two points.



Chinese men's soccer team members hail their victory over United Arab Emirates (UAE) 1-0 in the Asian Zone Group B final of the World Cup Soccer Qualifier in Abu Dhabi September 27, 2001. Photo by Qi Heng(lhn)

In a Time Brazil Must Win Its Next Match to Qualify:

RONALDO INJURED IN 2nd REAPPEARANCE

RIO DE JANEIRO, September 27 (Xinhua) -- Inter Milan's Brazilian international striker Ronaldo Nazario da Lima suffered a strained thigh muscle on Thursday in just his second appearance in a UEFA Cup match against Romanian side Brasov.

Ronaldo had previously suffered a torn right tendon that had sidelined him for five months until April 2000. He hurt the same knee seven minutes into his first game back to action, requiring a second operation.

Ronaldo, only recently back after 17 months out of knee surgery, came on as a substitute and played 40 minutes in the second half in place of countryman Leite Ribeiro Adriano, who had suffered a back injury.

Ronaldo, a two-time FIFA player of the year, showed several spectacular touches but did not look as though he had fully recovered.

The Milan team's doctor Franco Combi said the injury was "nothing to worry about."

In the end, Inter defeated their Romanian rivals 3-0 with goals netted by Ventola and Argentine Andres Guglielminpietro.

Last Friday, Brazilian national soccer team's coach, Luiz Felipe Scolari announced the roster for the October 7 World Cup qualifying match against Chile with the inclusion of Ronaldo, just one day after the attacker returned to competitive actions.

Brazil, the only country to have played at every World Cup, now remain fourth in the South American group with 24 points from 15 games, after Argentina in 39, Paraguay 29 and Ecuador 26.

The top four teams in the South American standings directly qualify for the World Cup finals, while the fifth plays off against Oceania winners Australia over two legs.

No doubt, without Ronaldo, the Brazilian team will indeed be morally affected before its vital game on October 7.



Germany Edges England 3-1 in Women's World Cup Qualifier

BERLIN, September 27 (Xinhua) -- The German women's soccer team edged the English national side 3-1 in a World Cup qualifier on Thursday.

Two goals from Sandra Smisek and one from Martina Mueller put the home

team 3-0 in front after only 11 minutes of the match in Kassel.

Rachel Yankey pulled one back for England early in the second half of the qualifying match for the 2003 women's World Cup finals in China.

Portugal, a Step away from 2002 World Cup Finals

LISBON, September 27 (Xinhua) -- The Portuguese national soccer team strengthened their line up on Thursday by calling back three key players in face of the upcoming World Cup qualifier against Estonia in European Group 2. A victory would make the Iberian country almost assure a berth in next year's World Cup finals in Japan and South Korea. Portugal previously made their presence in the World Cup finals in 1966 and 1986. Midfielders Paulo Sousa and Rui Costa will return from injury while defender Fernando Couto,

playing for the Italian club Lazio, who tested positive for the banned steroid nandrolone in April, is free to play again after his suspension was cut from 10 months to four.

Portugal and Ireland currently lead the group with 21 points apiece from nine games but Portugal have the superior goal difference by a seven-goal margin. Ireland face Cyprus at home in their last match.

Estonia are fourth of the six teams in the group with eight points from nine games.

The Warmest congratulations go to Qusai Abdullah Ridhwan for his newly born boy, whom he named "AYMAN"

We convey to him and to his family the best of wishes in their future.

From:

Pizza Hut Staff, Friends and Relatives

تهانينا آل المتوكل

أجمل التهاني وأرق التبريكات ننفيها مع أكاليل من الورود للأخ

محمد أحمد علي المتوكل

بمناسبة زفافه الميمون

متمنين له حياة زوجية سعيدة وبالرفاه والبتين

المهنتون،

محمد سعيد علي صالح وحرمة،

جاود محمد اسماعيل وحرمة، عماد السقاف وحرمة،

خالد المتوكل وطلال المتوكل.



Can Distance Learning Really Go the Distance?

Mike Conlon

As the world rushes to put computers on the Internet, the clear utility of the World Wide Web as a presentation medium, the development of on-line services and the proliferation of local Internet access providers have combined to give many the impression that a new age is dawning. In this new age people will have access to nearly unlimited information in their homes. Does this mean people will no longer need to come to a special place to learn? If all the information is accessible from home, why leave?

One reason is to interact with faculty and other students. If people could buy college texts, read them and master college material on their own without interaction, they could skip college as we know

it. Very few people can learn this way, however. Most need interaction.

Most need something else: they need the concentrated effort that shapes one's mind. I call this immersion. Immersion is being unable to escape from the material. The material becomes part of you by its ever-presence. Can remote technologies, especially the Internet, achieve the immersion that is an essential part of the university experience?

Maybe. Although static Web pages can provide neither immersion nor interaction, the emerging Internet technologies may be capable of delivering materials that can engage remote learners and provide opportunities for contact with instructors and classmates. Certainly e-mail provides a low level of interaction and can be enhanced with

graphical and speech inserts so that voice clips and pictures can be mailed.

Real-time interaction can be done using a MOO- a text-based, virtual reality environment in which students "speak" by typing, but can also move through "rooms" and create and manipulate objects. Educational MOOs is a hot topic in distance learning. CLAS has a large educational MOO at the Writing Project. You can try it as a "guest" character using telnet. Simply connect with the command: (telnet moo.ucet.ufl.edu 7777 - 7777 is the telnet port number). Once connected, on-screen directions will help you log on and navigate the MOO.

With interactive Web pages students manipulate material directly over the Internet. Common Gateway Interface (CGI)

programming is one way to develop potentially multimedia, interactive material.

Selman Hershfield, assistant professor of physics, has developed interactive, on-line physics lessons. Take a look at: <http://www.phys.ufl.edu/~phy3054>. These materials are being used to supplement a traditional on-campus course, but they could be used in remote courses for high school teachers or for non-traditional and place-bound students.

In regards to issues of electronic pedagogy and approaches to teaching and learning on-line, it's important to mention the Electronic Learning Forum: (<http://www.elf.ufl.edu>) which is dedicated to exploring questions of distance learning via networked technologies. An inventive process is required to ensure that the on-line experience is as



rich and rewarding as the on-campus experience. We at CLAS are striving for quality education regardless of the location of the students and the instructor as we develop on-line material in a variety of disciplines. Geology, religion, physics, chemistry and English each have large amounts of material on-line as supplements to existing on-campus courses. We are developing an on-line bachelor's degree in English. Please visit the CLAS home page:

(<http://www.clas.ufl.edu>) and follow the links to our departments to see material they have on-line.

Our current plan is to begin offering on-line courses for credit in Fall 1997. This will require solving some minor administrative problems and some not-so-minor technical training and pedagogical problems. It is a very exciting time for the College. We have an opportunity to help create opportunities for university education.

First U.S. Digital Satellite Radio Service

Washington, Sept. 26, 2001(Xinhua)--A staff member manipulates the September 25, 2001. The XM Satellite Radio officially launched the first U.S. digital satellite radio service on September 25 in Washington D.C., featuring 100 coast-to-coast digital channels of music and information. Shown in the photo is Mr. Charles T.Robbins in a car listens to the programme from the U.S. digital satellite radio service in Washington September 25, 2001. Xinhua photos by Wang Yan(lhn)



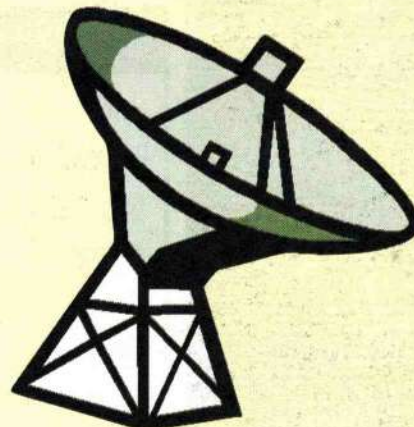
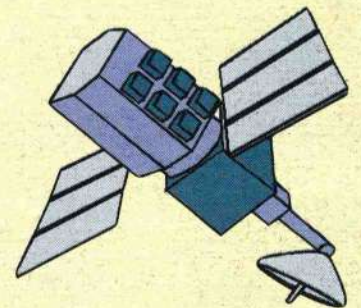
First Ever Satellite Internet Provider in Yemen

ClickHere Internet Solutions is the first company in Yemen authorized to provide Internet service via Satellite to subscribers in Yemen.

The company had started advertising its services with the words, "Would you like to to save your time and Money? Are you satisfied with the current internet speed?"

Do you want to get more than DialUp and ISDN speed with cheaper prices?

We have new internet via satellite receive only services. The accounts is limited."



The service providers will only provide receive speeds up to 384Kb/s for their subscribers. However, it is important to note that this type of service will be most useful for receiving huge files such as movies, applications, etc.

You need to have a dial-up service to send information through Teleyemen. The satellite service will only be able to send the data to your computer but not receive your download inquiries.

This company is the first to provide the service to Yemen, but it is expected that other competing companies will also emerge in this business.

YEMEN TIMES

4.000.000

مسابقة الملايين الكبرى The Grand "Millions" Competition

أكبر مسابقة تقيمها

صحيفة في تاريخ اليمن

Largest Competition Held by a
Newspaper in Yemen's History

هذه المسابقة ستستمر لمدة عشرين

أسبوعاً ابتداءً من هذا العدد.

لرعاية هذه المسابق يرجى الإتصال

بقسم الإعلانات على هاتف: ٢٦٨٦٦١

PERSONAL INFORMATION COUPON

كوبون البيانات الشخصية للمسابقة

Name الاسم:
Passport no. رقم البطاقة الشخصية :
Tel. التلفون:
Address العنوان الكامل:
City المدينة :
Are you a subscriber to Yemen Times? هل أنت مشترك في الصحيفة ؟
Yes () No () نعم () لا ()

SpaceTel

دائماً على إتصال .

The total value of the prizes exceeds four million rials distributed as follows:

| | |
|--------------------|-----------|
| First Prize | 1,000,000 |
| Second Prize | 500,000 |
| Third Prize | 250,000 |
| 4th to 10th Prizes | 100,000 |

Plus more than 1.5 million rials in the form of presents for at least 40 other winners.

إجمالي الجوائز يتجاوز الأربعة مليون ريال موزعة كالتالي:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| الفائز الأول | ١.٠٠٠.٠٠٠ |
| الفائز الثاني | ٥٠٠.٠٠٠ |
| الفائز الثالث | ٢٥٠.٠٠٠ |
| من الفائز الرابع الى العاشر لكل منهم | ١٠٠.٠٠٠ |

أكثر من مليون ونصف ريال على شكل جوائز عينية توزع على أربعين فائزاً أو أكثر.

Instructions:

التعليمات :-

Fill in your personal information in the coupon on this page and attach it to the answers of the questions on the coupon on the competition's page in the main "Yemen Times" newspaper.

You will have to answer questions of coupons of four consecutive issues of Yemen Times starting from issue 40. For example, you can answer issues (40,41,42,43) and attach the answers to the filled coupon on this page. Issues such as 43,44,45,46 will also be accepted. Then deliver the coupons in one envelope to Yemen Times head office in Sanaa, or to the Aden or Taiz branches. You may as well send them by mail to P.O. Box 2579 - Sanaa.

The participations will not be accepted in case:

- Solutions of 4 consecutive issues were not sent.
- One of the answers to any question was wrong.
- The coupon holding your personal information was not filled appropriately.

All the correct answers will be published in February along with the names of the winners. The prizes will be handed in the same month.

As usual, Yemen Times stands proud to have gained the trust and confidence of its readers in its news items and also competitions.

For any questions or comments about the competition, please call Mr. Nasri Abu Bakr.

WISHING YOU THE BEST OF LUCK!

إملاً ببياناتك الشخصية في كوبون هذه الصفحة ثم قصه وأرفقه مع حلول الأسئلة المتواجدة في الصحيفة الأم "يمن تايمز" لهذا العدد مع ثلاثة أعداد أخرى متتالية فمثلاً يمكنك حل أسئلة الأعداد 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 وهكذا بحيث يكون الإجمالي أربعة أعداد متتالية. ومن ثم عليك إرفاقها بكوبون بياناتك الشخصية المتواجد في هذه الصفحة (كوبون واحد) وإرسالها في ظرف إلى مقر الصحيفة الرئيسي في صنعاء أو مكاتب الصحيفة في عدن أو تعز. كما يمكنك إرسالها بالبريد إلى عنوان الصحيفة، ص.ب. 2579، صنعاء. يمكن لأي قارئ المشاركة لأكثر من مرة.

لن يتم قبول المشاركات في الحالات التالية:

- إذا لم يتم إرسال كوبونات إجابات أربعة أعداد متتالية.
- إذا كانت إحدى الإجابات لأي من الأسئلة خاطئة.

إذا لم يتم إرفاق كوبون البيانات الشخصية مع كوبونات الأسئلة أو البيانات المعبئة ليست مكتملة.

سيتم نشر جميع أجوبة الأسئلة بعد انتهاء المسابقة في فبراير 2002. كما سيتم السحب وتسليم الجوائز في نفس الشهر.

المصداقية والشفافية هما شعارنا في أخبارنا وفي المسابقات.

لمزيد من الإستفسار عن المسابقة، يمكنكم الإتصال بالأخ/ نصري أبو بكر على هاتف الصحيفة في فرع صنعاء في أوقات الدوام الرسمي.

حفظاً موقفاً لكم جميعاً.



بنك اليمن والخليج ش.م.ب.
Yemen Gulf Bank y.s.c.



تحذير من فيروس جديد

العربية عند فتحك للرسائل ستجد نص باللغة الإنجليزية مفادها - أرسلت لك الملف وأطلب نصيحتك - وإليك نص الرسالة الأصلية.

How are you? I send you this file to have your advice. See you later. Hi!

Thanks in order

أما عنوان المرسل فقط يكون أحد عناوين أصدقائك الذي أصيبوا بهذا الفيروس إما امتداد الملف فهو مثير للشك لدى أي شخص لديه القليل من الخبرة وإليك بعض الامتدادات التي ينتشر بها Name.doc.Ink Name.doc.paf ومن أشهر الامتدادات Name.doc.com Name قابلة للتغيير كما أسلفنا

إذا أصبت به فما الحل؟

آخر تحديث للنتون أو المكافي إيثي فيروس يتعرف عليه. كل ما عليك عمله هو تحديث برامجك.

ظهر حديثاً فيروس جديد نود أن نحذرك منه وإليك سرد لبعض خصائصه وكيفية مكافحته هذا الفيروس مصدره من أمريكا الجنوبية وهو ليس فايروس بل worm أي دودة ولكنه ذكي واسمه الحركي (فاضح الأسرار) لأن عمله بمجرد فتحك له يقوم باختبار أحد الملفات النصية في جهازك ويرسلها إلى جميع أصدقائك الموجودين في قائمة المراسلات في الأون لوك لديك أما الملف الذي يختاره فليس بشرط أن يكون ملف سري فهو يقوم باختبار ملف عشوائي ثم يقوم بتثبيت نفسه عليه ثم يرسل نفسه إلى العناوين لديك، أما النقطة الذكية الأخرى فيه، فهي قدرته على تغيير عنوان الرسالة تلقائياً أي ليس مثل فيروس الحب مثلاً فقد كان عنوانه Love أما هذا فيستلقي عناوين من جهازك، أي لنفرض أن في جهازك ملف أو مستند اسمه -لا إله إلا الله- سيستخدم هذه العبارة كعنوان للرسالة، ليس هو بالفعل ذكياً؟؟ كل المعلومات التالية أكيدة. أما المعلومة التي لسنا متأكدين منها هو أن ما ذكرناه مجرد عمل بسيط أما العمل الحقيقي له هو أنه مؤقت أي شبيه بفكرة فيروس تشرنوبل ويعتقد أن عمله الحقيقي كان في ٨/١٦ فقام في ذلك التاريخ بمهاجمة القرص الصلب والشريحة الأم هذا والله أعلم ...

شكل الرسالة المصابة

بما أن هذا الفيروس يلقي عناوين الرسائل من أجهزة الضحايا فلا يوجد عنوان خاص ولكن ستكون عناوين غريبة أو عناوين بحروف وأشكال غريبة لأنها قد تكون من أجهزة مصابة ولا تستخدم اللغة الإنجليزية أو

رسائل نصية SMS من الكمبيوتر إلى الهاتف النقال

يحتوي على عدد من مواقع التسوق الفوري عبر الإنترنت. وهناك خدمة الاشتراك في الردشة الفورية أيضاً.

الاشتراك في ليكوس؟

الخطوات التالية تبين كيف تستخدم خدمة ليكوس للرسائل النصية SMS والمطلوب أولاً التسجيل، والحصول على اسم مستخدم وكلمة مرور:

أولاً: اذهب إلى الموقع www.lycos.co.uk وستجد على القائمة التي على يسارك Free SMS فانقر عليها.

ثانياً: من الصفحة الجديدة، قم بقراءة كافة التفاصيل المتعلقة بالخدمة، واشترك فيها بعد تقديم معلومات عن اسمك وعنوانك وما إلى ذلك.

ثالثاً: ستحصل على اسم مستخدم وكلمة مرور فاحتفظ بهما، كيف تبعث رسالة نصية بعد الحصول على كلمة المرور، نستطيع ممارسة حقل كعضو مشترك وتكون عملية طباعة الرسالة واضحة تماماً.

أولاً: ثم بإدخال رقم الهاتف النقال الذي سيستقبل رسالتك النصية، وذلك في حالة Mobile number Enter

ثانياً: في المربع Your Message قم بطباعة نص الرسالة التي تتجاوز المائة حرف.

ثالثاً: تستطيع أن تضيف إلى الرسالة بعض المصطلحات والرموز المتاحة أمامك من خانة Liven up your text message

رابعاً: اضغط على الزر

انتشرت مؤخراً خدمة مجانية في العالم، ويتمثل في إرسال رسائل نصية فورية Text Messages عبر الإنترنت من الكمبيوتر إلى الهاتف المحمول: وهي وسيلة اتصال بين الأصدقاء تتسع دائرتها يوماً بعد يوم، بل أن البعض قد أهدم هذه الوسيلة، وخصوصاً مع انتشار الخدمة مجاناً.

إنها حقاً وسيلة سريعة وفعالة، ولكنها كانت حتى وقت قريب تقتصر على مستخدمي الهواتف المحمولة، أما اليوم فإنها تنتشر بين مستخدمي الكمبيوتر والهاتف النقال أيضاً.

وتتم هذه العملية ببساطة بين الكمبيوتر والإنترنت. وربما لم تتسلم جواباً على رسالتك، إذا لم يكن لديك هاتف نقال، إلا أنك تستطيع أن تخبر صديقاً لك أو قريباً بما تريد أن تخبره في أقصر وقت.

خدمة ليكوس

هناك العشرات من المواقع التي تقدم خدمة الاتصالات النصية عبر الكمبيوتر، وتستطيع أن تجدها بالبحث عنها في أي محرك بحث، مثل ياهو (yahoo) مثلاً: اذهب إلى هذا الموقع وأطبع في خانة البحث العبارة التالية Free SMS وستحصل على الكثير منها.

اخترنا هنا محرك البحث المعروف (ليكوس) الذي يقدم خدمة الرسائل النصية SMS مجاناً، وفضلاً عن هذه الخدمة، هناك عدد من الخدمات الأخرى المتاحة، والأخبار المختلفة في شتى المجالات، كما

دليل المواقع التربوية العربية.. محاولة رائدة

نشر الموقع أين www.ayna.com أسماء المواقع العشرة الأكثر إقبالاً عليها من قبل الزوار وهي:

* جريدة الرياض www.alriyadh-np.com

* فرقة الرقص جواهر www.jawaahir.org

* زوجتي www.zawgaty.com

* نغمات نوكيا <http://hello.to/Tones>

* الأهرام www.ahram.org.eg

* دليل البوكيمون

<http://members.tripod.co.uk/pokeguide/index.htm>

* جريدة الجزيرة <http://al-jazirah.com>

* شبكة علي بابا

www.alibabaa.com/index.html

* موقع الأفلام العربي www.estraha.com

* استراتيجيات للمذاكرة

www.iss.stthomas.edu/studyguides/Arabi

* موقع تعليمي قيم للطلاب والدارسين

دليل المواقع التربوية العربية.. محاولة رائدة يعد هذا الموقع خطوة إيجابية على طريق المواقع التربوية العربية، وصاحبه الدكتور عبد الله بن صالح المقبل أراد اقتحام هذا المجال فجاء موقعه ليسد ثغرة كبيرة في العمل التربوي على الإنترنت عنوان الموقع www.almekbel.net/AES

ويحتوي على عناوين مواقع تربوية عربية موزعة على أقسام مختلفة هي: وزارات التربية في البلاد العربية.. الجامعات العربية.. المؤتمرات التربوية العربية.. النشرات التربوية.. إدارة ومناطق التعليم المحلية (السعودية).. المجلات التربوية.. المدارس.. بحوث تربوية.. المنتديات التربوية.. المنظمات التربوية.. إحصاءات تربوية.. تعليم العلوم.. مراكز البحوث التربوية.. الندوة العالمية للشباب الإسلامي.. تعليم الإنجليزية.. تعليم الرياضيات.. وغيرها.



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ملحق الإتصالات الرقمية

برعاية

سبافون

سبافون تؤمن لك أنواع متعددة من بطاقات التعبئة لتجعلك تحتفظ برقمك الخاص بـ "سوبر نبا"

توفر الشركة اليمنية للهاتف النقال "سبافون" خدمة الكارت المدفوع مسبقاً "سوبر نبا" الذي يتوافق مع جميع الإحتياجات والميزات. وخدمة "سوبر نبا" لا تحتاج إلى اشتراك شهري أو فواتير أو كفالة تأمين، فهي عبارة عن كارت يحتوي على عدد معين من الوحدات تكون صالحة لعدد معين من الأيام وتتيح إجراء وتلقي المكالمات عبر رقم واحد، ويمكن استعمال هذا الكارت مع أي جهاز نقال GSM ويمكن نقلها من جهاز إلى آخر دون

خسارة رقمك في "سبافون". عند انتهاء عدد الوحدات الموجودة في كارت "سوبر نبا" يمكنك إعادة تعبئتها بواسطة كروت الخدش (بطاقات التعبئة) التي تكون على شكل كارت صغير يمكن خدشها وتوازي قيمة المكالمات حقيقية عبر هاتفك.

وتؤمن "سبافون" أنواع متعددة من بطاقات التعبئة تختلف فيما بينها من حيث تكلفة عدد ومدة الصلاحية. إذا كل ما تحتاجه لشحن كارتك، والبقاء على اتصال هو شراء بطاقة التعبئة الخاصة بـ "سوبر نبا" وإتباع التعليمات المدونة عليها. والجدير ذكره أن رقمك لن يتغير في حال شحنه ببطاقة تعبئة وهذا يعني أنك تحتفظ برقم واحد وثابت من "سوبر نبا".

وتكون بطاقات التعبئة صالحة لمدة معينة تلبى حاجاتك، وتتراوح هذه المدة بين ١٥ و ٩٠ يوماً.

يمكنك أن تتصل أو تتلقى مكالمات طويلة هذه الفترة كما يجب أن تستخدم كل الوحدات لديك.

إذا تمت التعبئة ضمن الأوقات المحددة، يمكنك مراكمة الوحدات. إذا انتهت وحداتك قبل تاريخ الإنتهاء، يمكنك تلقي المكالمات فقط حتى انتهاء مدة السماح التي تبلغ ٣٠ يوماً أي شهراً كاملاً.

وإذا لم تجدد تعبئة كارت "سوبر نبا" خلال هذه الفترة، سوف تفقد الإتصال بالآخرين.

بإستطاعتك أن تسترجع رقم قبيل مرور ٦ أشهر من بعد انتهاء مهلة مدة التلقي.

هدية سبافون بمناسبة أعياد الثورة المجيدة ..

سبافون تدعوك لتهنئة الأهل والأصدقاء بأعياد الثورة مجاناً

إشترك بخدمة سوبر نبا الآن ..
وأتم أول مكالماتك لك في الفترة ما بين ٢٦ سبتمبر إلى ٢٠ أكتوبر
لتحصل على:

١٠٠ وحدة إضافية مجانية ..
١٢٠ يوم استخدام بدلاً عن ٩٠ يوم ..

| عدد الوحدات | مجموع أيام الاستخدام |
|-------------|----------------------|
| ٤٢٠٠ | ١٢٠ |

إيش رقمك ؟

إيش منتظر؟

نظراً للطلب المتزايد ..
تم تقديم فترة هذا العرض
إلى ٢٠ أكتوبر ..



من سبافون SABAFON GSM



لجميع من لم يدلفهم الحظ في الفوز في المسابقات الماضية نقول:
 بشرى سارة: من الآن وحتى فبراير ٢٠٠٢ وخلال شهر رمضان المبارك يمكنكم المشاركة في أكبر مسابقة تقيمها
 صحيفة يمنية على الإطلاق:

مسابقة «الملايين» الكبرى.

إجمالي الجوائز يتجاوز أربعة ملايين وعدد الفائزين على الأقل خمسون فائزاً
 سارعوا في المشاركة ليذلفكم الحظ لتدققوا أظلامكم بالملايين... التعليمات للمشاركة في الداخل..

أسماء الفائزين لشهر سبتمبر ٢٠٠١:

برعاية:



ألف مبروك للفائزين
 وحظاً موفقاً للجميع في
 مسابقة "الملايين"
 الكبرى...

الجائزة الأولى

(تذكرة سفر لأي مدينة تطير إليها اليمنية)

محمد عبده محمد الحاج- عدن

الجائزة الثانية

(خمسون ألف ريال)

مريم ريس عبد الله باعش- صنعاء

الجائزة الثالثة

والرابعة والخامسة

(قيمة كل واحدة منها عشرة آلاف ريال)

هاشم صالح محمد العمري - إب

عادل يحيى مصلح - صنعاء

ماجد محمد إبراهيم حجوري - حجة / المحابشة

إجابات أسئلة مسابقة شهر سبتمبر

رقم العدد

٣٥ - وزارة الكهرباء وهيئة التعاون الألماني (GTZ و MEW)
 - فندق صنعاء الدولي

- مدينتان
 - جزيرة أستراليا

٣٦ - الإجابة الصحيحة ٢٠ (وسبب خطأ في عنوان الخبر ٨٠ أيضاً مقبولة)
 - سياقون

- ١٤٧ راكب
 - قسطنطينية

٣٧ - ١٤ أكتوبر
 - ١٠ اغلقة

- ٣ رحلات
 - السودان هي أكبر دولة في الوطن العربي وأصغر دولة في البحرين.

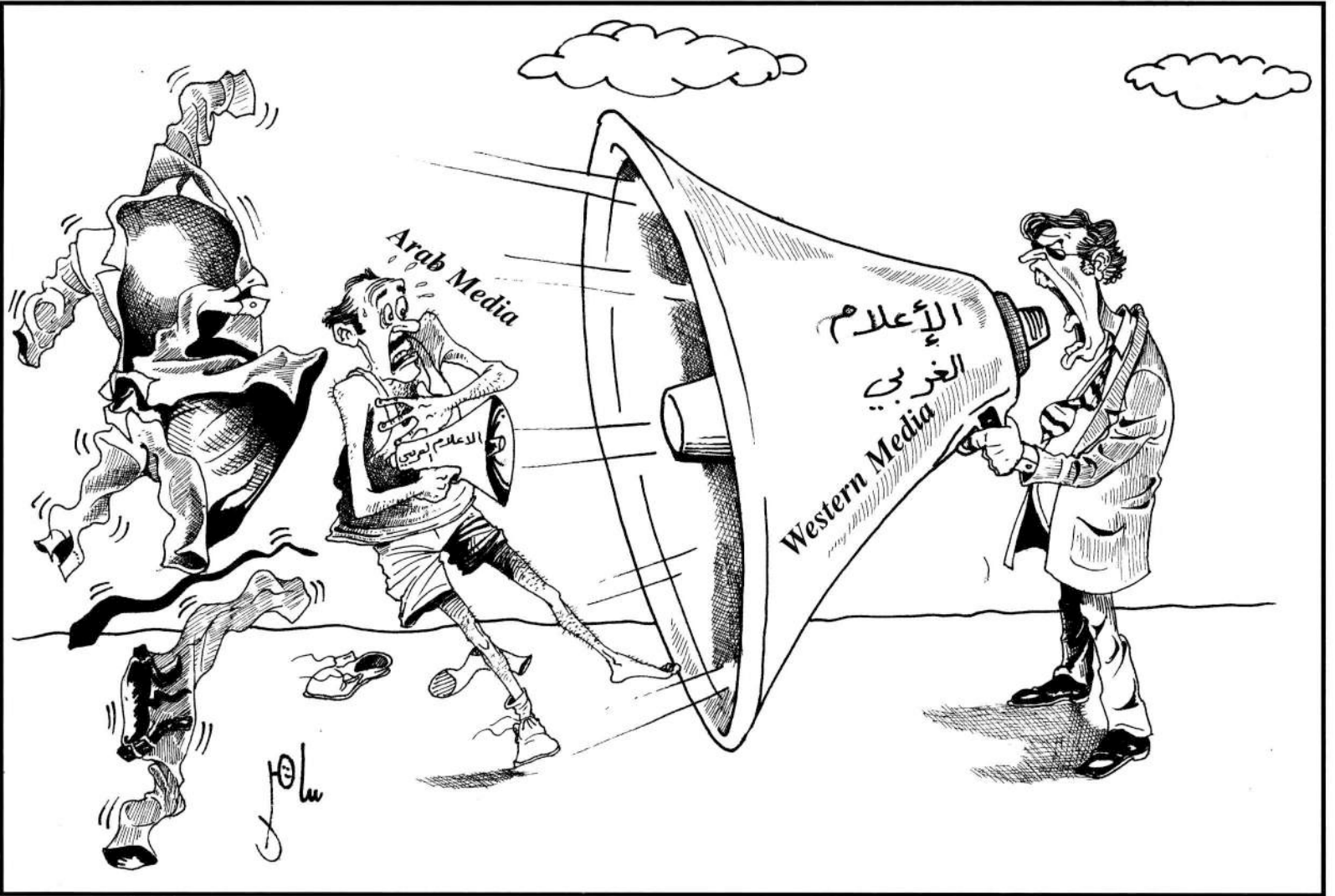
٣٨ - نيويورك و واشنطن
 - النريا

- روما + ميلانو
 - برجي بنوناس ماليزيا وهما الأطول حتى قبل ذلك التاريخ
 (إجابة ميني سبيرز في شيكاغو أيضاً مقبولة)

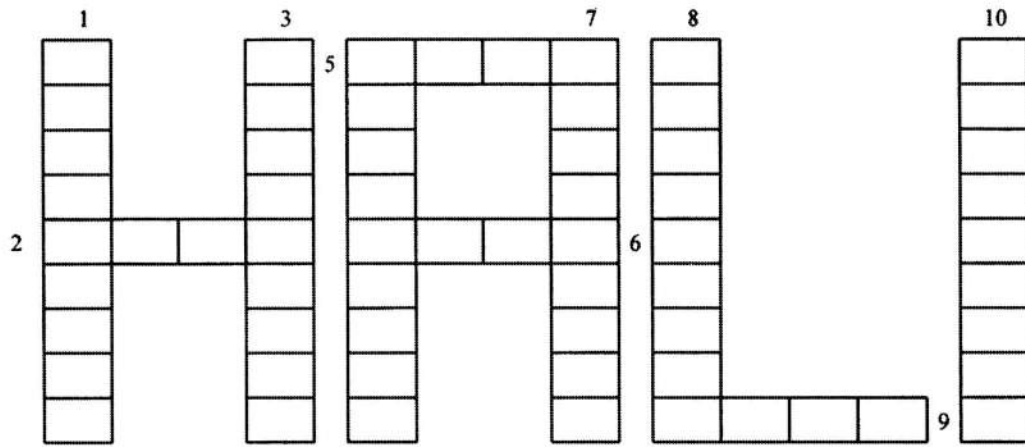
٣٩ - حمدون على محسن قلاله
 - Tandoor

- روما
 - القطب الجنوبي والقطب الشمالي

نود تنبيه قرائنا الكرام إلى أنه يمكنهم المشاركة من الآن وحتى
 شهر فبراير بمسابقة الملايين الكبرى - التفاصيل في صفحة ٦.



Name: Tel:



BY:- REDHA H.



1-church. 2- chair. 3- not stable. 4- an African country. 5- mother's sister. 6- without work. 7- put an end for something. 8- with great skill . 9- organized. 10- shoes used for walking on snow.

Send the Correct answer to

HALinst.

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Note:-
thursday is the last day for receiving
the answers

أسماء الفائزين في المسابقة السابقة :-

- ١- أسامة شرف الدين - دورة مجانية.
- ٢- وردة سيف عمر - دورة مجانية.
- ٣- عقيل حيدر محمد - ساعة يد.

Answers previous competition

- 1Answers previous competition
- 1- obviously 2- over
- 3- odorless 4- monastery
- 5- yarn 6- s
- 7- newsstand 8- variation
- 9- Nile 10- modernize

أرسل الحل الصحيح إلى:

حالي

شارع حدة جوار السفارة الليبية

هاتف: ٢٦٩١٩٦ / ٥

ص ب ١٩٧٨٣ صنعاء اليمن

السبت آخر يوم لتسليم الحل الصحيح

4.000.000

YEMEN TIMES

مسابقة الملايين الكبرى The Grand "Millions" Competition

نعم!

أربعة
ملايين
ريال

صدق أولاً تصدق!!

- إنها حديث الشارع....
- إنها أول مسابقة بهذا الحجم في اليمن....
- إنها المسابقة التي تبنتها صحيفة «يمن تايمز» بعد النجاح الكاسح لمسابقة الألفية الثالثة قبل عامين....
- إنها الحدث الذي ترعاه أكبر الشركات اليمنية وأكثرها شهرة وقوة في اليمن.
- إنها مسابقة «الملايين» الكبرى

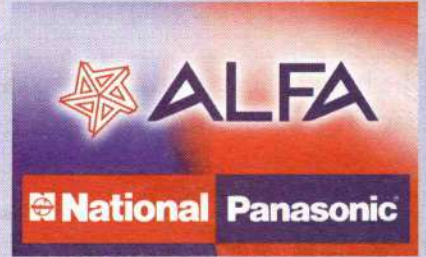
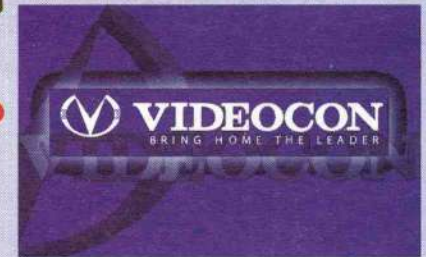
التفاصيل في الداخل

الفائزون والإجابات لمسابقة اليمنية
ويمن تايمز لشهر سبتمبر في ص ٣

Spacotel

دائماً على إتصال.

أكبر مسابقة تقيمها
صحيفة في اليمن



لرعاية هذه المسابقة
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هاتف: ٢١٨١١١